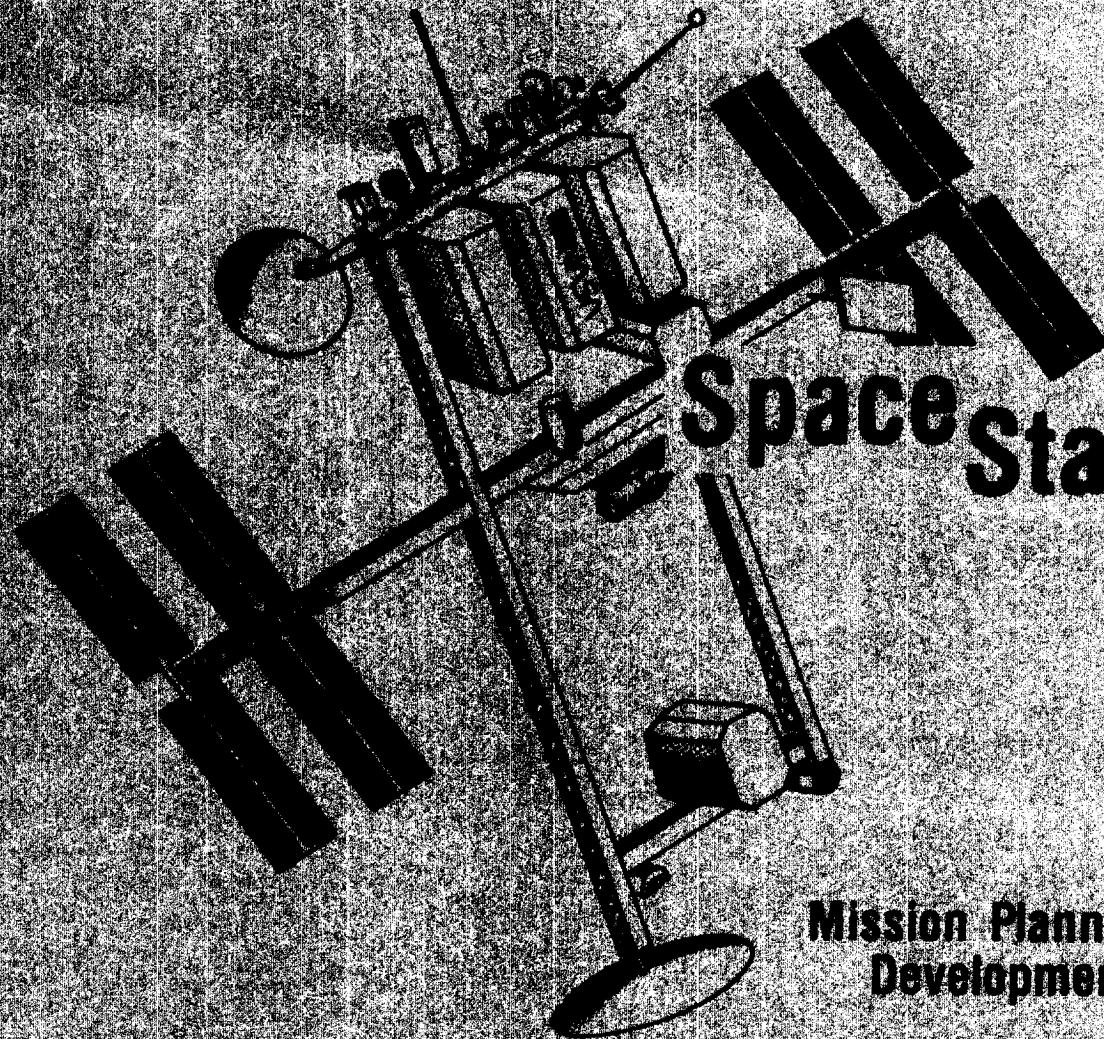


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Space Station

Mission Planning System Development Study

Final Report **Volume II - Technical Report**

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PLANNING SYSTEM (MPS) DEVELOPMENT STUDY,
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**MCDONNELL DOUGLAS ASTRONAUTICS COMPANY
HUNTSVILLE DIVISION**



MARCH 1987

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Mission Planning System (MPS) Development Study

Final Report
Volume II - Technical Report

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Section 1
INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this volume is to provide a detailed description of the results of the Space Station (SS) Mission Planning System (MPS) Development Study.

1.2 SCOPE

This volume includes a description of the overall Study objectives and approach in Section 2, a programmatic summary of Study activities and accomplishments in Section 3, a detailed presentation of individual task activities, methods and accomplishments in Sections 4 through 8, and a presentation of Study conclusions and recommendations in Section 9. Major products of the Study are contained in this volume and in Volume III, SS MPS Software Development Plan.

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Section 2

STUDY OBJECTIVES AND APPROACH

2.1

OBJECTIVES

The basic objective of the SS MPS Development Study was to define a baseline Space Station mission planning concept and the associated hardware and software requirements for the system. Specific objectives in support of the basic objective were the following:

- a. Develop a mission planning concept which is consistent with the overall Space Station operations philosophy.
- b. Define and assess the capability of the Spacelab mission planning system software for use in Space Station mission planning consistent with the concept developed under objective a.
- c. Determine and recommend where Artificial Intelligence (AI) concepts and techniques can be effectively utilized for Space Station mission planning. AI areas to be investigated for application to the specific requirements of mission planning include natural language interfaces, expert systems, and automatic programming.
- d. Construct a software development plan for a phased development of a Space Station mission planning system. The plan shall consider the modifications identified in Objective b, and the implementation of any AI concepts recommended in Objective c. The plan shall include a schedule and a manpower estimate.

2.2

TECHNICAL APPROACH

The SS MPS Development Study included the following tasks to accomplish the study objectives:

- Task 1 - Orientation
- Task 2 - Review Spacelab Mission Planning Process and Software
- Task 3 - Space Station Mission Planning Software Requirements
- Task 4 - Investigate Artificial Intelligence Applications to Mission Planning
- Task 5 - Mission Planning Software Development Plan

The flow of these tasks is reflected in Figure 2.2-1.

Task 1 was intended for the study team to obtain an initial familiarization with the process and existing software used for Spacelab payload mission planning at MSFC and to travel to other NASA centers to obtain a general familiarization with the processes and software in use for mission planning at those centers.

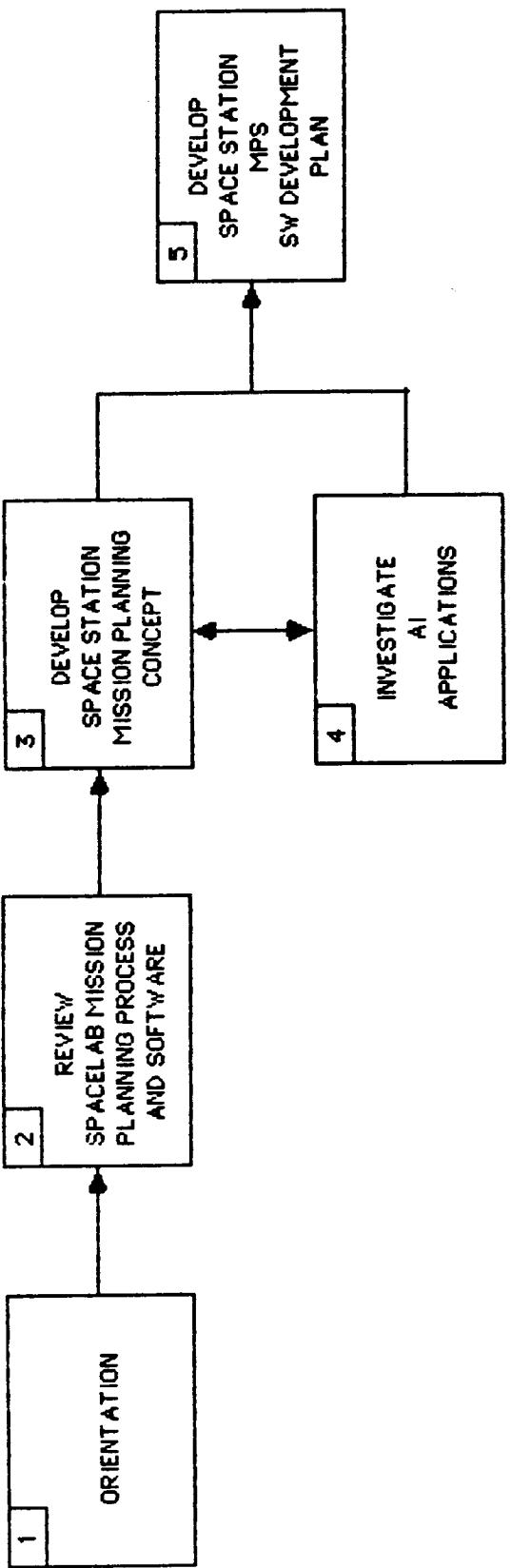


FIGURE 2.2-1 SS MPS DEVELOPMENT STUDY TASK FLOW

The objective of Task 2 was to establish a complete baseline definition of the Spacelab payload mission planning process, along with a definition of existing software capabilities for potential extrapolation to the Space Station era. Areas to be included were orbital mechanics analysis and planning, mission timeline generation, data flow analysis and planning, onboard computer timelines generation and implementation, experiments command planning and implementation, and planning for Payload Operations Control Center (POCC) support. Pre-flight planning and real-time planning and replanning activities were also to be defined. The process definition was required to be defined using detailed functional flow diagrams, and individual software module functions were to be defined.

Task 3 was to use the information developed in Task 2 for the Spacelab payload mission planning process and software as the basis for defining system requirements to support Space Station mission planning. The system was required to include the capability to permit the mission planning function to be centralized or distributed, and to be performed by non-expert mission planners as well as experts. The role of mission planning onboard the Space Station and the interfaces with the ground were required to be assessed. Initially, five Space Station mission planning concepts were identified for assessment; these ranged from all mission planning done on the ground to all mission planning done on-board the Space Station. Subsequent MSFC guidance narrowed the possible concepts to one in which mission planning was to be done on the ground with minor real-time replanning capability to be provided on-board. Comparable to the Spacelab process, detailed flow diagrams of the Space Station mission planning concept were to be developed, including the flow of planning data. Also, software functions were to be identified, and modifications/additions to the Spacelab payload mission planning system software to support the Space Station mission planning concept were to be defined.

In Task 4, the Space Station mission planning concept (developed in Task 3) was to be reviewed for the purpose of identifying areas where Artificial Intelligence (AI) concepts might offer substantially improved capability. Three specific AI concepts were to be investigated for applicability: natural language interfaces, expert systems, and automatic programming. The advantages and disadvantages of interfacing an AI language with existing FORTRAN programs or of converting totally to a new programming language were to be identified.

Task 5 was intended to integrate the outputs of Task 3 and 4 to produce the primary product of the Study, a Space Station mission planning system software development plan. The plan was required to include:

- A detailed description of modifications and additions to the Spacelab mission planning system which are required in order to make this system suitable for use in Space Station mission planning.
- Recommendations on the use of AI as means of improving the overall mission planning process, including identification of specific areas where AI may be beneficial.
- A development schedule compatible with the overall Space Station schedules, and the manpower required.

The development plan was also required to include a description of the Space Station mission planning concept, a review of the functions to be performed, and a description of the modules required for each function. Module development standards, such as language used for coding, were also required to be defined.

Section 3

PROGRAMMATIC SUMMARY OF STUDY ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The SS MPS Development Study, as depicted in Figure 3-1, was originally intended to be an eight-month Study; however, six (6) months into the Study, the overall schedule was extended two (2) months to accommodate the longer (than originally anticipated) time to complete Task 2. Also, the extension provided the opportunity to support MSFC inputs to the NASA Space Station Operations Task Force and to incorporate appropriate Task Force concepts and conclusions into the Study.

An interim review of Study activities and accomplishments, originally planned for approximately four (4) months into the Study, was waived by MSFC in favor of weekly progress meetings. However, a formal presentation of the Spacelab payload mission planning process functional flow diagrams was made on 20 October 1986. Monthly progress reports were prepared and submitted as required and a final review of the Study was presented as required on 4 March 1987.

Study activities concluded with the submittal of a final report (of which this volume is a part) and a SS MPS Software Development Plan on 20 March 1987.

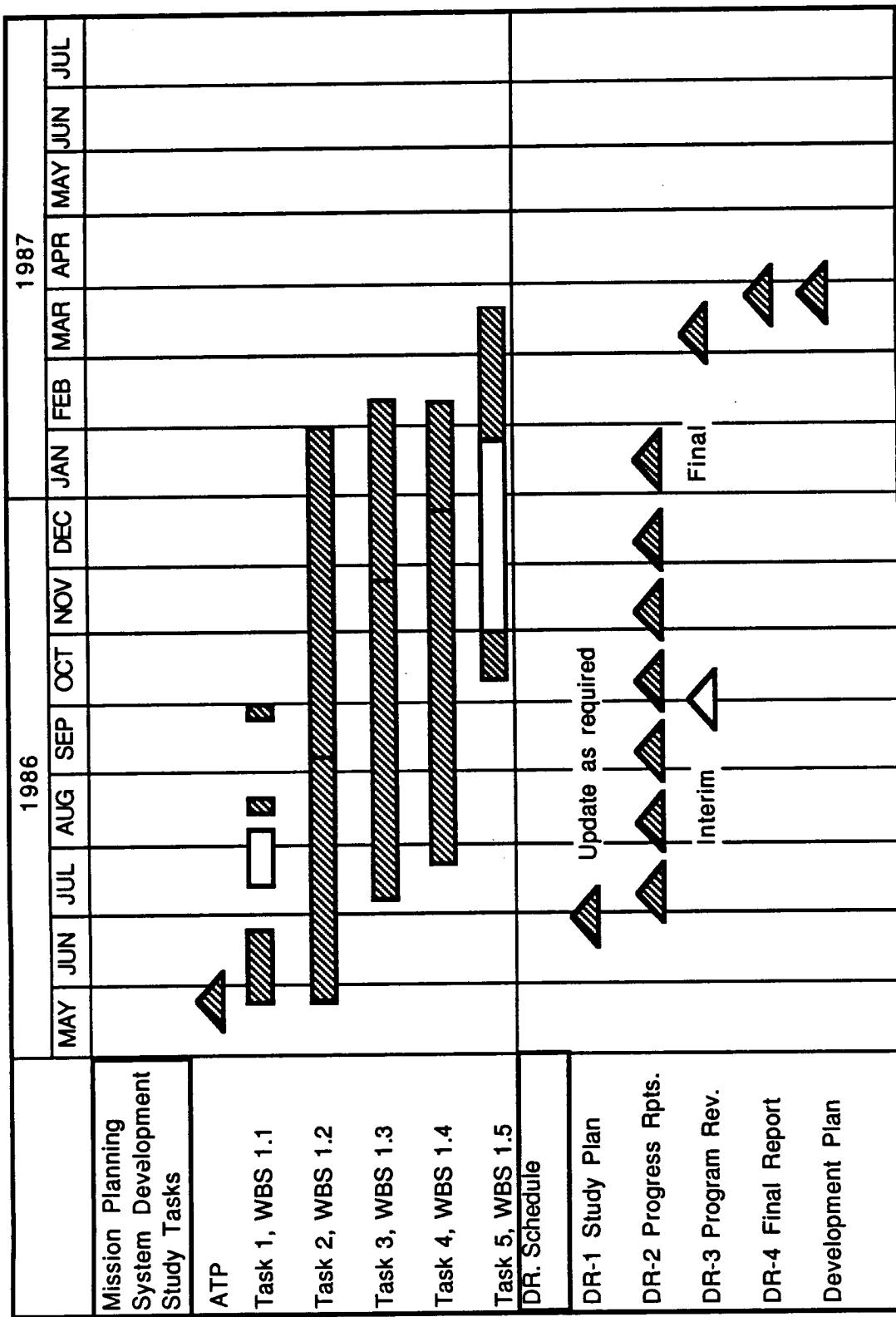


FIGURE 3-1. SS MPS DEVELOPMENT STUDY SCHEDULE

Section 4

TASK 1 - ORIENTATION

Task 1 activities first included orientation meetings with MSFC from 30 May 1986 through early June 1988. These orientation meetings primarily consisted of MSFC briefings and demonstrations of the Spacelab payload mission planning process and software and a tour of the MSFC Payload Operations Control Center (POCC). The knowledge gained from these meetings, plus handout materials and reference documents, equipped the Study team to commence its activities on Task 2. Of no less significance, these meetings permitted the establishment of working relationships with MSFC mission planning personnel whose inputs to all subsequent Study tasks were invaluable.

Task 1 activities also included MSFC briefings on 9 July 1986. These briefings provided the study team MSFC concepts and considerations as inputs to development of the Space Station mission planning concept in Task 3.

Final Task 1 activities consisted of travel to other NASA centers to investigate mission planning methods and tools (including AI applications) in use or under development at those centers, especially methods/tools oriented toward Space Station. On 13-15 August 1986, a trip to Johnson Space Center was accomplished. Subsequently, on 30 September through 2 October 1986, a trip to Ames Research Center and the Jet Propulsion Laboratory was accomplished. Appropriate reference documents and key contacts on the Space Station Program were obtained at JSC as subsequent reference sources for Task 3. Both trips provided information and contacts on potentially applicable AI concepts and technologies for Task 4.

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Section 5

TASK 2 - REVIEW SPACELAB MISSION PLANNING PROCESS AND SOFTWARE

5.1 ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

As previously stated, the purpose of Task 2 was to review the current Spacelab (SL) payload mission planning process and software and to develop a complete definition and understanding of the process and Mission Integration Planning (software) System (MIPS). The approach taken to this task was first to develop an upper level Spacelab functional flow diagram, then to group the major activities from the overall diagram into major functional areas of activity (which tended to correspond to MSFC mission planning organizational elements), and, finally, for each functional area, to develop detailed flows to a level sufficient to acquire a thorough understanding of the mission planning activities and to be able to correlate the capability of a SL MIPS software module to the objective of a specific activity. Based on knowledge gained, a data base of mission planning activities, activity descriptions, and resource data was also developed.

The major inputs to the task were MSFC briefings, demonstrations and handout materials, Spacelab mission planning process and software documentation, and personal interviews with Spacelab mission planning personnel. By far the most valuable of these inputs were the interviews/working sessions with mission planning personnel for development of the upper level functional flow and detailed flows. Mission planning personnel also made certain inputs to the data base which could only be provided by people who were experienced in the SL mission planning process. The support of these NASA personnel was essential in accomplishing this task.

The major products of this task were the Spacelab mission planning process functional flow diagrams and data base. These products, and the knowledge gained from their development, served as a significant input to Task 3, because they identified not only the SL Payload MIPS software modules of potential applicability to Space Station, but also a detailed understanding of the scope, nature, and sequence of activities and inputs/outputs that are required for the planning of payload on-orbit operations in general.

Finally, this task revealed certain characteristics and lessons learned from Spacelab payload mission planning that served as important considerations in the establishment of the fundamental objectives and approach toward Space Station mission planning in Task 3. These characteristics and lessons learned are presented below:

- Spacelab mission planning activities are centralized.
- Payload activities are scheduled down to the minute to make maximum utilization of resources during a short-duration mission.
- The collection of principal investigator experiment operations requirements is a very sizable manual effort which continues through all planning cycles.

- Spacelab mission planning employs a system of 58 actively used computer programs which have evolved over a ten-year period without the benefit of a rigidly controlled, structured process of development. (Upgrading of capabilities is still underway.)
- Though employing computer software, the Spacelab mission planning process involves considerable manual effort of highly skilled personnel.
- User-friendly interactive and automated software is considered of key importance to reducing mission planning manpower requirements.

5.2

SPACELAB MISSION PLANNING PROCESS

This subsection contains and provides introductory explanations of the Spacelab mission planning process functional flow diagrams and data base produced by Task 2 of the SS MPS Development Study. Together, the flow diagrams and data base constitute a complete and thorough definition of the sequence and nature of Spacelab mission planning process activities, and the associated Spacelab MIPS software capabilities and resource requirements.

5.2.1

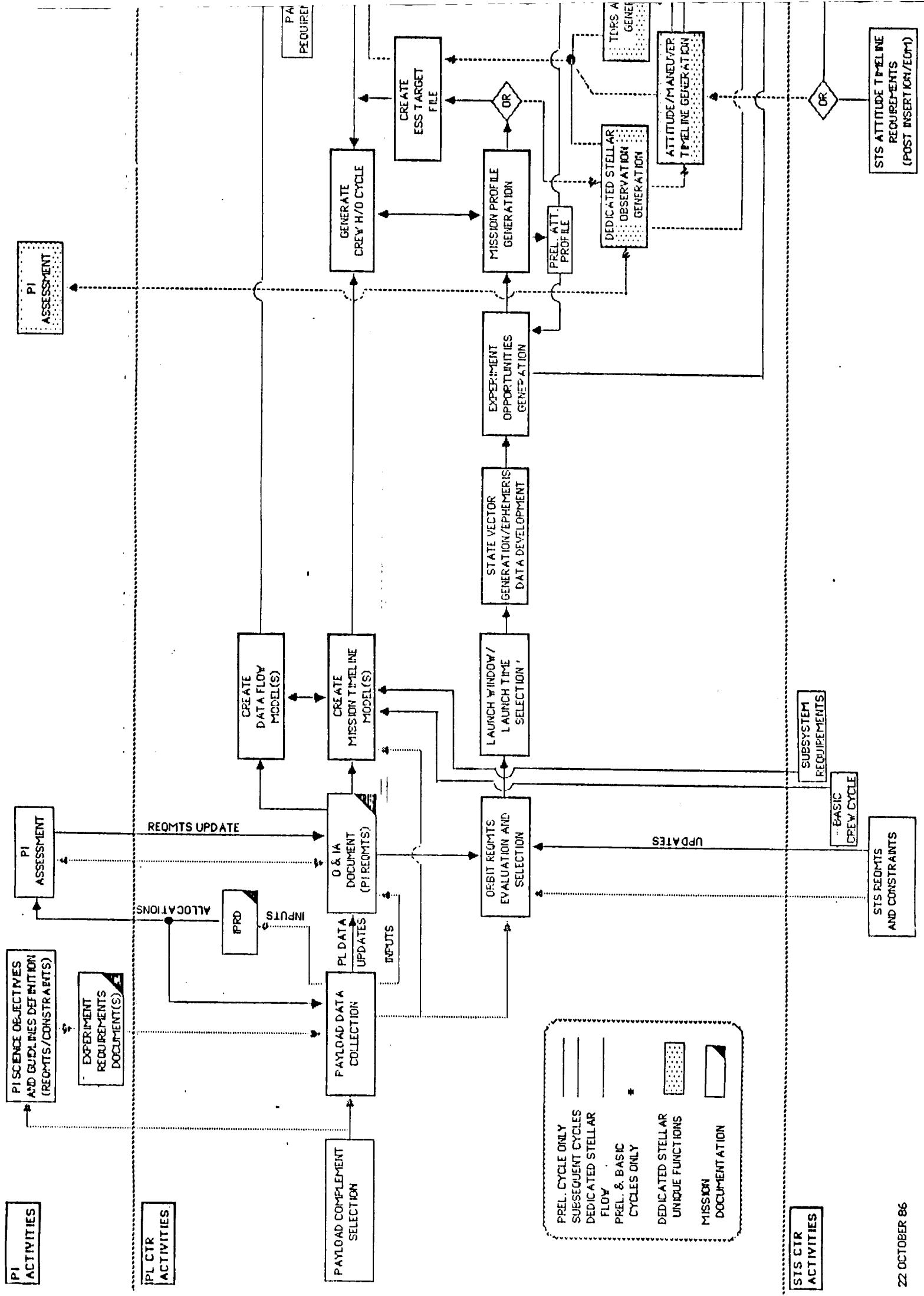
Spacelab Functional Flow

The Spacelab Functional Flow diagram, presented in Figure 5.2.1-1, was developed in order to identify all major activities of the Spacelab payload mission planning process. The diagram shows interfaces required by the planning center (MSFC) with the principal Investigators (PI's) and with the STS center (JSC). The PI interfaces are indicated at the top of the diagram and STS center interfaces are shown at the bottom of the diagram.

The Spacelab Functional Flow diagram includes activities ranging from payload data collection, through the required analyses, to preparation of payload mission execution documentation. The activities for three (3) planning cycles (preliminary, basic, update) are encompassed by the flow except where noted by the diagram legend. Real-time replanning activities are also encompassed by the flow. All activities may not be performed, or may be significantly reduced in a planning cycle based on the changes/updates required from a previous cycle. The flow accommodates a multidiscipline payload complement but includes a unique path for a payload complement of co-aligned IPS-mounted stellar observation experiments.

The SL mission planning process activities shown in the Spacelab Functional Flow diagram are grouped into nine (9) major functions. These functions and the subfunctions which comprise each are identified in Table 5.2.1-1.

Table 5.2.1-2 is a listing of acronyms and abbreviations used in the Spacelab Functional Flow diagram, and subsequently in the detailed flow diagrams and data base.



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FIGURE 5.2.1-1.

SPACELAB
FUNCTIONAL FLOW

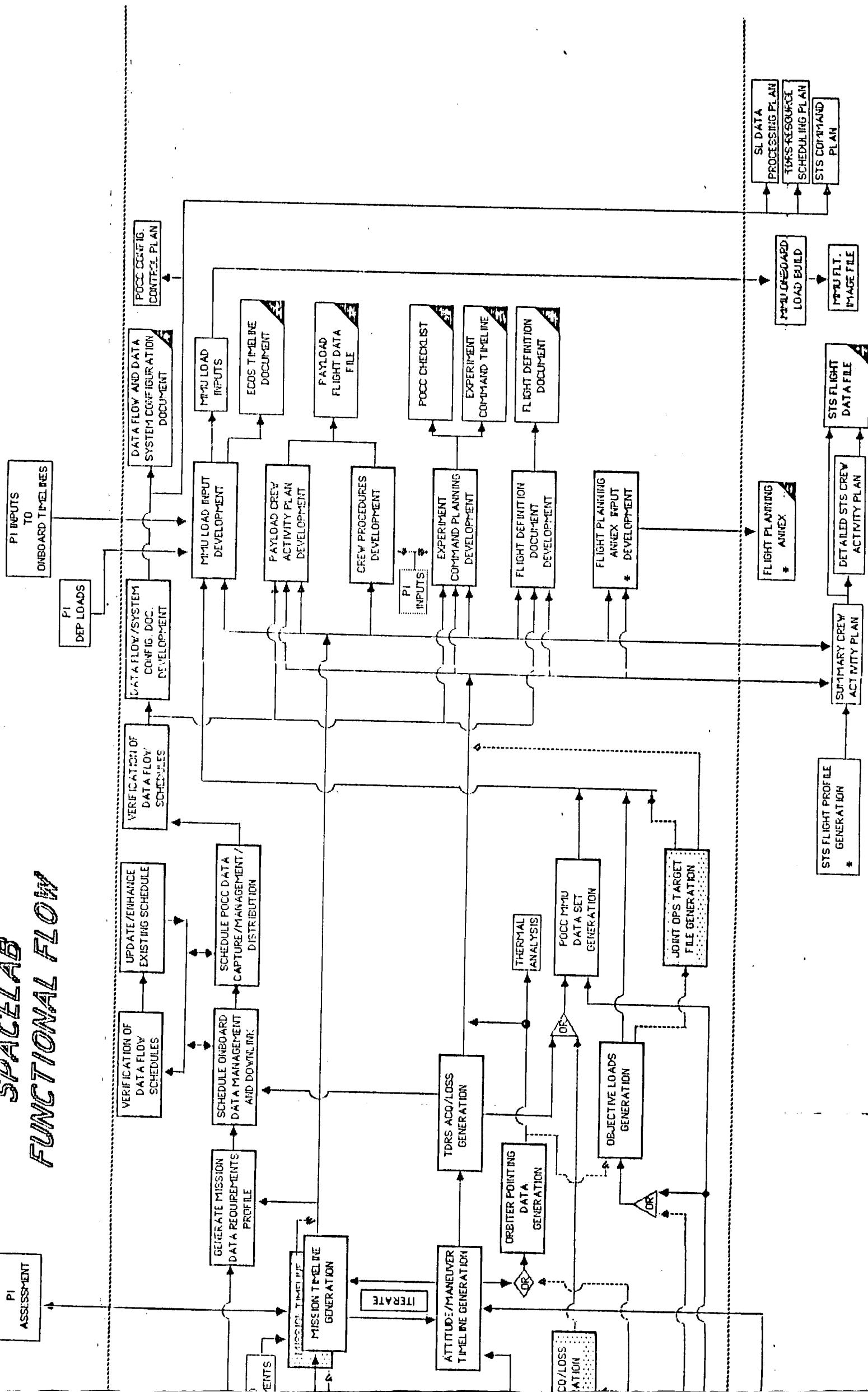


TABLE 5.2.1-1
SPACELAB FUNCTIONAL FLOW ACTIVITY GROUPINGS

<u>FUNCTION</u>	<u>SUBFUNCTIONS</u>
Payload Data Collection	N/A
Orbit Analysis	Orbit Requirements Evaluation and Selection
	Launch Window/Launch Time Selection
	State Vector Generation/Ephemeris Data Development
	Experiment Opportunities Generation
	Mission Profile Generation
	Dedicated Stellar Observation Generation
	Attitude/Maneuver Timeline Generation (Multidiscipline)
	Attitude/Maneuver Timeline Generation (Dedicated Stellar)
	Orbiter Pointing Data Generation
	TDRS Acquisition/Loss Generation
	POCC MMU Data Set Generation
	Objective Loads Generation
	Joint Operations Target File Generation (Dedicated Stellar)
Mission Timeline Analysis	Create Mission Timeline Models
	Generate Crew Handover Cycle
	Create ESS Target File
	Mission Timeline Generation
	Payload Crew Activity Plan Development

TABLE 5.2.1-1
SPACELAB FUNCTIONAL FLOW ACTIVITY GROUPINGS (CONT'D)

<u>FUNCTION</u>	<u>SUBFUNCTIONS</u>
Flight Definition Document Development	N/A
Flight Planning Annex Input Development	N/A
Crew Procedures Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Develop Stowage Book * Develop TV, Photo Procedures * Develop Experiment Crew procedures * Develop Payload Systems Handbook * Develop CDMS Dictionary * Build PFDF Documents
Data Flow Analysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create Data Flow Models Generate Mission Data Requirements Profile Schedule Onboard Data Management and Downlink Schedule POCC Data Capture/Management/Distribution Verification of Data Flow Schedules Data Flow and System Configuration Document Development Update or Enhance Existing Schedules
MMU Load Input Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Create ECOS Subordinate Timelines * Create ECOS Master Timeline * Build ECOS Timeline Tape * MMU Optimization

* These subfunctions do not appear in the upper level functional flow but are defined in the detailed flow diagrams

TABLE 5.2.1-1
SPACELAB FUNCTIONAL FLOW ACTIVITY GROUPINGS (CONT'D)

<u>FUNCTION</u>	<u>SUBFUNCTIONS</u>
Experiment Command Planning Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none">* Generate Command List* Check Command Syntax* Produce Command Timetags* Generate Command Timeline* Create POCC Checklist* Check Activity Syntax* Produce Activity Timetags* Generate POCC Checklist and Command Timeline

* These subfunctions do not appear in the upper level functional flow but are defined in the detailed flow diagrams

TABLE 5.2.1-2
ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ACT/DEACT	- Activation/Deactivation (Spacelab)
ASCII	- American Standard Code For Information Interchange
AT PHY	- Atmospheric Physics
CAP	- Crew Activity Plan
CDMS	- Command and Data Management Subsystem (Spacelab)
CEL	- Celestial
CMNDS	- Commands
COO	- Coobservation (File)
DDU	- Data Display Unit (Spacelab)
DEFN	- Definition
DEP	- Dedicated Experiment Processor
DFA	- Data Flow Analyst
DS	- Dedicated Stellar (Mission)
EBCDC	- Extended Binary Coded Decimal
ECAS	- Experiment Computer Applications Software (Spacelab)
ECOS	- Experiment Computer Operating System (Spacelab)
ERD	- Experiment Requirements Document
EDT	- VAX Editor
ESS	- Experiment Scheduling System
FDD	- Flight Definition Document
FO's	- Functional Objectives (Experiments)
FPA	- Flight Planning Annex
H/O	- Handover (Crew Handover Cycle)
HDRR	- High Data Rate Recorder (Spacelab)
HEX	- Hexadecimal
HRM	- High Rate Multiplexer (Spacelab)
IPRD	- Integrated Payload Requirements Document
IPS	- Instrument Pointing Subsystem (Spacelab)
IWG	- Investigators Working Group
JSC	- Johnson Space Center
LDF	- List Directed File
MDP'S	- Mission Dependent Parameters
MGMT, MANGMT	- Management
MMU	- Mass Memory Unit
MMUM	- Mass Memory Unit Manager
MPE	- Mission Peculiar Equipment
MSFC	- Marshall Space Flight Center
MSN	- Mission
MSN IND	- Mission Independent
MTL	- Master Timeline
MVR	- Maneuver
NDF	- Name Directed File
O&IA	- Operations and Integration Agreements
O/O	- On/Off (File)
OCCULT	- Occultation (Orbiter)
OPS	- Operations
PAO	- Public Affairs Office
PCAP	- Payload Crew Activity Plan

TABLE 5.1.1-2
ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

PFDF	- Payload Flight Data File
PI	- Principal Investigator
PL PHY	- Plasma Physics
PL, P/L	- Payload
POCC	- Payload Operations Control Center
POH	- Payload Operations Handbook
PTS	- Payload Timeline Summary
SAA	- South Atlantic Anomaly
SCAS	- Subsystem Computer Applications Software (Spacelab)
SCOS	- Subsystem Computer Operating System (Spacelab)
SL	- Spacelab
SOPG	- Science Operations Planning Group
SPAH	- Spacelab Payload Accommodations Handbook
STL	- Subordinate Timeline
STO	- Storage (File)
STS	- Space Transportation System
T/L, TL	- Timeline
TDRS	- Tracking and Data Relay Satellite
VAX	- Digital Equipment Corporation Computer

5.2.2

Detailed Flow Diagrams

The SL mission planning process detailed flows provide, as necessary, a breakdown of functions and/or subfunctions to a task/subtask level necessary to understand the mission planning activities, or to a level to correlate a particular software module to an activity. For example, "Payload Data Collection", which is a manual activity, is detailed at the function level, whereas the Orbital Analysis subfunction "Experiment Opportunities Generation" is broken down to tasks and subtasks - e.g., "Generate Solar Targets" (task) and "Generate Sun Rise/Set" (subtask).

Activities may be manual, automated, or a combination of manual and automated. Manual activities normally include the collection of information (verbal inputs, informal or formal documentation), the evaluation and assessment of this information, and the publication of the results (informal or formal documentation). However, some manual activities produce a computerized input for a subsequent activity - e.g., use of the VAX editor to create a computerized file for use by a software module in a subsequent automated activity.

Automated activities include a software module, based on some fixed algorithm, which reads a computerized input file(s) (fixed format), performs specific operations on the input data, and then outputs the results as either a computerized output file(s) or as a printout. Some automated activities require, or permit, manual inputs to the software module via a keyboard.

A legend for the detailed flows is presented in Figure 5.2.2-1 which shows the conventions utilized in their development. The set of flows which represent the breakdown of the upper level Spacelab Functional Flow diagram to lower level detailed flows (subfunctions, tasks, subtasks) is presented on page 5-12 through page 5-59.

5.2.3

SL MIPS Data Base

The SL MIPS data base was developed in order to provide activity summary data, software description and requirements data, and activity time and skill requirements data. The level of detail of the data base is consistent with the level of detail in the Spacelab mission planning process detailed flow diagrams; that is, entries exist in the data base corresponding to each lowest hierarchical level activity (function, subfunction, task or subtask) identified for every function in the flow diagrams. When assessed in conjunction with the detailed flows, the data base provides a comprehensive definition of the Spacelab payload mission planning process.

The data base consists of eight (8) interrelated tables of data:

- o Activity Summary Data
- o Activity Time and Skill Requirements
- o Software Used by Activity
- o Software Description
- o Software Peripherals Required
- o Activity Input/Outputs
- o Computer Input/Output Summary
- o Manual Input/Output Summary

The complete data base, including an introductory explanation of each table, is contained in Appendix A of this volume.

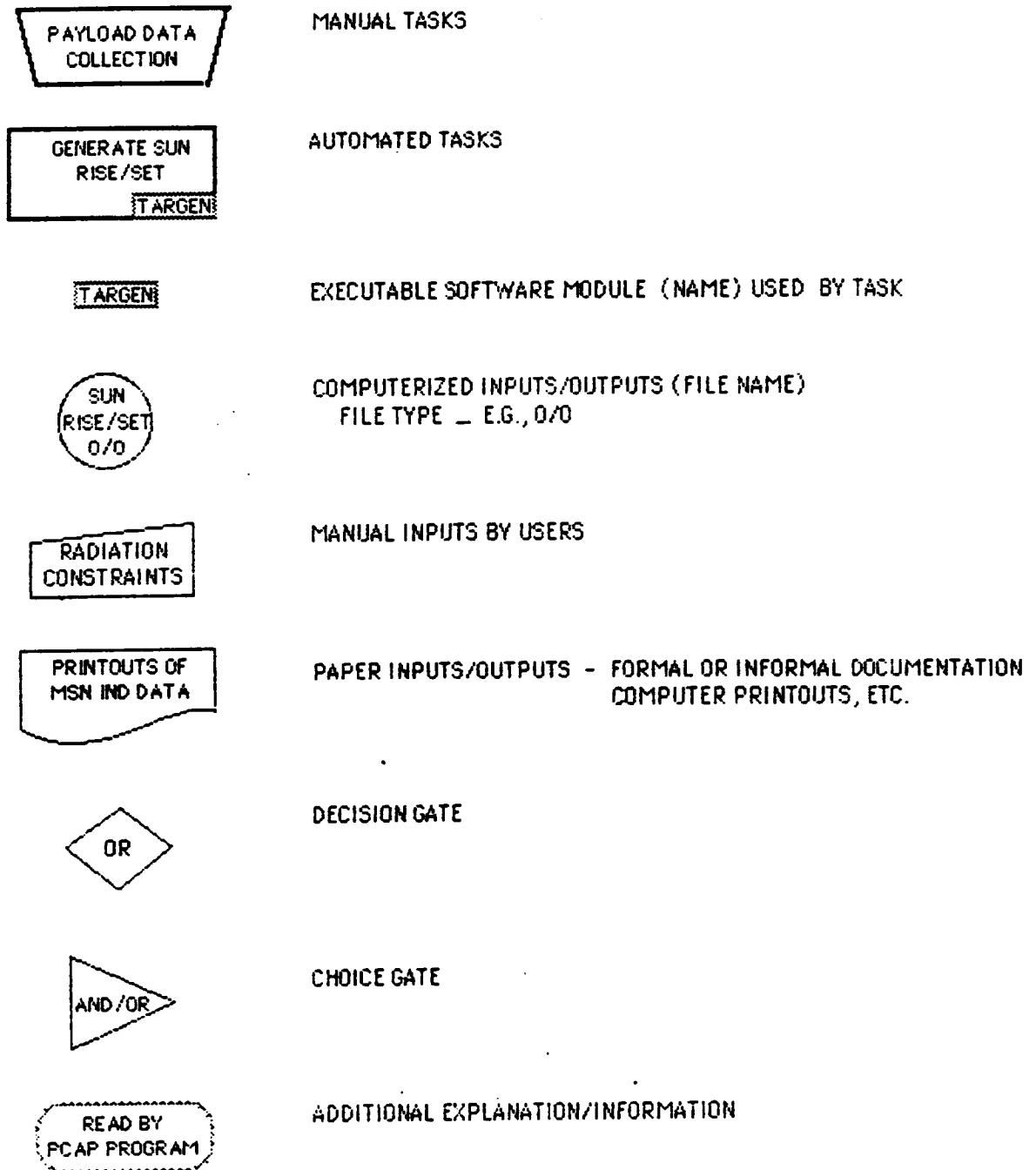
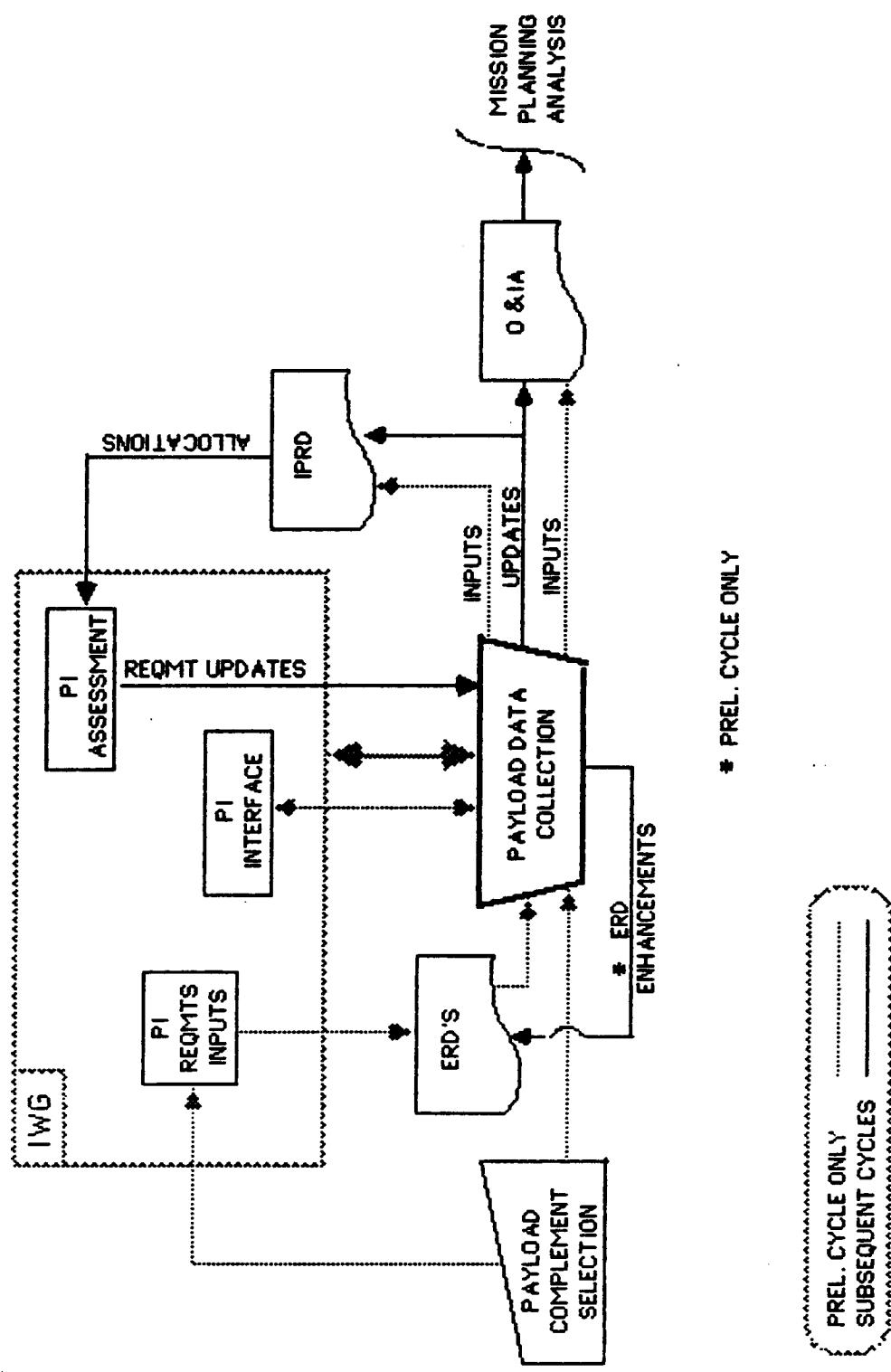
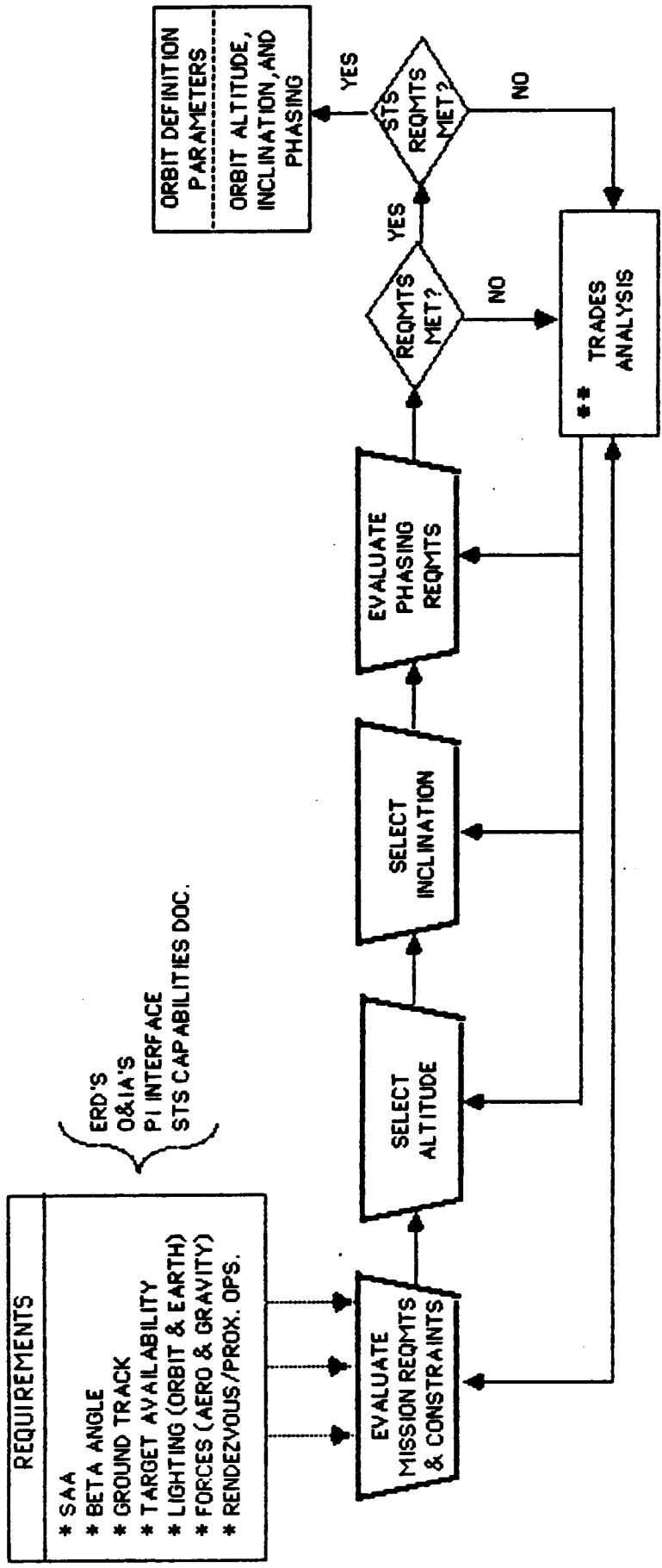


FIGURE 5.2.2-1. SPACELAB FLOW DIAGRAM CONVENTIONS

FUNCTION: PAYLOAD DATA COLLECTION

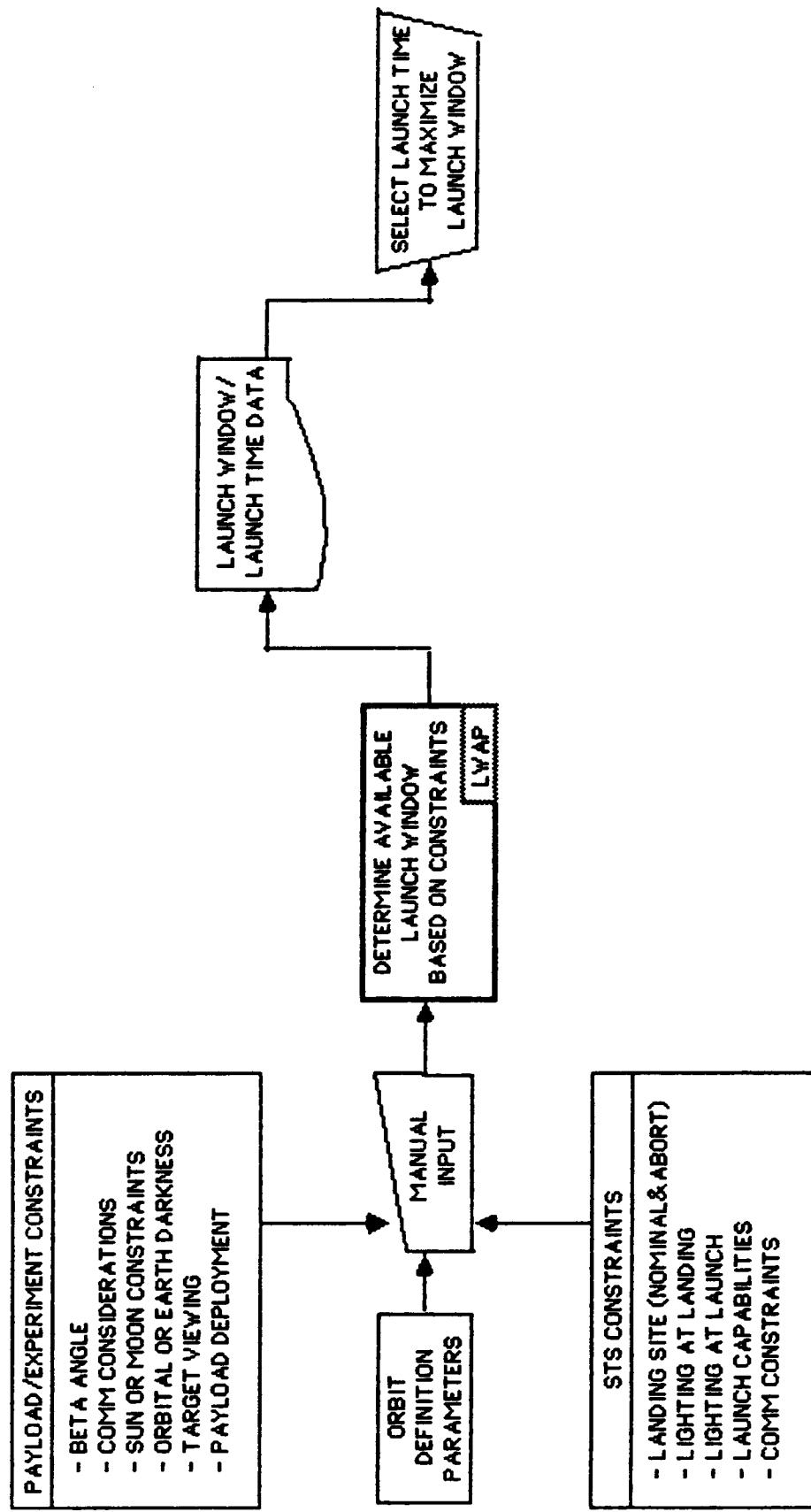


FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION

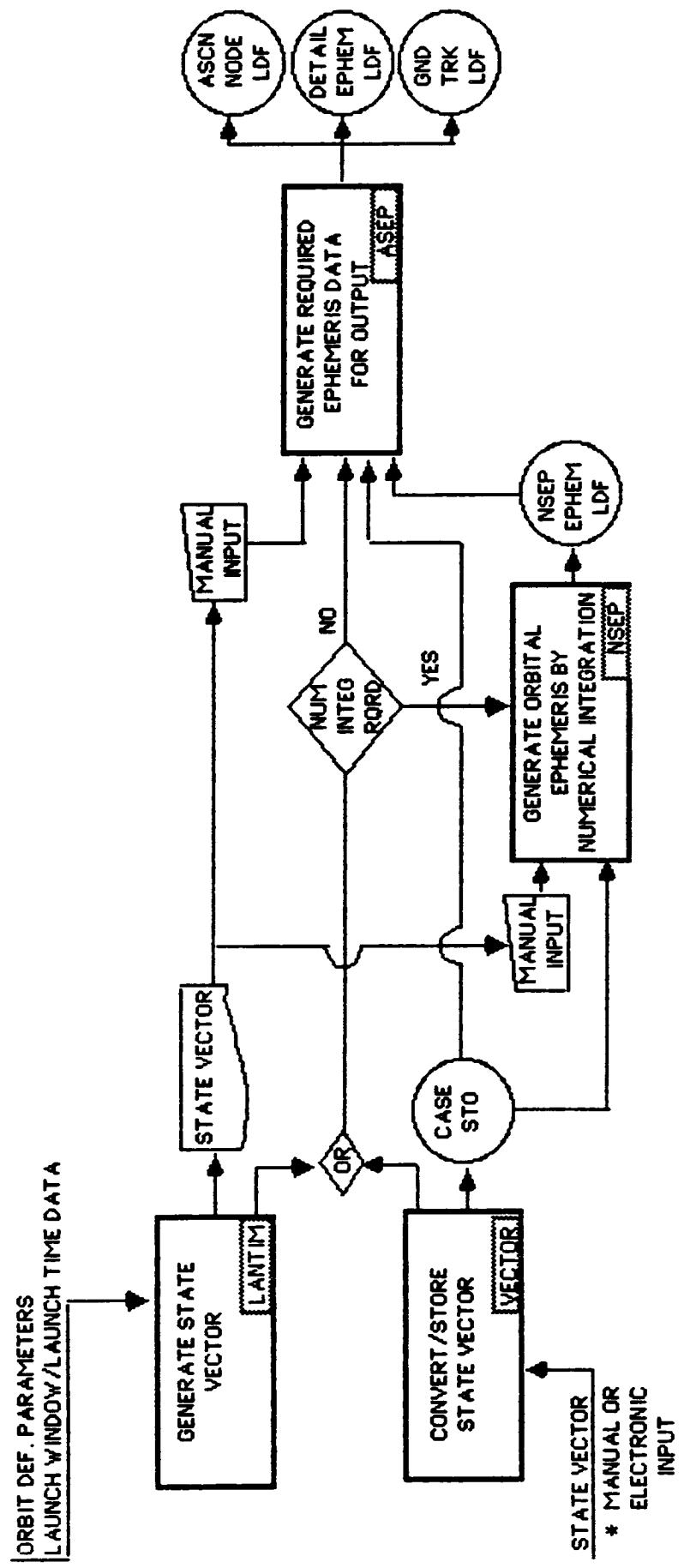


** THIS IS NORMALLY A MANUAL ACTIVITY.
 HOWEVER, IF A TRADES ANALYSIS IS
 REQUIRED THE FOLLOWING PROGRAMS
 MAY BE UTILIZED: ASEP/NSEP, ESAL,
 ESDATA, RAD12, BORB, OTHERS.

FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION

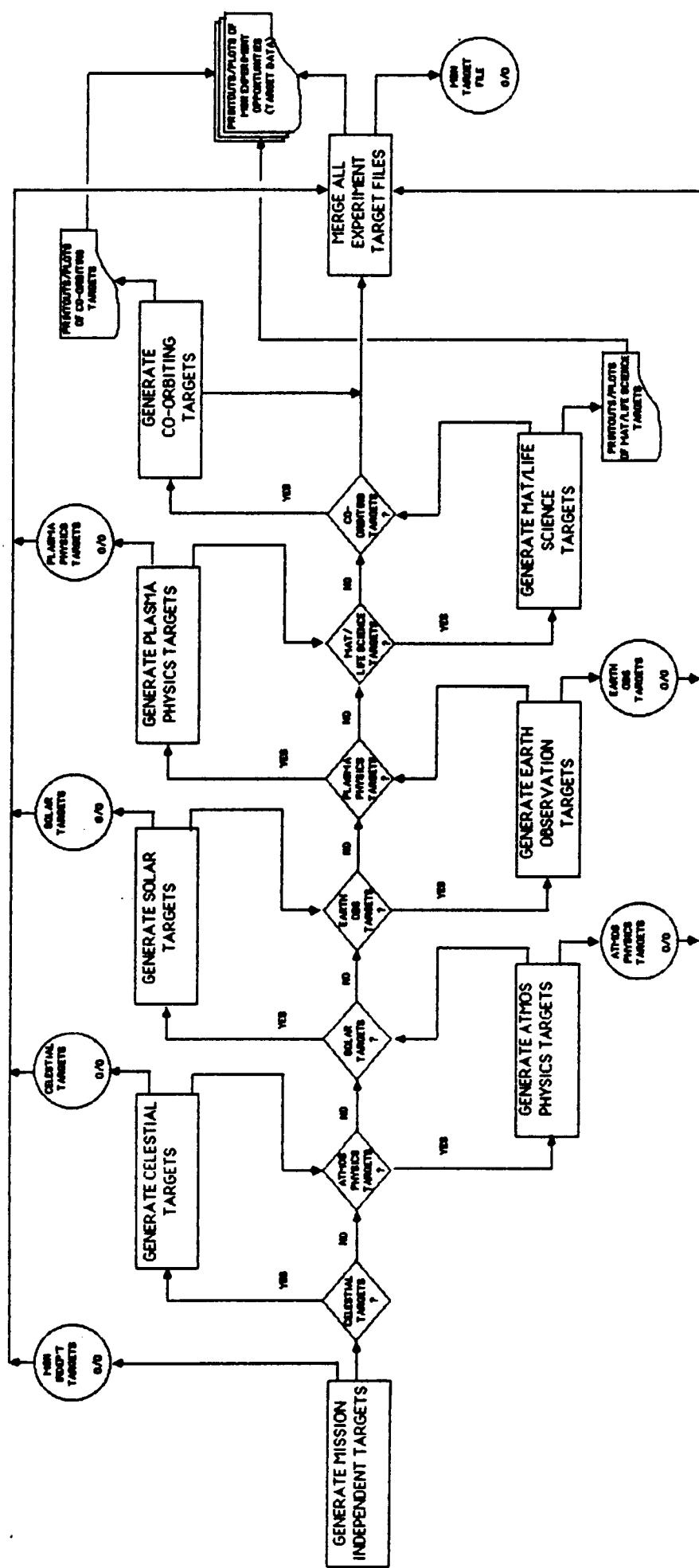


FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: STATE VECTOR GENERATION/EPHEMERIS DATA DEVELOPMENT

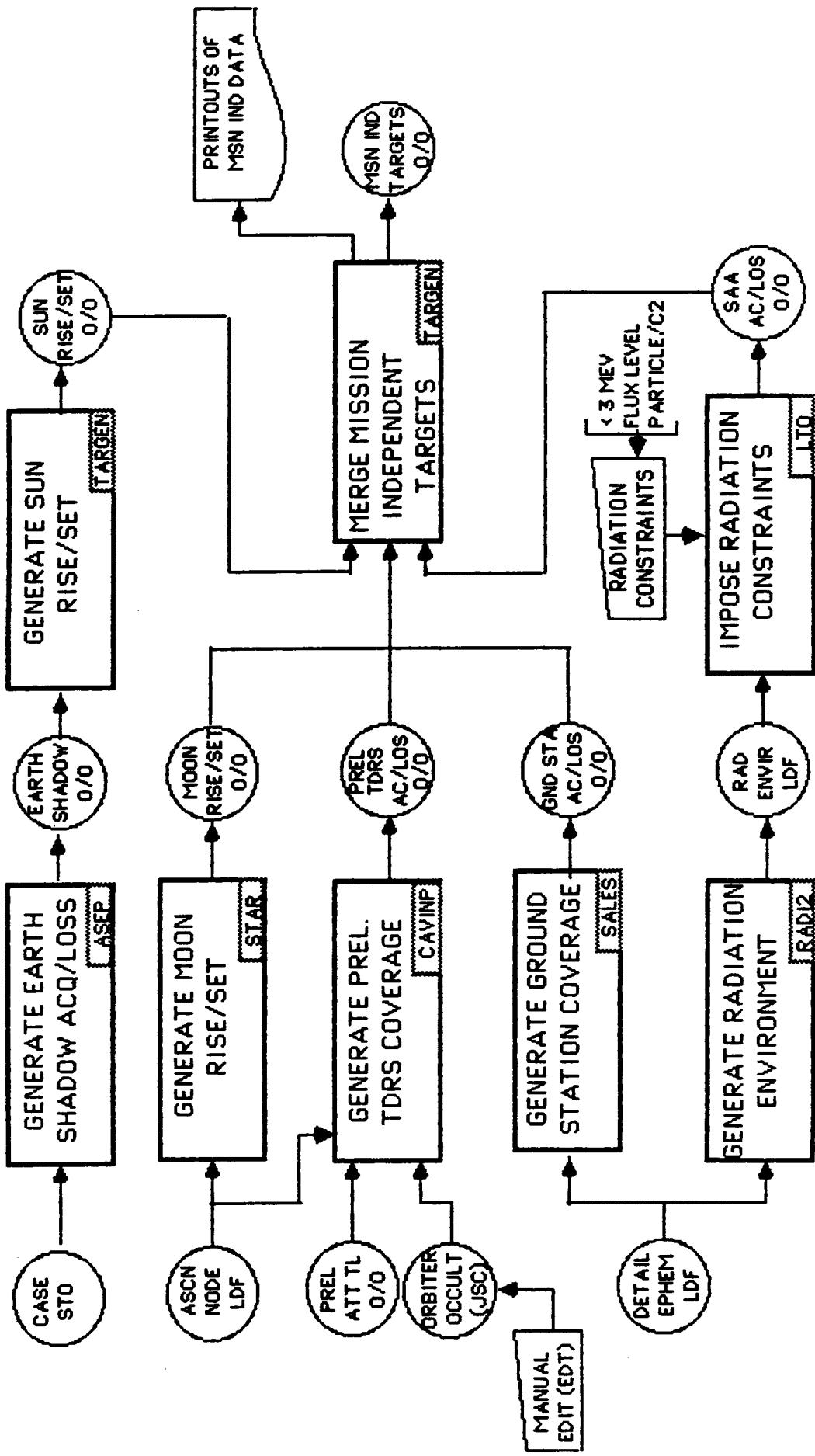


STATE VECTOR
* MANUAL OR
ELECTRONIC
INPUT

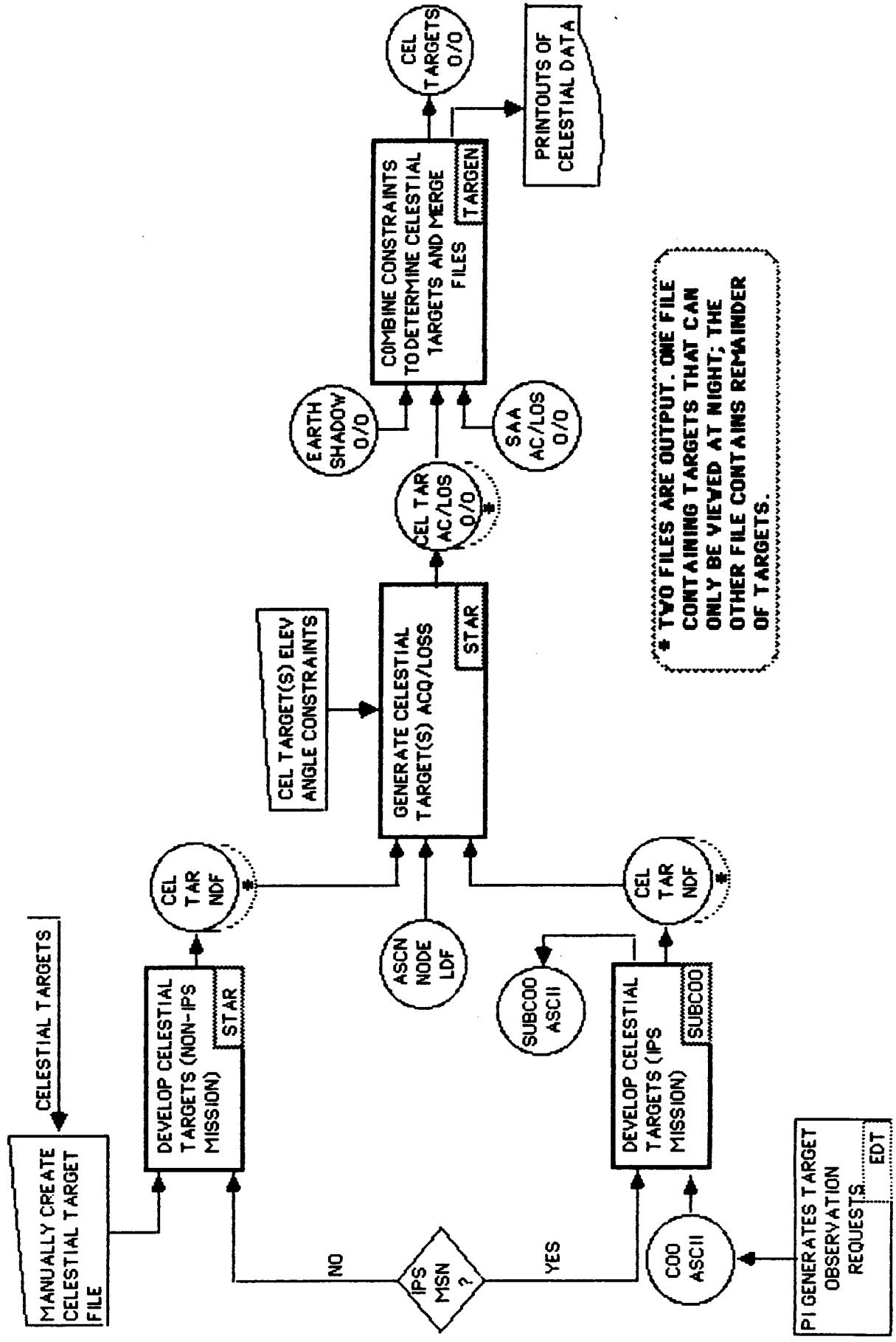
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION



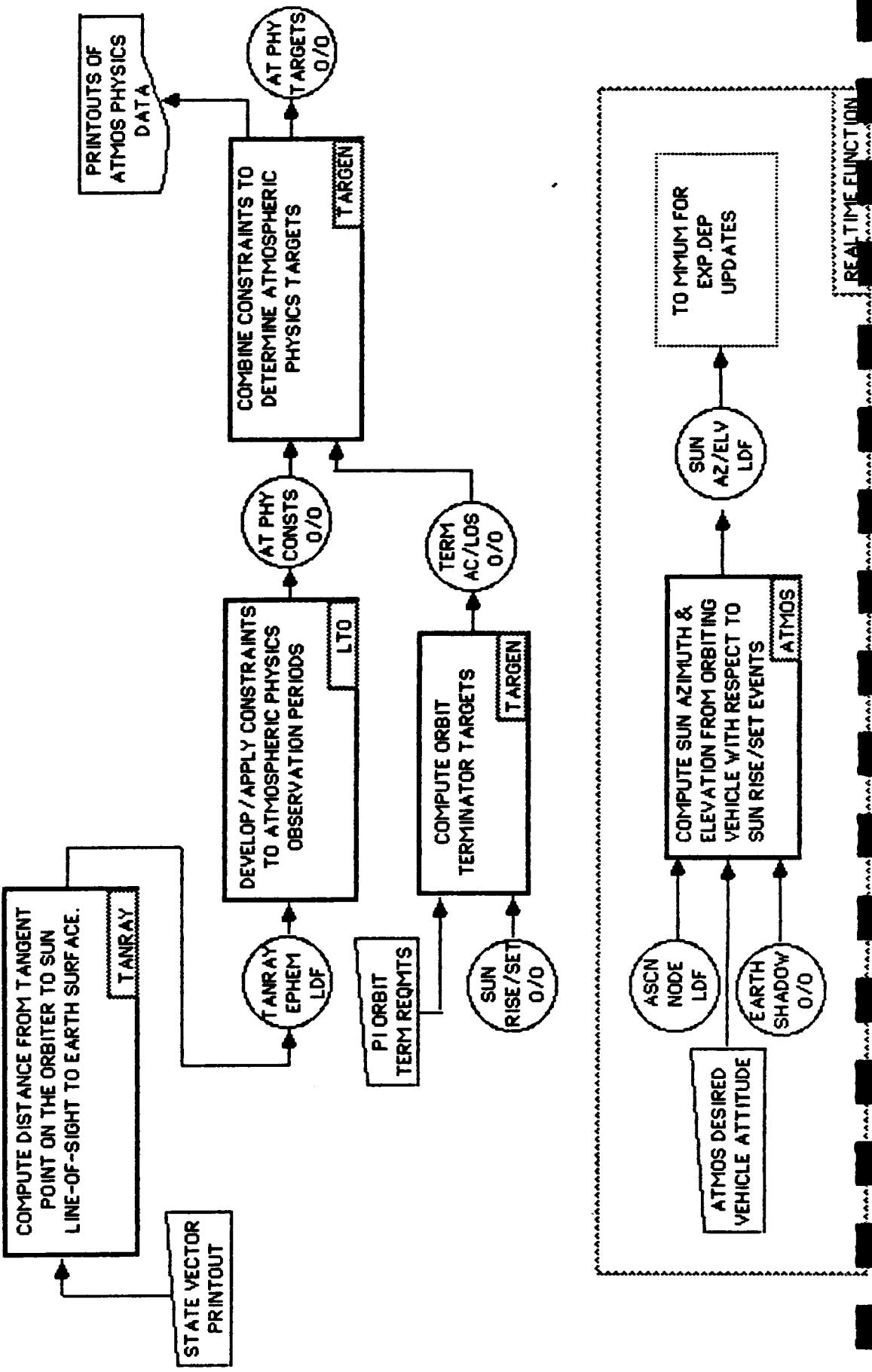
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS



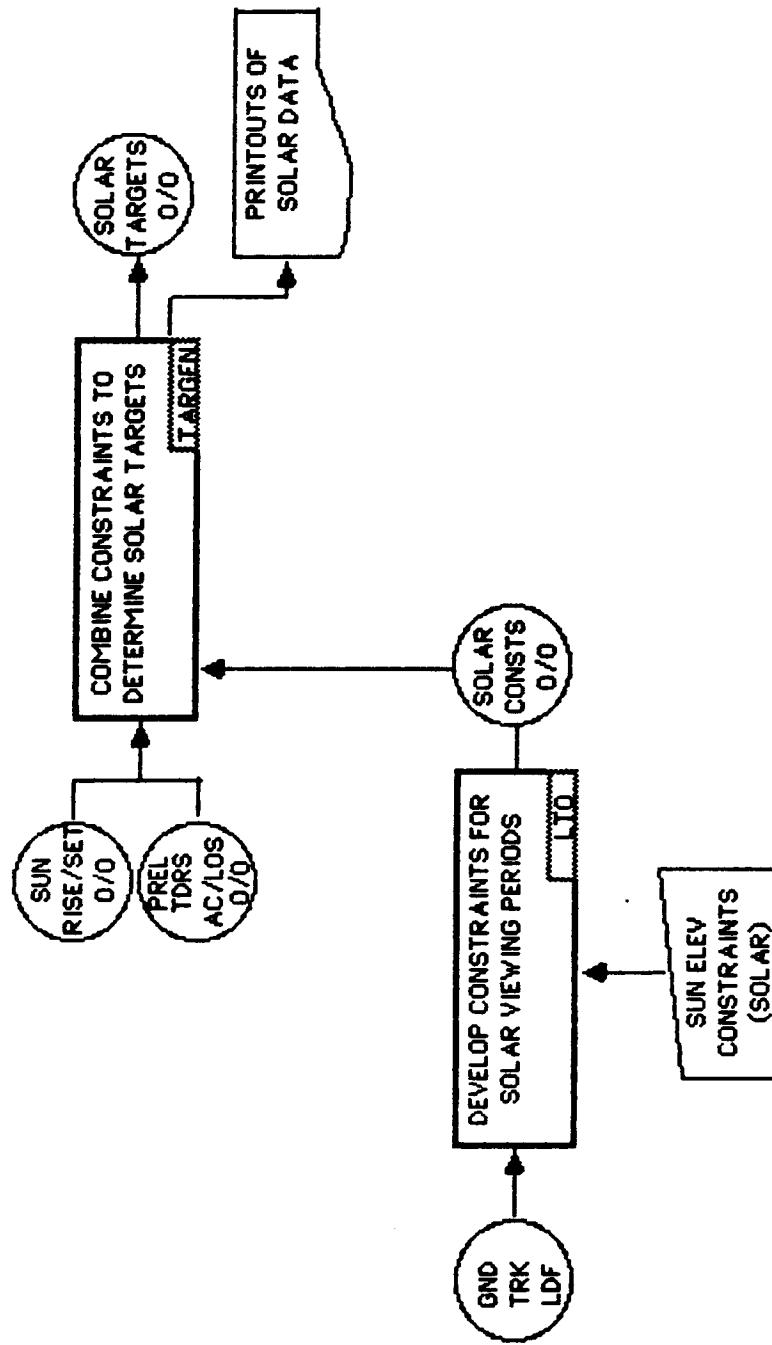
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGETS



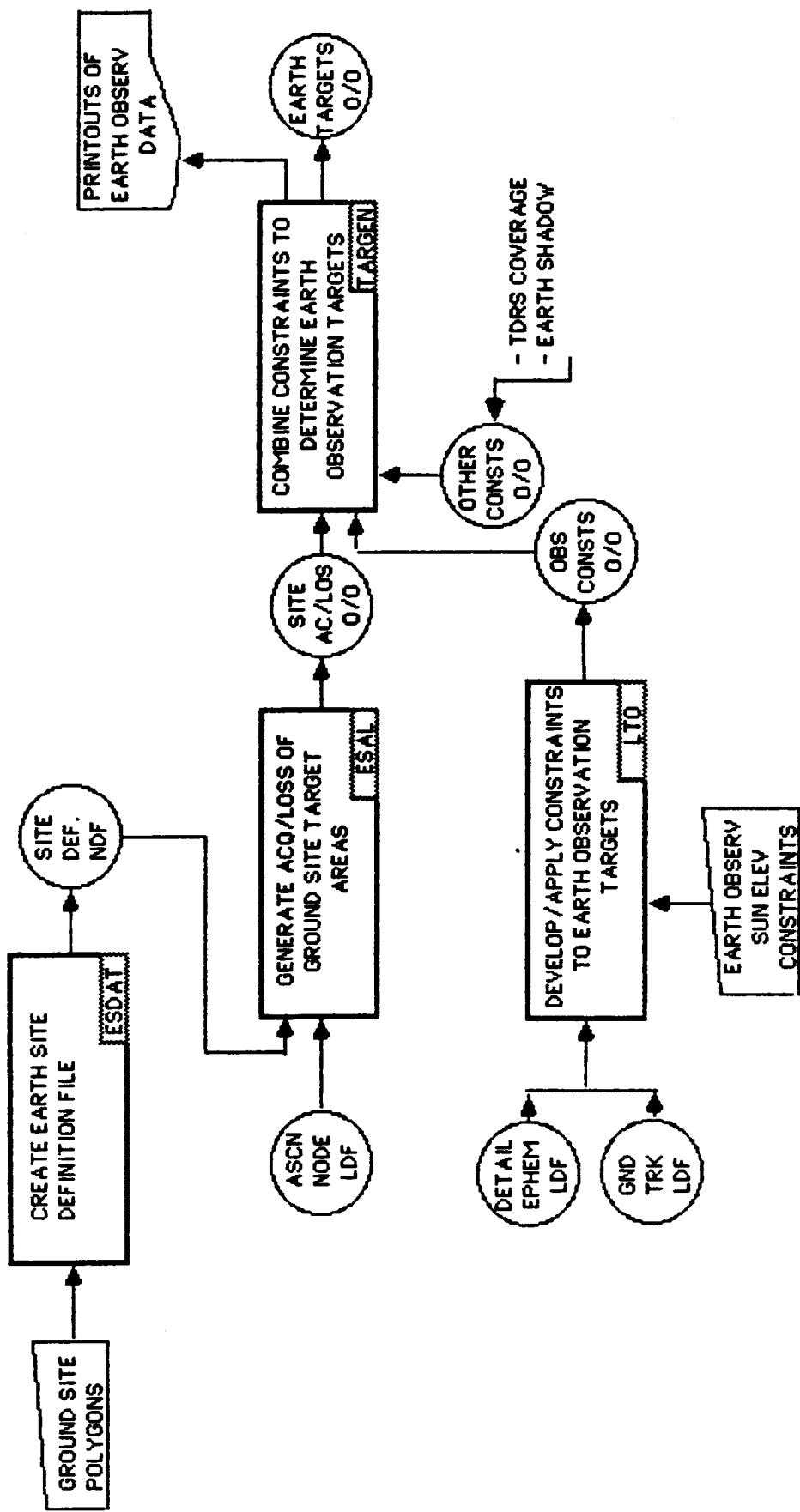
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS



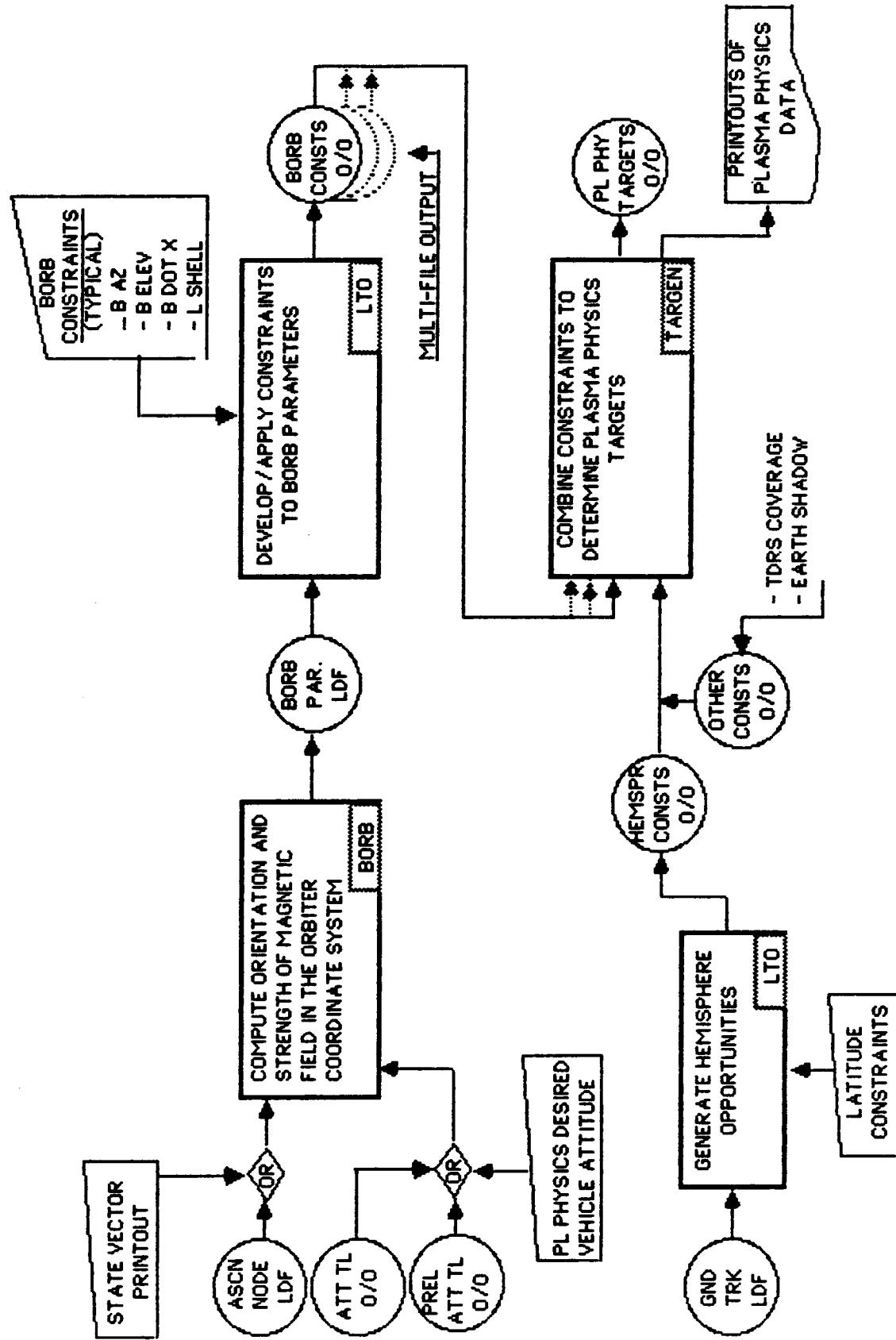
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE SOLAR TARGETS



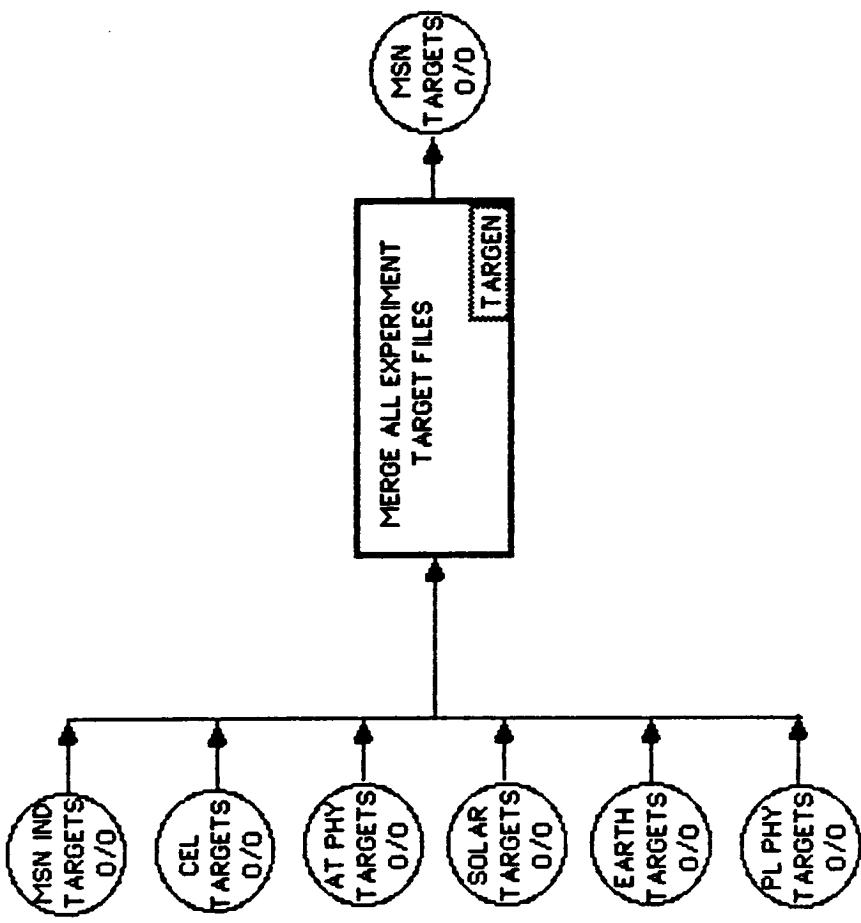
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS



FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
 SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
 TASK: GENERATE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS



FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES

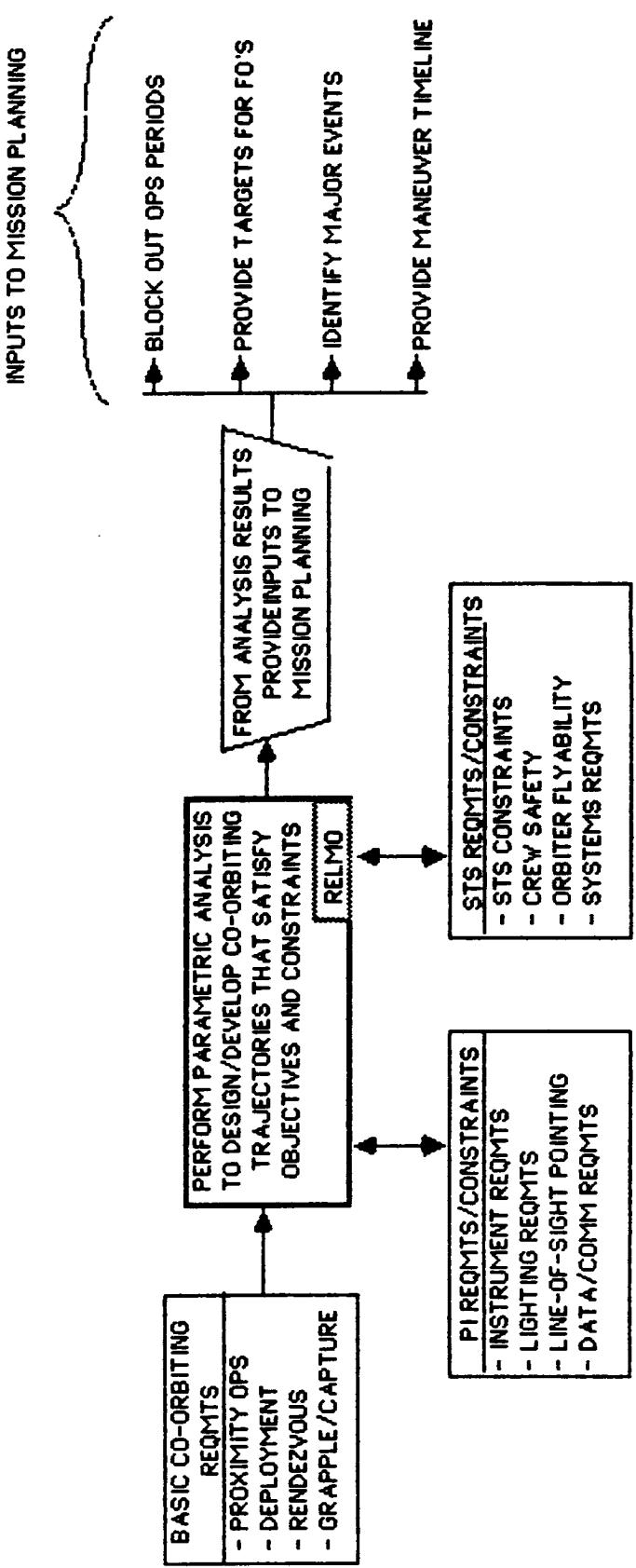


FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE MATERIAL AND/OR LIFE SCIENCE TARGETS

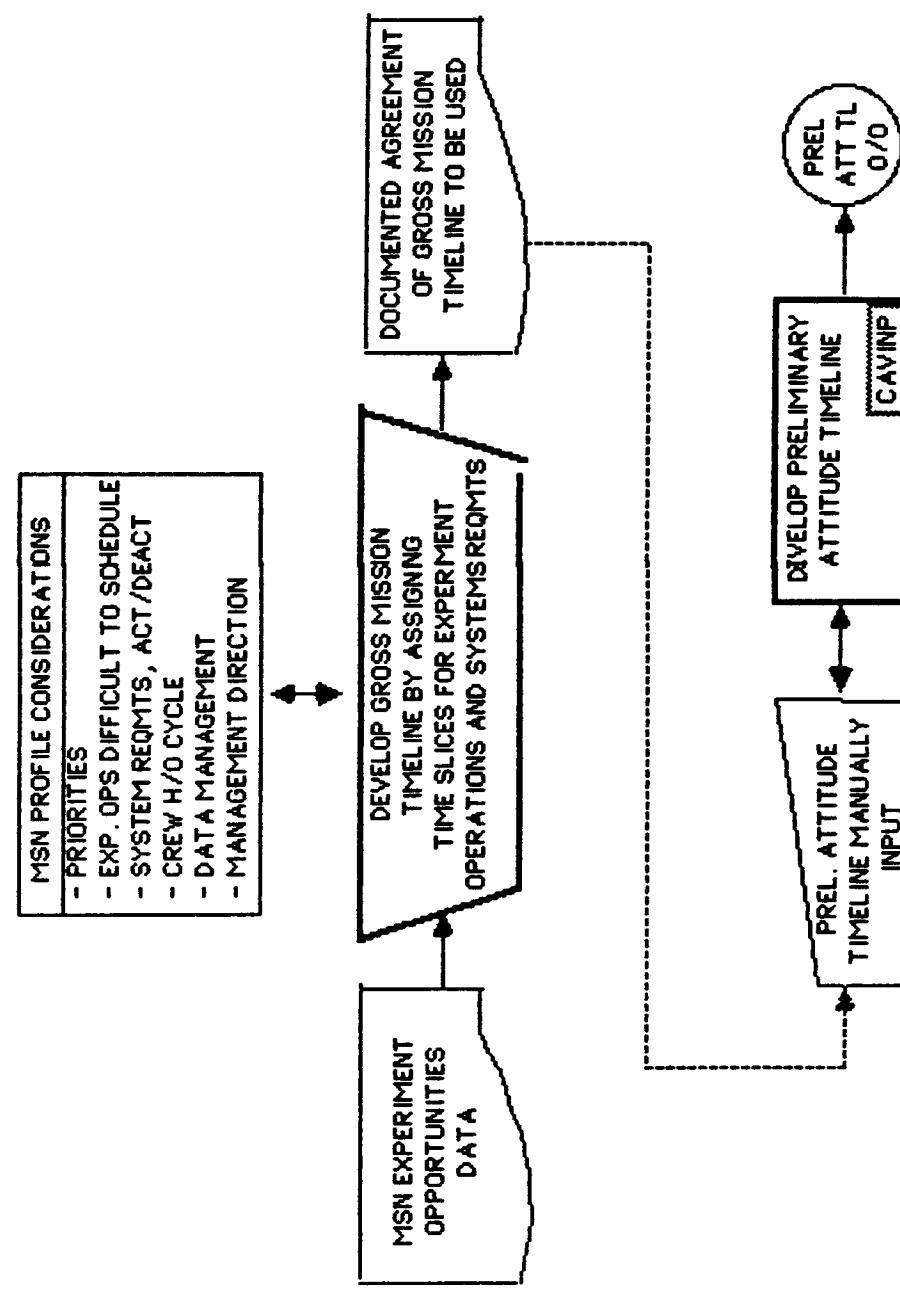
MATERIAL/LIFE SCIENCE TARGET PERIODS ARE DEVELOPED/ASSIGNED BASED ON EXPERIMENT OPERATIONS AND SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS IN THE "MISSION PROFILE GENERATION" SUBFUNCTION.

MISSION PLANNERS WOULD MAXIMIZE TDRS COVERAGE (WITHIN CONSTRAINTS) FOR EXPERIMENTS OF THIS TYPE. TDRS COVERAGE WILL BE DEVELOPED IN THE "ATTITUDE/MANEUVER TIMELINE GENERATION" SUBFUNCTION IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE "MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION" SUBFUNCTION.

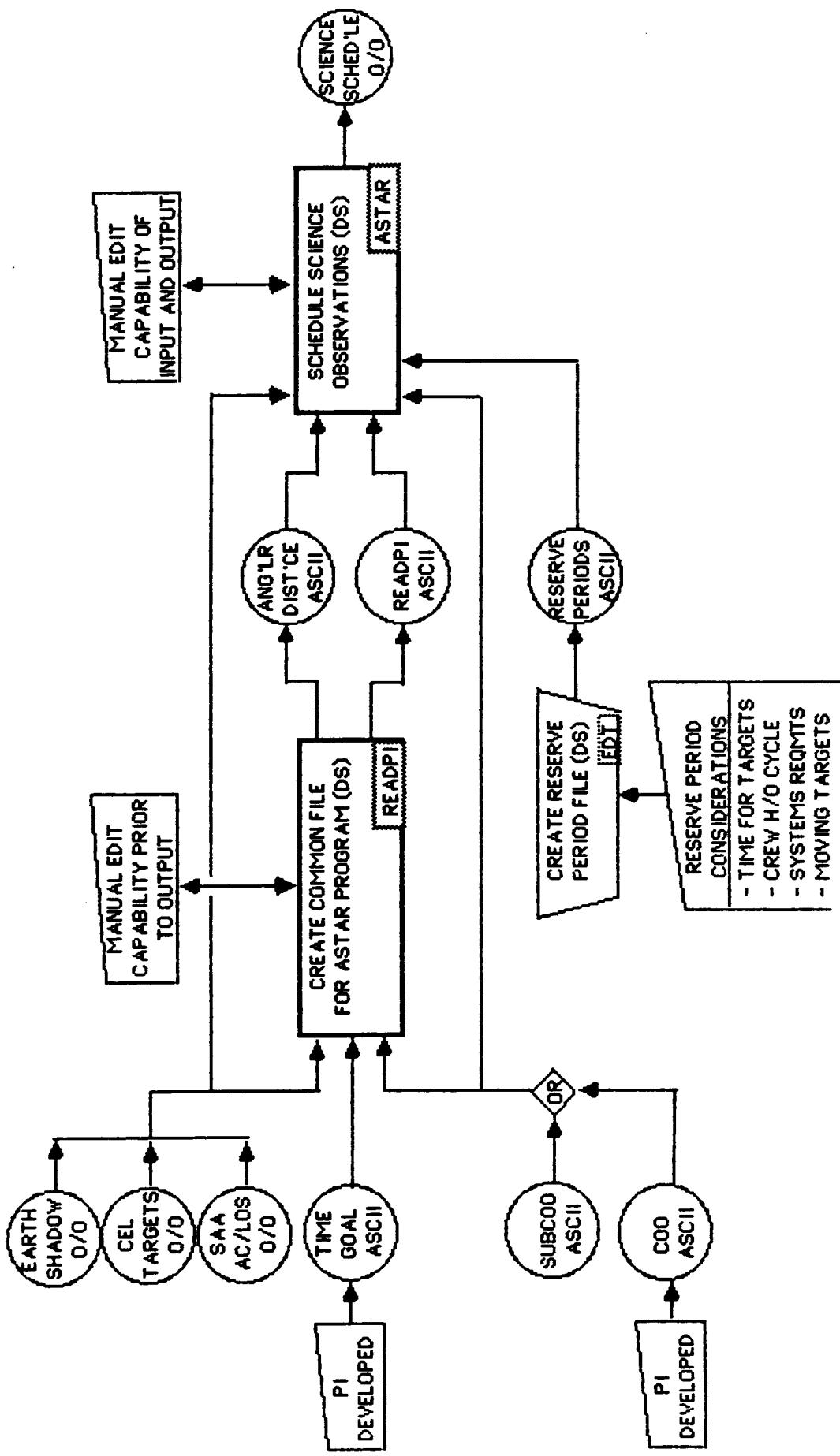
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE CO-ORBITING TARGETS



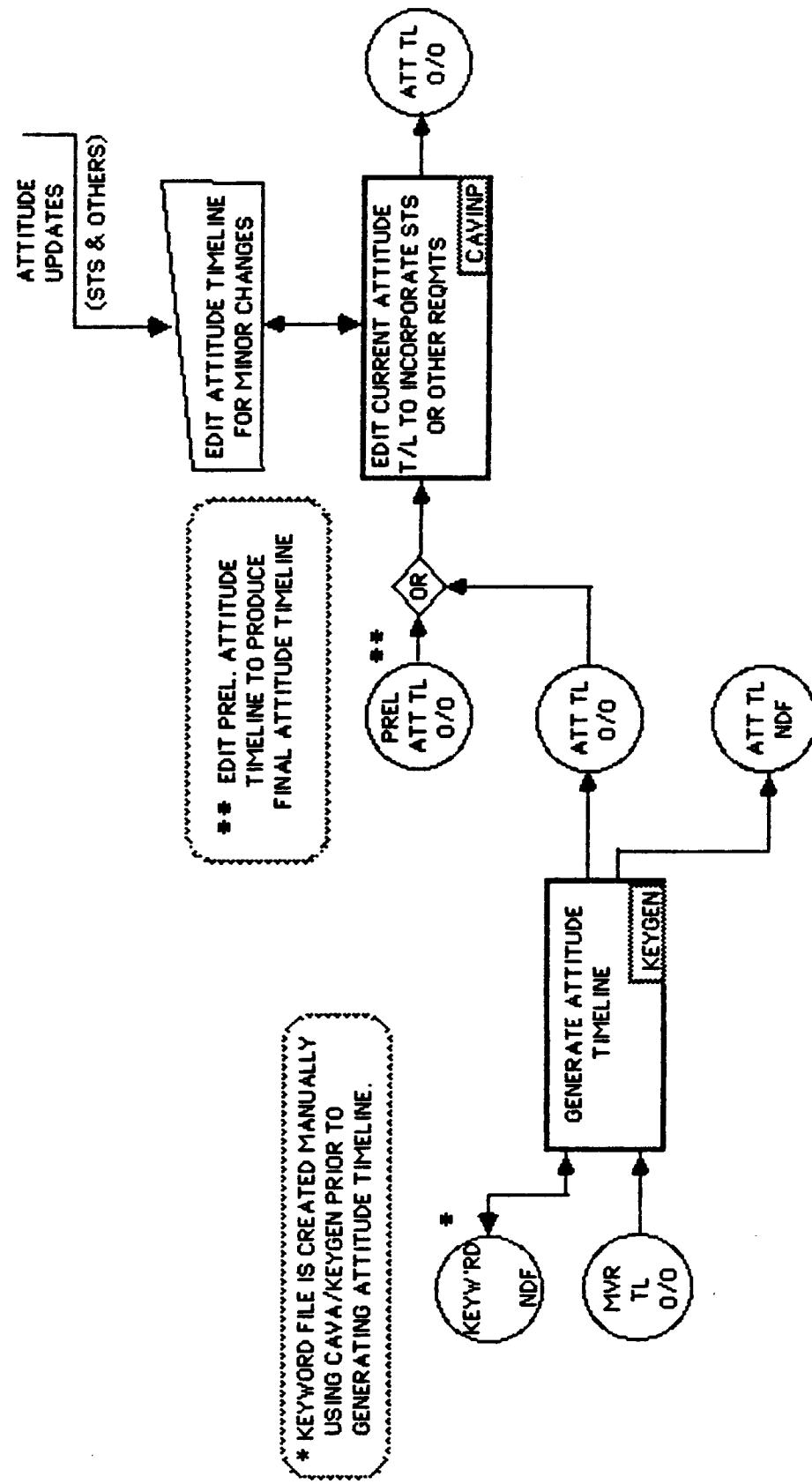
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: MISSION PROFILE GENERATION



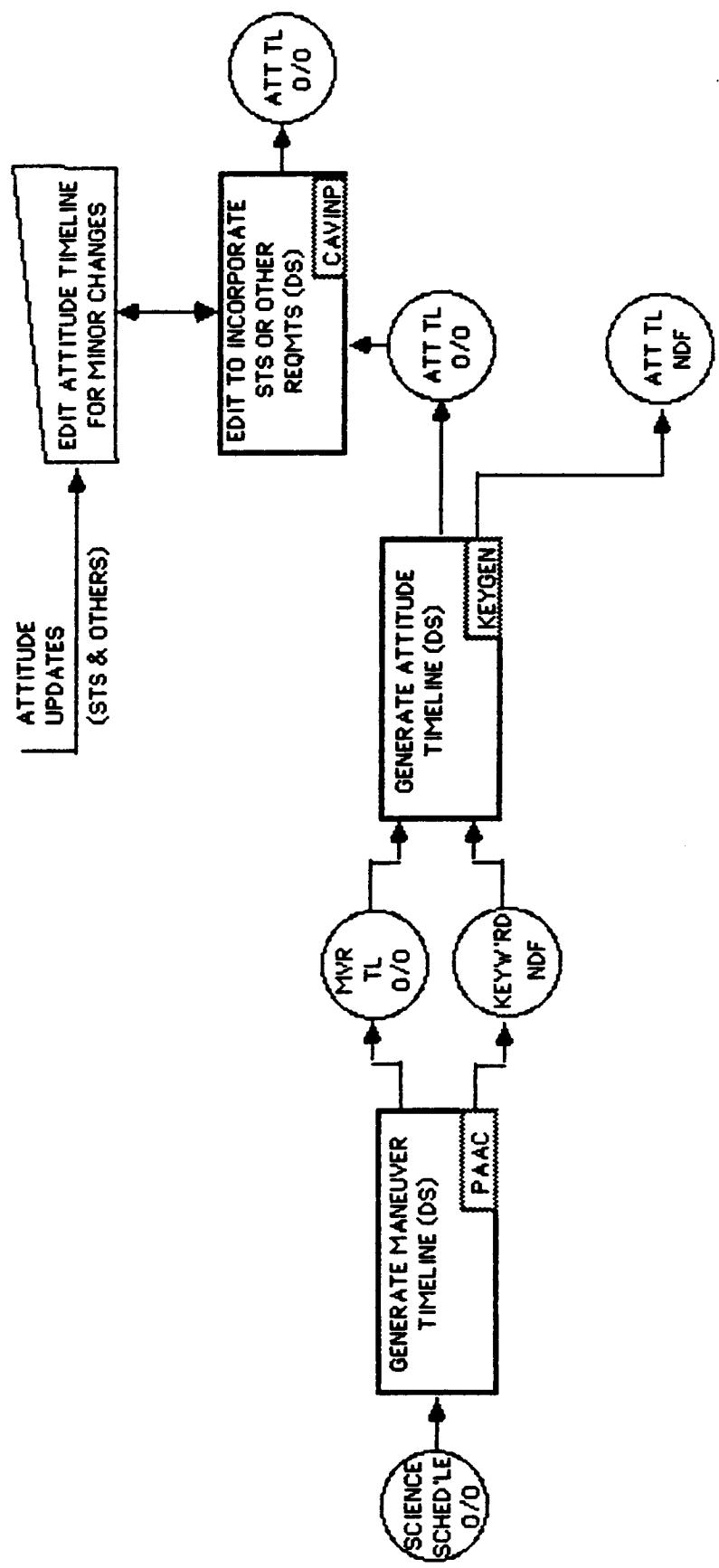
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: DEDICATED STELLAR OBSERVATION GENERATION



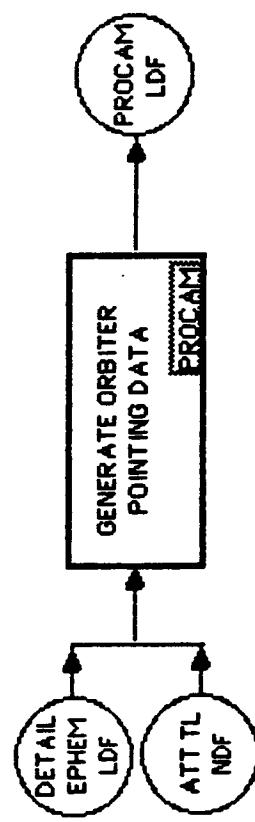
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: ATTITUDE/MANEUVER TIMELINE GENERATION (MULTIDISCIPLINE)



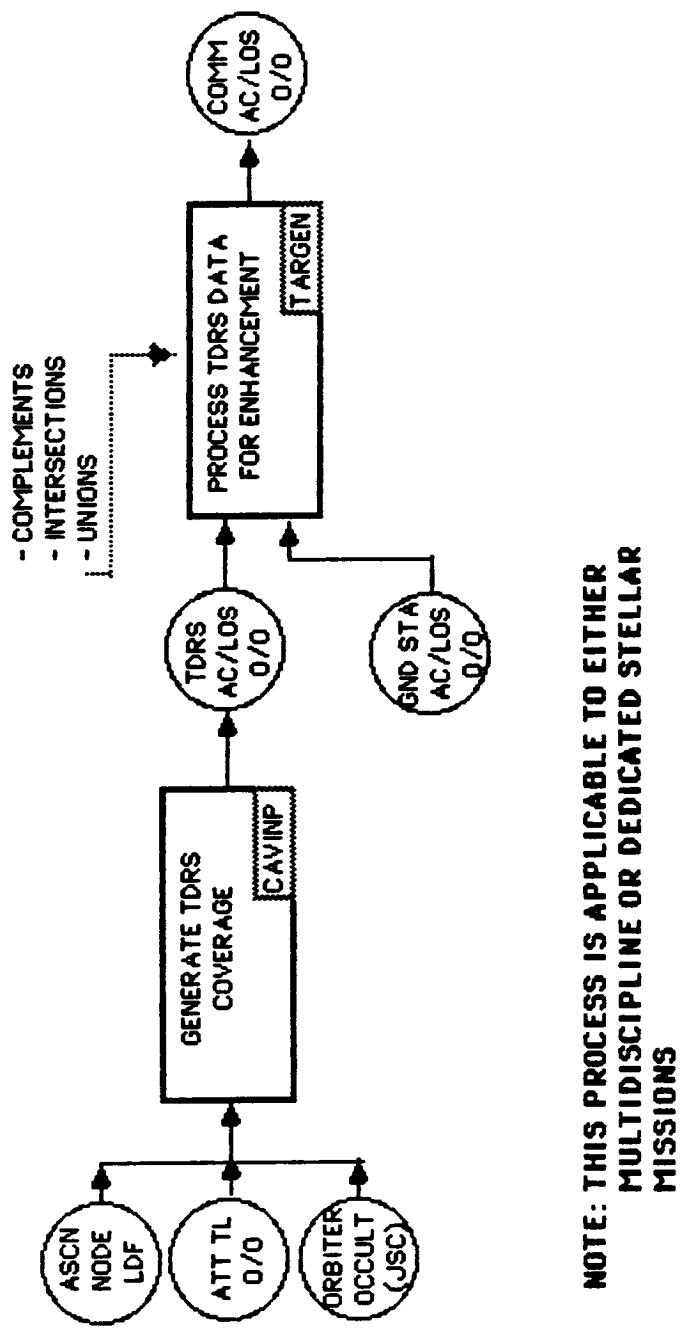
FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: ATTITUDE/MANEUVER TIMELINE GENERATION (DEDICATED STELLAR)



FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: ORBITER POINTING DATA GENERATION

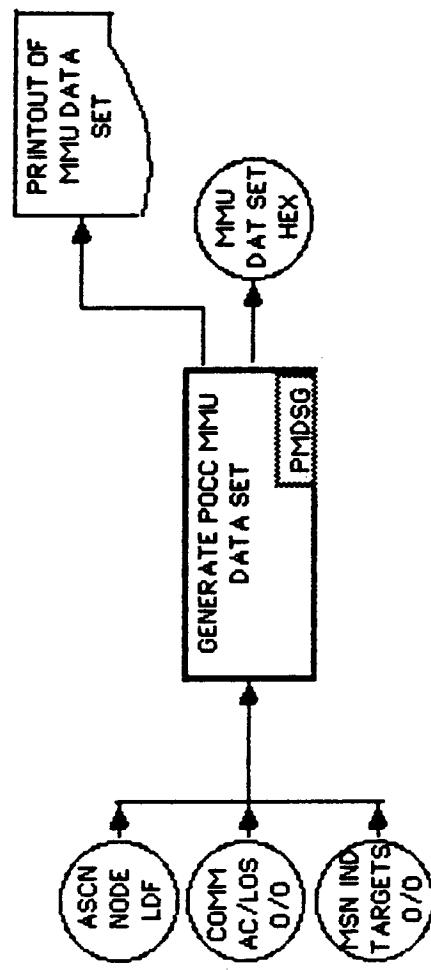


FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: TDRS ACQ/LOSS GENERATION

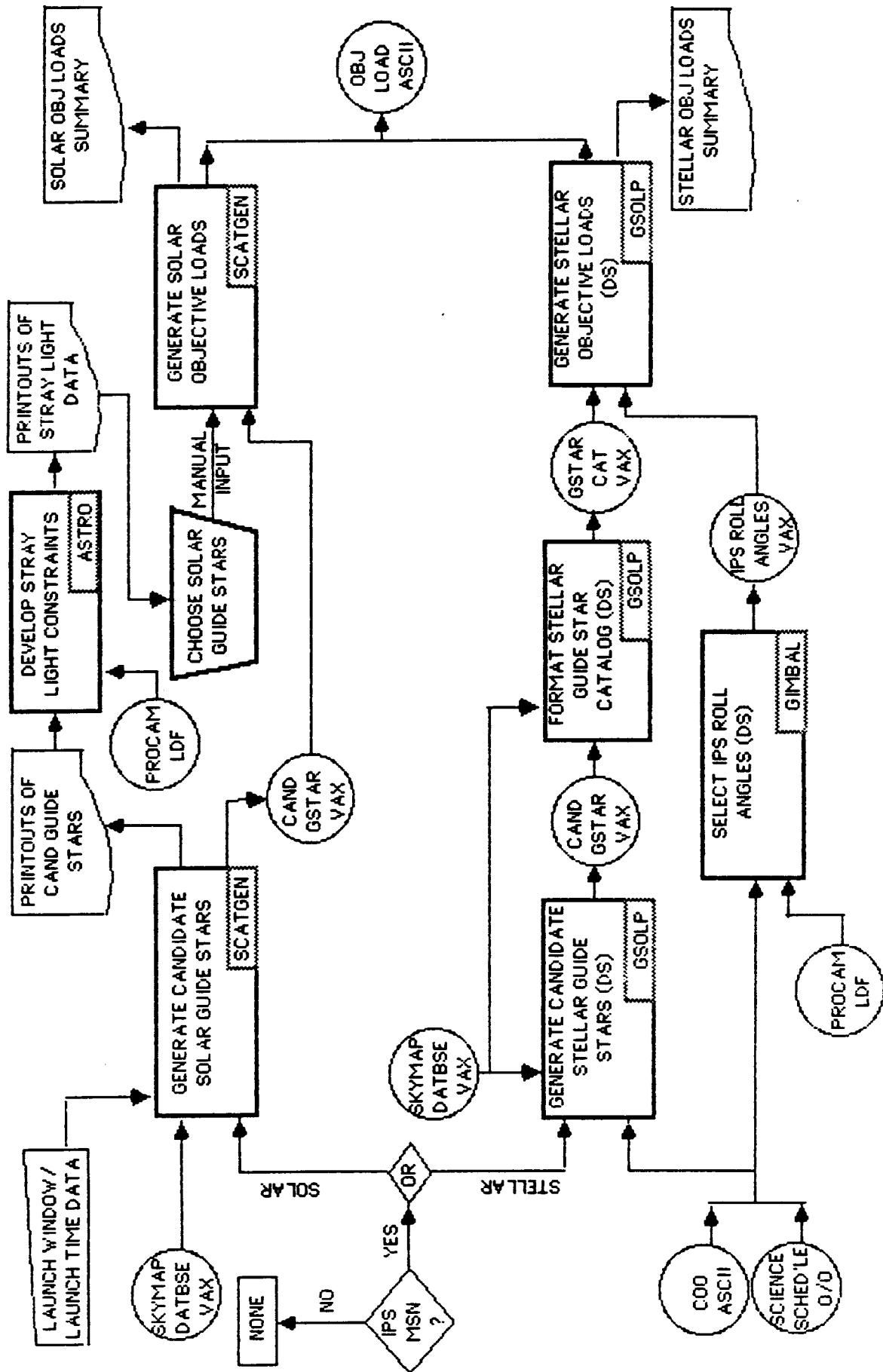


**NOTE: THIS PROCESS IS APPLICABLE TO EITHER
MULTIDISCIPLINE OR DEDICATED STELLAR
MISSIONS**

FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: POCC MMU DATA SET GENERATION

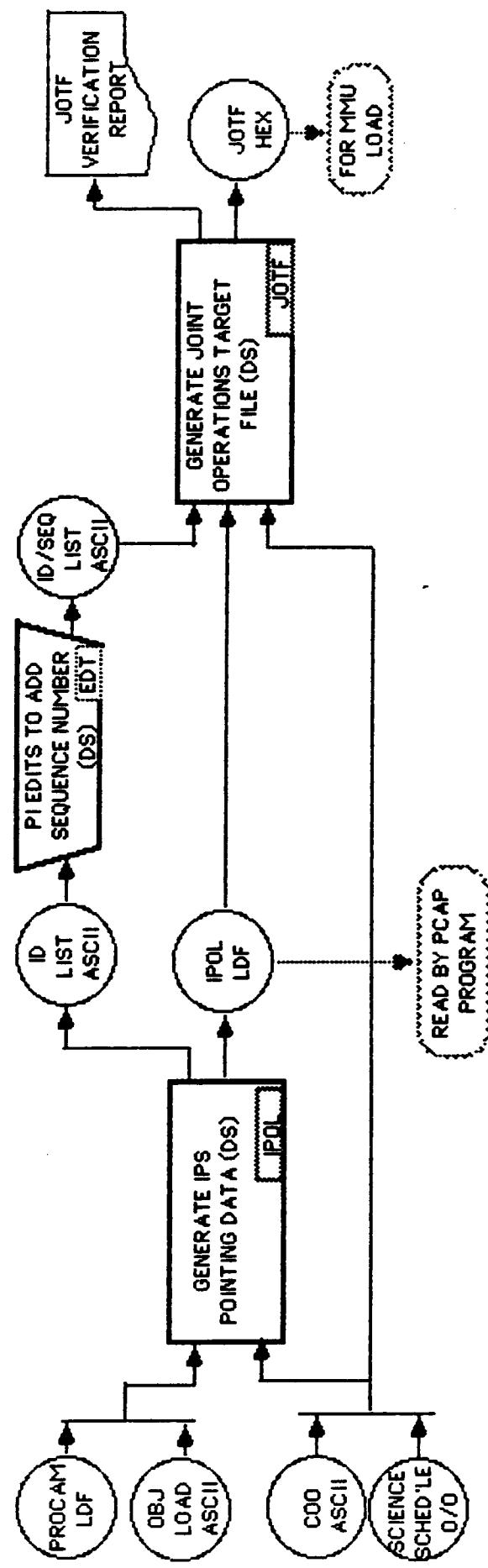


**FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: OBJECTIVE LOADS GENERATION**

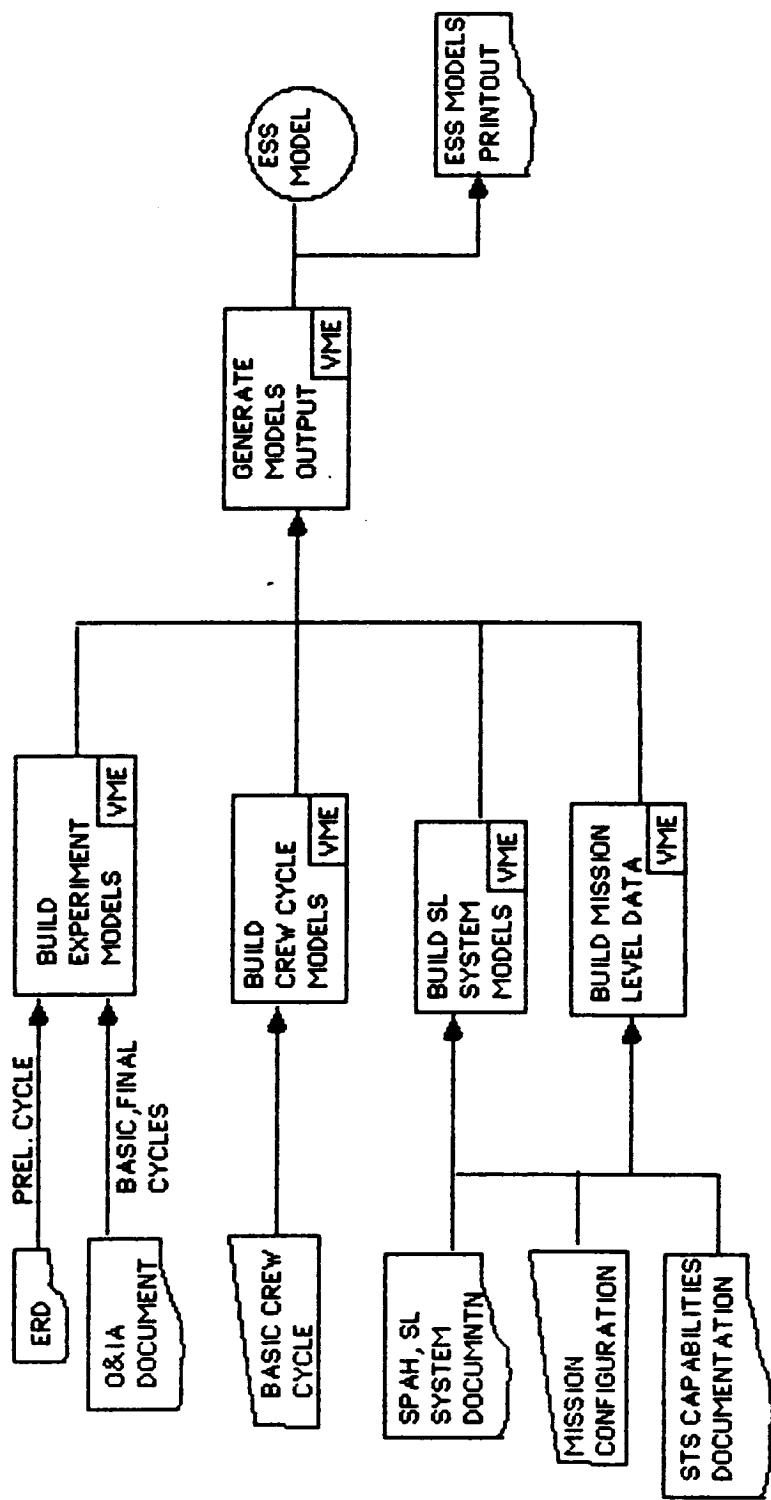


FUNCTION: ORBITAL ANALYSIS

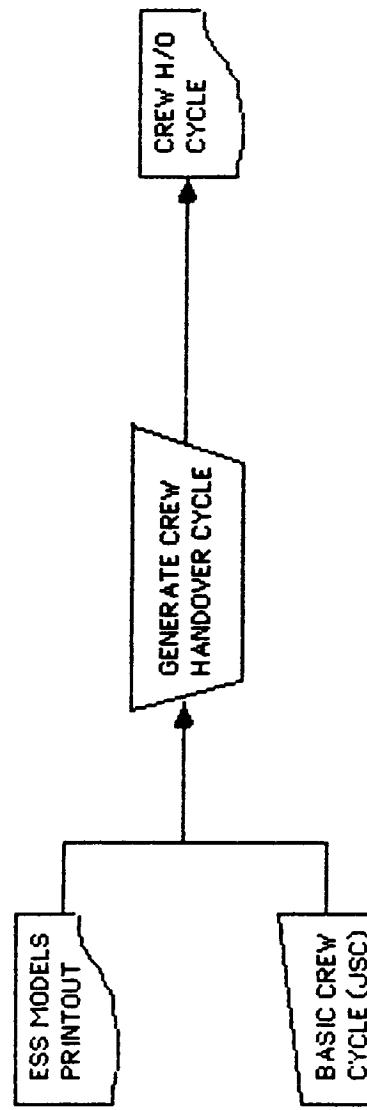
SUBFUNCTION: JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE GENERATION (DEDICATED STELLAR)



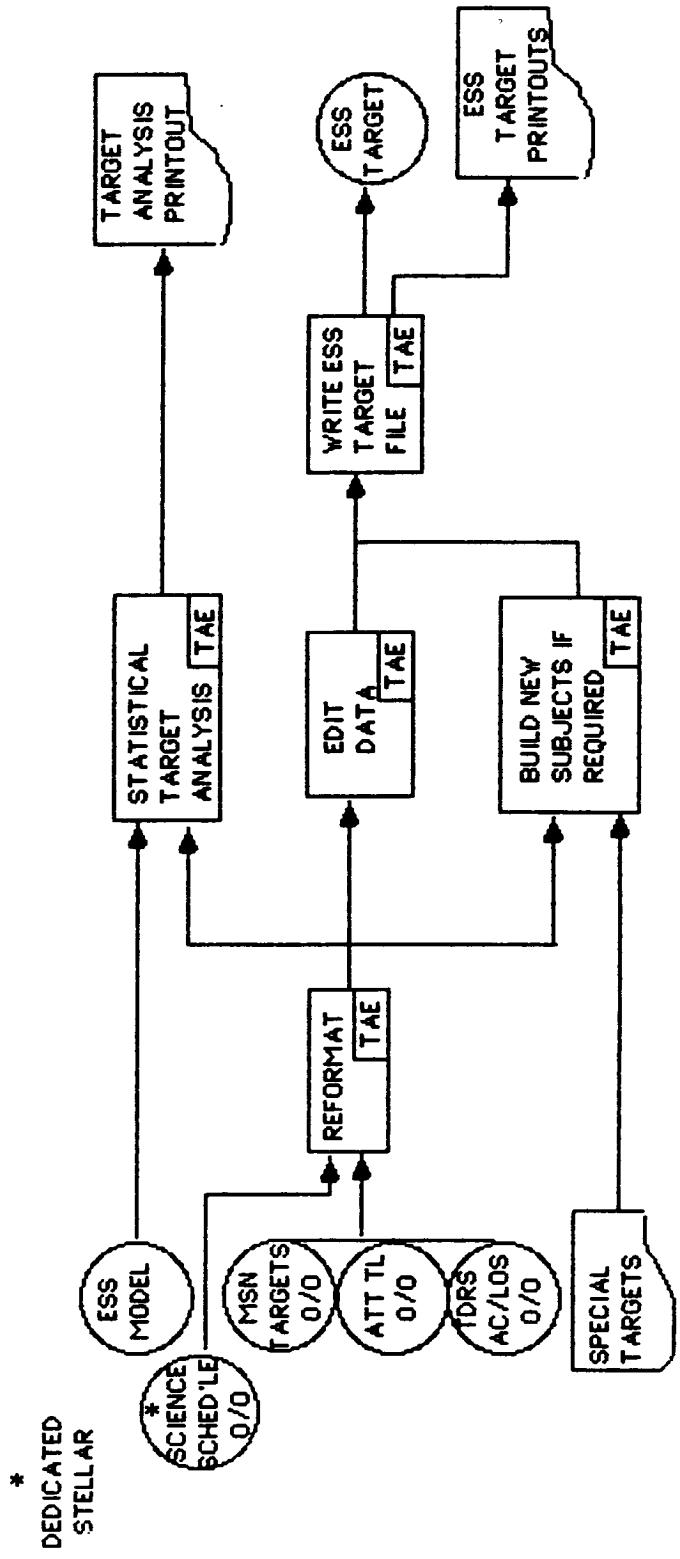
FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS



FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE



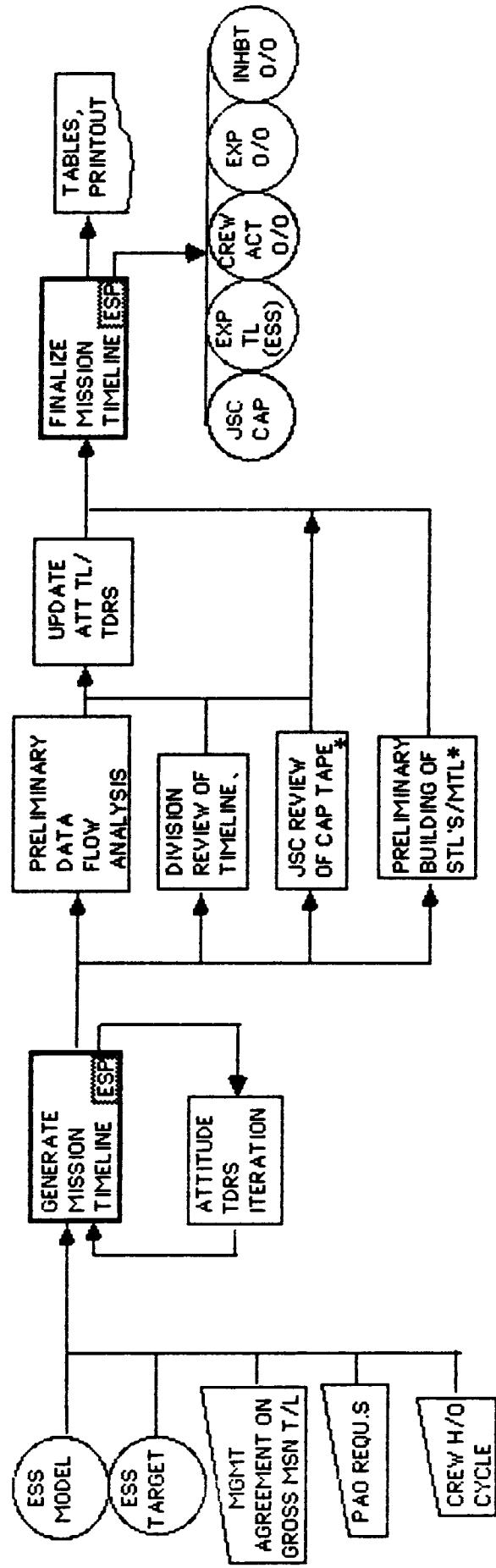
FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: CREATE ESS TARGET FILE



*

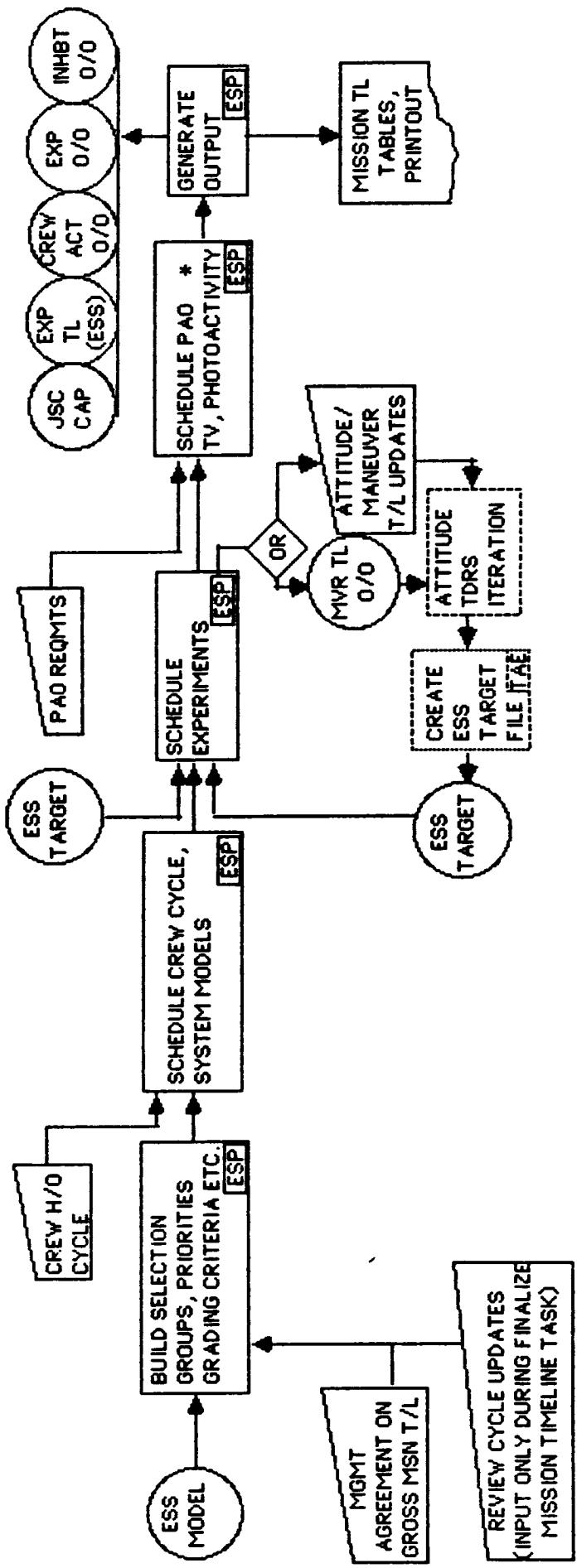
DEDICATED
STELLAR

FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION



* NOT PERFORMED IN PRELIMINARY CYCLE
 NOTE: BOLD LINES INDICATE MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION TASKS.
 REMAINING TASKS ARE SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

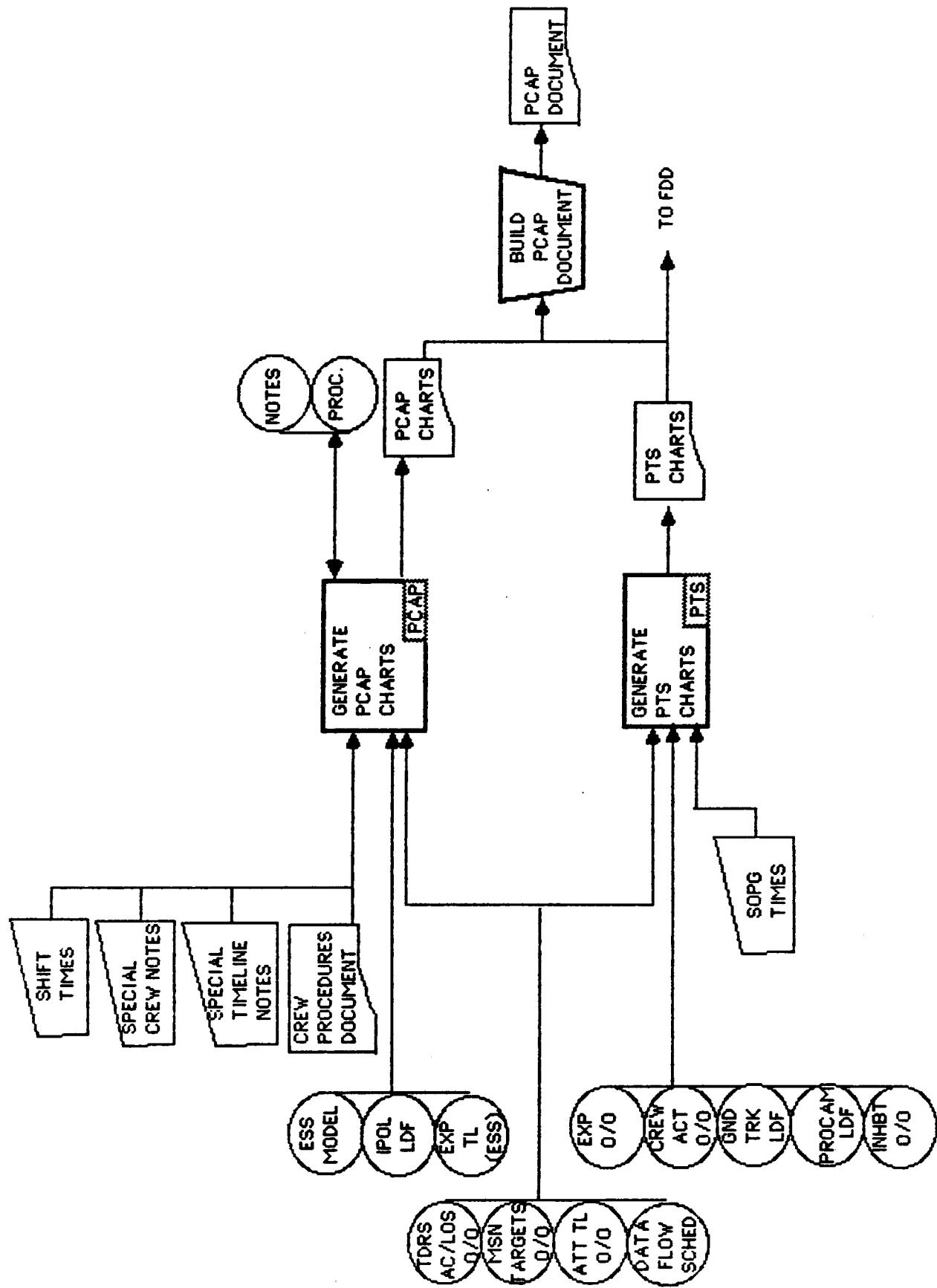
FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION
TASK: GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE
 (FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE TASK INCLUDES THE NECESSARY
 SUBTASKS OF THE GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE TASK)



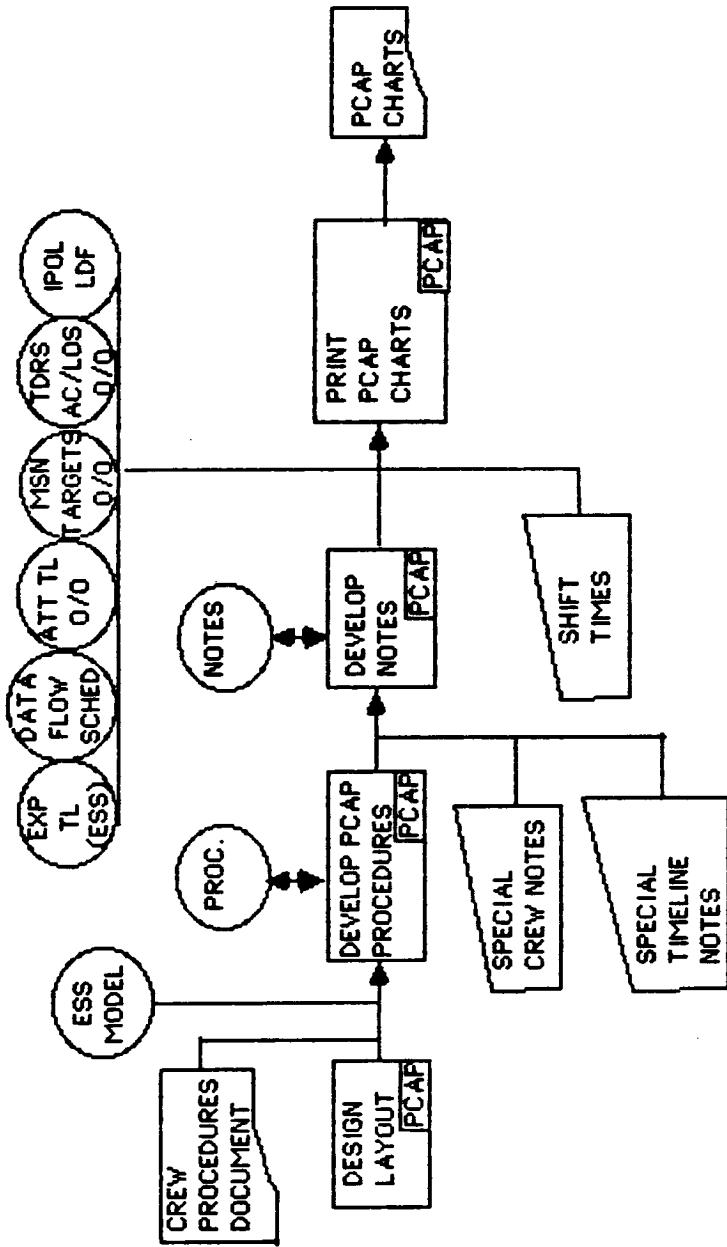
* NOT PERFORMED IN PRELIMINARY CYCLE

NOTE: DOTTED LINES INDICATE TASKS SHOWN FOR CLARITY
 AND ARE NOT MISSION TL GENERATION SUBTASKS

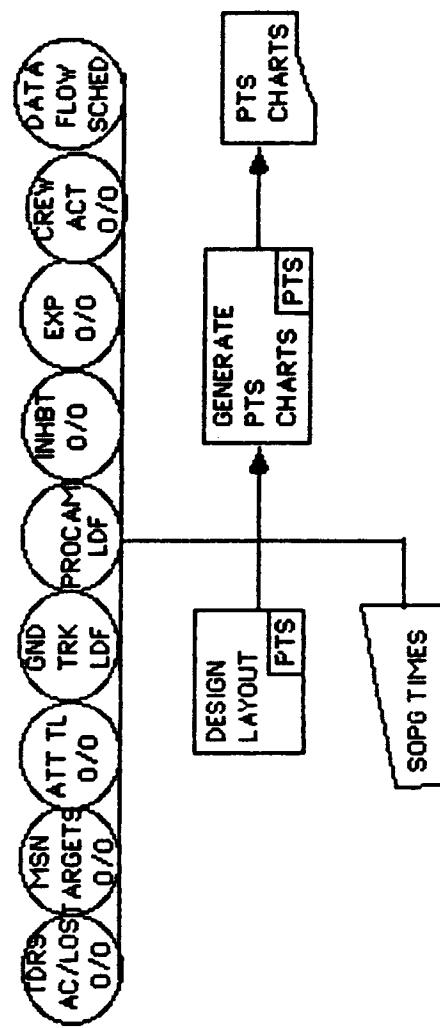
FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: PAYLOAD CREW ACTIVITY PLAN DEVELOPMENT



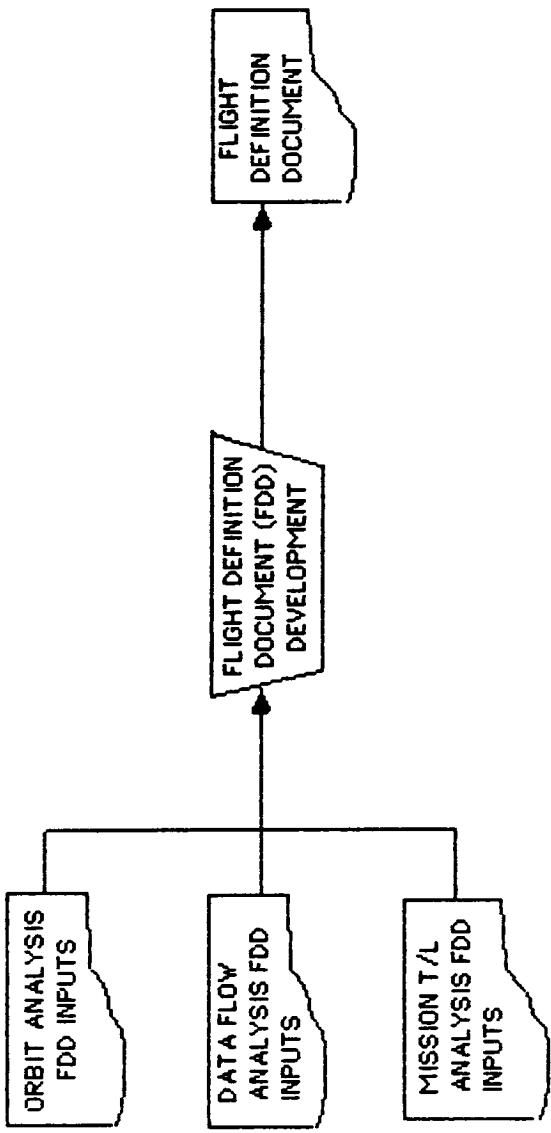
FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: PAYLOAD CREW ACTIVITY PLAN DEVELOPMENT
TASK: GENERATE PCAP CHARTS



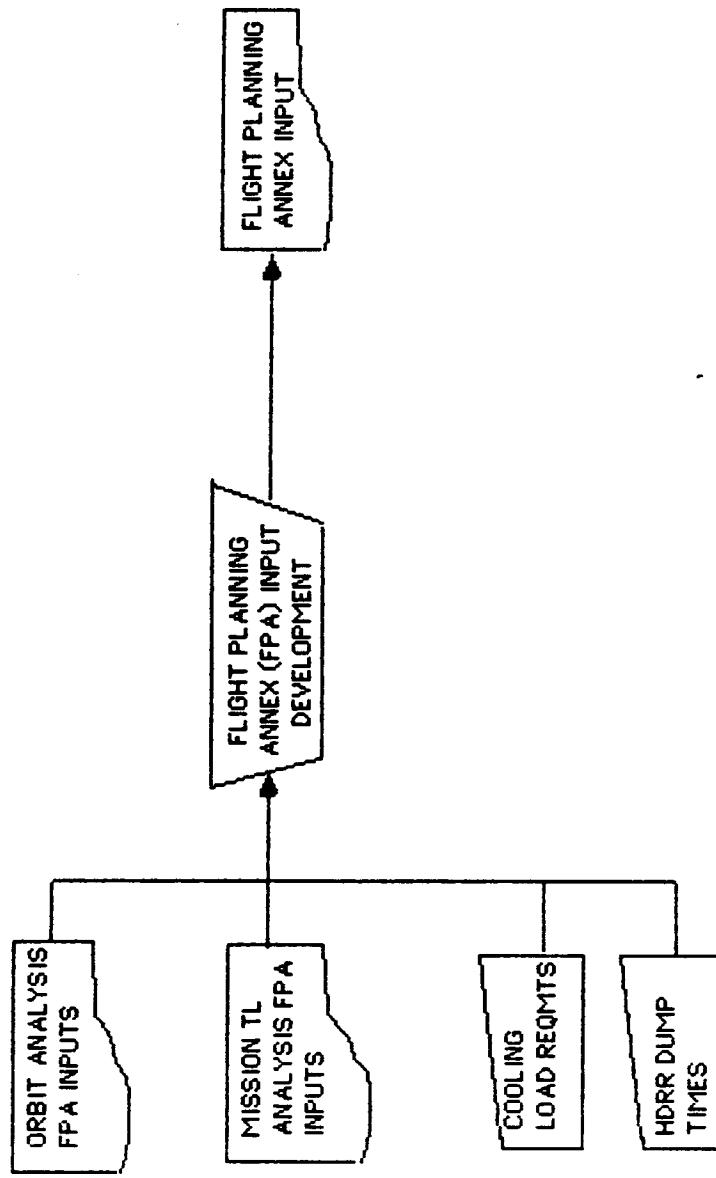
FUNCTION: MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: PAYLOAD CREW ACTIVITY PLAN DEVELOPMENT
TASK: GENERATE PTS CHARTS



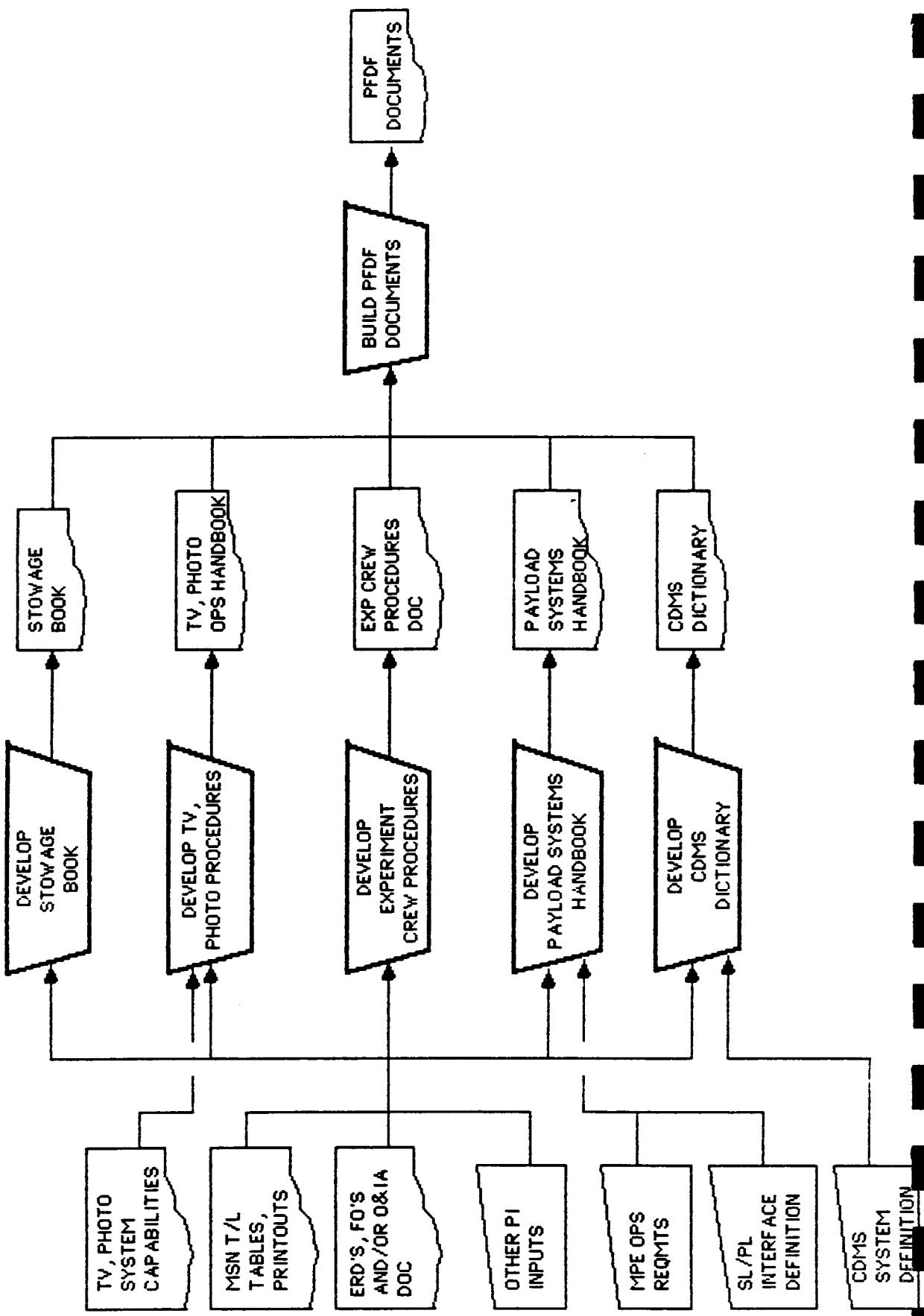
FUNCTION: FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT



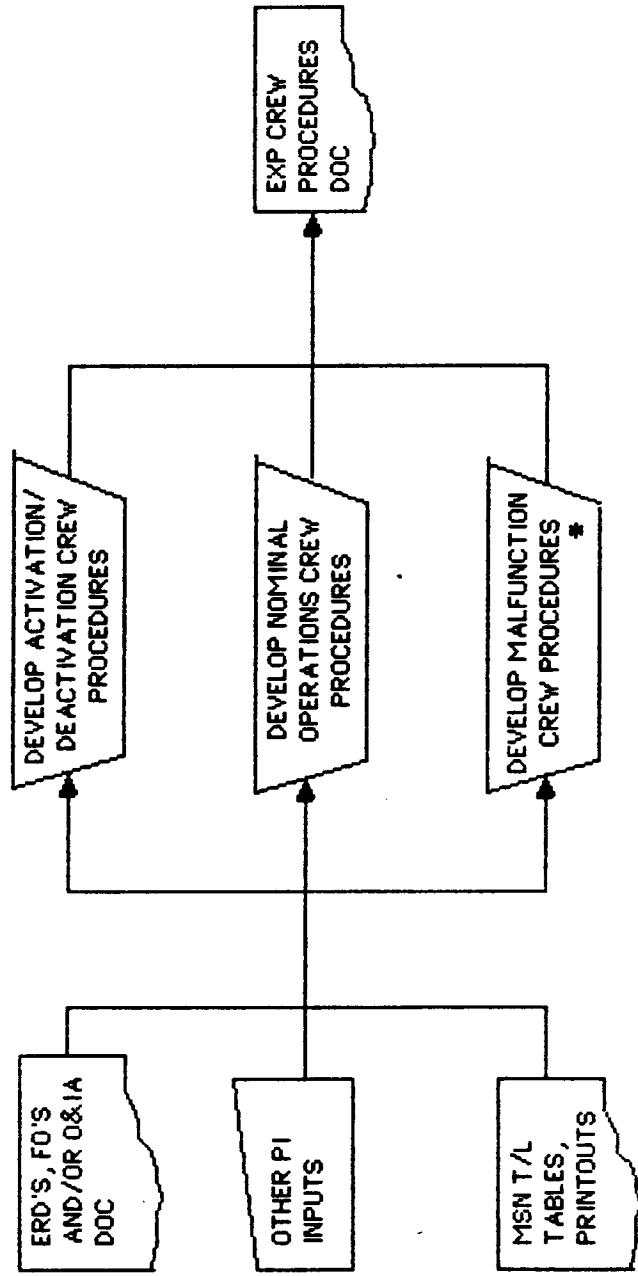
FUNCTION: FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT



FUNCTION: CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT

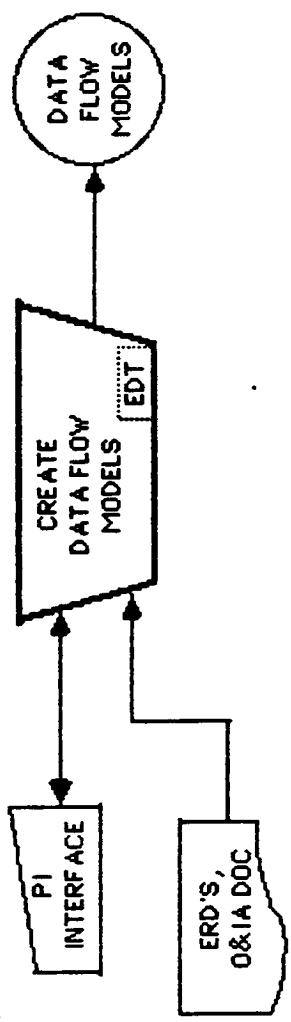


FUNCTION: CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT
SUBFUNCTION: DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES

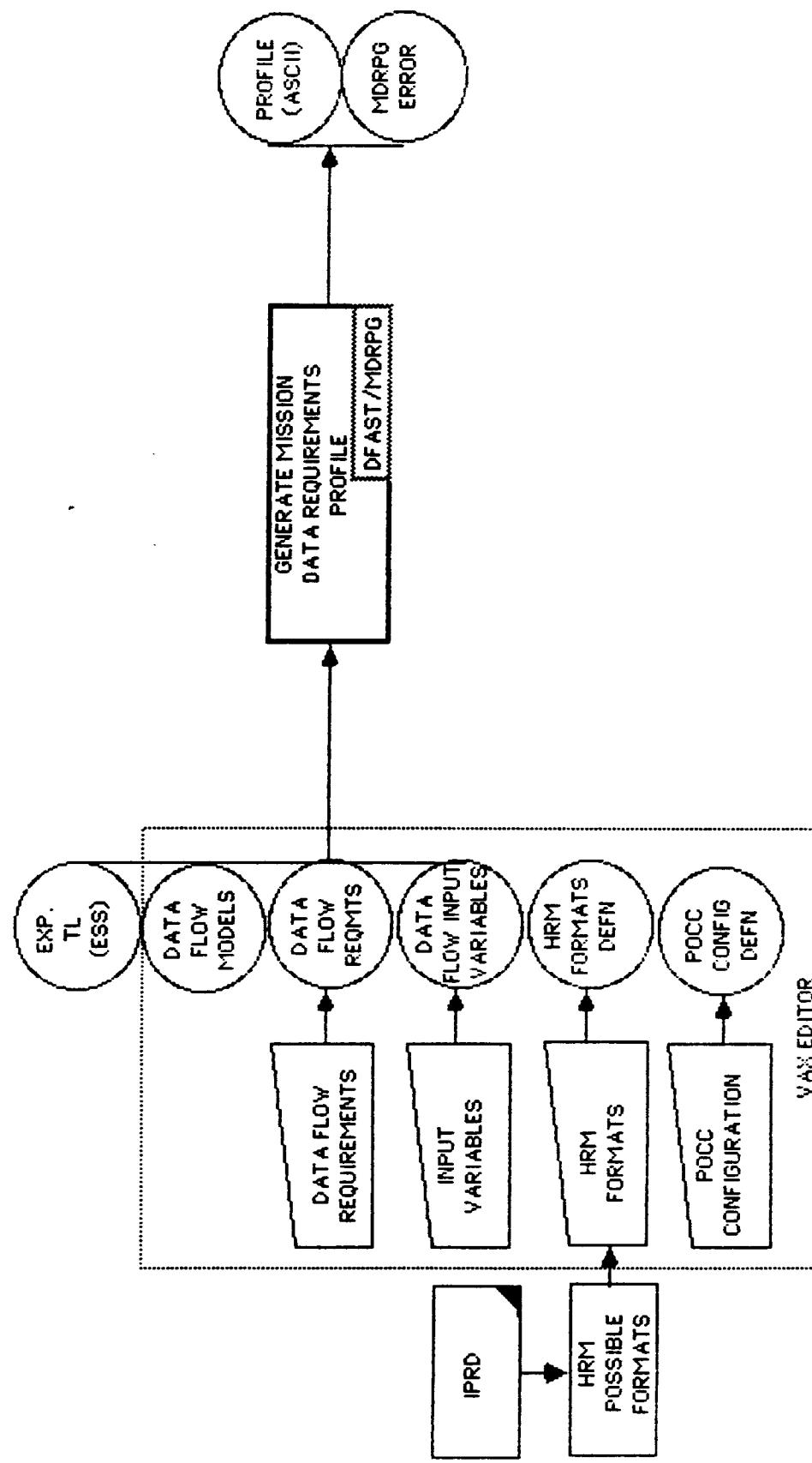


* NOT PERFORMED IN PRELIMINARY CYCLE

FUNCTION: DATA FLOW ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS

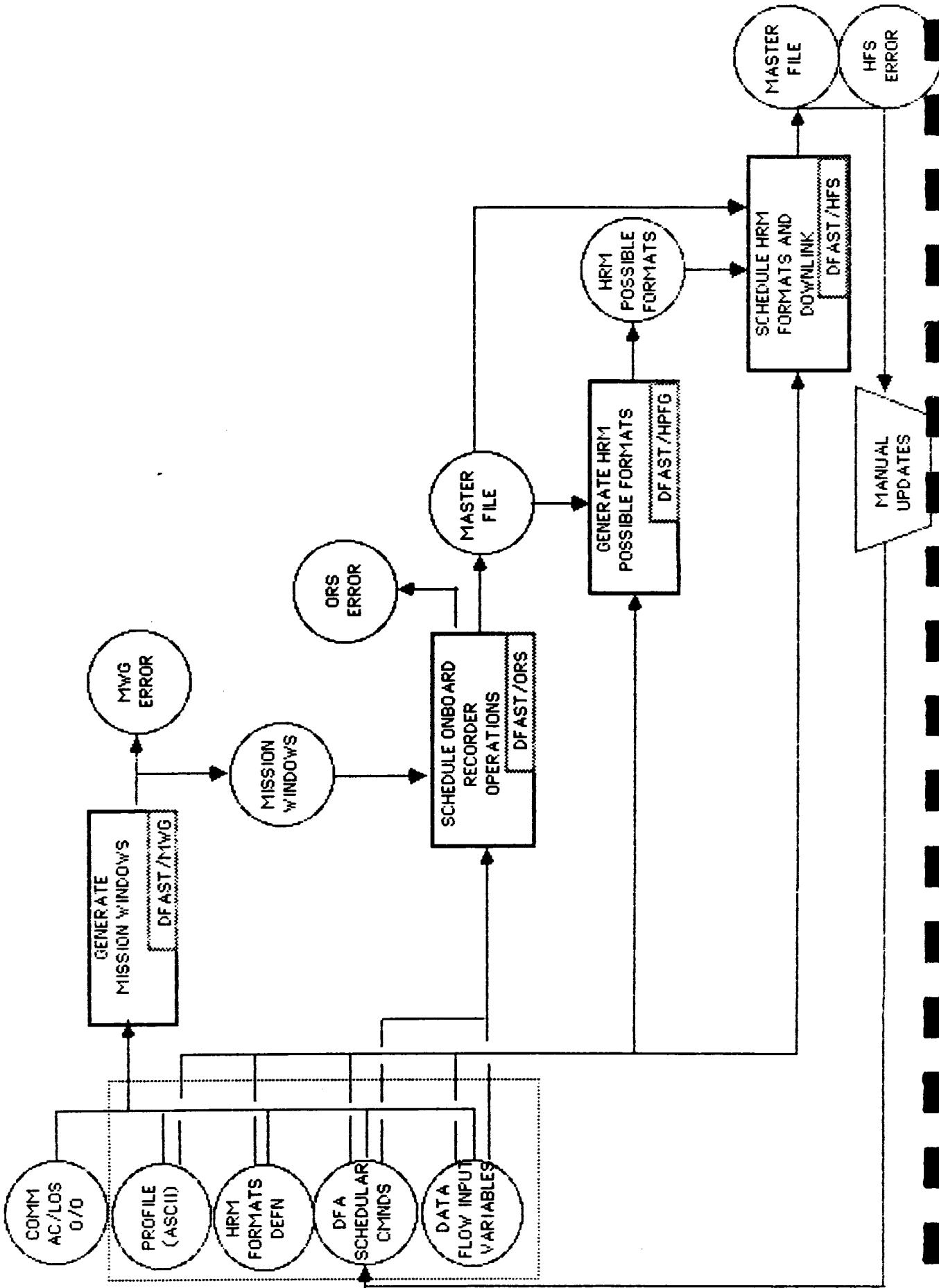


FUNCTION: DATA FLOW ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE

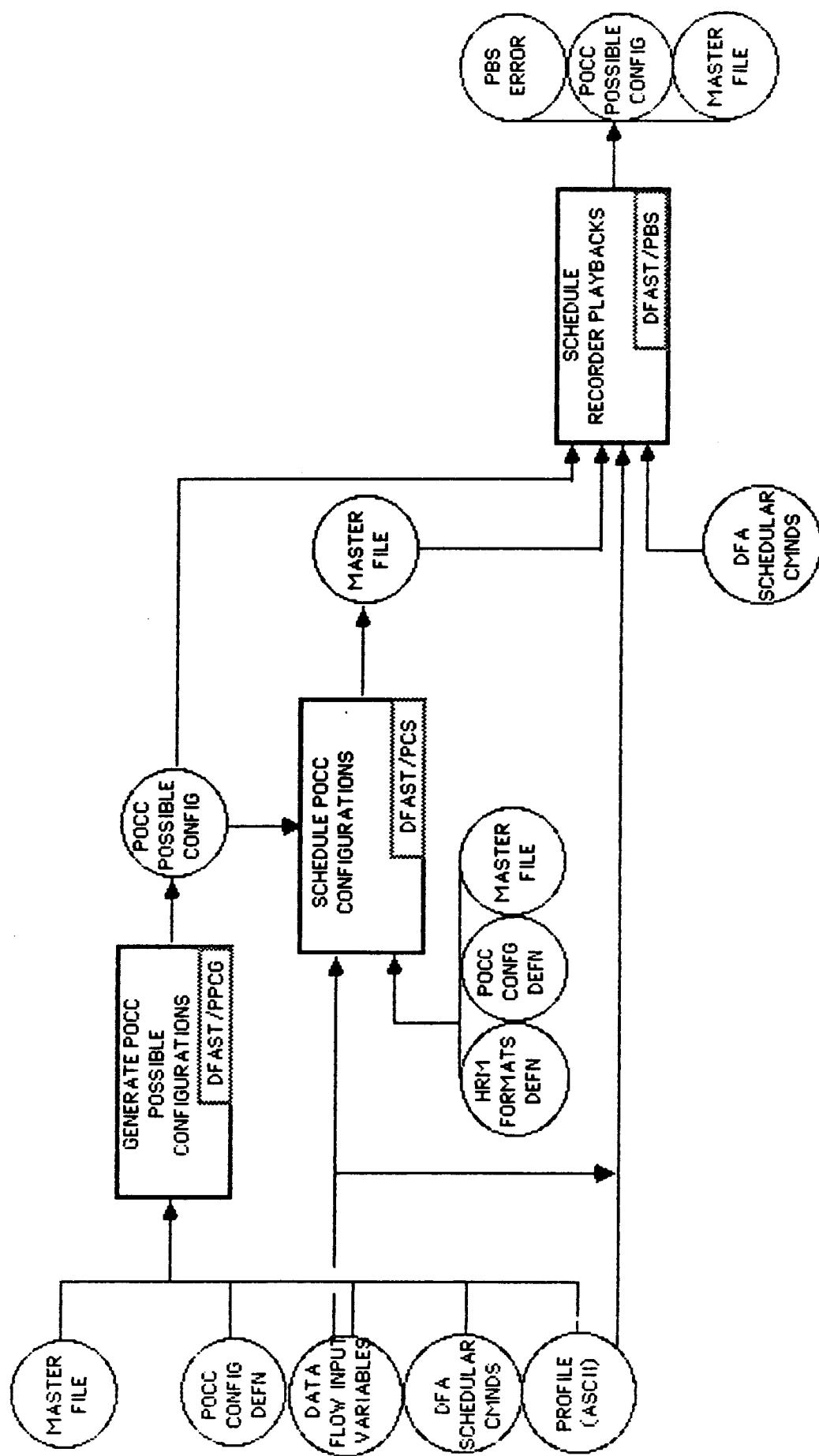


FUNCTION: DATA FLOW ANALYSIS

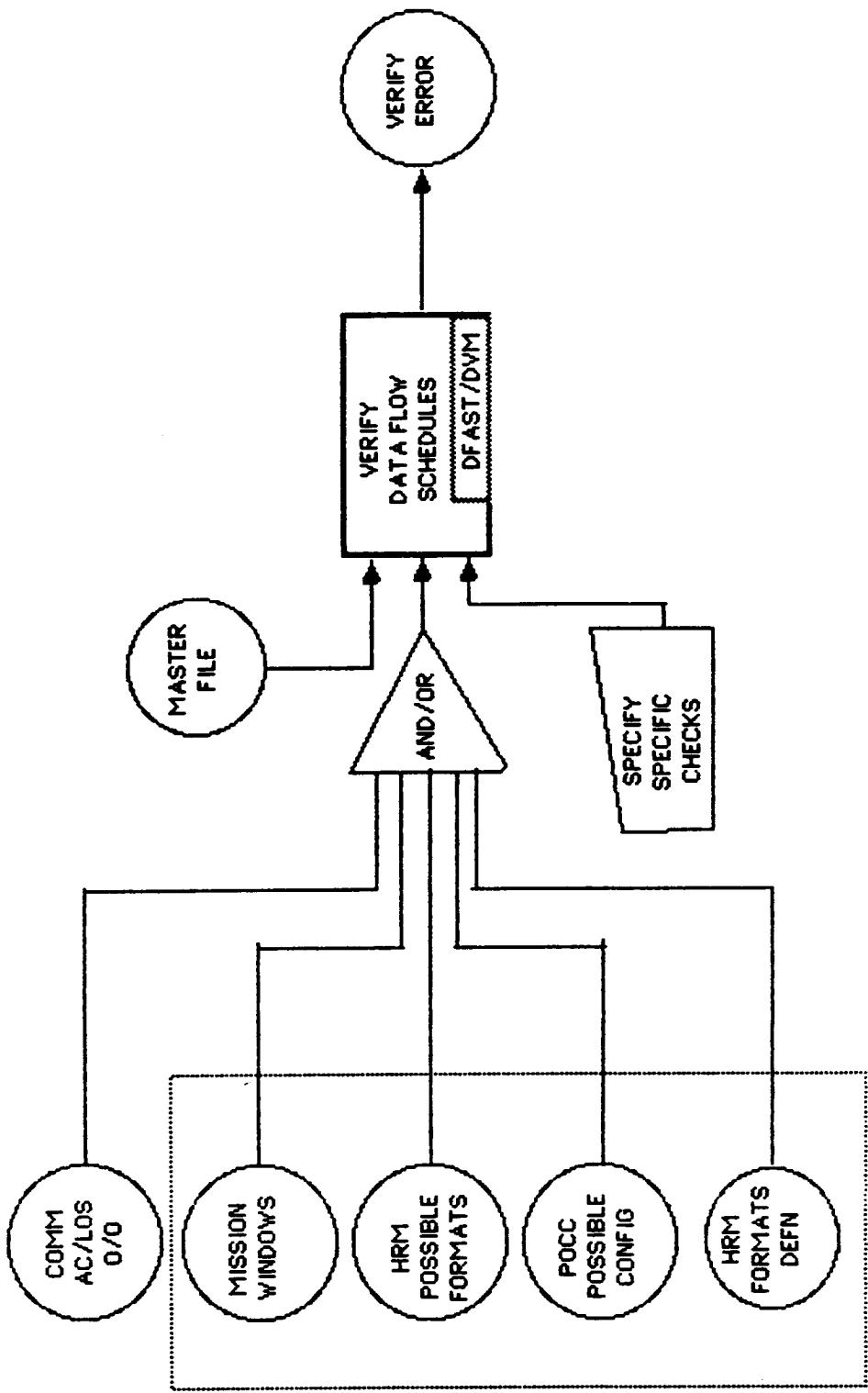
SUBFUNCTION: SCHEDULE ONBOARD DATA MANAGEMENT AND DOWNLINK



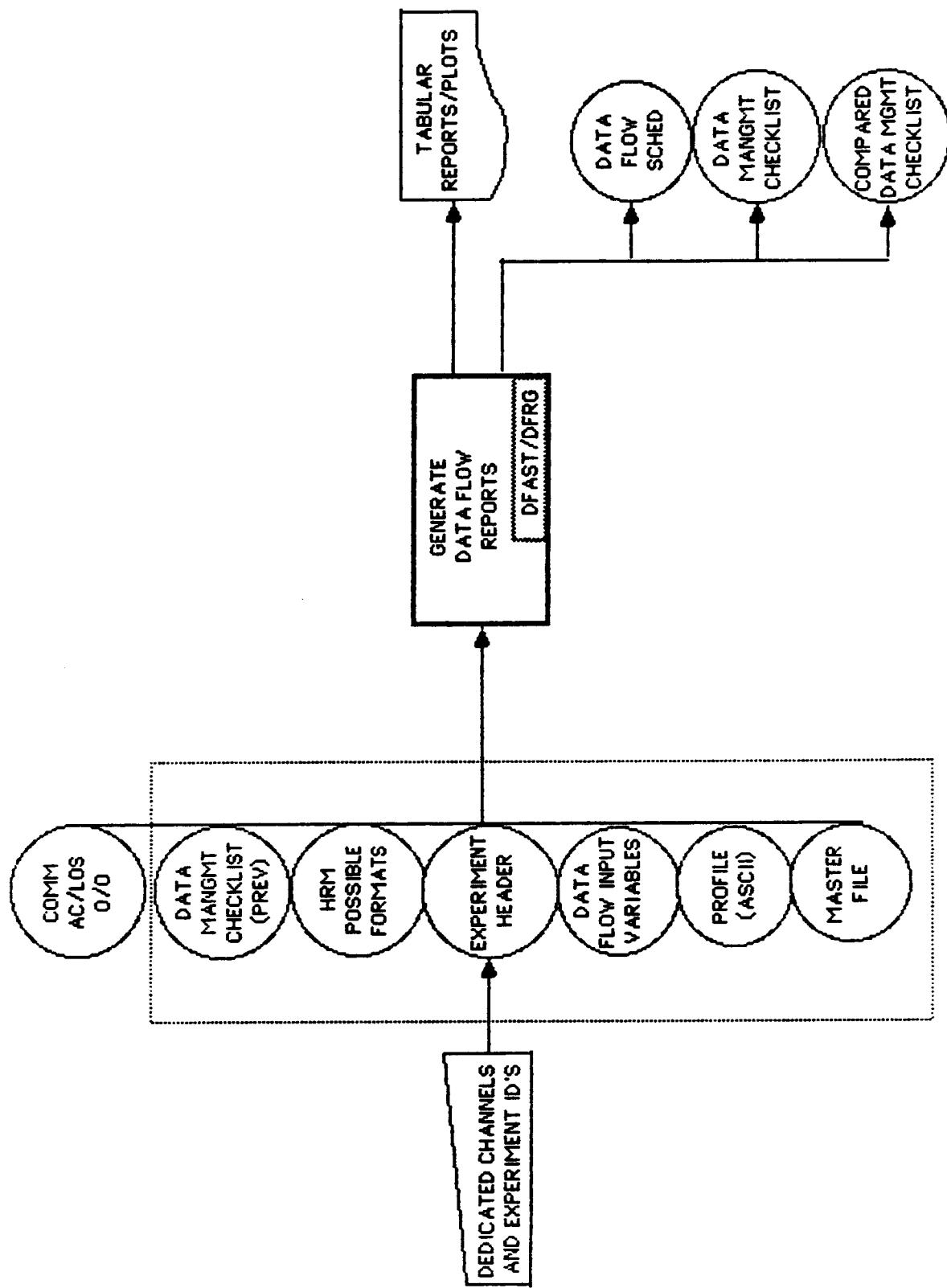
FUNCTION: DATA FLOW ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: SCHEDULE POCC DATA CAPTURE/MANAGEMENT/DISTRIBUTION



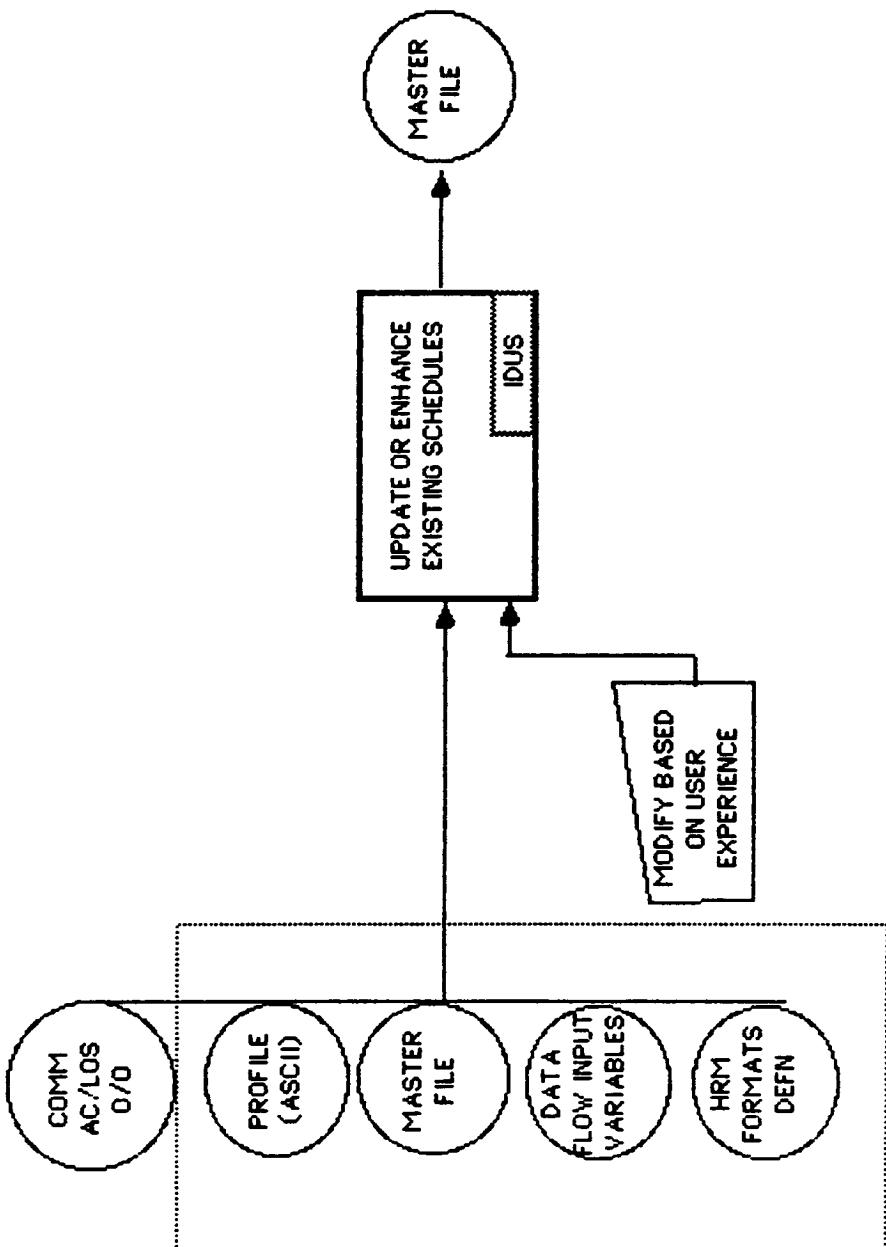
FUNCTION: DATA FLOW ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: VERIFICATION OF DATA FLOW SCHEDULES



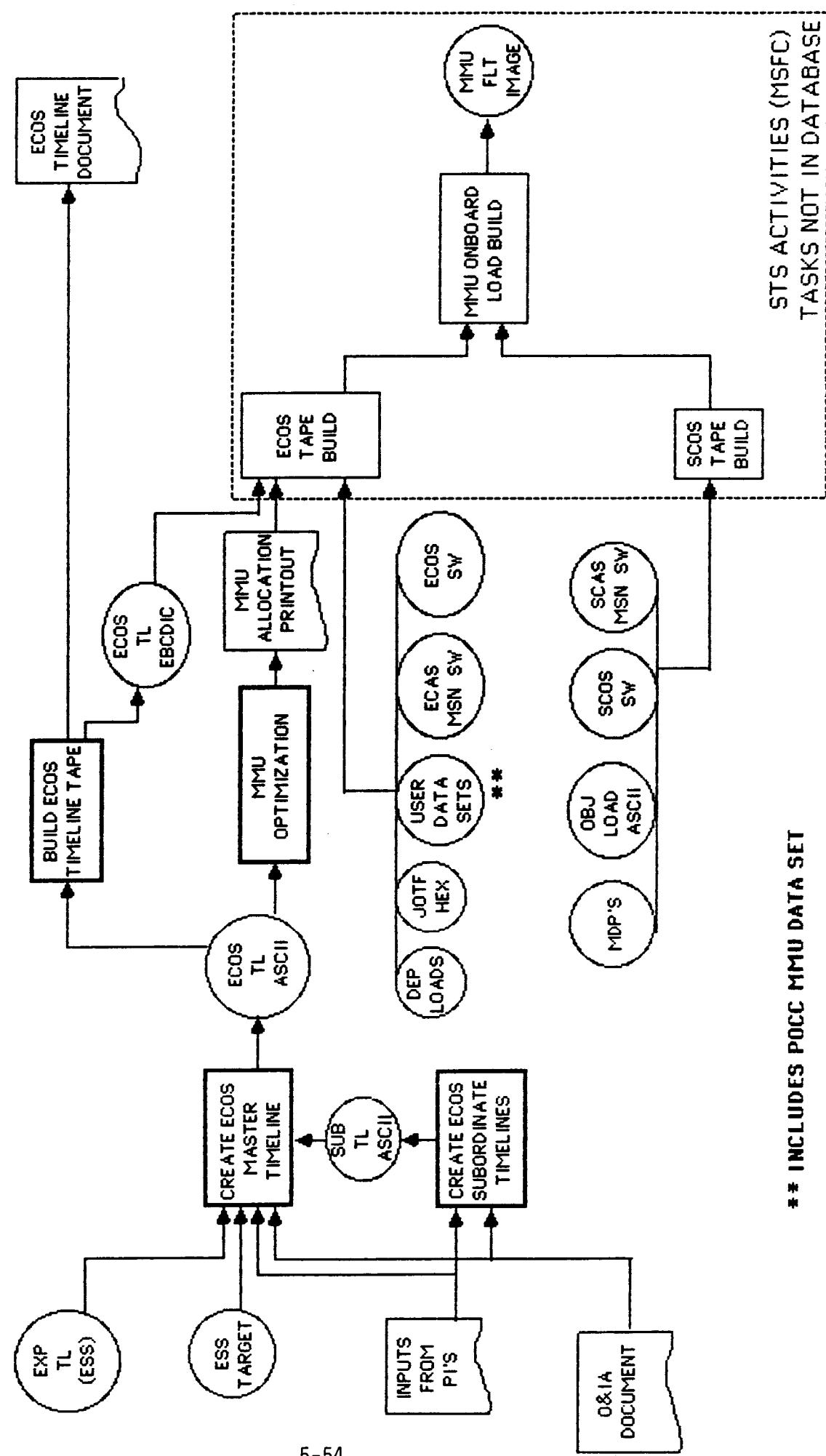
FUNCTION: DATA FLOW ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: DATA FLOW AND SYSTEMS CONFIGURATION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT



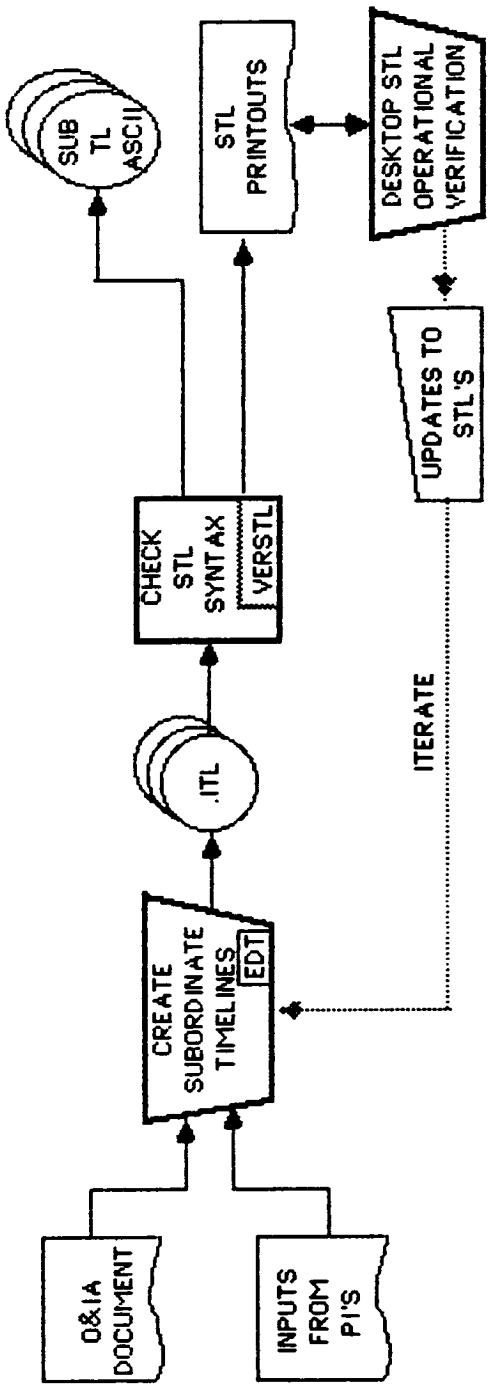
FUNCTION: DATA FLOW ANALYSIS
SUBFUNCTION: UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULE



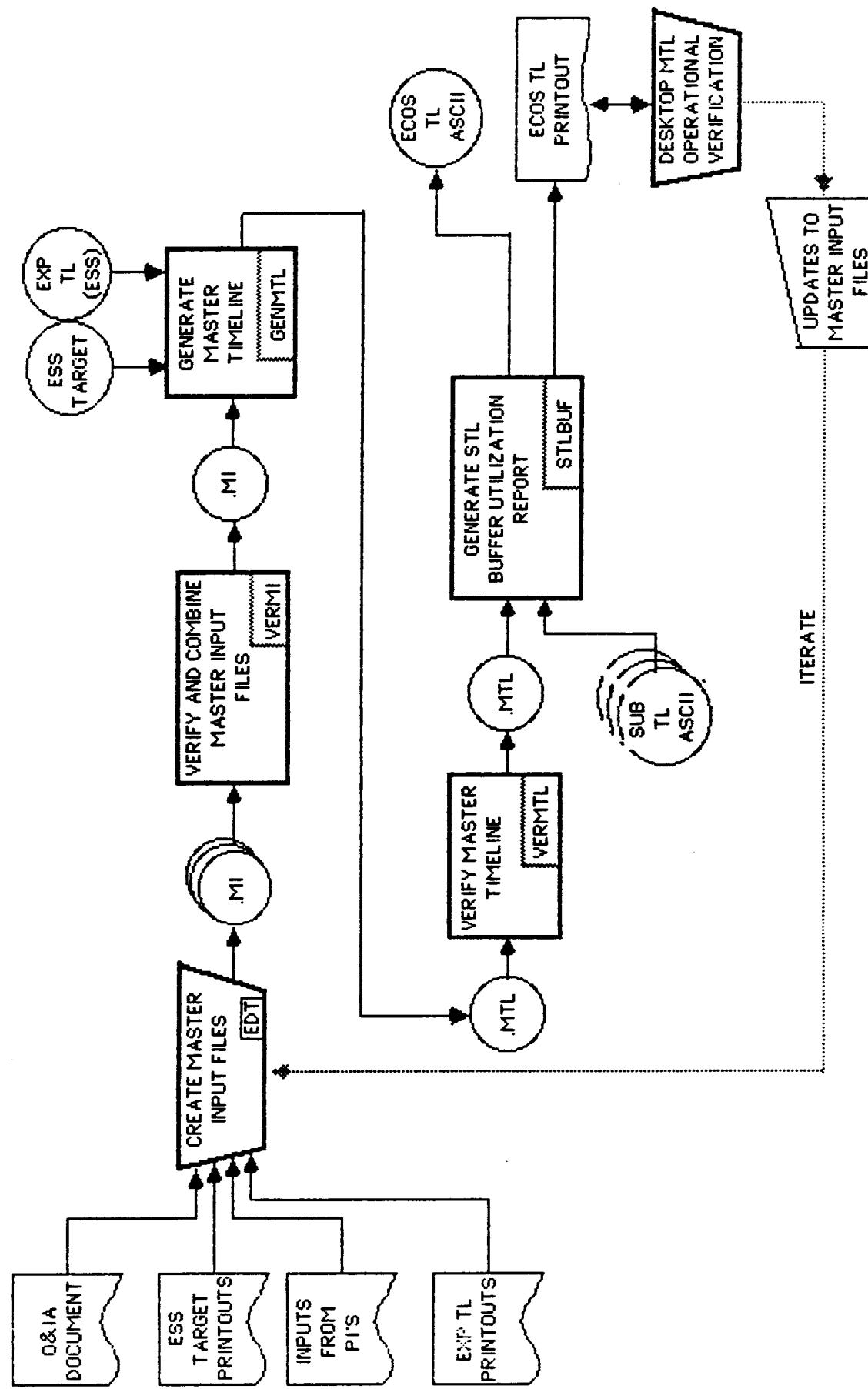
FUNCTION: MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT



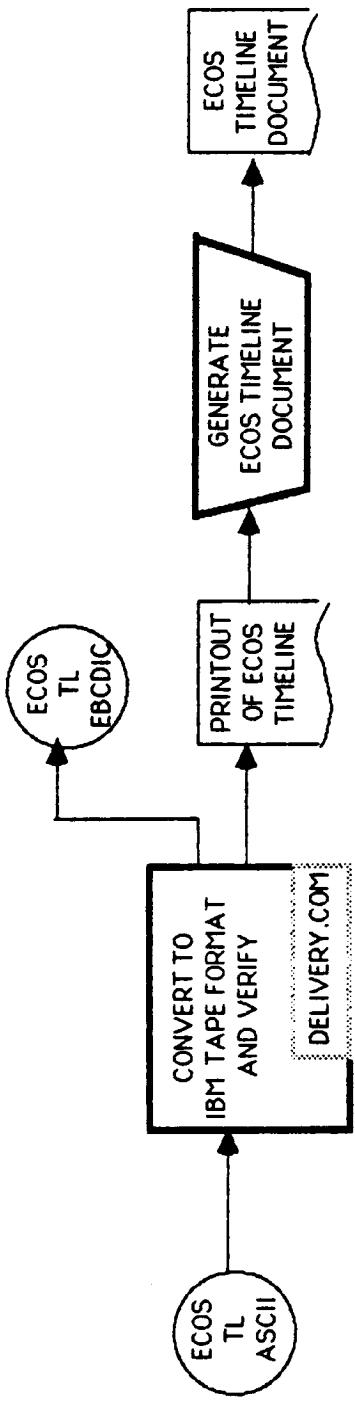
FUNCTION : MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT
SUBFUNCTION : CREATE ECOS SUBORDINATE TIMELINES



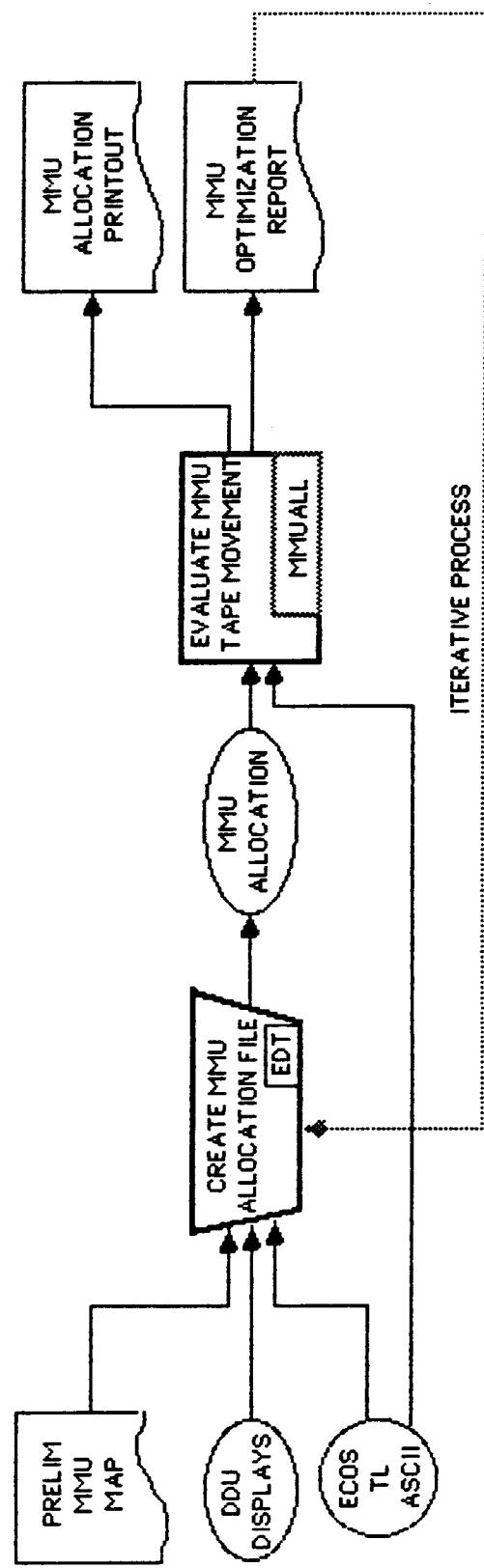
FUNCTION : MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT
SUBFUNCTION : CREATE ECOS MASTER TIMELINE



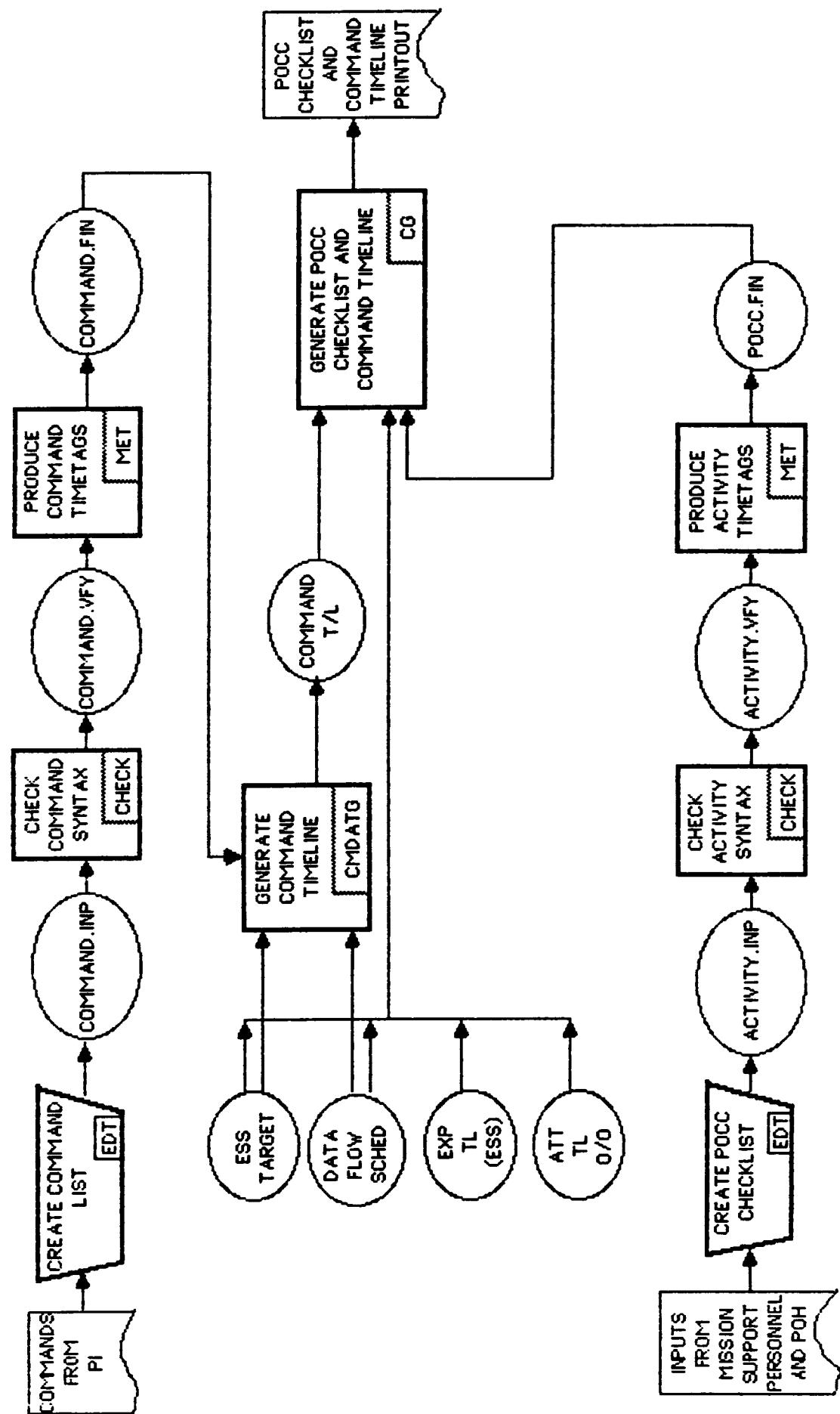
**FUNCTION : MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT
SUBFUNCTION : BUILD ECOS TIMELINE TAPE**



FUNCTION : MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT
SUBFUNCTION : MMU OPTIMIZATION



FUNCTION : EXPERIMENT COMMAND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT



Section 6

TASK 3 - DEVELOP SPACE STATION MISSION PLANNING CONCEPT AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

6.1 ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

As indicated previously, the objective of this task was to develop a payload mission planning concept consistent with the overall Space Station operations philosophy and to define a system of software requirements maximizing use of SL MIPS software modules (modified as necessary) to implement the concept.

The approach taken to this task consisted of four subtasks. First, basic definitions, groundrules, and assumptions were established; these pertained to the current Space Station design and operations concepts and philosophies, the scope of mission planning for Space Station, objectives/requirements to be achieved/satisfied by the approach to mission planning, the structure of organizations/personnel involved in mission planning, the number, purpose, and nature of planning cycles for Space Station, and the degree of allocation of mission planning functions between ground-based organizations and the on-board crew. The second subtask involved the construction of a set of functional flow diagrams defining the Space Station payload mission planning concept to a level of detail equivalent to the Spacelab functional flow diagrams. The third subtask then involved the identification of modified SL MIPS software modules or new computer programs to automate individual mission planning activities identified in the flow diagrams. The fourth and final subtask involved the summarization and systemization into a hierarchical structure of the new or modified SL MIPS software programs as the basis for preparation of a software development plan in Task 5.

Inputs to this study task were derived from a variety of sources:

- Space Station Program reference documents
- Space Station plans, study reports, white papers, briefings, meeting minutes, etc., published by NASA organizations, contractors, and working groups, including the NASA Space Station Operations Task Force and its panels
- Task 2 products and knowledge pertaining to the Spacelab mission planning process

The products of this task consist of the Space Station payload mission planning concept functional flow diagrams, a summary table describing the new and modified SL MIPS software modules required to implement the SS MPS concept, and the hierarchical structure of software for the SS MPS. The SS mission planning concept functional flow diagrams, including an explanation of the fundamental definitions, groundrules, and assumptions supporting the mission planning approach, as well as an explanation of the flow diagrams themselves, are contained in Subsection 6.2. The summary table of required new and modified SL MIPS software modules and the hierarchical structure of required software modules are presented in Subsection 6.3.

6.2 SPACE STATION MISSION PLANNING CONCEPT

6.2.1 Introduction

This section presents and explains the functional flow diagrams representative of the Space Station (SS) payload mission planning concept developed under Task 3 of the SS Mission Planning System (MPS) Development Study.

Prior to presenting the functional flow diagrams in Section 6.2.3 below, the following section provides the fundamental definitions, groundrules, and assumptions which support the approach to SS mission planning reflected in the flow diagrams.

6.2.2 Definitions, Groundrules and Assumptions

6.2.2.1 Space Station Physical Configuration

The Initial Operations Capability (IOC) configuration of the International Space Station was used as the baseline for this Study. It will be built up over a four year period by about 30 assembly missions and is designed for future growth and enhancements. It consists of the following elements:

- o U.S. Laboratory Module
- o ESA Laboratory Module
- o JEM Laboratory and Exposed Facility
- o Habit Module
- o Mobile Servicing Center (MSC)
- o MSC Maintenance Depot
- o Mobile Transporter
- o Servicing Facility
- o Attached Payloads Platforms and Accommodation Equipment
- o Pressurized Logistics Carrier
- o Unpressurized Logistics Carrier
- o JEM Experiment Logistics Module
- o Airlock
- o Hyperbaric Airlock
- o Telerobotic Servicer
- o Solar Power Module
- o Truss Assembly
- o Propulsion Assembly
- o Resource Node 1
- o Resource Node 2
- o Resource Node 3
- o Resource Node 4

In addition to the manned base described above, the current definition for the Space Station system includes co-orbiting and polar platforms.

Primary physical accommodations to payloads on the manned base will be provided by the laboratories and the attached payload platforms and accommodation equipment.

Additional detailed definition of the Space Station physical configuration may be found in JSC 30000, the Space Station Program Definition and Requirements Document (PDRD).

6.2.2.2 Space Station Flight Operations Scenario

The Space Station orbit will be nominally circular with a normal operative altitude of 463 km and an inclination of 28.5° (JSC 30000). Orbit characteristics will not be adjusted to accommodate particular payload requirements.

The Space Transportation System (STS) Space Shuttle will be the primary support vehicle to the Space Station. As the Space Station orbit decays, the STS will be planned to rendezvous with the Space Station for the purpose of accomplishing logistics resupply, payload equipment and crew changeout. Space Station reboost will be nominally performed after each STS visit.

6.2.2.3 Scope of Payload Mission Planning

For the purpose of this Study, the scope of payload mission planning was assumed to encompass the operations of multi-discipline payloads contained within or attached to the Space Station manned base elements. Excluded, therefore, were the operations of payloads on co-orbiting or polar platforms; it was assumed that the influences of these platforms on manned base payload operations will be input to the planning process in the form of Space Station operations constraints.

The various payload disciplines considered, particularly those whose operational requirements would include specific orbital environmental conditions, fields of view, or targets, were the same as those currently accommodated by the Spacelab mission planning process - namely,

- Astrophysics
- Solar physics
- Plasma physics
- Earth sciences
- Life sciences
- Material Science

The scope of mission planning was further assumed to apply to a "mission increment", the period (up to 90 days) of Space Station orbital operations bounded by STS visits (i.e., fixed payload complement).

The payload mission planning process was assumed to commence with definition of the payload complement and the corresponding accommodating Space Station elements for the mission increment.

The payload mission planning process activities were assumed to range from the collection of payload operations requirements data through the preparation of mission execution plans and procedures. It was further assumed that the process must accommodate real-time replanning, as well as pre-flight planning. (This is similar in scope to the Spacelab process, the definition of which provided an excellent foundation for identifying required Space Station planning activities.)

6.2.2.4 Approach to Payload Mission Planning

A. Objectives

The following objectives were established for the Space Station mission planning process, many of which were based on an assessment of the characteristics of, or lessons learned from the Spacelab mission planning process:

- decentralize planning; specifically maximize direct Space Station user involvement via user-friendly interfaces
- to ensure the use and production of common data, and to facilitate the integration of planning data, provide common capabilities at common planning levels (from the users up to an assumed payload operations integration center)
- automate to the maximum extent possible
- eliminate paper; emphasize readily accessible data bases between geographically dispersed locations of planning activity
- provide SS user flexibility within allocated resource constraints
- minimize the intensity (labor and computer) of planning activities

The final two objectives were especially encouraged by lessons learned from the Spacelab payload mission planning process, in which the relatively short duration mission (7-10 days) forced the planning of payload activities down to the minute to maximize the utilization of resources. To achieve these two objectives, an approach of using "resource allocation envelopes" was assumed, where such an envelope is a prescribed period of time with an associated vector of average resource utilization levels. In addition to achieving the aforementioned two objectives, this approach was justified by the longer duration mission for Space Station (compared to Spacelab). Also, the obvious disadvantage of this approach - the inefficient management and use of resources - can be overcome, if necessary, since the scheduling software can deal with scheduling data to a finer granularity.

B. Planning Organizations

Based primarily on concepts and definitions in use by the NASA Space Station Operations Task Force, the following mission planning organizations were defined:

- o Users - Principal Investigators (PI's)

- o Planning Center - An organization which integrates the requirements, planning, and operations of a particular science/engineering discipline or of a particular Space Station physical element (e.g., US Lab)
- o Payload Operations Integration Center (POIC) - The organization responsible for integrating payload operations plans from all the planning centers and for providing the primary interface between the user community and the Space Station Systems Operations organization.
- o Space Station Systems Operations - the organization responsible for overall management and integration of Space Station operations
- o Investigator Working Group (IWG) - An organization of users headed by a mission scientist to encourage cooperative science operations and to resolve conflicts among users.

The IWG is an organization successfully employed in the Spacelab process. IWG's have therefore been recommended to be established for Space Station at each planning center and at the POIC planning levels.

Whether planning centers will be organized around science/engineering disciplines (discipline centers) or around Space Station physical elements (element centers), is a matter to be decided by NASA and its international partners. The matter has been discussed at length by the NASA Space Station Operations Task Force. The two approaches are depicted graphically in Figures 6.2.2-1 and 6.2.2-2. A third hybrid approach which employs both discipline centers and element centers in-line in the planning process is depicted in Figure 6.2.2-3, but has been discarded because of the complex network of planning interfaces.

The overall advantage to the discipline center approach is the enhancement of cooperative science, while the advantage to the element center approach is that it directly supports the analytical integration process for SS elements and allows resource allocation/utilization planning to be controlled/verified for compatibility with element design/operational capabilities as planning is integrated. Under the discipline center approach, control/verification of resource allocation/utilization planning versus SS element capabilities must be centralized at the POIC.

For this Study, the mission planning concept has been derived to accommodate either discipline centers or element centers.

C. On-Board Crew Mission Planning

Based on MSFC guidance for this Study, the provision of planning capabilities to the on-board crew has been limited to a minor real-time replanning capability. Space Station Phase B studies have shown the crew to be the most critical Space Station resource. Also, astronaut corps inputs to

the NASA Space Station Operations Task Force have indicated a preference for no mission planning responsibility. Therefore, crew utilization should be restricted to activities which must be performed on-board in order to maximize crew availability for experimentation. Furthermore, on-board planning will place a significant demand on on-board resources (e.g., mass storage). For these reasons, providing the on-board crew any mission planning capability is subject to reconsideration, in favor of increasing the automation of mission planning activities on the ground to minimize manpower requirements.

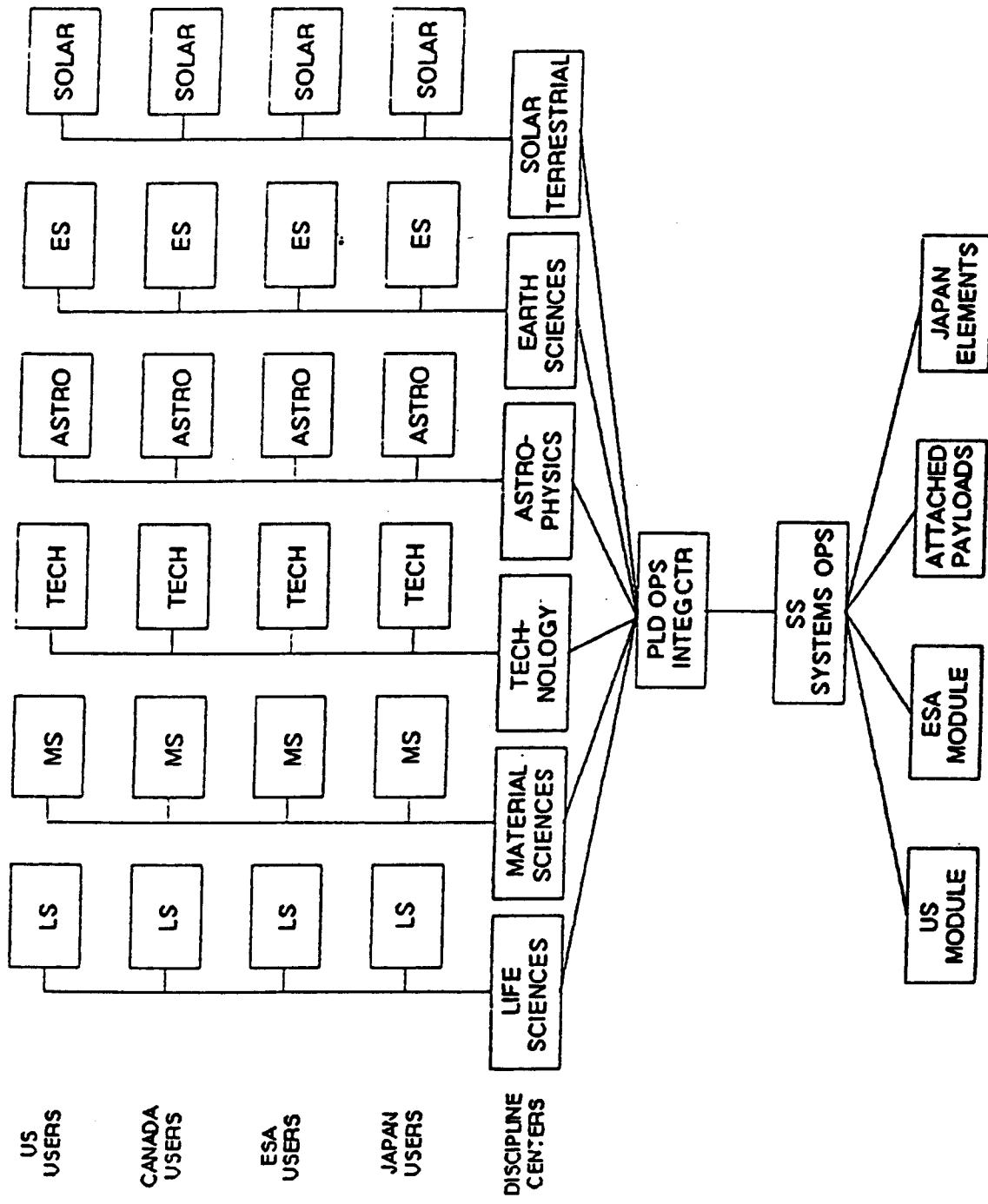


FIGURE 6.2.2-1. DISCIPLINE CENTERS INTEGRATION

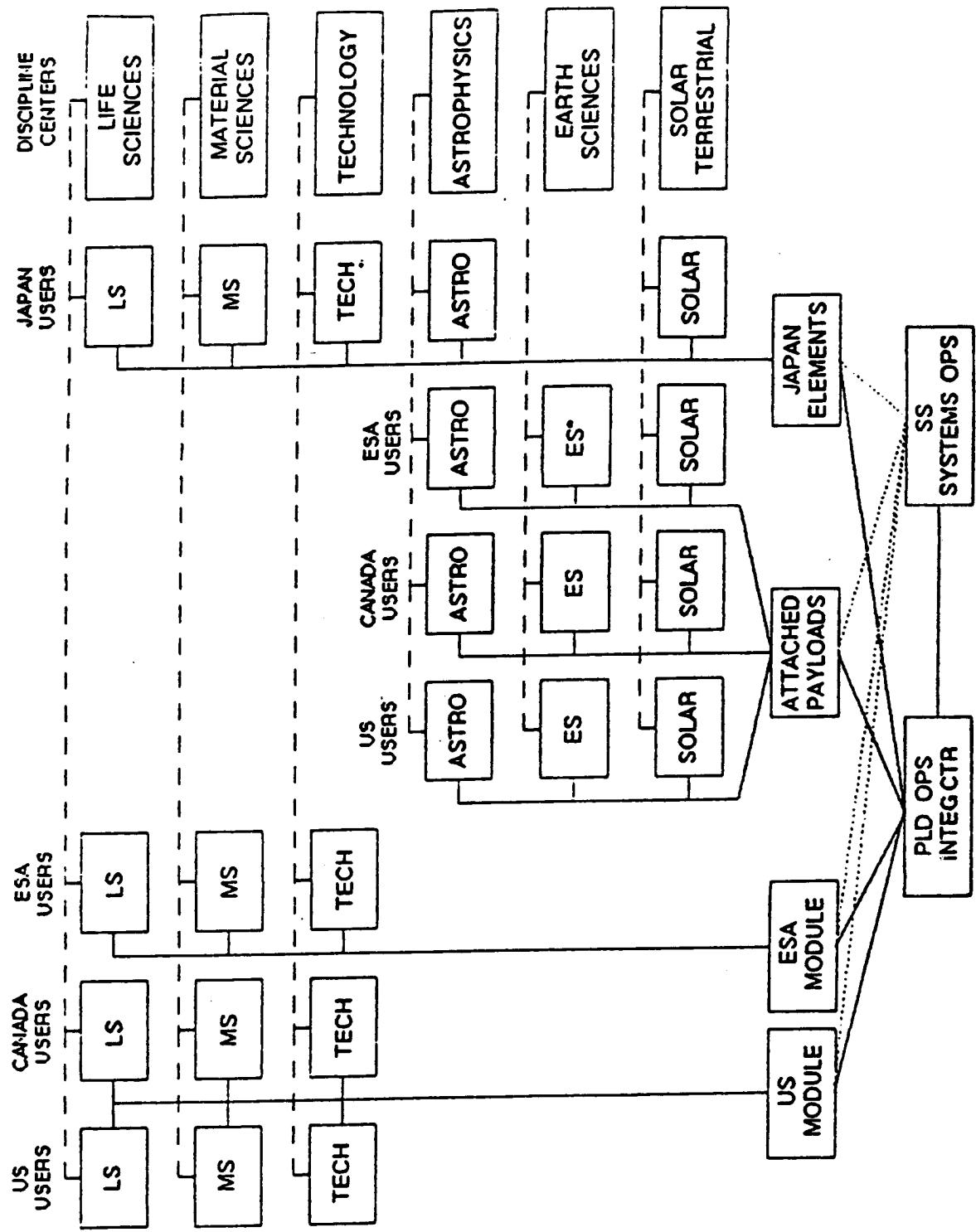


FIGURE 6.2.2-2. ELEMENT CENTERS PRIME INTEGRATION/DISCIPLINE CENTERS INDIRECT

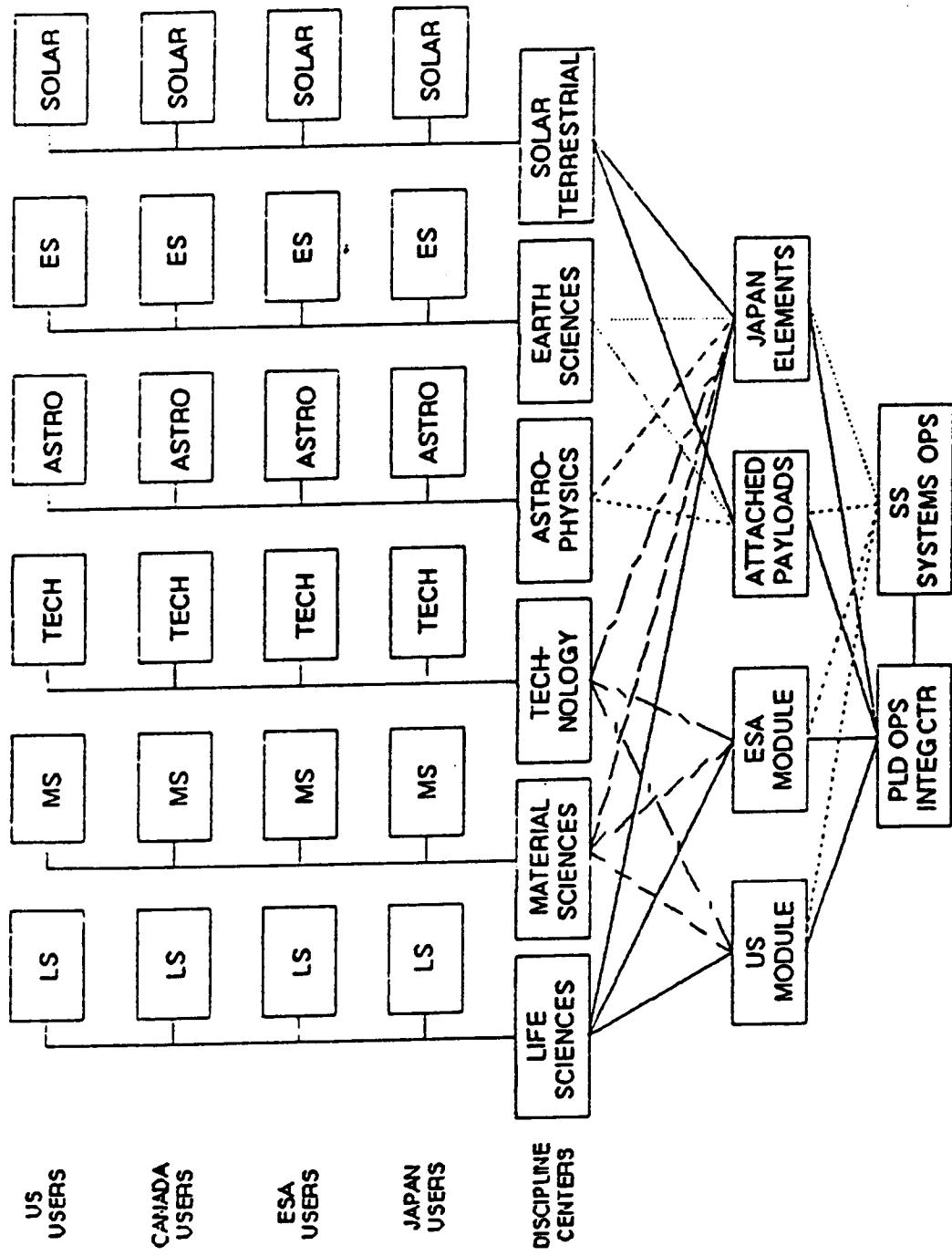


FIGURE 6.2.2-3. DISCIPLINE CENTERS PLUS ELEMENT CENTERS INTEGRATION

6.2.3

SS Payload Mission Planning Process Functional Description

Four distinct high level payload mission planning cycles have been identified as depicted in the Space Station (SS) Payload Mission Planning System (MPS) Top Level Functional Flow, Figure 6.2.3-1.

Cycle A, Define Resource Allocation Envelopes, is necessary for preliminary definition of user resource requirements and integration/approval of these requirements to arrive at agreed upon resource allocations for each experiment entity (single experiment or group of experiments) as well as resource allocations for each planning center.

Cycle B, Generate Tactical Operations Plan (TOP), results in a resource allocation plan for the mission increment that assigns time blocks (resource allocation envelopes) available for each experiment entity within which to schedule detailed operations.

Cycle C, Generate Execution Plans, includes the user activity involved in generating detailed activity and command plans for resource allocation envelopes, plus the activities to integrated those plans. This cycle also results in an integrated payload data flow plan.

Cycle D, Perform Mission Increment Replanning, encompasses similar activities to Functions B and C. Resources are reallocated; users change detailed activity/command plans; the crew replans activities over which they have control; and all changes are integrated. The data flow plan is finalized and the detailed payload crew activity plans are generated.

A flow of subfunctions for each planning cycle is presented in the flow diagrams designated A, B, C and D. Each of the unique subfunctions appearing on these charts is identified by the number in the upper right hand corner of the flow diagram block. A corresponding flow diagram at the subfunction level is included with the detailed description of each subfunction presented in the following sections.

6.2.3.1 Subfunction 1 - SS Projected Orbit Ephemeris

This subfunction will likely be performed by the Space Station Systems Operations organization. It is included here because the software required to perform this function could be easily derived from the SL MIPS. The basic activity is to generate detailed ephemeris data, such as ascending node data, ground track data and earth shadow on/off times to serve as a basis for subsequent mission planning activities.

6.2.3.2 Subfunction 2 - Standard Orbit Opportunities Generation

This activity may also be performed by the SS Systems Operations organization, but is included here because again SL MIPS software could be utilized with modifications to perform the activity. The basic activity is the generation of standard orbit observation opportunities. An observation opportunity (obs opp) is a particular object or condition that is available as a function of time (on or off). The designation "standard" is made because the obs opps generated during this activity are those that are used by a wide variety of mission planning organizations and scientific disciplines. Grouping these into one subfunction performed by the same organization insures use of common data across all Space Station users and planning centers.

SPACE STATION (SS) PAYLOAD MISSION PLANNING SYSTEM (MPS) TOP LEVEL FUNCTIONAL FLOW

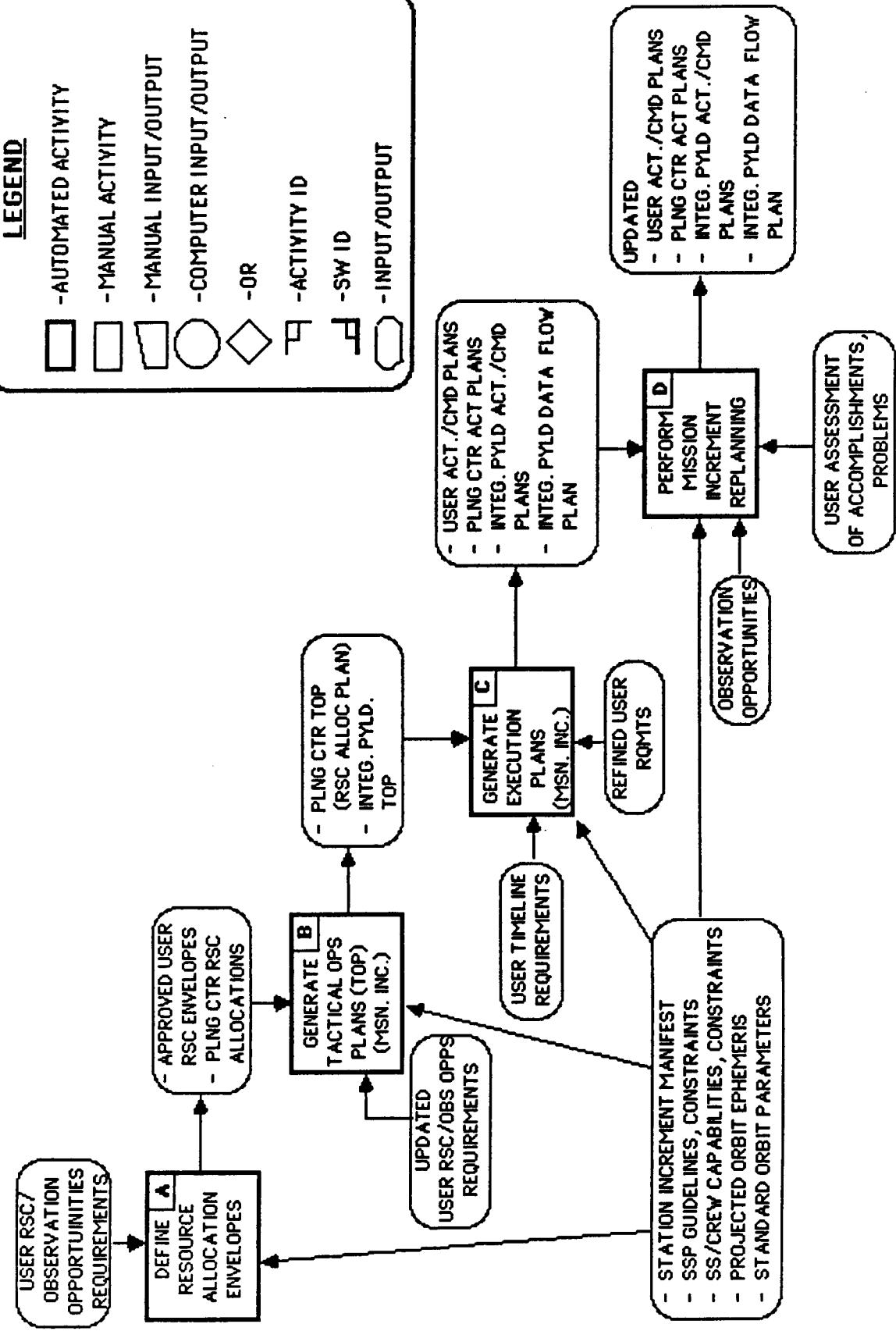
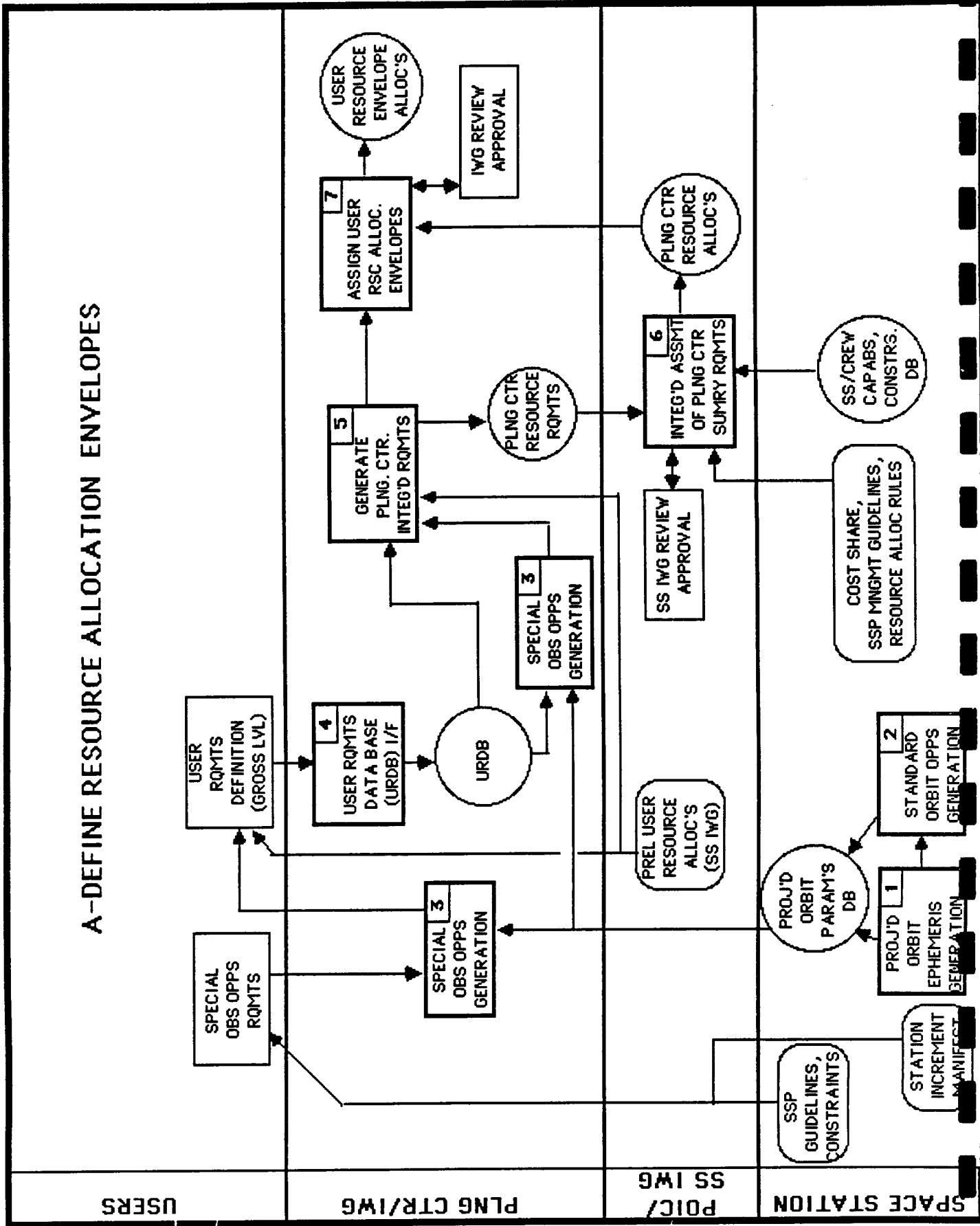
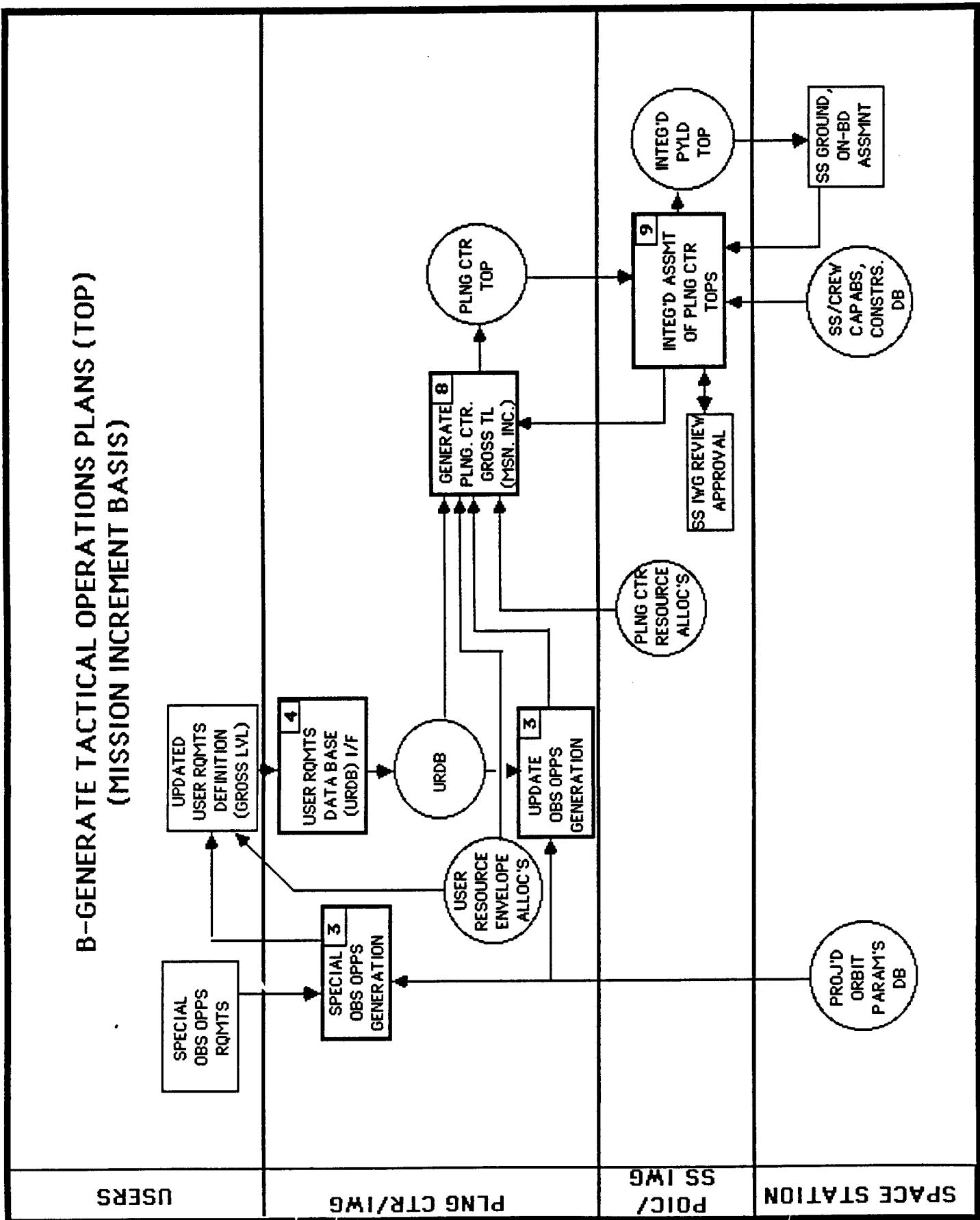


FIGURE 6.2: 3-1

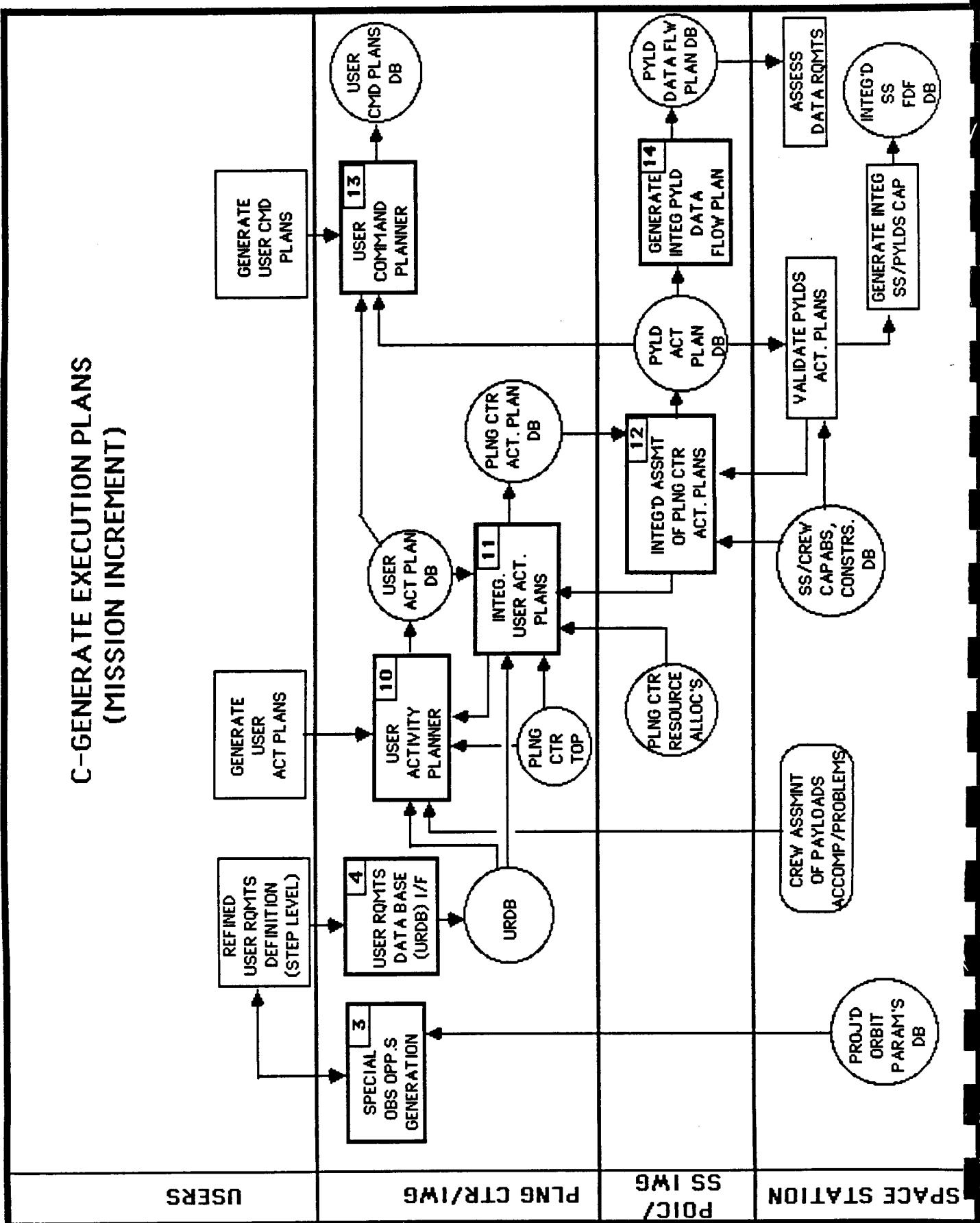
A-DEFINE RESOURCE ALLOCATION ENVELOPES

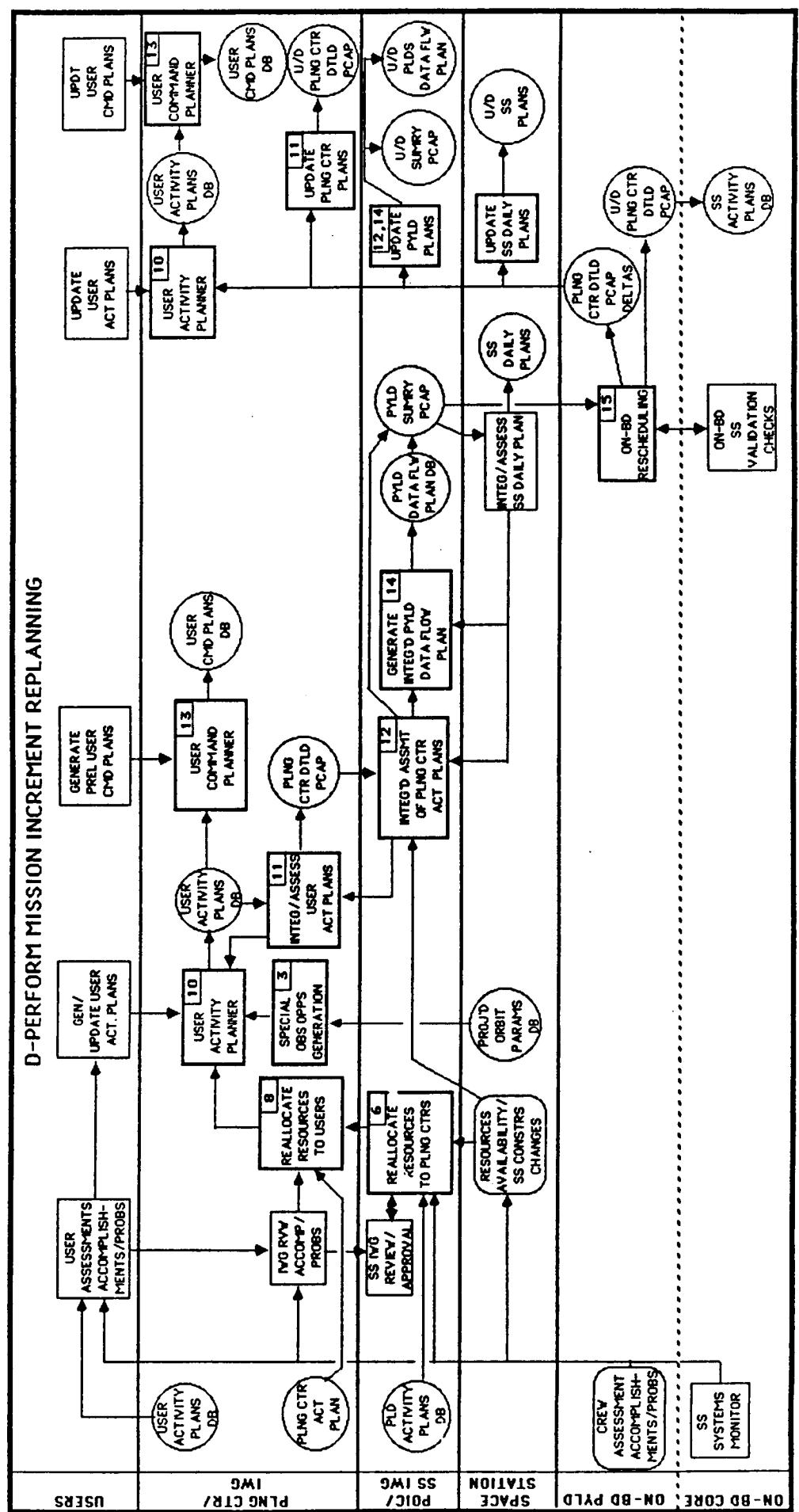


**B-GENERATE TACTICAL OPERATIONS PLANS (TOP)
(MISSION INCREMENT BASIS)**

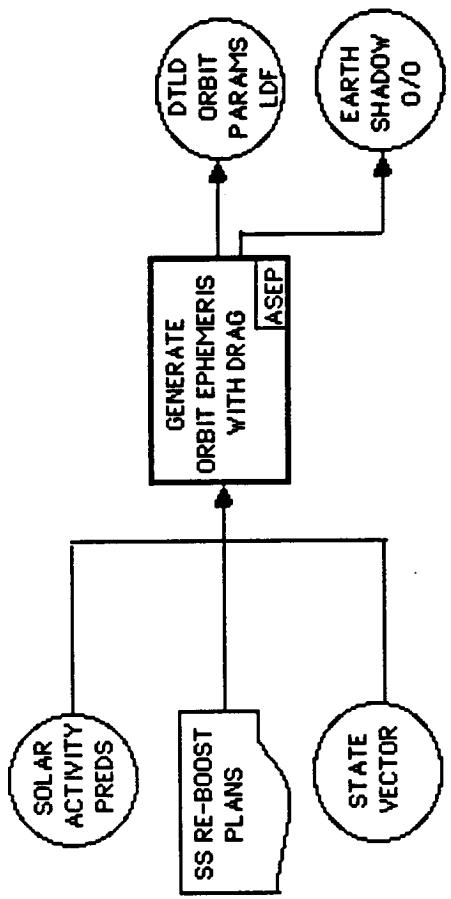


**C-GENERATE EXECUTION PLANS
(MISSION INCREMENT)**

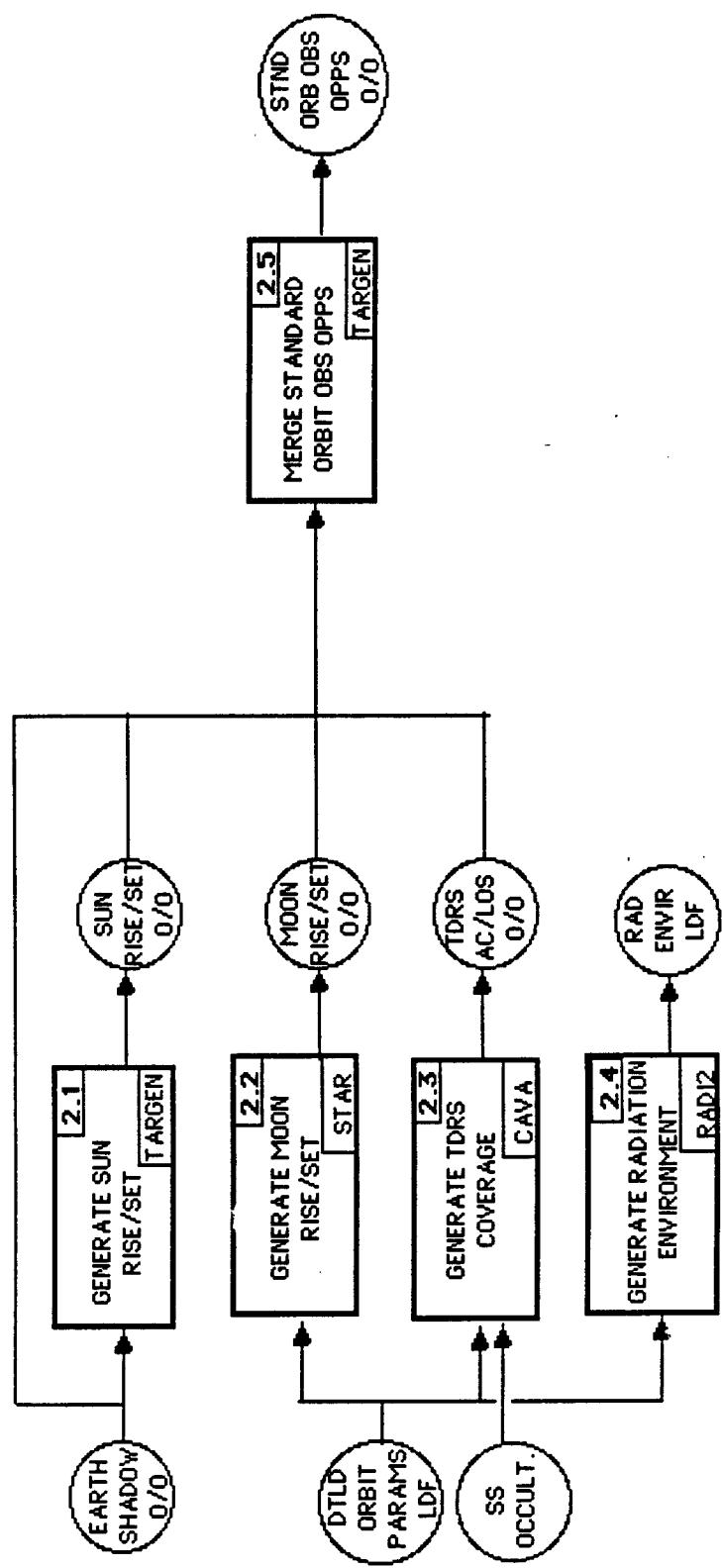




SUBFUNCTION: 1-SS PROJECTED ORBIT EPHEMERIS GENERATION



SUBFUNCTION: 2-STANDARD ORBIT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION



6.2.3.3 Subfunction 3 – Special Observation Opportunities Generation

This activity involves generation of the observation opportunities that are discipline dependent. It is expanded into task level flow diagrams corresponding to the identified disciplines. Each of these tasks includes the detailed activities required to generate the specific obs opps for each discipline. In practice, this activity will be performed by both SS users and the planning centers. The users will perform analyses to determine when they want to operate and which obs opps they want to utilize. Planning center personnel will access all users obs opps requirements entered in the User Requirements Data Base (URDB) and generate an integrated planning center set of obs opps to serve as input for subsequent mission planning tasks.

6.2.3.4 Subfunction 4 – User Requirements Definition and Data Base (URDB) Interface

This activity includes user interactive input/editing of a data base that contains resources, obs opps, sequencing/concurrency and number of performances/duration requirements as well as operational constraints for each individual experiment entity. An entity can be a single experiment or a group of experiments. Depending on experiment resource profiles, a particular experiment will have from one to many resource envelopes. User friendliness and scheduling complexity as well as resource utilization efficiency will be significant factors in determining the characteristics of the resource profiles.

6.2.3.5 Subfunction 5 – Generate Planning Center Integrated Requirements

User requirements are summarized in a gross scheduling activity based on the URDB entries and the observation opportunities file. No resource checking is performed during scheduling. The output schedule(s) are used to determine the overall planning center resource requirements.

6.2.3.6 Subfunction 6 – Integrated Assessment Of Planning Center Summary Requirements

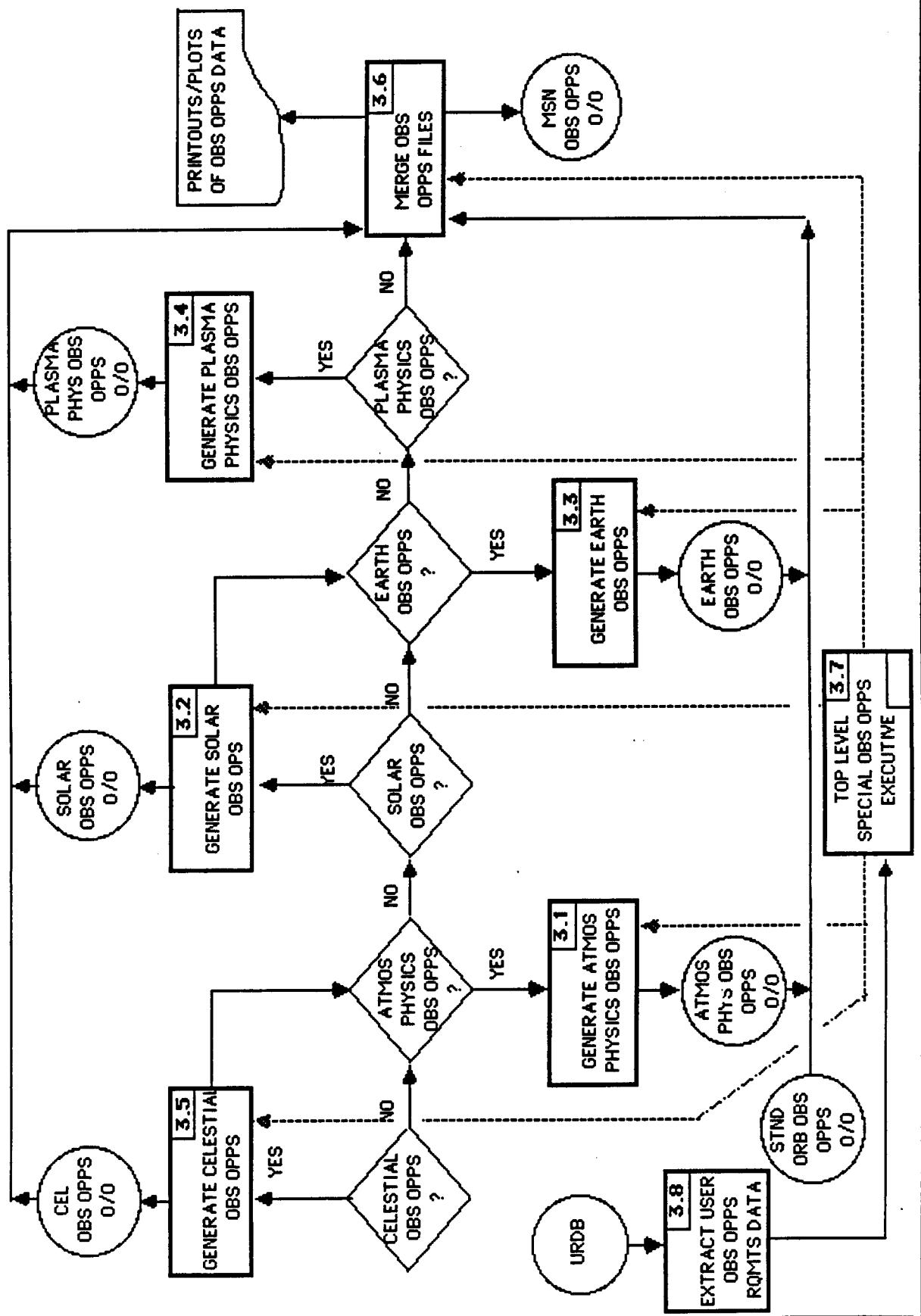
Planning center resource requirements, SSP management guidelines, resource allocation rules, user group guidance and element design constraints are utilized as inputs to assign each planning center a specific set of resource allocations.

6.2.3.7 Subfunction 7 – Assign User Resource Allocation Envelopes

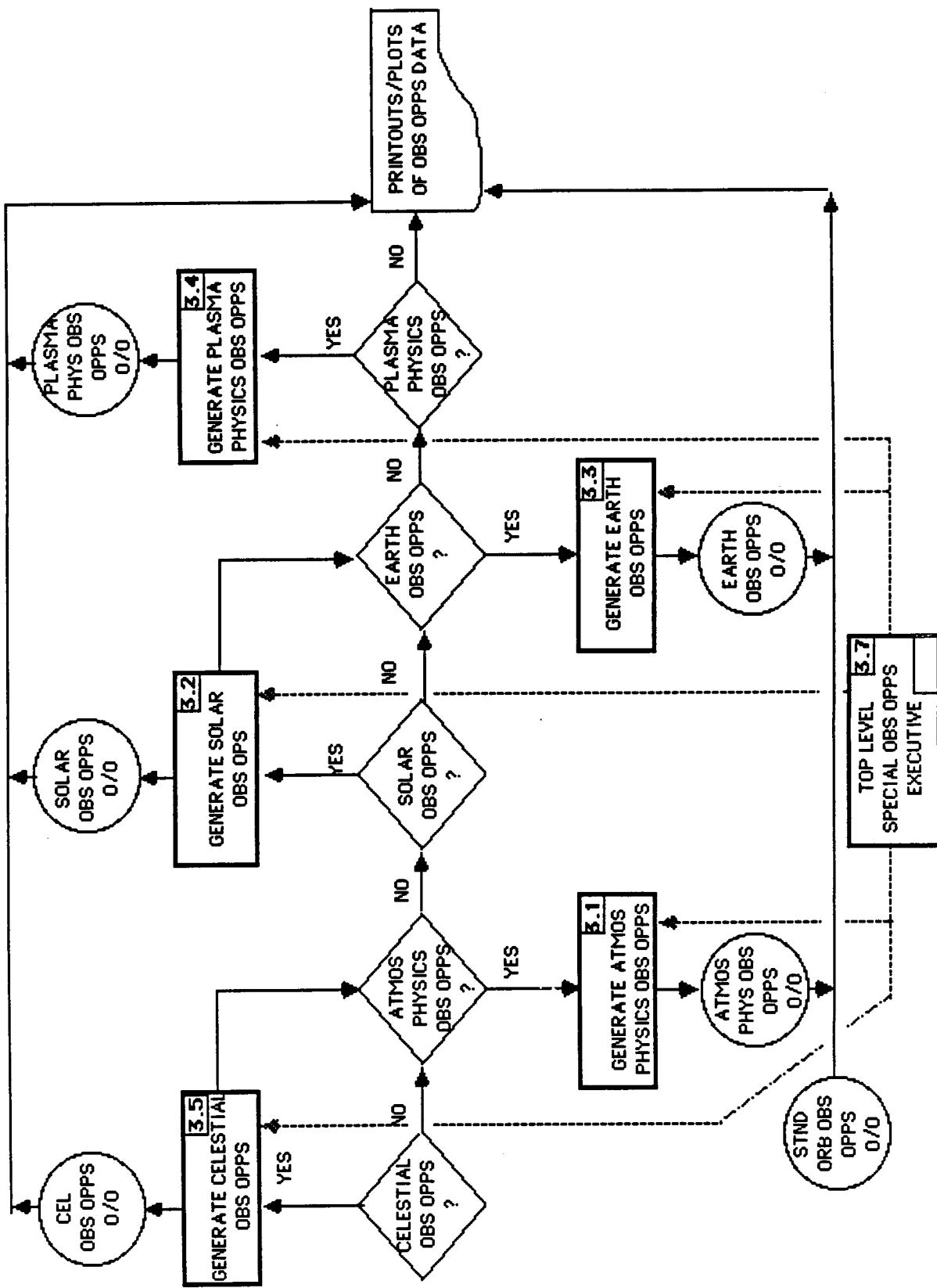
This activity is basically a formal approval process of each users URDB entries. There may be cases where user resource requirements are incompatible with those available to the planning center when considering other manifested users. These cases must be treated separately and will require reduction of user resource requests (redesign, reduced objectives, etc.) or an appeal through channels for increased planning center resource allocations. A thorough compatibility analysis of preliminary user requirements in the strategic level planning/manifesting process should reduce the potential for conflicts at this point.

SUBFUNCTION: 3(PLNG CTR)-SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION

NOTE : THE MISSION OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATED BY THIS SUBFUNCTION ARE BASED ON PROJECTED SS ORBITAL POSITION AND/OR ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS. USER RQMTS FOR OBSERVATIONS THAT ARE STRICTLY TIME PREFERENCES ARE ACCOMMODATED IN SUBFUNCTION 5,8 TASKS 5.1,8.1.

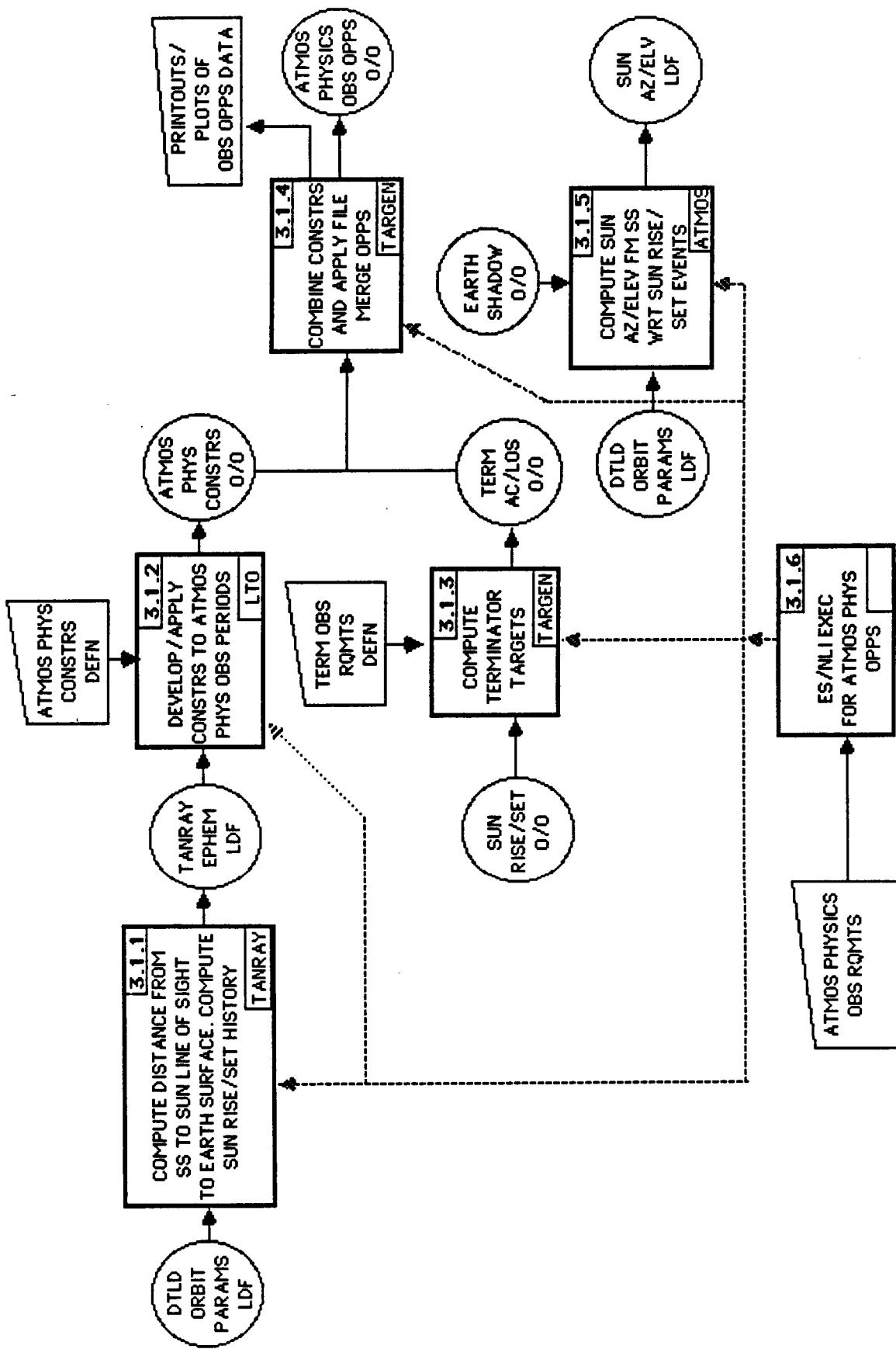


SUBFUNCTION: 3(USER)-SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION



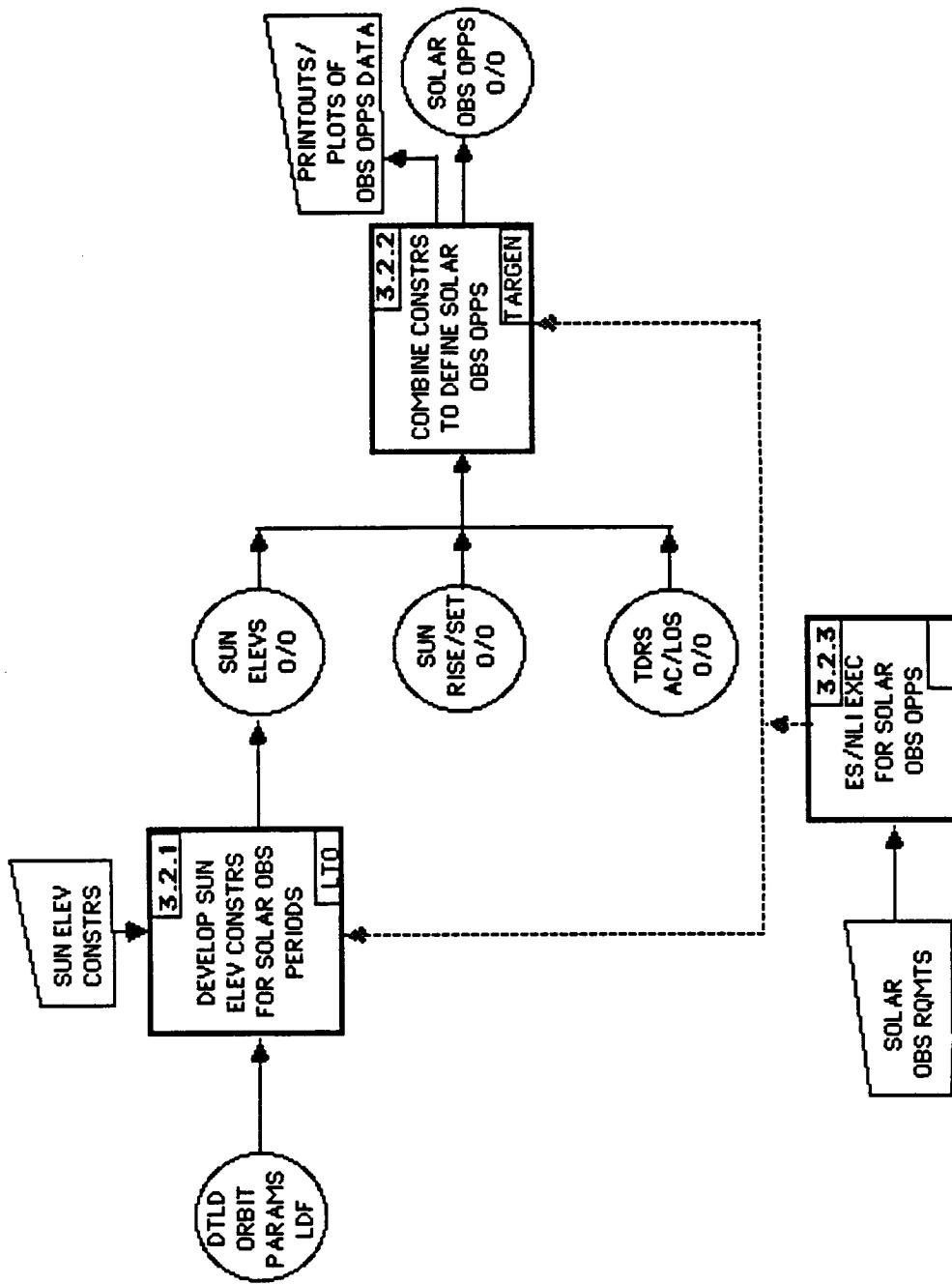
SUBFUNCTION: 3-SPECIAL OBSERVATIONS OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION

TASK: 3.1-GENERATE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES



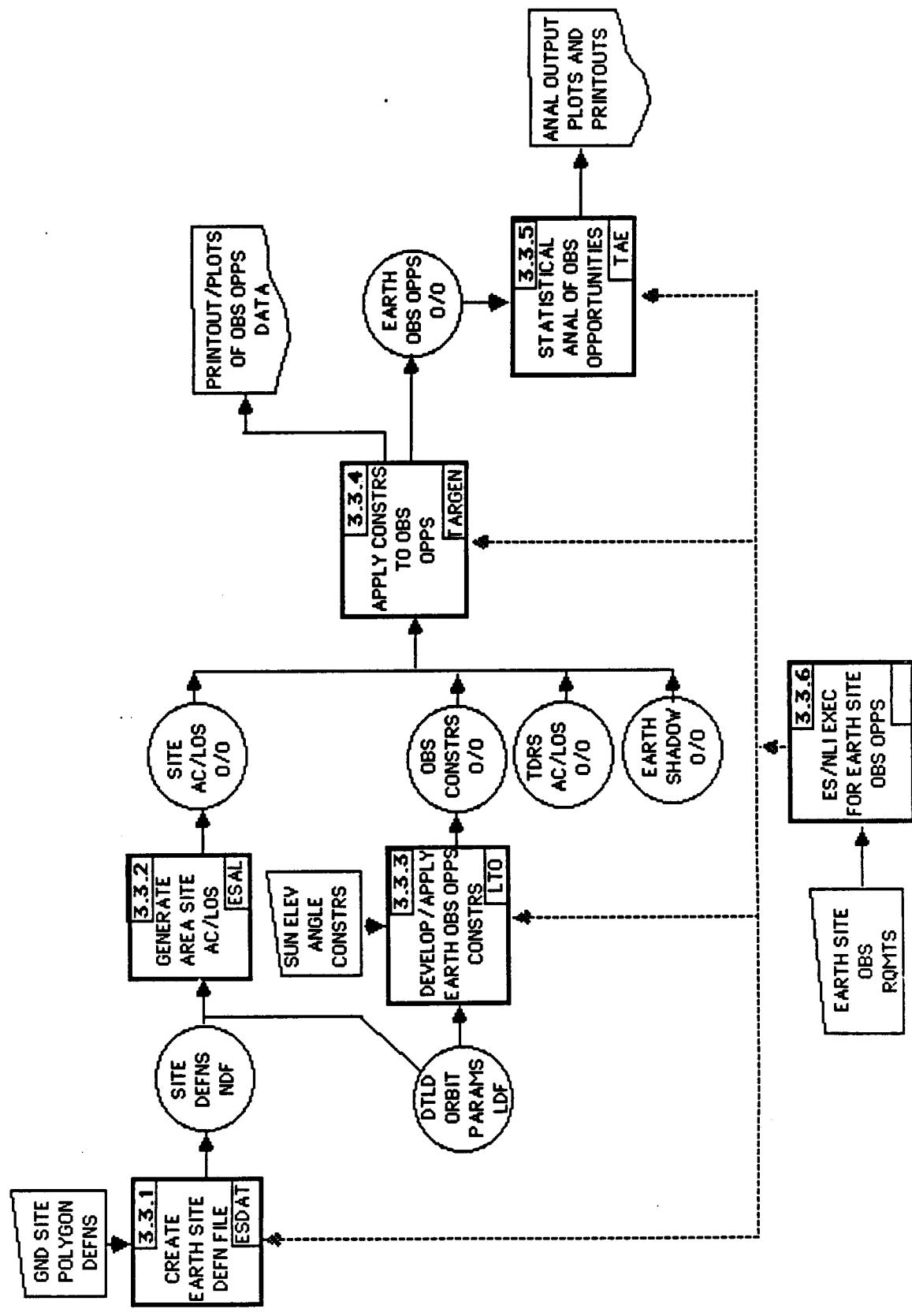
SUBFUNCTION: SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION

TASK: 3.2-GENERATE SOLAR OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES



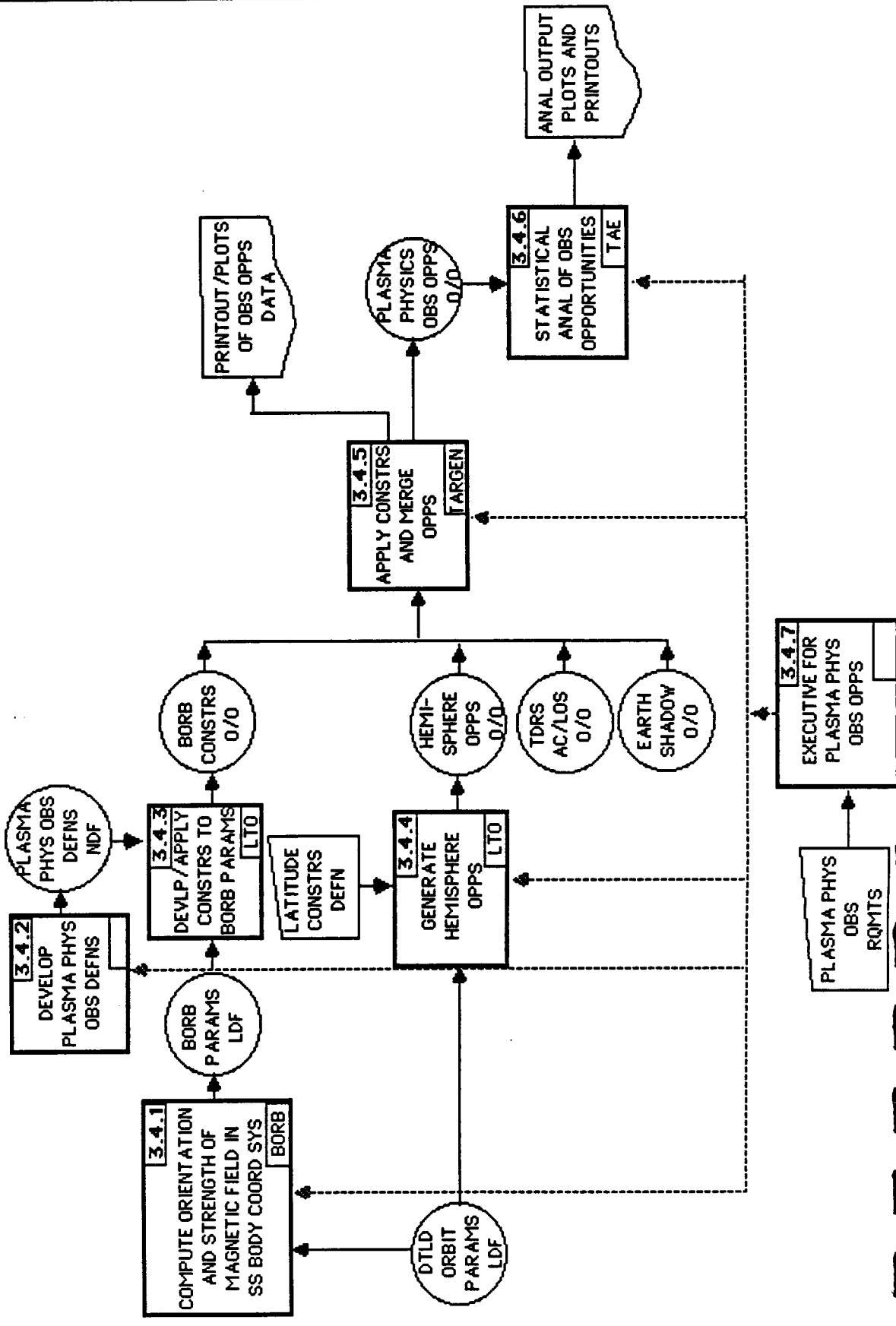
SUBFUNCTION: 3-SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION

TASK: 3.3-GENERATE EARTH SITE OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES

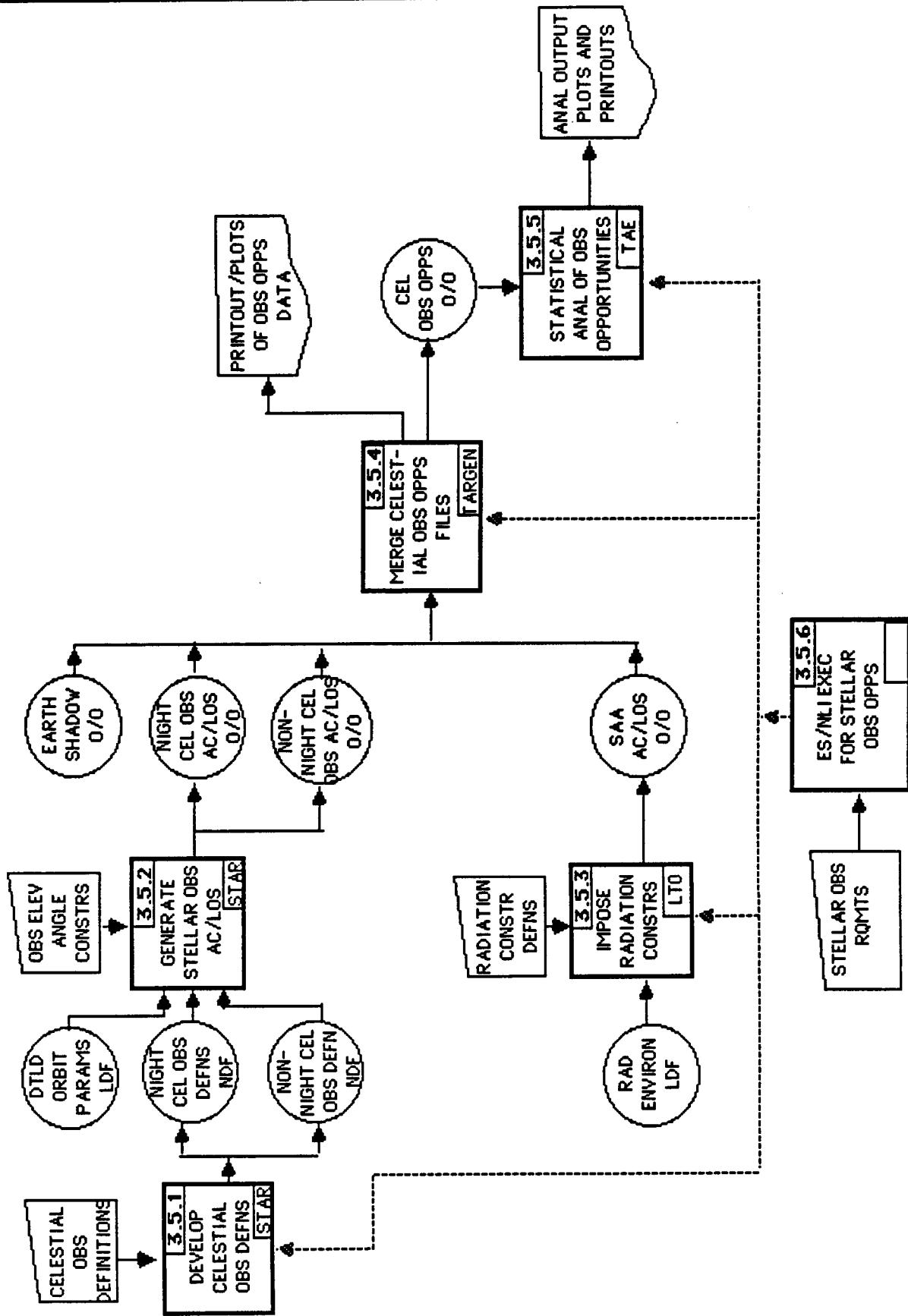


SUBFUNCTION: 3-SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION

TASK: 3.4-GENERATE PLASMA PHYSICS OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES

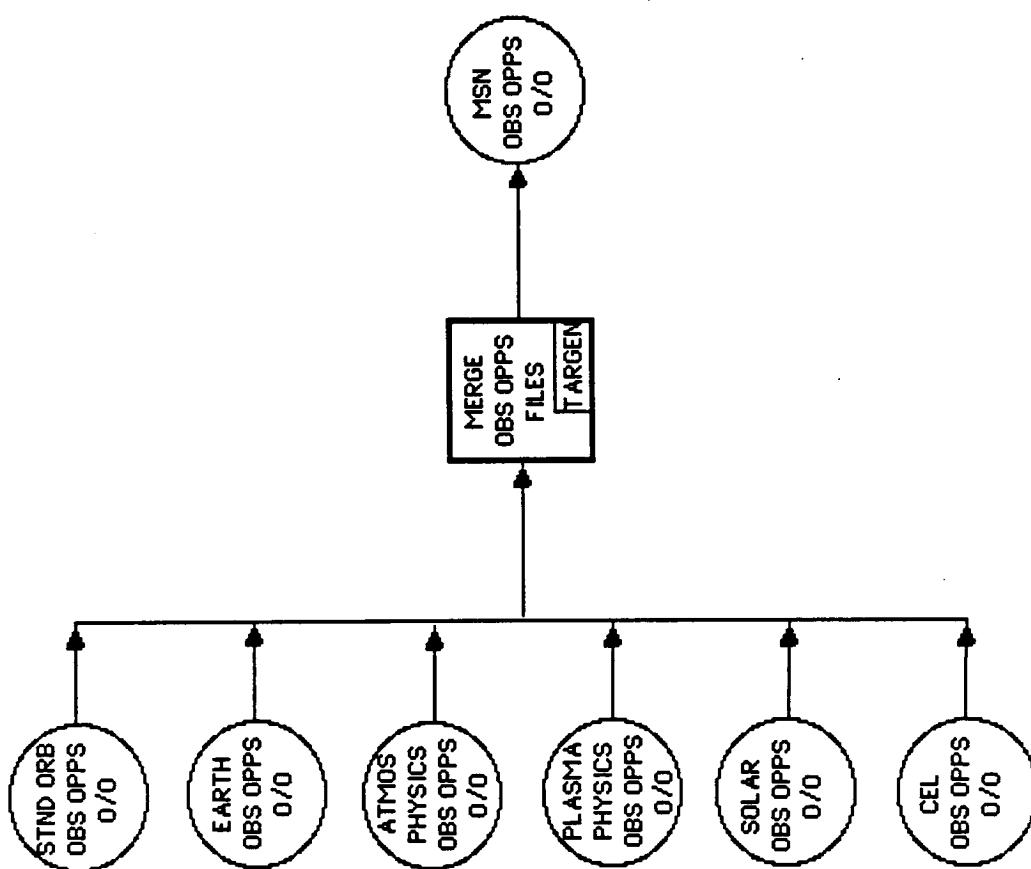


SUBFUNCTION: 3-SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION
TASK: 3.5-GENERATE CELESTIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES



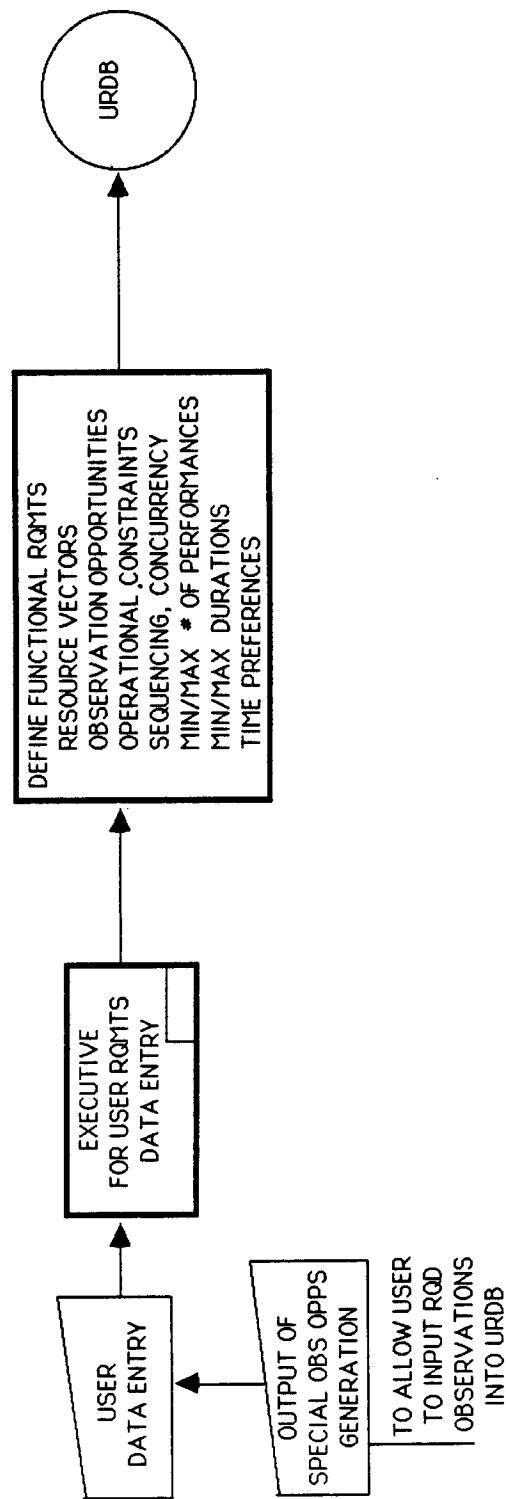
SUBFUNCTION: 3-SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION

TASK: 3.6-MERGE OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES

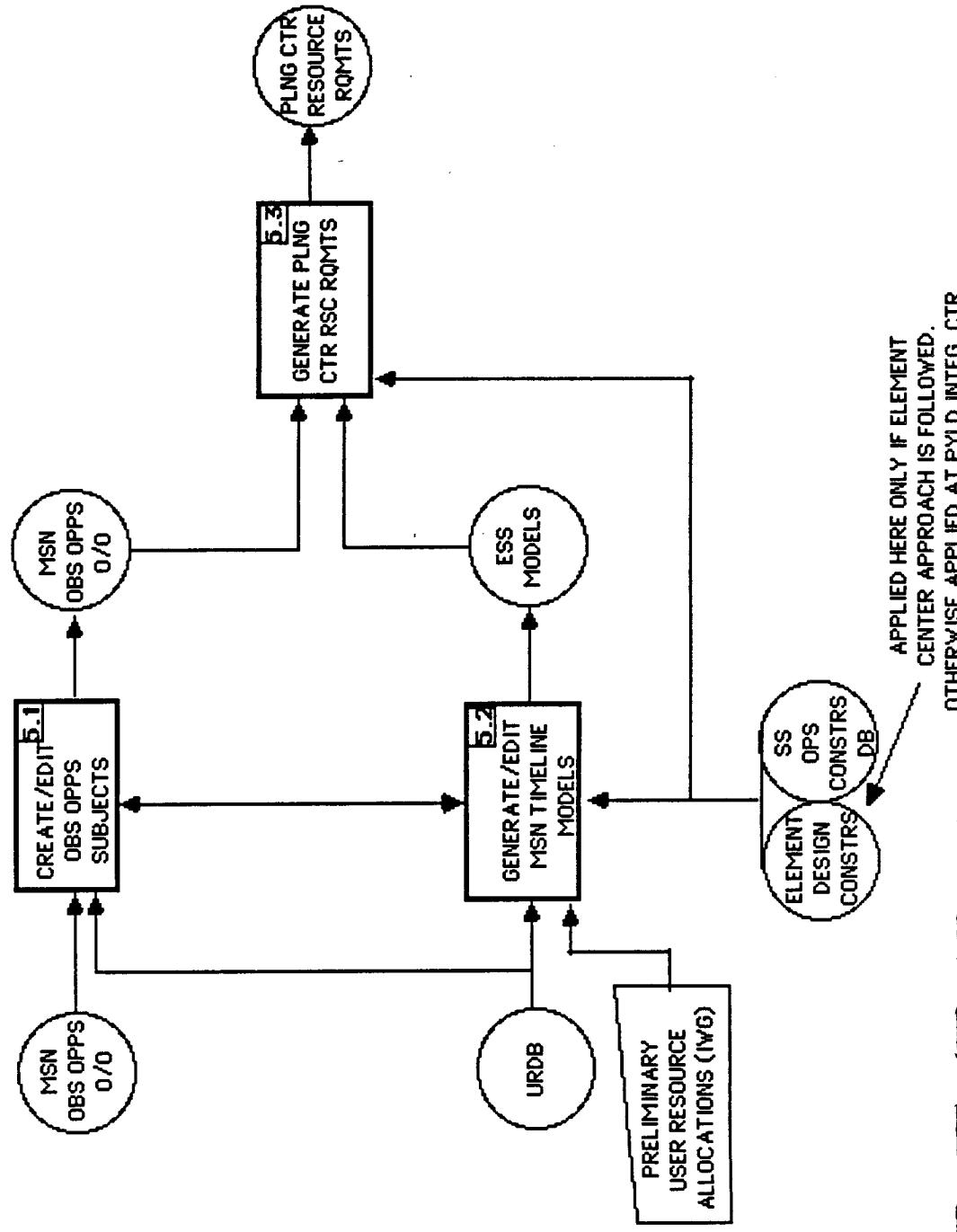


SUBFUNCTION: 4-USER REQUIREMENTS DATA BASE I/F

NOTE: THIS SUBFUNCTION DEPICTS ONLY THOSE USER RQMTS NECESSARY FOR MISSION ON-ORBIT OPERATIONS PLANNING AND SCHEDULING. THE SS OPERATIONS CONCEPT MAY IMPOSE RQMTS FOR A CENTRALIZED DATA BASE INCORPORATING ALL USER INTEGRATION RQMTS. THIS CONCEPT ASSUMES THAT THE URDB I/F SW LEADS THE USER IN BUILDING MSN/TL MODELS USEABLE BY THE EXPERIMENT SCHEDULING PROGRAM. THE FIDELITY OF THESE MODELS WILL BE AT THE EXPERIMENT LEVEL UNTIL THE EXECUTION PLNG PHASE AT WHICH TIME THEY WILL BE REFINED TO THE STEP LEVEL.

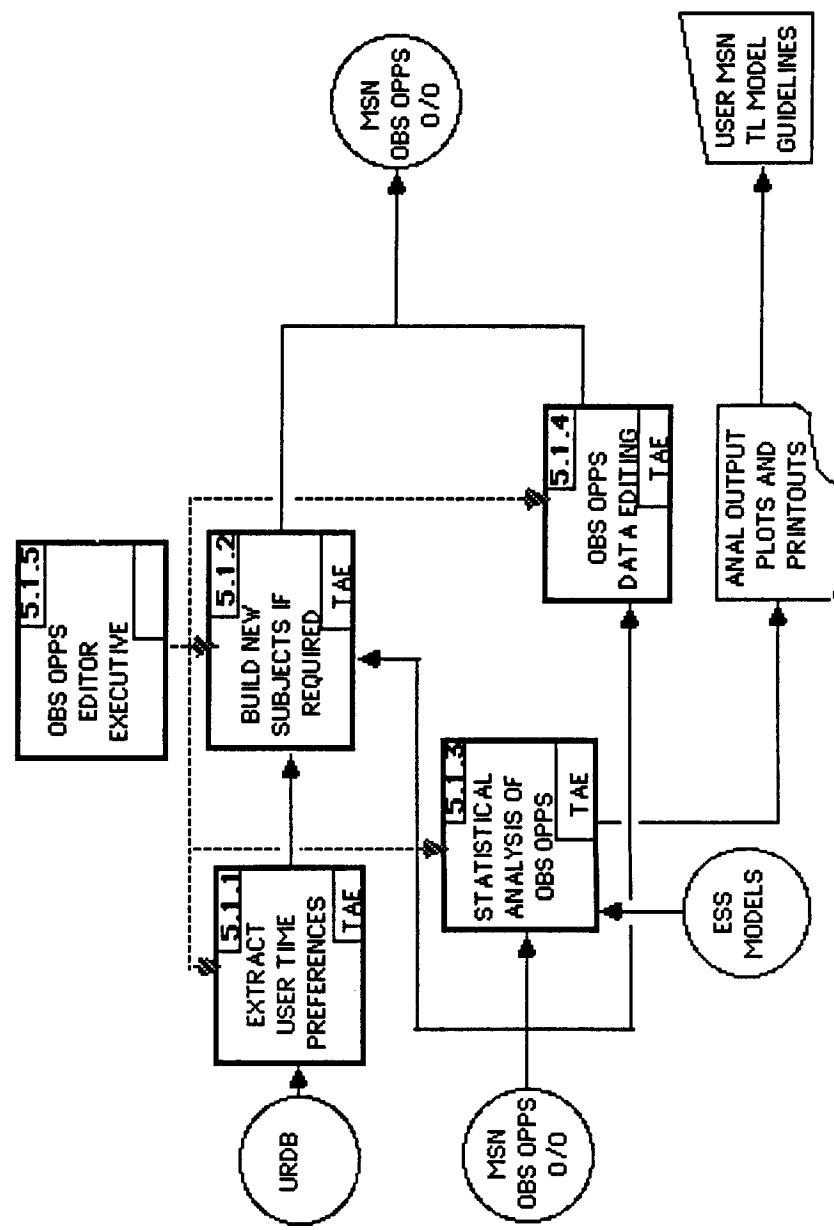


SUBFUNCTION: 5-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER INTEGRATED REQUIREMENTS



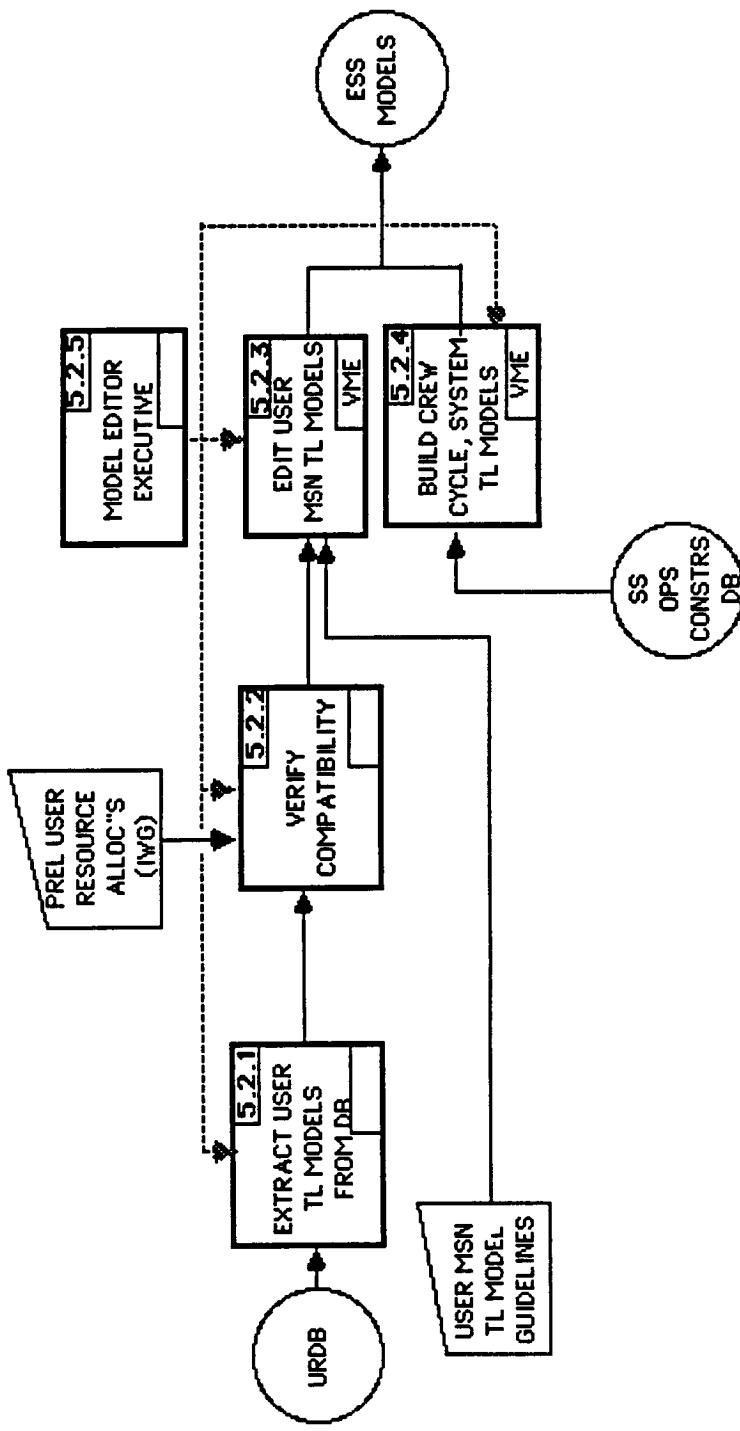
SUBFUNCTION: 5-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER INTEGRATED REQUIREMENTS

TASK: 5.1-CREATE/EDIT OBS OPPS SUBJECTS



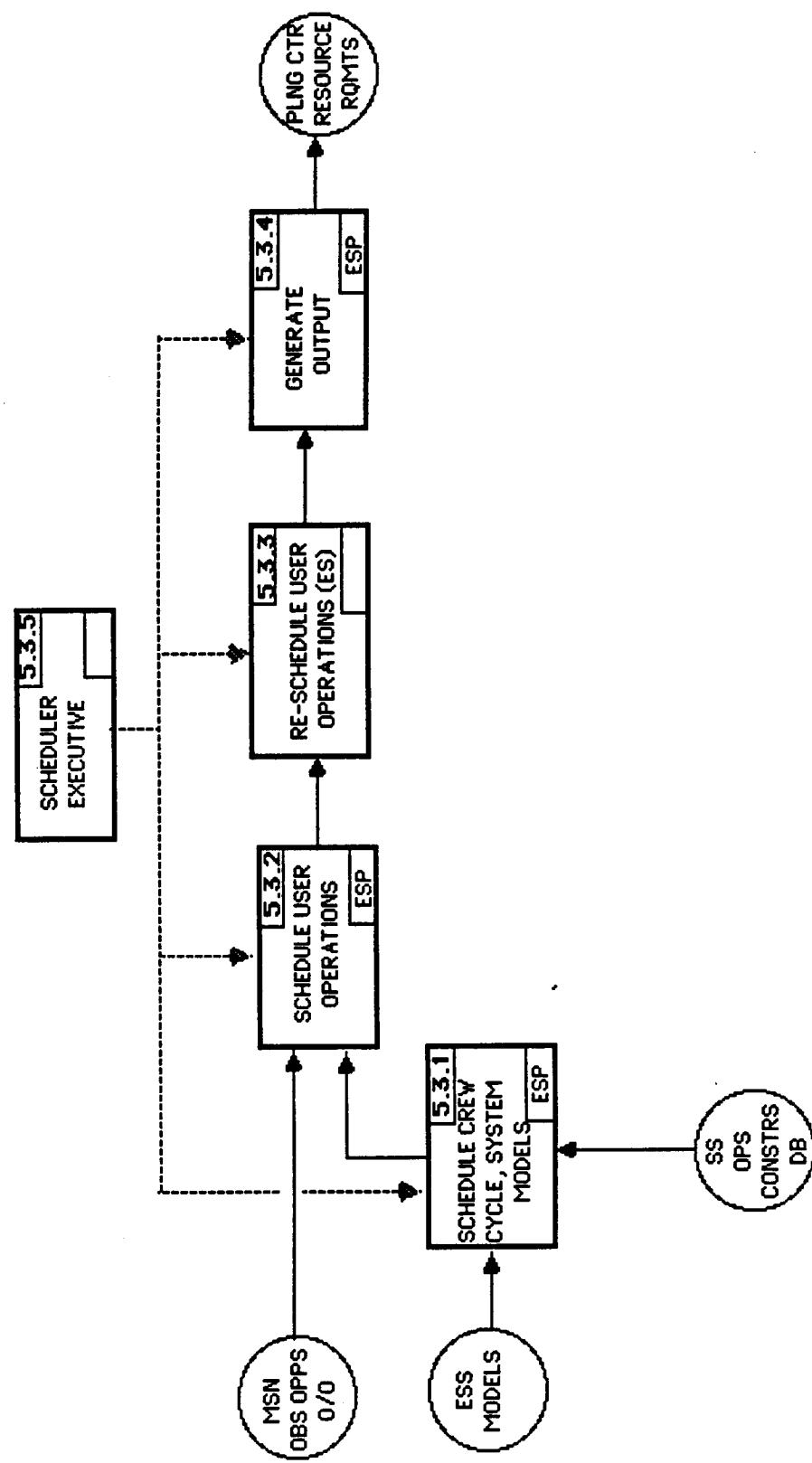
SUBFUNCTION: 5-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER INTEGRATED REQUIREMENTS

TASK: 5.2-GENERATE/EDIT MISSION TIMELINE MODELS

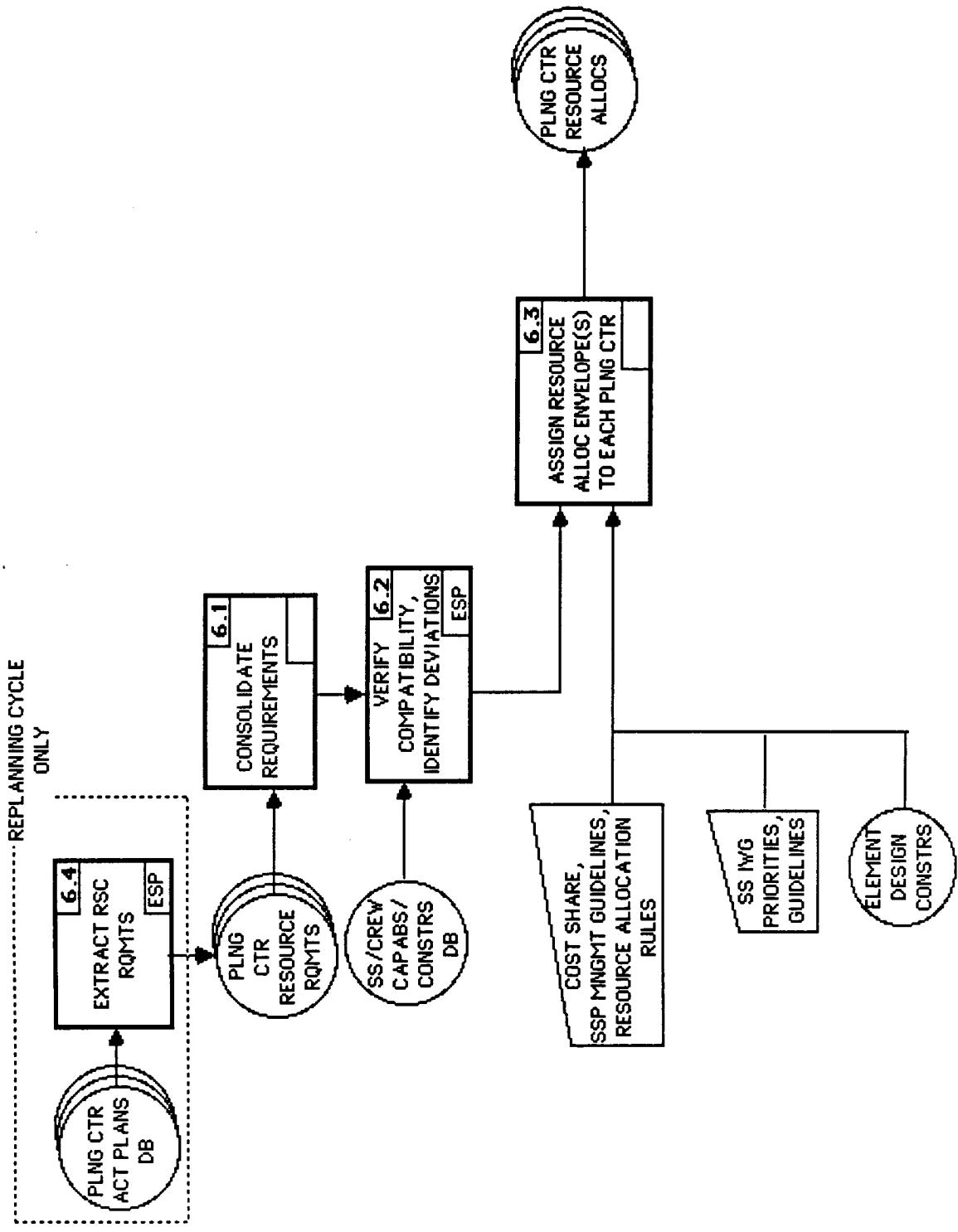


SUBFUNCTION: 5-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER INTEGRATED REQUIREMENTS

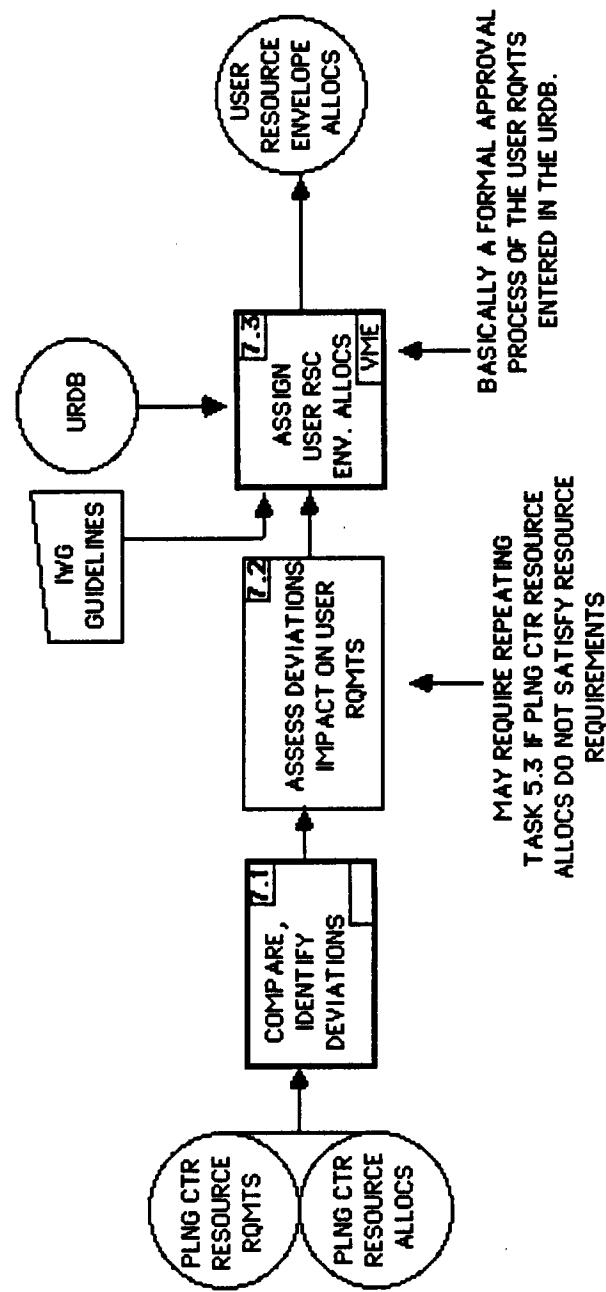
TASK: 5.3-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS



SUBFUNCTION: 6-INTEGRATED ASSESSMENT OF PLANNING CENTER SUMMARY RQMTS



SUBFUNCTION: 7-ASSIGN USER RESOURCE ALLOCATION ENVELOPES



6.2.3.8 Subfunction 8 – Generate Planning Center Gross Timeline

This activity is basically a scheduling function which develops blocks of times within which each experiment may plan operations. This time block allocation approach allows the user flexibility in scheduling his individual operations while minimizing the number of iterations required to obtain a workable timeline. The tolerances included when allocating these time blocks will be a significant factor, essentially trading off user flexibility for schedule efficiency. The subfunction includes editing obs opps subjects; generating/editing mission timeline models; and generating the gross timeline with the appropriate output products to be included in the Tactical Operations Plan (TOP) Data Base.

6.2.3.9 Subfunction 9 – Integrated Assessment of Planning Center TOP's

This subfunction includes the following interrelated tasks: verify that each planning center TOP does not violate the planning center resource allocations; consolidate the planning center TOP's; identify any operational conflicts between users of separate planning centers or between SS systems and users; schedule centralized resources that are not completely handled by resource allocation (crew, data flow etc.); determine what changes are required to eliminate conflicts and satisfy user resource demands; and generate the Integrated Payload TOP.

6.2.3.10 Subfunction 10 – Generate User Activity Plans

This is a detailed activity where each user defines desired experiment operating times within the TOP-allocated time blocks and assigns specific start/stop times to each operating step (mode).

6.2.3.11 Subfunction 11 – Integrate User Activity Plans

This subfunction includes the integration of the activity plans of all users of a particular planning center; verifies compatibility with TOP allocations; consolidates users activity plans; verifies compatibility with other planning center users; re-schedules user operations to eliminate identified resource or operational conflicts; generates the planning center activity plan data base; and, in the daily planning cycle, generates the planning center detailed Payload Crew Activity Plan (PCAP).

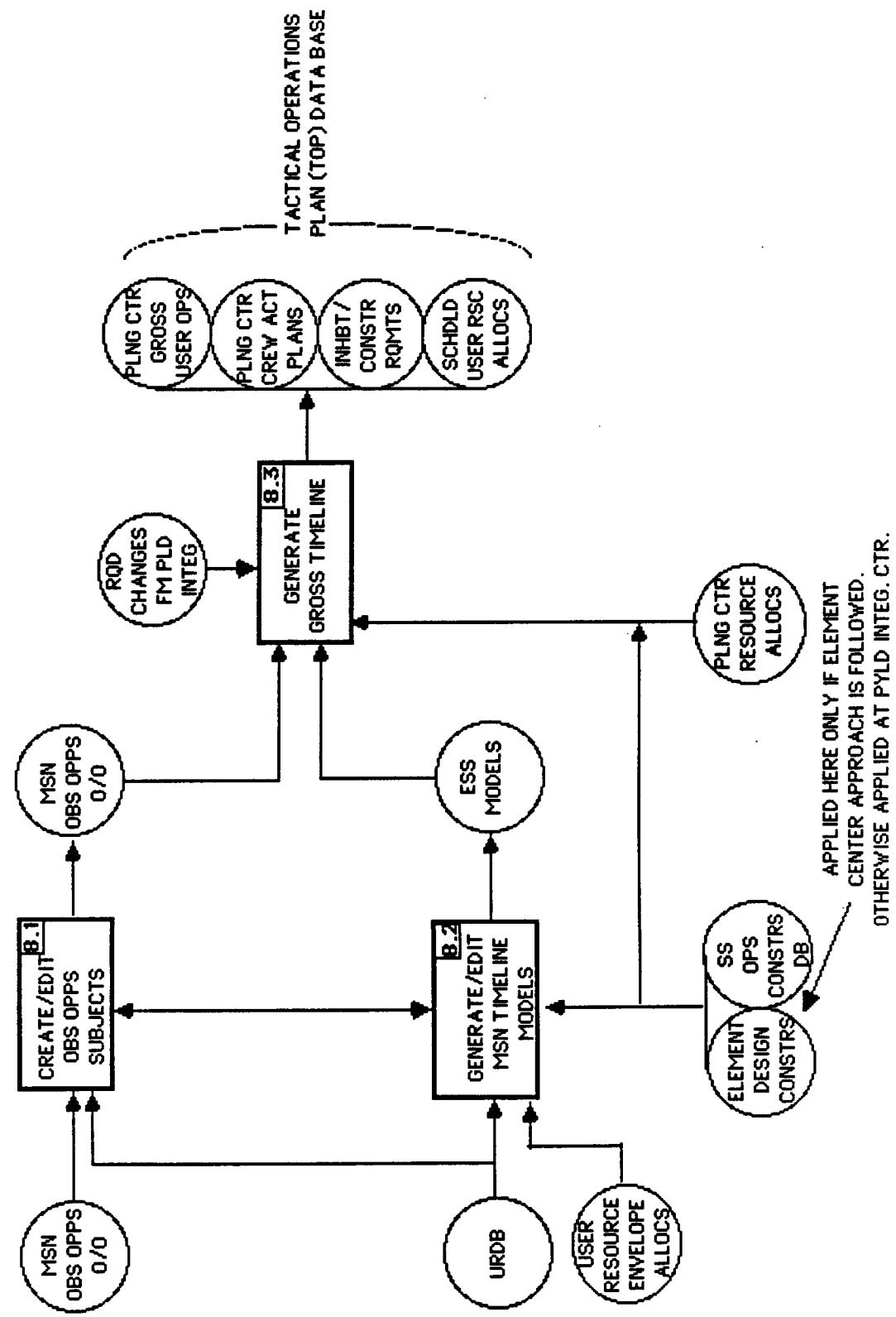
6.2.3.12 Subfunction 12 – Integrated Assessment of Planning Center Activity Plans

This activity is nearly identical to subfunction 11. The difference is that the integration is now at the overall SS payloads level (POIC) instead of the planning center level. The inputs are planning centers' activity plans and the outputs are the payload activity plans data base and payload summary PCAP.

6.2.3.13 Subfunction 13 – Generate User Command Plan

This subfunction includes the user activities of generating a command sequence to transition between steps (modes) of experiment operations and generating time windows during which these commands must occur based on the finalized user activity plans.

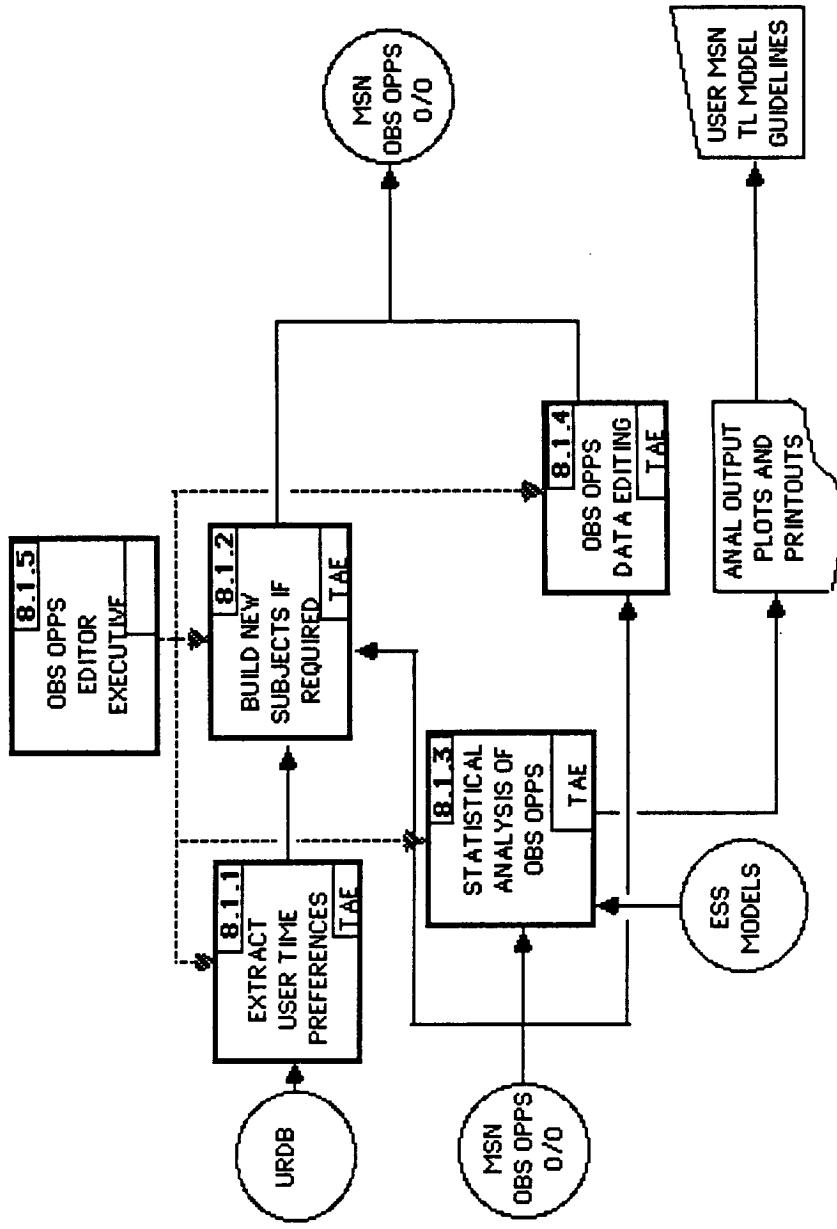
SUBFUNCTION: 8-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER GROSS TIMELINE



SUBFUNCTION: 8-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER GROSS TIMELINE

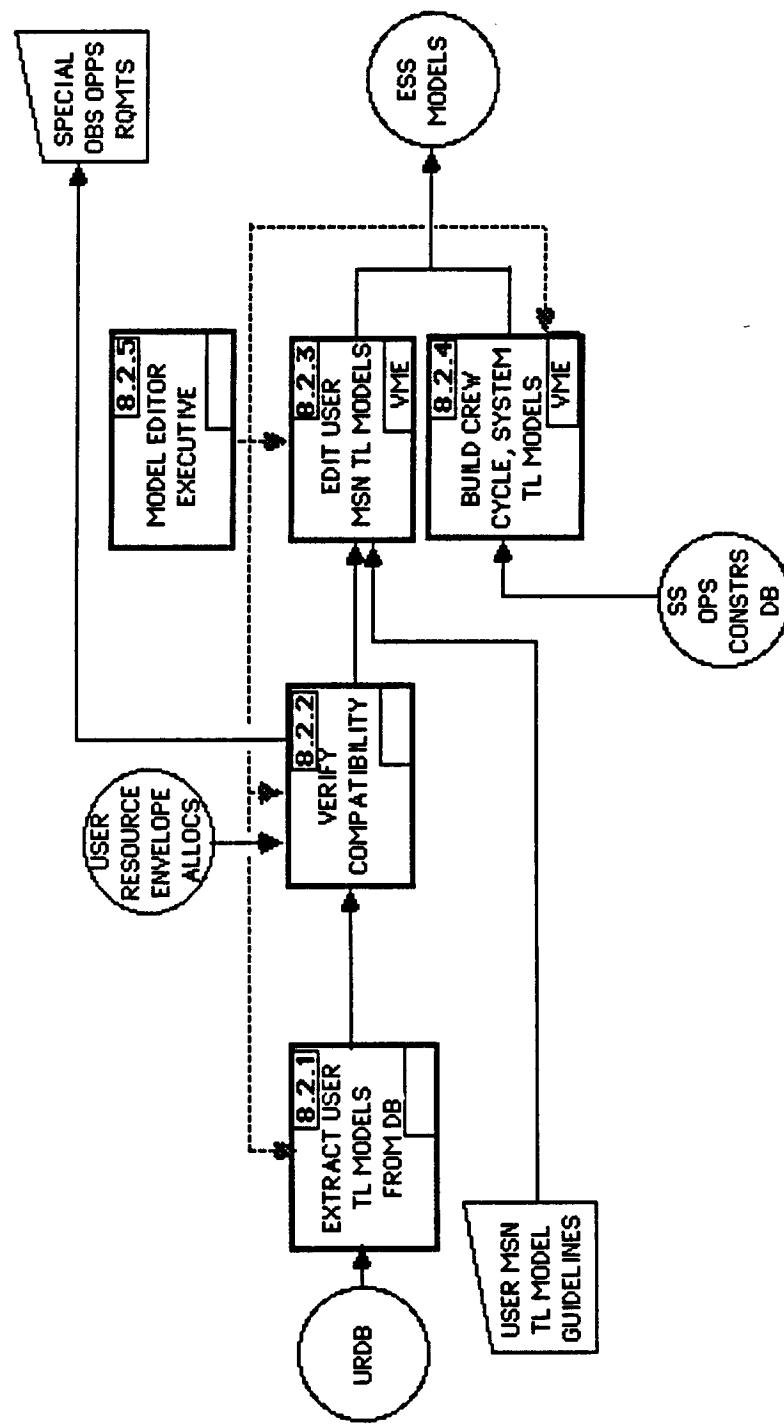
TASK: 8.1-CREATE/EDIT OBS OPPS SUBJECTS

NOTE: SUBTASKS ARE SIMILAR TO TASK 5.2, AND
ARE REPEATED HERE FOR CLARITY AND TO
IDENTIFY THE UNIQUE INPUTS AND OUTPUTS.



SUBFUNCTION: 8-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER GROSS TIMELINE
TASK: 8.2-GENERATE/EDIT MISSION TIMELINE MODELS

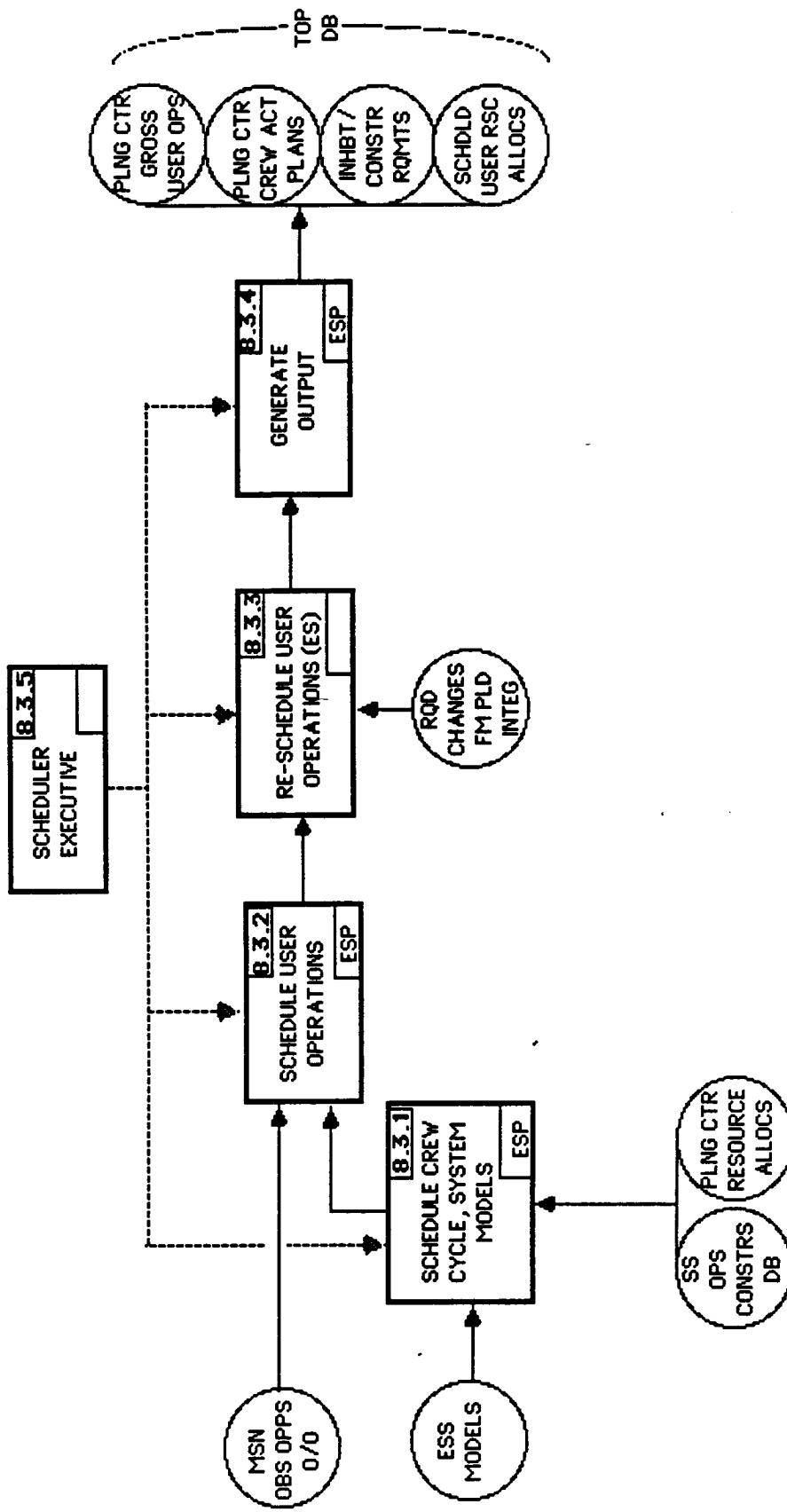
NOTE: SUBTASKS ARE SIMILAR TO TASK 5.2, AND
 ARE REPEATED HERE FOR CLARITY AND TO
 IDENTIFY THE UNIQUE INPUTS AND OUTPUTS.



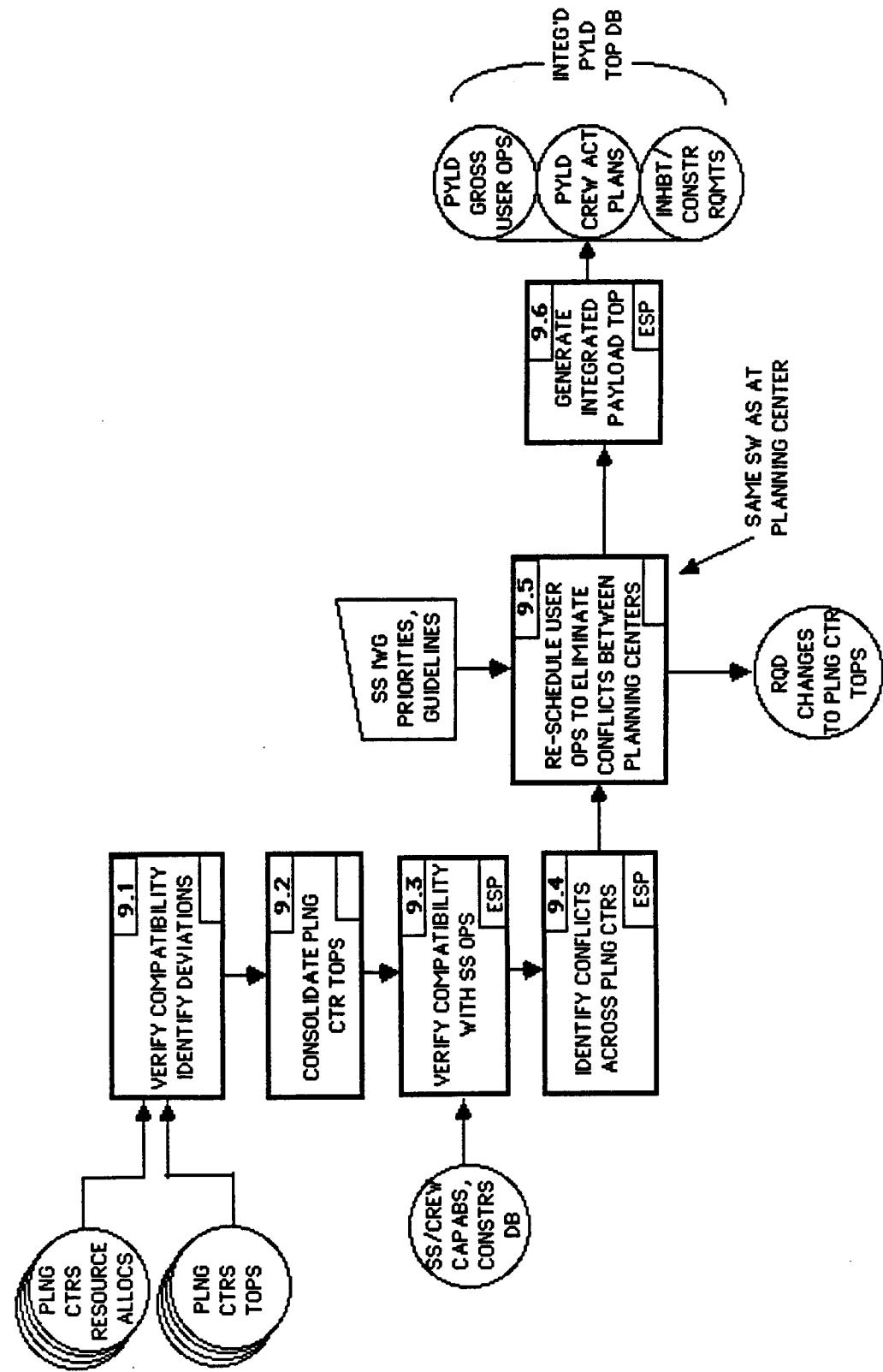
SUBFUNCTION: 8-GENERATE PLANNING CENTER GROSS TIMELINE

TASK: 8.3-GENERATE GROSS TIMELINE

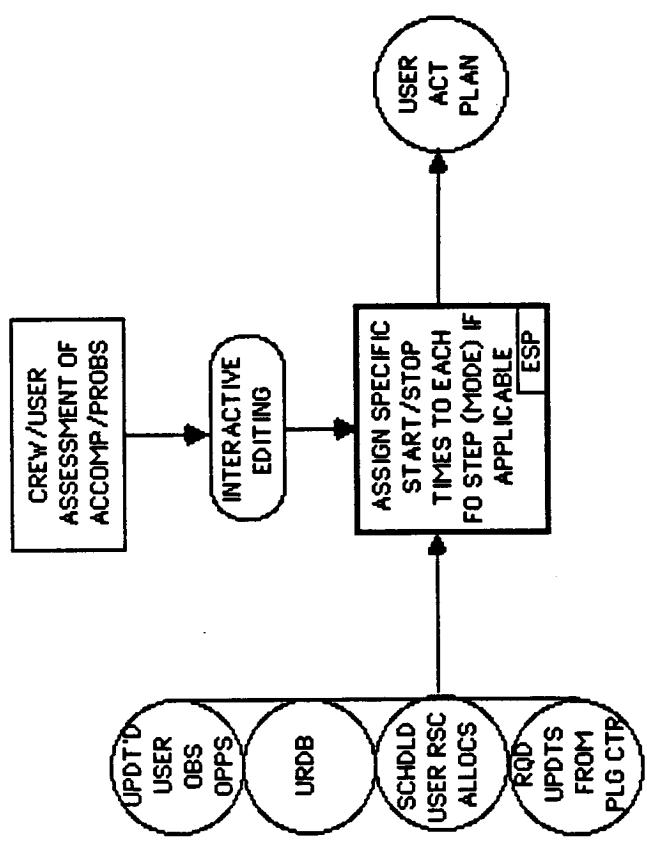
NOTE: SUBTASKS ARE SIMILAR TO TASK 5.3, AND
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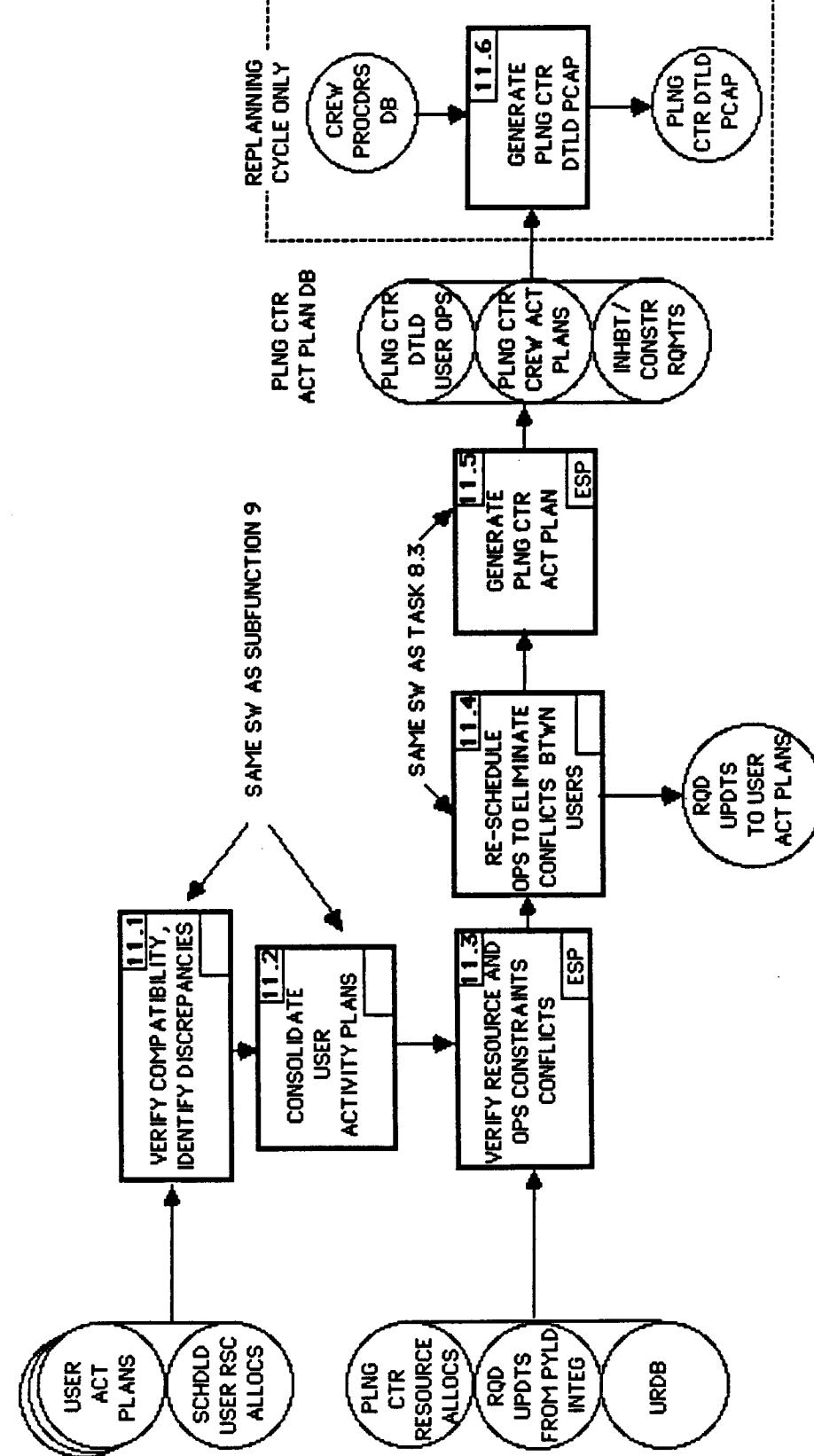
SUBFUNCTION: 9-INTEGRATED ASSESSMENT OF PLNG CTRS TOPS



SUBFUNCTION: 10-GENERATE USER ACTIVITY PLANS

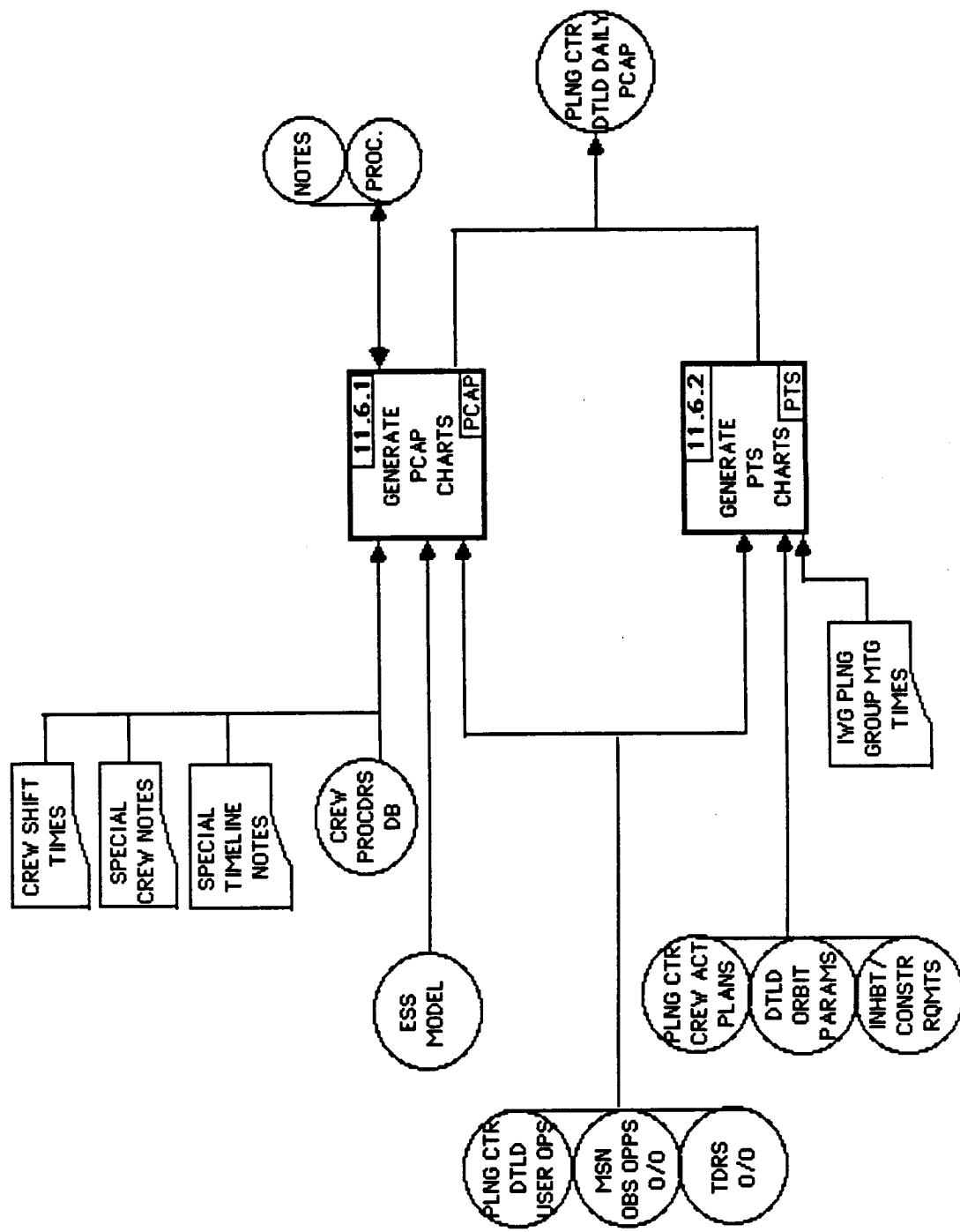


SUBFUNCTION: 11-INTEGRATE USER ACTIVITY PLANS

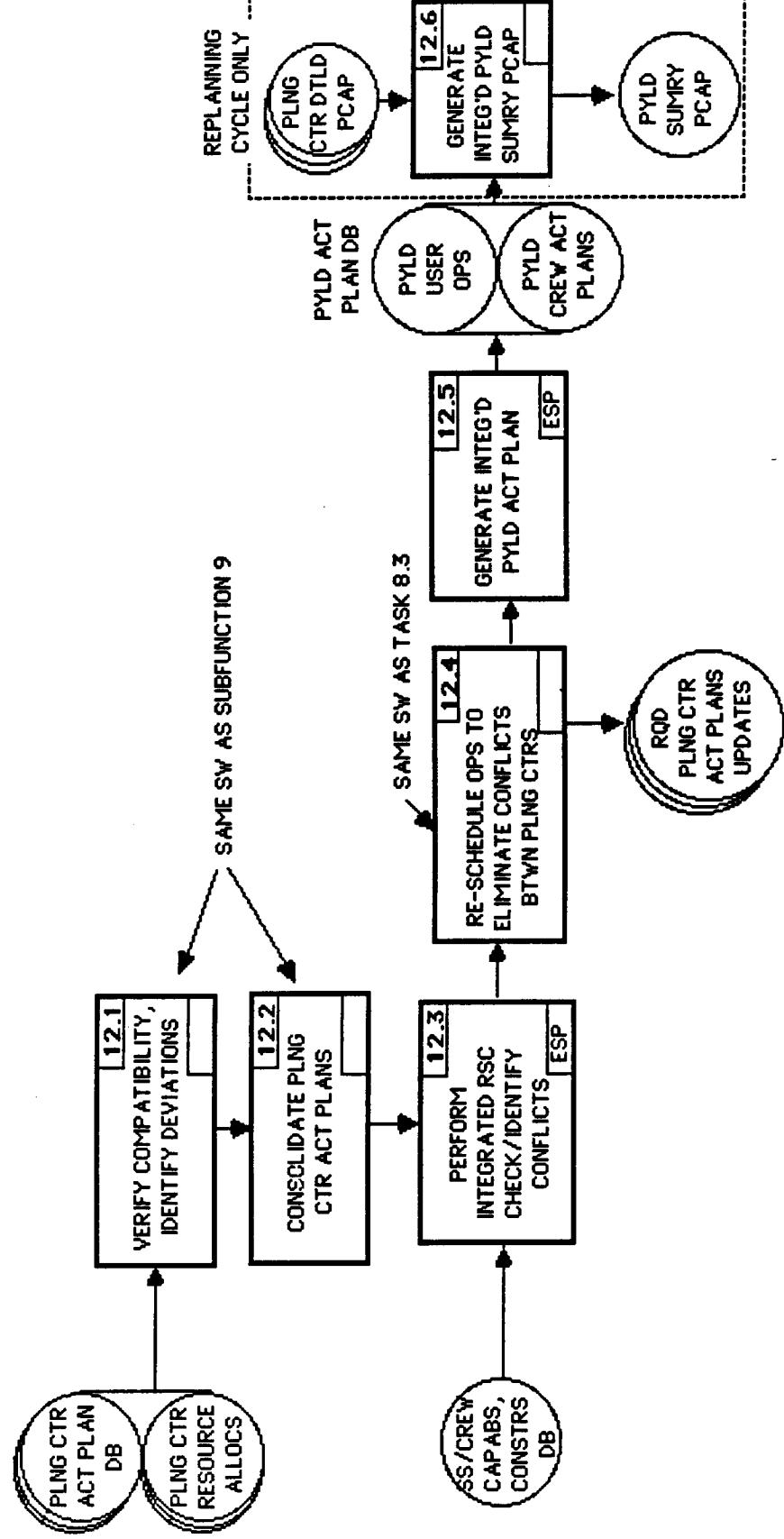


SUBFUNCTION: 11-INTEGRATE USER ACTIVITY PLANS

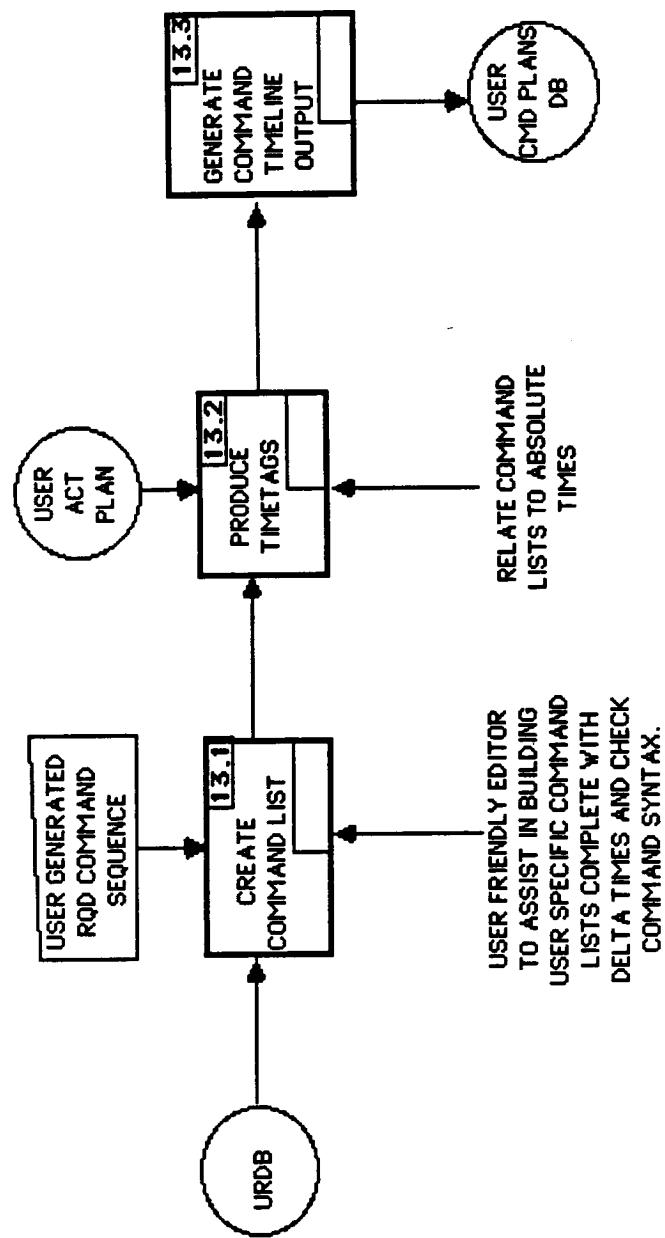
TASK: 11.6-GENERATE PLNG CTR DETAILED PCAP



SUBFUNCTION: 12-INTEGRATED ASSESSMENT OF PLNG CTR ACTIVITY PLANS



SUBFUNCTION: 13-GENERATE USER COMMAND PLANS



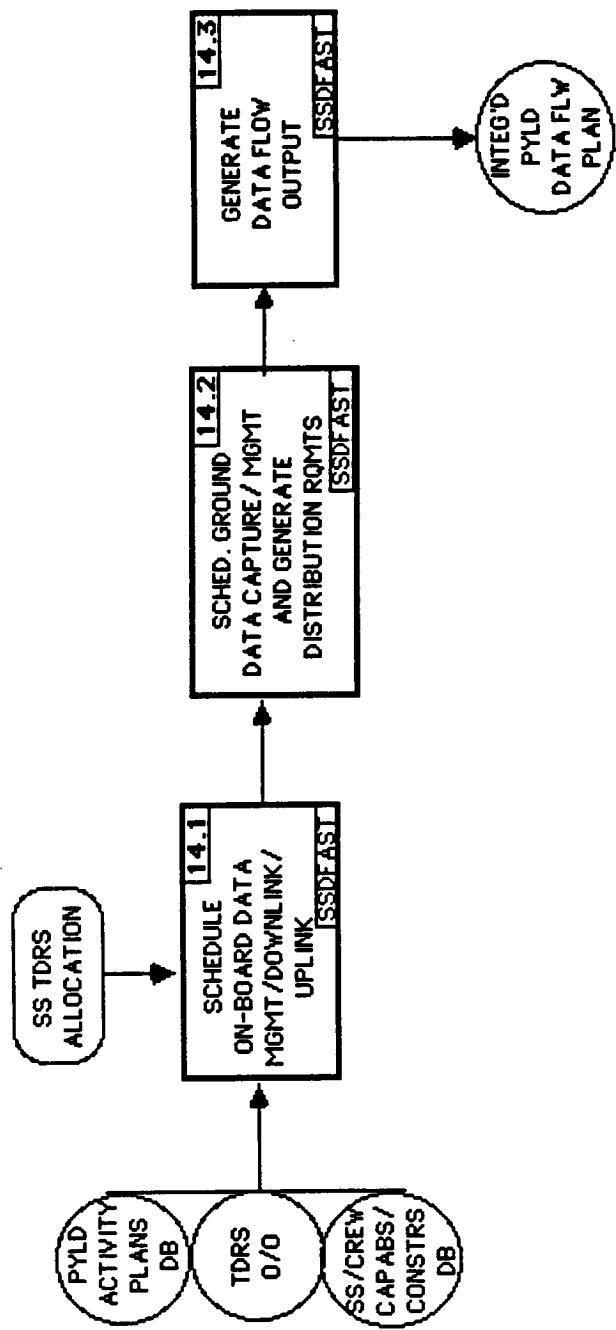
6.2.3.14 Subfunction 14 - Generate Integrated Payload Data Flow Plan

This activity involves scheduling overall payload data flow activities such as on-board data management of downlink/uplink and ground data capture, management and distribution as well as generating the integrated data flow plan.

6.2.3.15 Subfunction 15 - Onboard Rescheduling

This subfunction allows for minor re-scheduling on-board by the SS crew. Accompanying activities of updating the PCAP and coordinating the changes with the ground are also required. Whether or not the overall SS operations concepts allow for on-orbit re-scheduling is as yet unresolved. The magnitude of the data requirements and the use of on-orbit crew time may force elimination of this subfunction.

SUBFUNCTION: 14-GENERATE INTEGRATED PAYLOAD DATA FLOW PLAN



SUBFUNCTION: 15-ONBOARD RE-SCHEDULING

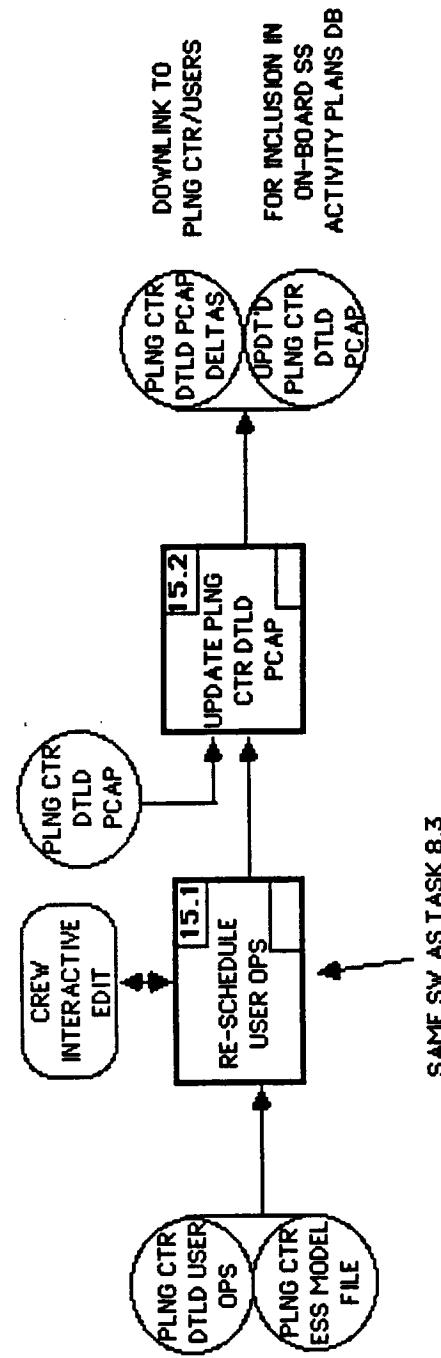


Figure 6.3-1a presents a hierarchical structure of the software modules envisioned to be required to implement the SS payload mission planning concept presented in the previous subsection; this structure is oriented toward the SS planning organizations (users, planning centers, POIC) and includes the definition of executive programs to interface with the using organizations and to control the execution of lower level software modules. Figure 6.3-1a also identifies (per the figure legend) the modified SL MIPS, new, and AI-application candidate software programs. (Section 7 presents the rationale for the AI-application candidates.)

Figure 6.3-1b identifies additional software modules required to implement the SS payload mission planning concept. The modules identified are those envisioned to be required to be provided to the on-board crew and the Space Station Systems organization for mission planning and will have to be integrated into the software systems to be developed for the crew and systems organization.

For the purposes of assessing the applicability of AI techniques to the SS MPS in Task 4 of the study, and for generating the Software Development Plan in Task 5, the computer programs identified in Figure 6.3-1 were grouped into software sets - i.e., groups of programs of a similar nature at the same hierarchical level. The software sets are presented in Table 6.3-1. Note that Sets E and F identify Phase I and II versions of the three "System Executives". The distinctions between these versions are explained in the Table 6.3-3 introduced in the following paragraph.

Finally, pages 6-52 through 6-65 of this section present a table (Table 6.3-2) which describes the individual software module requirements to implement the SS MPS concept. The table identifies each required software module by name and whether the module is new or a modified SL MIPS software module. Also provided is a functional description of each module. Finally, each software module is correlated to subfunctions/tasks in the SS mission planning concept functional flow diagrams presented previously.

**SS MPS SW HIERARCHY
(USERS, PLNG CTR AND PLD OPS INTEGRATION CTR)**

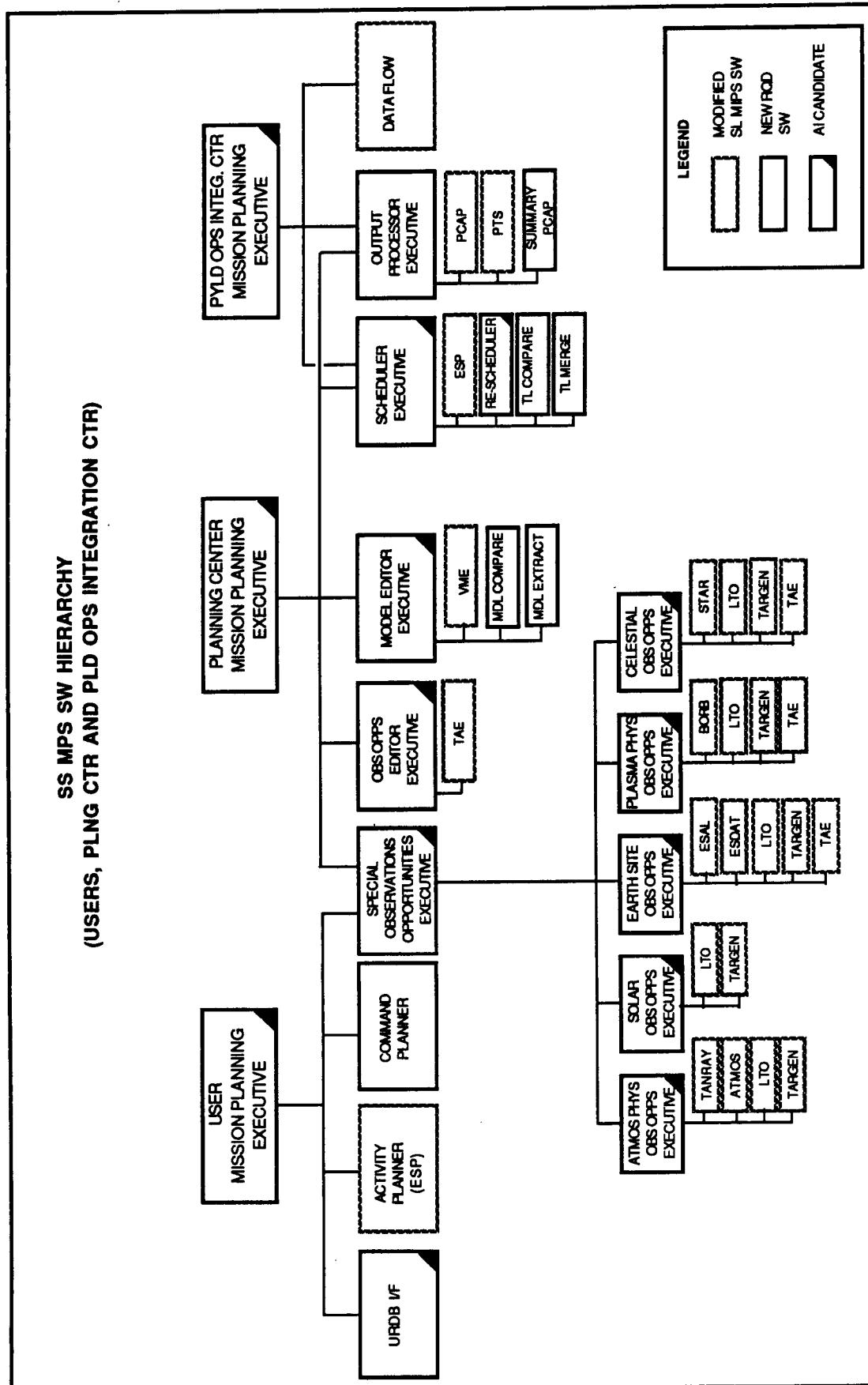


FIGURE 6.3-1a. SS MPS SW Hierarchy

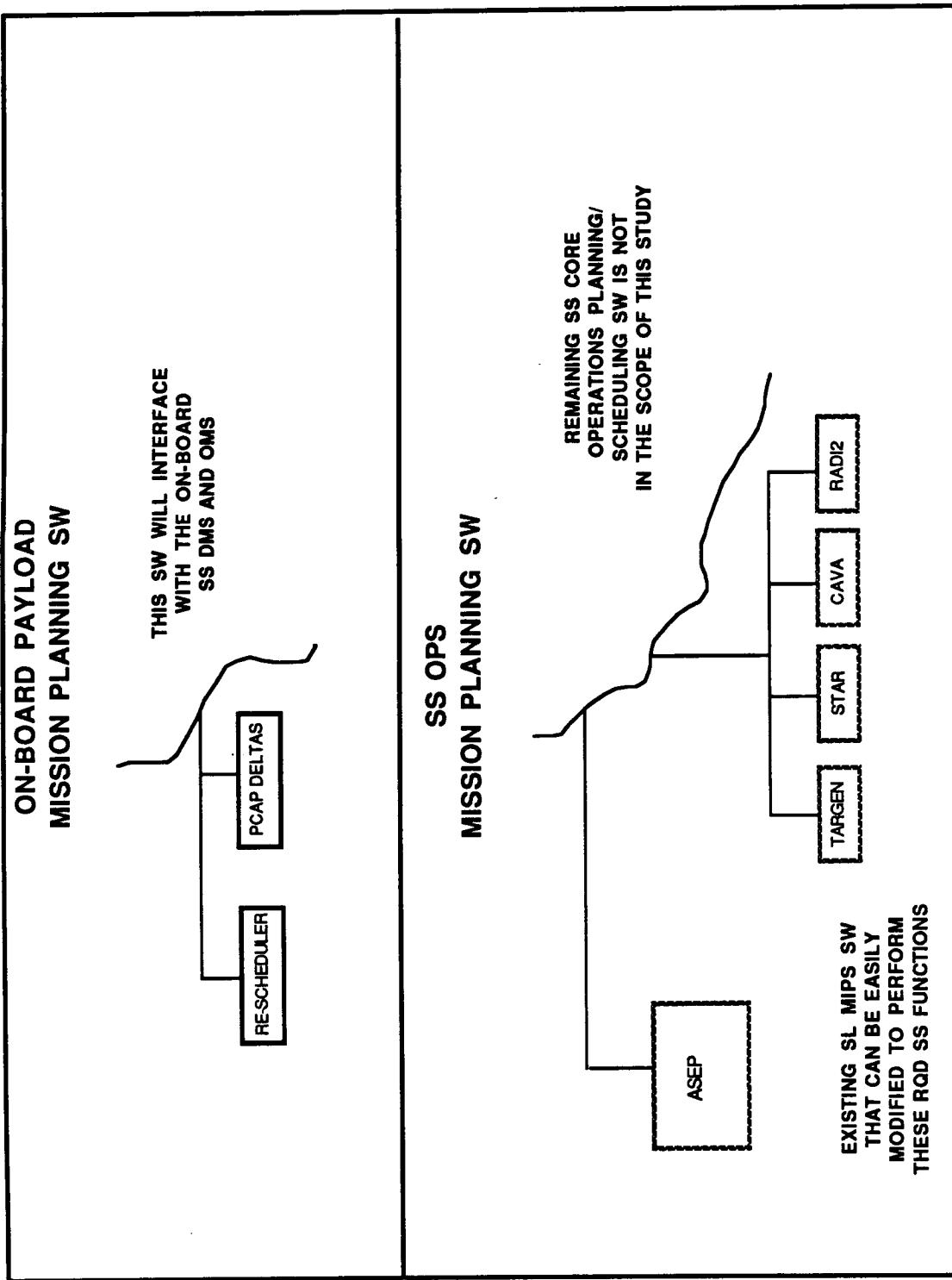


FIGURE 6.3-1b. SS MPS SW HIERARCHY

TABLE 6.3-1. SS MPS SOFTWARE SETS

<u>NEW SOFTWARE</u>	<u>MODIFIED SL MIPS SOFTWARE</u>
SET A - SPECIAL OBS OPPS EXECUTIVES TOP LEVEL ATMOS PHYS SOLAR EARTH SITE PLASMA PHYSICS CELESTIAL	SET I - TIMELINE ANALYSIS ESP PCAP PTS TAE VME
SET B - URDB I/F	SET J - ORBIT ANALYSIS ASEP ATMOS BORB CAVA ESAL ESDATA LTO RADI2 STAR TANRAY TARGEN
SET C - EDITOR EXECUTIVES MODEL EDITOR EXEC OBS OPPS EDITOR EXEC SCHEDULER EXEC	SET K - DATA FLOW ANALYSIS PROFILE MISSION WINDOWS ONBOARD RECORDER SCHEDULAR POSSIBLE FORMATS FORMAT SCHEDULAR POSSIBLE POCC CONFIGURATIONS POCC CONFIGURATION SCHEDULAR PLAYBACK SCHEDULAR INTERACTIVE DATA UPDATE SYSTEM VERIFICATION COMPARE TDRS COMPARE MODELS DATA MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST DATA SCHEDULE FILE ANTENNA DISPLAY IDMS LIBRARY
SET D - RE-SCHEDULER	
SET E - SYSTEM EXECUTIVES (PHASE I) USER MPS EXEC PLANNING CENTER MPS EXEC POIC MPS EXEC	
SET F - SYSTEM EXECUTIVES (PHASE II) USER MPS EXEC PLANNING CENTER MPS EXEC POIC MPS EXEC	
SET G - COMMAND PLANNER	
SET H - NEW TIMELINE ANALYSIS MODULES MDL EXTRACT MDL COMPARE TL COMPARE TL MERGE PCAP DELTAS SUMMARY PCAP	
SET L - OUTPUT PROCESSOR EXEC	

Table 6.3-2

SS MPS SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY			PAGE 1
SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
ASEP	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SL MPS DB.</p> <p>MODIFICATIONS CONSIST OF THE ADDITION OF A ROUTINE TO HANDLE DRAG ANALYTICALLY AND AN OPTION TO WRITE ASCN NODE, DTLD EPHEM AND GND TRCK DATA ON ONE LDF AND EARTH SHADOW ON AN O/O FILE. SHOULD BE SET UP TO PERIODICALLY ACCESS INPUT DATA AND PRODUCE OUTPUT FILES WITH MINIMUM MISSION PLANNERS INTERACTION.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: SOLAR ACTIVITY PROJECTIONS ACTUAL STATE VECTOR OUTPUT FILES: DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF EARTH SHADOW O/O</p>	<p>1 SS PROJECTED ORBIT EPHEMERIS GENERATION</p>
TARGEN	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SL MPS DB. IN THE SS MISSION PLANNING SYSTEM TARGEN WILL BE CALLED AT VARIOUS TIMES TO APPLY CONSTRAINTS AND PERFORM RQD SET THEORY OPERATIONS. MODIFICATIONS RQD WILL CONSIST PRIMARILY OF INTERFACES WITH THE VARIOUS SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES EXECUTIVES.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: ANY LIST DIRECTED FILE ANY O/O FILE OUTPUT FILES: ANY O/O FILE</p>	<p>2.1 GENERATE SUN RISE/SET 2.5 MERGE STANDARD ORBIT OBS OPS 3.1.3 COMPUTE TERMINATOR TARGETS 3.1.4 COMBINE CONSTRS AND APPLY FILE MERGE OPS 3.2.2 COMBINE CONSTRS TO DEFINE SOLAR OBS OPS 3.3.4 APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH SITE OBS OPS 3.4.5 APPLY CONSTRAINTS AND MERGE OPS 3.5.4 MERGE CELESTIAL OBS OPS FILES 3.6 MERGE OBS OPS FILES</p>
STAR	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SL MPS DB-ADDITIONS/MODIFICATIONS WILL BE TO READ DTLD ORBIT PARAMS FILE INSTEAD OF AN ASCN NODE FILE. PROGRAM WILL ALSO GENERATE SEPARATE NIGHT AND NON-NIGHT CELESTIAL OBS DEFN AND OBS OPS FILES. CAPABILITY MUST BE PROVIDED TO ENTER DEFNS AND CONSTRAINTS INTERACTIVELY THROUGH THE CELESTIAL OBS OPS EXECUTIVE.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF OUTPUT FILES: MOON RISE/SET O/O CEL OBS DEFNS NDF CEL OBS AC/LOSS O/O</p>	<p>2.2 GENERATE MOON RISE/SET 3.5.1 DEVELOP CELESTIAL OBS DEFNS 3.5.2 GENERATE STELLAR OBS AC/LOS</p>

SS MPS SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY			PAGE 2
SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
CAVA	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB-A LARGE PORTION OF SL MIPS CAVA IS DEVOTED TO HANDLING MANEUVER AND ATTLS WHICH WILL NOT BE RQD FOR SS. THE ROUTINES APPLICABLE TO TRAJECTORY DATA, SENSOR DATA, TARGET DATA, SENSOR TARGET VISIBILITY, OCCULTATION AND FILE MGMT CAN BE USED WITH MODIFICATIONS AND A MODIFIED DRIVER. INPUT FILES: DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF OUTPUT FILES: TDRS ACLOS O/O FILE	2.3 GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE
RADI2	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB-MUST READ DTLD ORBIT PARAMS FILE INSTEAD OF DTLD EPHemeris. INPUT FILES: DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF OUTPUT FILES: RAD ENVIR LDF	2.4 GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT
TANRAY	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB-MUST READ DTLD ORBIT PARAMS FILE INSTEAD OF MANUALLY INPUT STATE VECTOR INPUT FILES: DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF OUTPUT FILES: TANRAY EPHEM LDF.	3.1.1 COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM SS TO SUN LINE OF SITE TO EARTH SURFACE. COMPUTE SUN RISE/SET HISTORY.
LTO	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB. IN THE SS MISSION PLANNING SYSTEM LTO WILL BE CALLED AT VARIOUS TIMES TO APPLY ACCEPTANCE CONDITIONS TO A LDF AND PRODUCE AN O/O FILE. MODIFICATIONS RQD WILL CONSIST PRIMARILY OF INTERFACES WITH THE VARIOUS SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES EXECUTIVES. INPUT FILES: ANY LIST DIRECTED FILE OUTPUT FILES: AN O/O FILE	3.1.2 DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRS TO ATMOS PHYS OBS PERIODS 3.2.1 DEVELOP SUN ELEV CONSTRS FOR SOLAR OBS PERIODS 3.3.3 DEVELOP/APPLY EARTH OBS OPS CONSTRS 3.4.3 DEVLP/APPLY CONSTRS TO BORB PARAMS 3.4.4 GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPS 3.5.3 IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRS
ATMOS	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB-WILL READ DTLD ORBIT PARAMS FILE INSTEAD OF ASCN NODE LDF AND EARTH SHADOW O/O FILES. CAPABILITY TO HANDLE VARIABLE ATTITUDES IS NO LONGER NEEDED. MODIFICATIONS RQD WILL CONSIST PRIMARILY OF INTERFACES WITH THE VARIOUS SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES EXECUTIVES. INPUT FILES: DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF OUTPUT FILES: SUN AZ/ELEV LDF	3.1.5 COMPUTE SUN AZ/ELEV FM SS WRT SUN RISE/SET EVENTS

SS MPS SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
ATMOS PHYS EXEC	NEW	<p>EXPERT SYSTEM EXECUTIVE THAT AIDS THE USER/MSN PLANNER IN DEFINING ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES. SYSTEM MUST PROVIDE A USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE WITH ON-LINE HELP AND EXPLANATION FEATURES. THIS EXECUTIVE SHALL SELECT AND SEQUENCE THE APPLICABLE CALCULATION ROUTINES (TANRAY, LTO, TARGEN, ATMOS). ACTUAL ROUTINE CALLS SHALL BE TRANSPARENT TO THE USER. THE USER SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH A "GENERIC" SET OF INPUT DEFAULT VALUES THAT ARE CONSTANTLY UPDATED BASED ON USER INPUTS TO OTHER FIELDS. THIS PROVIDES A WORKING MODEL OF USER OBS OPS REQUIREMENTS REGARDLESS OF THE AMOUNT OF USER DEFINITION. THE EXECUTIVE SHALL HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO RECOGNIZE REQUESTS OUTSIDE ITS CURRENT KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN AND REQUEST ASSISTANCE FROM THE USER OPERATOR.</p>	3.1.6 EXEC FOR ATMOS PHYS OBS OPS
ESDAT	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SL MIPS DB-GND SITE DEFNS WILL BE INPUT THROUGH EARTH SITE EXECUTIVE.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: NONE</p> <p>OUTPUT FILES: SITE AC/LOS O/O</p>	3.3.1 CREATE EARTH SITE DEFN FILE
ESAL	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SL MIPS DB-WILL READ DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF INSTEAD OF ASCH NODE.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: SITE DEFNS NDF</p> <p>OUTPUT FILES: SITE AC/LOS O/O</p>	3.3.2 GENERATE AREA SITE AC/LOS

SS MPS SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY			PAGE 4
SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
EARTH SITE EXEC	NEW	EXPERT SYSTEM EXECUTIVE THAT AIDS THE USER/MSN PLANNER IN DEFINING EARTH SITE OBSERVATION ROUTINES AND CALCULATING OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES. SYSTEM MUST PROVIDE A USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE WITH ON-LINE HELP AND ALSO INTERFACE WITH THE APPLICABLE CALCULATION ROUTINES (ESDATA, ESAL, LTO, TARGET, TAE). ACTUAL ROUTINE CALLS SHALL BE AS TRANSPARENT AS POSSIBLE TO THE USER. THIS EXEC CONTAINS FEATURES IDENTICAL TO THE ATMOS PHYS. EXECUTIVE.	3.3.6 EXEC FOR EARTH SITE OBS OPS
TAE	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB- STATISTICAL ANALYSIS ROUTINE WILL BE CALLED BY ORBITAL ANALYSIS EXECUTIVE PROGRAMS. O/O FILES WILL NOT BE REFORMATTED AND BUILDING NEW SUBJECTS AND EDITING DATA WILL BE DONE IN THE O/O FILE FORMAT. MUST ALSO BE MODIFIED TO EXTRACT USER TIME PREFERENCES DIRECTLY FROM THE URDB. INPUT FILES: MSN OBS OPS O/O OR URDB OUTPUT FILES: MSN OBS OPS O/O	3.3.5 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF OBS OPS 3.4.6 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF OBS OPS 3.5.5 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF OBS OPS 5.1.1 EXTRACT USR TIME PREFERENCES 5.1.2 BUILD NEW SUBJECTS IF RQD 5.1.3 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF OBS OPS 5.1.4 OBS OPS DATA EDITING 8.1.1 EXTRACT USR TIME PREFERENCES 8.1.2 BUILD NEW SUBJECTS IF RQD 8.1.3 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF OBS OPS 8.1.4 OBS OPS DATA EDITING
BORB	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB-MODIFIED TO READ DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF INSTEAD OF ASCN NODE FILE. CAPABILITY TO HANDLE ATT TLO O FILE IS NO LONGER REQUIRED. PROGRAM WILL BE DRIVEN BY PLASMA PHYS EXECUTIVE. INPUT FILES:DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF OUTPUT FILES: BORB PARAMS LDF	3.4.1 COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN SS BODY COORD SYS 3.4.2 DEVELOP PLASMA PHYSICS OBS DFNS

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK	
PLASMA PHYS EXEC	NEW	EXPERT SYSTEM EXECUTIVE THAT AIDS THE USER/MSN PLANNER IN DEFINING PLASMA PHYS OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES. SYSTEM MUST PROVIDE A USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE WITH ON-LINE HELP AND ALSO INTERFACE WITH THE APPLICABLE CALCULATION ROUTINES (BORB, LTO, TARGEN, TAE). ACTUAL ROUTINE CALLS SHALL BE AS TRANSPARENT AS POSSIBLE TO THE USER. THIS EXECUTIVE HAS FEATURES IDENTICAL TO THE ATMOS PHYSICS EXECUTIVE.	3.4.2 DEVELOP PLASMA PHYSICS OBS DEFNS 3.4.7 EXEC FOR PLASMA PHYS OBS OPNS	
CELEST-IAL EXEC	NEW	EXPERT SYSTEM EXECUTIVE THAT AIDS THE USER/MSN PLANNER IN DEFINING CELESTIAL OBSERVATION RQMTS AND CALCULATING OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES. SYSTEM MUST PROVIDE A USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE WITH ON-LINE HELP AND ALSO INTERFACE WITH THE APPLICABLE CALCULATION ROUTINES (STAR, TARGEN, LTO, TAE). ACTUAL ROUTINE CALLS SHALL BE AS TRANSPARENT AS POSSIBLE TO THE USER. THIS EXECUTIVE HAS FEATURES IDENTICAL TO THE ATMOS PHYSICS EXECUTIVE.	3.5.6 EXEC FOR STELLAR OBS OPNS	
VME	MODIFIED	SEE SL MIPS DB-INTERFACE MUST BE MODIFIED FOR COMPATIBILITY WITH MODEL EDITOR EXECUTIVE. INPUT FILES: USER MDL'S SS OPS CONSTRS DB OUTPUT FILES: ESS MODELS	5.2.3 EDIT USER MSN TL MODELS 5.2.4 BUILD CREW CYCLE SYSTEM MODELS 8.2.3 EDIT USER MSN TL MODELS 8.2.4 BUILD CREW CYCLE SYSTEM MODELS 7.3 ASSIGN USER RSC ENV ALLOCS	

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
OBS OPS EDITOR EXEC	NEW	EXPERT SYSTEM EXECUTIVE THAT GUIDES THE USERMISSION PLANNER IN BUILDING SPECIAL OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES. ALLOWS USER TO INPUT REQUIRED OPERATING TIMES THAT ARE A RESULT OF SOMETHING OTHER THAN AN ORBITAL OPPORTUNITY. MUST INTERFACE WITH TAE ROUTINE THAT BUILDS NEW SUBJECTS. THE EXECUTIVE MUST HAVE THE ABILITY TO CONSTRUCT A VALID OBS OPS SUBJECT IF REQUIRED, AND EXPLAIN THE PROCESS TO THE MISSION PLANNER. IT SHOULD BE CAPABLE OF ACTIVATING THE STATISTICAL ANALYSIS ROUTINE AND ASSESSING THE RESULTS FOR CONFIDENCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE OUTPUT WINDOW OF OBS OPS.	5.1.5 OBS OPS EDITOR EXEC 8.1.5 OBS OPS EDITOR EXEC
MODEL EDITOR EXEC	NEW	EXPERT SYSTEM TO AID MISSION PLANNERS IN DEVELOPING MISSION TIMELINE MODELS. MUST PROVIDE INTERFACE WITH VME. THE EXECUTIVE SHOULD PERFORM ALL SOFTWARE MODULE SELECTION AND SEQUENCING AND PROVIDE GUIDELINES AND DEFAULT EXAMPLES FOR CONSTRUCTING TIMELINE MODELS. IT SHOULD MONITOR ALL TL MODELS FOR INTERNAL CONSISTENCY AND CONSTRAINTS. AN EXPLANATORY, USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE SHOULD BE PROVIDED.	5.2.5 MODEL EDITOR EXECUTIVE 8.2.5 MODEL EDITOR EXECUTIVE
MDL EXTRACT	NEW	INTERFACE WITH THE USER REQUIREMENTS DATA BASE AND EXTRACT THE APPROPRIATE USER TL MODELS DATA INPUT FILES: URDB OUTPUT FILES: USER MODELS	5.2.1 EXTRACT USER TL MDLS FROM DB 8.2.1 EXTRACT USER TL MDLS FROM DB
MDL COMPARE	NEW	VERIFY COMPATIBILITY OF USER MODELS WITH USER RESOURCE ALLOCATIONS. INPUT FILES: USER MODELS USER RSC ENV ALLOCS OUTPUT FILES: USER MODELS	5.2.2 VERIFY COMPATIBILITY 8.2.2 VERIFY COMPATIBILITY

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
SCHEDULER EXEC	NEW	<p>EXPERT SYSTEM EXECUTIVE THAT WILL GUIDE MISSION PLANNING CENTERS AND PAYLOAD INTEGRATION CENTER IN USE OF ALL SCHEDULING SW MODULES. MAJOR MODULES WILL CONSIST OF A REVISED VERSION OF ESP, A NEW EXPERT RE-SCHEDULER AND VARIOUS UTILITY ROUTINES TO ALLOW COMBINING SCHEDULES, COMPARING SCHEDULES, AND GENERATING INTERFACE FILES ETC. MODULES AND UTILITY ROUTINES CURRENTLY IDENTIFIED ARE DISCUSSED INDIVIDUALLY. THE EXECUTIVE SHOULD MONITOR ALL I/O FOR CONSISTENCY AND INTERMODULE CONSTRAINTS. IT SHOULD BE CAPABLE OF PERFORMING CONFIDENCE ASSESSMENTS (E.G. 95%) OF ALL THE OUTPUT REQUIREMENTS AND IDENTIFY INPUTS THAT ARE NOT STRONGLY SUPPORTED BY THE CURRENT KNOWLEDGE BASE.</p>	<p>5.3.5 SCHEDULER EXECUTIVE 8.3.5 SCHEDULER EXECUTIVE</p>	<p>5.3.1 SCHED CREW CYCLE, SYSTEM MODELS 5.3.2 SCHED USER OPERATIONS 5.3.4 GENERATE OUTPUT 6.2 VFY COMPATIBILITY, IDENTIFY DEVIATIONS 6.4 EXTRACT RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS 8.3.1 SCHED CREW CYCLE, SYSTEM MODELS 8.3.2 SCHED USER OPERATIONS 8.3.4 GENERATE OUTPUT 9.3 VERIFY COMPATIBILITY WITH SS OPS 9.4 IDENTIFY CONFLICTS ACROSS PLNG CTRS 9.6 GENERATE INTGD PLD TOP 10 GENERATE USER ACTIVITY PLANS 11.3 VERIFY RSC AND OPS CONSTRS CONFLICTS 11.5 GEN PLNG CTR ACT PLAN 12.3 PERFORM INTEGRATED RSC CHECK/IDENTIFY CONFLICTS 12.5 GENERATE INTGD PYLD ACT PLAN</p>
ESP	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SLMIPS DB THE BASIC SCHEDULING PROCESS IS THE SAME AS SLMIPS ESP. THE CORE OF THE SCHEDULER SHOULD REQUIRE ONLY MINOR MODIFICATIONS. ADDITIONS/MODIFICATIONS WILL EXIST PRIMARILY IN THE AREAS OF INTERFACE FILES WITH THE ES RE-SCHEDULER AND THE OVERALL SCHEDULER EXECUTIVE. INPUT FILES: MSN OBS OPS O/O ESS MODELS RESOURCE ALLOCS FILE(PLNG CTR BASIS OR PLD INTEG CTR BASIS) OUTPUT FILES: PLNG CTR GROSS USER OPS PLNG CTR CREW ACT PLANS INHB/CONSTR RQMTS SCHDL USER RSC ALLOCS INTEG PLD CNSLDTD SCHDL</p>		

SS MPS SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY				PAGE 8
SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK	
TL COMPARE	NEW	<p>UTILITY ROUTINE THAT WILL COMPARE--AND IDENTIFY DEVIATIONS-A RESOURCE ALLOCATIONS PROFILE WITH A SCHEDULE THAT WAS DEVELOPED TO FIT WITHIN THOSE ALLOCATIONS FOR VERIFICATION PURPOSES. MUST INTERFACE UPWARDS WITH THE SCHEDULER EXECUTIVE</p> <p>INPUT FILES: RESOURCE ALLOCATION FILES ESS TL FILES USERS OR PLNG CTRS)</p> <p>OUTPUT FILES: VERIFIED ESS TL FILES WITH DEVIATIONS</p>	7.1 COMPARE, IDENTIFY DEVIATIONS 9.1 VERIFY COMPATIBILITY, IDENTIFY DEVIATIONS 11.1 VERIFY COMPATIBILITY, IDENTIFY DEVIATIONS 12.1 VERIFY COMPATIBILITY, IDENTIFY DEVIATIONS	
TL MERGE	NEW	<p>UTILITY ROUTINE THAT WILL CONSOLIDATE VERIFIED SCHEDULES/TIMELINES INTO AN INTEGRATED SCHEDULE OF THE ESS FORMAT. MUST INTERFACE UPWARDS WITH THE SCHEDULER EXECUTIVE</p> <p>INPUT FILES: ESS TL FILES</p> <p>OUTPUT FILES: CONSOLIDATED ESS TL FILES</p>	6.1 CONSOLIDATE REQUIREMENTS 9.2 CONSOLIDATE PLANNING CTR TOPS 11.2 CONSOLIDATE USER ACT PLANS 12.2 CONSOLIDATE PLNG CTR ACT PLANS	
CMD PLANNER	NEW	<p>USER FRIENDLY EDITOR TO GUIDE/ASSIST USERS IN BUILDING USER SPECIFIC COMMAND LISTS COMPLETE WITH DELTA TIMES. ALSO TAKES ACTIVITY PLANS AS INPUT AND TIMETAGS COMMAND LISTS WITH ABSOLUTE TIMES. THE EXECUTIVE SHOULD RELY ON INPUT FROM THE URDB TO ASSEMBLE RECOMMENDED COMMAND SEQUENCES BASED ON CONSTRAINTS AND THE CURRENT EXPERIENCE BASE. IT SHOULD ALSO BE ABLE TO PERFORM REORGANIZATION OF GROUPS OF COMMANDS BASED ON USER INPUTS.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: URDB USER ACTIVITY PLANS DB</p> <p>OUTPUT FILES: USER CMD PLANS DB</p>	13.1 CREATE COMMAND LIST 13.2 PRODUCE TIMETAGS 13.3 GENERATE CMD TL OUTPUT	

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
RE-SCHEDULER	NEW	<p>THIS MODULE IS AN EXPERT SYSTEM THAT WILL TAKE A SCHEDULE/TIMELINE GENERATED BY ESP AND ALLOW RE-SCHEDULING OF OPERATIONS TO REFINE THE ORIGINAL PAYLOAD INTEGRATION OR ALLOW ON-BOARD RE-SCHEDULING BY THE CREW. THIS MODULE WILL READ AN ESS FORMATED TIMELINE, AID THE OPERATOR IN RE-SCHEDULING OPERATIONS AND CREATE AN OUTPUT FILE IN THE ESS FORMAT. PLANNET AND MAESTRO ARE POTENTIAL BASELINE MODELS FOR THIS MODULE. SINCE PLANS ARE FOR ONE VERSION OF THIS MODULE TO RESIDE ON-BOARD THE SS ROMT THAT ALL FLIGHT SW BE WRITTEN IN ADA MUST BE CONSIDERED.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: ESS TL FILES ESS MODEL FILES OUTPUT FILES: UPDTD ESS TL FILES</p>	5.3.3 RE-SCHEDULE USER OPS(ES) 8.3.3 RE-SCHEDULE USER OPS(ES) 9.5 RE-SCHEDULE USER OPS TO ELIMINATE CONFLICTS BETWEEN PLNG CTRS 11.4 RE-SCHEDULE OPS TO ELIMINATE CONFLICTS BETWEEN USERS 12.4 RE-SCHEDULE OPS TO ELIMINATE CONFLICTS BETWEEN PLNG CTRS 15.1 ON-BOARD RE-SCHEDULING
PCAP	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SL MIPS DB- SS OPERATIONS MAY IMPOSE NEW RQMTS ON THE LAYOUT OF THE PCAP CHARTS. INTERFACE FILES WILL BE SOMEWHAT DIFFERENT AND HARDCOPY OUTPUT WILL BE OPTIONAL.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: CREW PRODRS DB ESS MODELS FILE PLNG CTR USER OPS MSN OBS OPPS O/O OUTPUT FILES: PCAP CHARTS FILE NOTES FILE PROCEDURES FILE</p>	11.6.1 GENERATE PCAP CHARTS
PTS	MODIFIED	<p>SEE SL MIPS DB- SS OPERATIONS MAY IMPOSE NEW RQMTS ON THE LAYOUT OF THE PTS CHARTS. INTERFACE FILES WILL BE SOMEWHAT DIFFERENT AND HARDCOPY OUTPUT WILL BE OPTIONAL.</p> <p>INPUT FILES: PLNG CTR CREW ACT PLANS DTLD ORBIT PARAMS LDF INHB/CONSTR RQMTS PLNG CTR USER OPS MSN OBS OPPS O/O OUTPUT FILES: PTS CHARTS FILE</p>	11.6.2 GENERATE PTS CHARTS

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK	
SUMMARY PCAP	NEW	PROGRAM THAT WILL GENERATE A SUMMARY PCAP FROM THE CONSOLIDATED PAYLOAD OPERATIONS SCHEDULE AND THE DETAILED PLANNING CENTER DAILY PCAPS. INPUT FILES: DTLD PLNG CTR DAILY PCAP CNSLDTD PYLD ESS TL FILE OUTPUT FILES: PYLD SUMRY PCAP	12.6 GENERATE INTEGRATED PAYLOAD SUMMARY PCAP	
POAP DELTAS	NEW	ON-BOARD SW THAT WILL, AFTER CREW CHANGES ARE MADE TO THE INDIVIDUAL PLANNING CENTER TIMELINES, MODIFY THE EXISTING ON-BOARD PCAP, SEND THE UPDATED PCAP TO THE ON-BOARD SS ACTIVITY PLANS DATA BASE AND DOWNLOAD A DELTAS FILE THAT WILL ALLOW GROUND PERSONNEL TO UPDATE THEIR VERSION OF THE PCAP. INPUT FILES: PLNG CTR DTLD DAILY PCAP ESS TL FILE OUTPUT FILES: UPDTD PLNG CTR DTLD PCAP PLNG CTR DTLD PCAP DELTAS PYLD SUMRY PCAP	15.2 UPDATE PLNG CTR DTLD PCAP	
PLNG CTR MISSION PLNG EXEC	NEW		PHASE I: A HIGH LEVEL EXECUTIVE WHICH PROVIDES MISSION PLANNING PERSONNEL A STANDARDIZED SYSTEM FOR USE OF LOWER LEVEL EXECUTIVES AND CALCULATION ROUTINES AS WELL AS PROVIDING A FILE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM. THE NATURAL LANGUAGE INTERFACE DESCRIBED IN THE USER PLANNING EXECUTIVE WILL BE AVAILABLE WITH A VOCABULARY TAILORED TO THE PLANNING CENTER APPLICATIONS. PHASE II: CAPABILITY WILL BE PROVIDED SUCH THAT LOGIC MAY BE ENCODED IN SUBFUNCTIONS 5, 7, 8 AND 10 OF PLANNING CYCLES A, B, AND C AND USED AS AN ADVISOR IN SUBFUNCTIONS 8 AND 10 OF THE REPLANNING CYCLE D.	

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
PYLD OPS INTEG. CTR MSN PLNG EXEC	NEW	<p>PHASE I: A HIGH LEVEL EXECUTIVE WHICH PROVIDES MISSION PLANNING PERSONNEL A STANDARDIZED SYSTEM FOR USE OF LOWER LEVEL EXECUTIVES AND CALCULATION ROUTINES AS WELL AS PROVIDING A FILE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM, SIMILAR TO THE PLNG CTR VERSION.</p> <p>PHASE II: CAPABILITY WILL BE PROVIDED SO THAT LOGIC MAY BE ENCODED DURING SUBFUNCTIONS 6, 9, 11, AND 12 OF PLANNING CYCLES A, B, C AND USED AS AN ADVISOR IN SUBFUNCTIONS 6, 11, AND 12 OF THE REPLANNING CYCLE D.</p>	<p>3.7 TOP LEVEL SPECIAL OBS OPS EXECUTIVE</p> <p>3.8 EXTRACT USER OBS OPS RQMTS DATA</p>
SPECIAL OBS OPS EXEC	NEW	<p>A HIGH LEVEL EXECUTIVE THAT INTERFACES UPWARDS TO THE USER AND PLANNING CENTER MISSION PLANNING EXECUTIVES AND DOWNWARD TO THE INDIVIDUAL DISCIPLINE OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES EXECUTIVES. THE BASIC FUNCTION IS TO IDENTIFY THE APPLICABLE DISCIPLINE(S) IMPLIED BY THE USER INPUT OBS OPS DEFINITIONS. THE APPLICABLE DISCIPLINE EXECUTIVES ARE ACTIVATED TO PROVIDE THE DETAILED OBS OPS DEFINITION. OTHER MODULES ARE POLLED TO IDENTIFY ANY POSSIBLE CONSTRAINTS. THE EXECUTIVE SHALL PROVIDE A USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE WITH BUILT IN TRAINING AND EXPLANATION FEATURES. IT SHALL BE ABLE TO ORGANIZE AND MANIPULATE THE OBS OPS SETS FOR BEST FIT EVALUATIONS BY THE USER. IT SHALL BE ABLE TO TAG SELECTED SETS FOR LATER RECALL BY THE MISSION PLANNER.</p>	

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
USER MSN PLNG EXEC	NEW	<p>PHASE I: A HIGH LEVEL EXECUTIVE THAT PROVIDES A USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE FOR SS USERS TO THE USER MISSION PLANNING SOFTWARE RESIDENT AT THE PLANNING CENTERS. THE EXECUTIVE WILL PROVIDE CURRENT MISSION INCREMENT INFORMATION SUCH AS DATES/TIMES WHEN USER RQMTS/DETAILED SCHEDULES MUST BE COMPLETED, A GENERAL OVERVIEW OF THE MISSION PLANNING PROCESS AND PROVIDE A HIGH LEVEL GUIDE TO THE USE OF THE APPROPRIATE MISSION PLANNING SW MODULES.</p> <p>THE USER SHALL BE ABLE TO DIALOG WITH THE EXECUTIVE VIA A NATURAL LANGUAGE INTERFACE. THE EXECUTIVE MUST BE ABLE TO MAKE ASSUMPTIONS RELIABLY AND PERFORM CONSISTENCY AND CONSTRAINT CHECKING ON ALL USER INPUT/OUTPUT.</p> <p>IT MUST BE CAPABLE OF RECOGNIZING ITS KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN LIMITATIONS AND REQUESTING USER/OPERATOR ASSISTANCE WHEN REQUIRED.</p> <p>PHASE II: ADD THE CAPABILITY FOR THE EXECUTIVE TO EXTRACT THE REASONING BEHIND THE INPUT DECISIONS SPECIFIED BY THE USER. THESE REASONS WILL BE ENCODED AND MODELED FOR USE IN AN ADVISORY CAPACITY DURING THE MISSION REPLANNING CYCLE.</p>	

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SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
SOLAR EXEC	NEW	<p>EXPERT SYSTEM EXECUTIVE THAT AIDS THE USER/MSN PLANNER IN DEFINING SOLAR OBSERVATION REQUESTS AND CALCULATING OBSERVATION OPPORTUNITIES. SYSTEM MUST PROVIDE A USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE WITH ON-LINE HELP AND EXPLANATION FEATURES. THIS EXECUTIVE SHALL SELECT AND SEQUENCE THE APPLICABLE CALCULATION ROUTINES (LTO, TARGEN). ACTUAL ROUTINE CALLS SHALL BE TRANSPARENT TO THE USER. THE USER SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH A "GENERIC" SET OF INPUT DEFAULT VALUES THAT ARE CONSTANTLY UPDATED BASED ON USER INPUT TO OTHER FIELDS. THIS PROVIDES A WORKING MODEL OF USER/OBS OPS REQUIREMENTS REGARDLESS OF THE AMOUNT OF USER DEFINITION. THE EXECUTIVE SHALL HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO RECOGNIZE REQUESTS OUTSIDE ITS CURRENT KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN AND REQUEST ASSISTANCE FROM THE USER/OPERATOR.</p>	3.2.3 EXEC FOR SOLAR OBS OPS
OUTPUT PROCESS, OR EXEC	NEW	<p>EXECUTIVE PROGRAM THAT AIDS THE MISSION PLANNER IN THE USE OF THE PTS, PCAP, AND SUMMARY PCAP PROGRAMS. MUST INTERFACE UPWARDS WITH THE PLANNING CENTER AND PAYLOAD OPERATIONS INTEGRATION CENTER SYSTEM EXECUTIVES.</p>	

SS MPS SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY			PAGE 14
SW MODULE NAME	NEW OR MODIFIED	SW MODULE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	APPLICABLE SUBFUNCTION/TASK
URDB I/F	NEW	EXPERT SYSTEM THAT GUIDES/PROMPTS USERS IN ENTERING FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS INTO THE DATA BASE TO PROVIDE MISSION PLANNERS THE APPROPRIATE INFORMATION FOR PLANNING AND SCHEDULING. THE SYSTEM SHOULD ALLOW INTERACTIVE FORM EDITING BY THE USER WITH ON-LINE HELP, DATA ENTRY RULES AND MEANINGFUL DEFAULT VALUES. THE TYPES OF REQUIREMENTS TO BE INCLUDED ARE; RQD RESOURCE VECTORS (POWER, CREW, THERMAL, DATA, ETC.); RQD OBSERVATIONS DEFINITIONS; OPERATIONAL CONSTRAINTS (INHIBITS, ETC.); SEQUENCING, CONCURRENCY POINTS; AND MIN/MAX # OF PERFORMANCES, DURATIONS. THE DB INTERFACE MUST PROVIDE THE CAPABILITY TO RECOGNIZE REQUESTS/INPUTS OUTSIDE OF ITS KNOWLEDGE DOMAIN AND REQUEST HUMAN EXPERT ASSISTANCE WHEN KNOWLEDGE BASE IS INADEQUATE. THE SYSTEM SHOULD BE ABLE TO INTELLIGENTLY UPGRADE DEFAULT VALUES BASED UPON LATEST INPUT DATA FROM USER. THE SYSTEM SHOULD GENERALIZE LOWER LEVEL DETAILS INTO UPPER LEVEL REQUIREMENTS. ALL REQUIREMENTS SHOULD BE CHECKED FOR CONSTRAINTS IN ALL SIX DISCIPLINES. OUTPUT REQUIREMENTS SHALL HAVE ALL ASSUMPTIONS NOTED AND CONFIDENCE FACTORS (E.G. 90%) ASSIGNED.	4 USER REQUIREMENTS DATA BASE IF

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Section 7

TASK 4 - INVESTIGATE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE APPLICATIONS

7.1 ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The objectives of this task were to:

- (1) Define AI techniques that could be applied to SS MPS tasks.
- (2) Identify and evaluate all tasks that could use the AI techniques.
- (3) Recommend a methodology for implementation of the identified AI tasks.

These objectives were accomplished as illustrated in Figure 7.1-1. Two areas of effort contributed to accomplishment of the objectives specified above. The first effort was to conduct a survey of the current AI technology. The second effort was to compile a list of desired criteria for an AI software development program. Both efforts increased the quality and scope of the recommended hardware and software methodology.

7.2 DEFINITION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Artificial Intelligence is the emulation of human intelligence and thought processes by computational models. It is the branch of Computer Science concerned with designing intelligent computer systems that exhibit the characteristics associated with intelligence in human behavior - reasoning, understanding language, solving problems, etc.

Expert systems are AI programs that are designed to execute a highly specialized and difficult task with the proficiency of a human expert. They employ domain-specific problem-solving strategies as opposed to broad, general-purpose strategies.

7.3 SURVEY OF AI TECHNOLOGY

A limited survey was conducted of the efforts of various companies and Government agencies to summarize the type of problems that were being solved with AI techniques and the degree of success in their performance. Three areas of the technology were addressed: expert systems, natural language interfaces, and automatic programming. Expert systems were categorized into training and instruction, trending and prediction, design and configuration, information and data interpretation, and planning and scheduling.

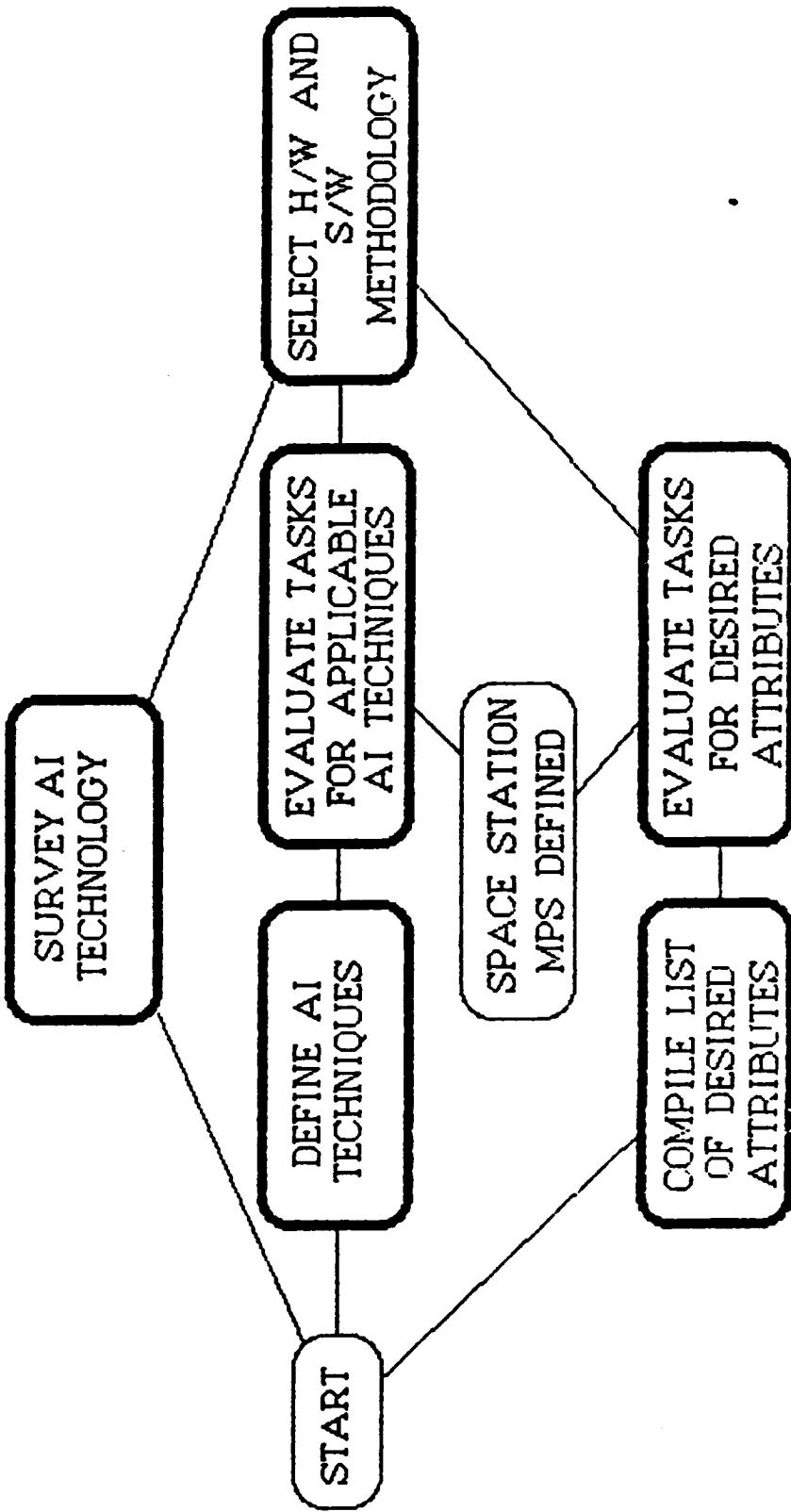
7.3.1 Expert Systems

7.3.1.1 Training and Instruction

The Army Missile Command Research and Development Center successfully deployed an expert system to train operators in the use of an air defense system. It was prototyped with a commercially available expert system tool on an IBM PC and then ported to a larger mainframe. The system performs off-line simulations to improve operator proficiency and provide advisory functions during actual real-time situations.

FIGURE 7.1-1

TASK 4 FLOW CHART



7.3.1.2 Trending and Prediction

The KNOMES system designed by MDAC-Huntington Beach is a hierarchical object-oriented program that performs fault isolation, correction and prediction. It is implemented in ADA on the VAX and has been tested on the SS Data Management System test bed at NASA JSC.

The Systems Autonomy Demonstration Program funded by NASA Ames Research Center has designed several subsystems using autonomous control modules.

Autonomous control is the goal of the NASA Goddard Research Center in designing controllers for the Space Station power distribution system.

The Navigation Subsystem Technical Assistant, designed by Boeing Seattle for the USAF, monitors GNC data and provides recommended actions to the human operator. It was implemented in prototype on an IBM PC using the Personal Consultant shell from Texas Instruments.

The STALEX system designed by NASA JSC performs launch window selection given the many time-dependent factors of orbital mechanics and ground tracking site availabilities.

7.3.1.3 Design and Configuration

The most renowned configuration expert system in the industry is Digital Equipment Corporation's XCON, formerly called R1. It is implemented in OPS5 on the VAX. XCON specifies a detailed computer hardware configuration, including integration and test instructions, from an input of customer requirements.

The KATE system from NASA KSC is currently being prototyped to capture the design knowledge of the existing LES expert system. LES allows the generator to access all electrical schematics of the LOX fueling system of the Shuttle. The KATE system will allow a higher level of user interface to this data base and promote faster electrical redesign. KATE is being implemented on IBM PC/AT's.

The HICLASS system from Hughes Aircraft is tailored to CAD/CAM applications. It was originally coded in FORTRAN and SPL, later converted to PASCAL running on the HP 3000. It has lately been re-coded into C on the Apollo workstations under the Unix operating system.

7.3.1.4 Information and Data Interpretation

The EAGLE system, developed at INCO (a MDAC subsidiary), processes large quantities of numerical and qualitative data to provide advisory information to Air Force operators in the NORAD system. The initial prototype was implemented in LISP using KEE on the Symbolics machine.

The XSEL system in use at DEC is the front end processor for the XCON system mentioned above. It interprets multiformat input data from the customer and outputs standardized configuration requirements.

7.3.1.5 Planning and Scheduling

The KNOMES system from MDAC-HB includes several expert system routines devoted to planning and scheduling for the Space Station.

The MARS system, formerly PLANNET, from MDAC-Kennedy Space Center Division, has been implemented in several prototypes to schedule Shuttle payload integration operations for the entire O&C building. It is implemented in LISP on a Symbolics machine.

The PLAN-IT system from NASA JPL was derived from Voyager mission experiment scheduling. Modules applicable to Spacelab mission planning to are currently being sought. PLAN-IT is implemented in LISP on a Symbolics machine.

The MAESTRO system for Martin Marietta Corporation addresses the problem of experiment scheduling for the Space Station. It is implemented in LISP on a Symbolics machine.

The Space Station Expert System from Lockheed in Houston is a scheduling system prototype to provide on-board advice to operators for reconfiguring resources to meet a hazardous or unexpected event.

7.3.2 Natural Language Interfaces

Intellect, from Artificial Intelligence Corporation, was one of the first NLI's available for information retrieval from existing data bases in finance, businesses and marketing. Lifer is a follow up to the Intellect tool. It facilitates queries to conventional data bases.

Language Craft is a tool available from Tecknowledge. It is implemented on the Symbolics machine.

Chat-80 is a NLI developed at Stanford and marketed by SRI. It is implemented in Prolog on the Symbolics machine.

Savvy is a tool from a MDAC subsidiary that is implemented on an IBM PC/XT.

7.3.3 Automatic Programming

The ABE system, being developed by Technowledge for DARPA, is a comprehensive attempt to gather an assortment of existing AI tools, languages and techniques, and to develop a system that will allow an operator to assemble expert systems at a high level. The languages contained thus far are: Common LISP, MRS, Knowledge Craft and S1. The logic frameworks include: Blackboards, Data Flow Paths, Intermodule Transaction, and Data Importer. The total system is still in a prototype phase.

7.4 ASSUMPTIONS PRIOR TO CANDIDATE EVALUATION

Experience gained from the early phases of the project allowed several assumptions to be made prior to evaluation of the SS MPS candidates.

7.4.1 ADA Software

It is assumed that all new non-AI mission planning software tasks will be coded in ADA for compatibility with Space Station program requirements.

All AI techniques can be implemented in LISP, PROLOG or ADA. LISP and PROLOG have only a few advantages over ADA, as explained in subsection 7.7 below.

7.4.2 Specialized AI Hardware

If specialized AI hardware is required, assume a Symbolics architecture. LISP and PROLOG are not viable languages unless executed on specialized AI processors. Symbolics is the best processor currently on the market.

The execution of LISP on coprocessor boards installed in conventional computers is not considered; however, their emergence on the market is imminent.

7.4.3 Conventional Hardware

Assume a DEC VAX architecture for all ADA software implementations.

7.4.4 Candidate Evaluation Criteria

The criteria for candidate evaluation are not discrete. They are frequently interrelated.

The criteria are qualitative rather than quantitative. Also, not all criteria are of equal importance.

The evaluation of each software set against the criteria is subjective. The evaluation is highly dependent on definitive information about AI techniques and Space Station operations concepts.

7.5 DESIRED ATTRIBUTES OF MPS TASKS

This list of desired attributes is based upon industry accepted standards for a software development project. Several attributes have been added or modified to tailor them to software projects employing AI techniques.

The desired attributes for candidate MPS tasks are shown in Figure 7.5-1. Each software set received a "+" if the set contained the desired attribute and a "-" if the attribute was missing and could cause potential problems in the implementation of the task.

7.5.1 Task Domain

Domain Knowledge Base is Bounded and Stable

The knowledge base required to accomplish the task must be bounded to have some defined limits; otherwise, the software data base is

FIGURE 7.5-1

ATTRIBUTES OF MPS TASKS

	TASK GROUP											
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
TASK DOMAIN												
Domain is bounded and stable	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-
Domain is specialized and detailed	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
TASK EXPERTISE												
Expertise to be lost	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
Expertise is scarce	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
Single point expert	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
Expert is dedicated	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
TASK INTERFACES AND METHODS												
System can monitor real world	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
I/O and methods can be defined	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
Debugging the software	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
ORGANIZATIONAL ISSUES												
Required Documentation	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Configuration control	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
System acceptance testing	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
MANAGEMENT ISSUES												
Realistic schedules and milestones	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
Resource commitment	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Low initial cost	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
Long term manhour savings	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
PROPOSED USERS OF TASK												
User acceptance	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+

SOFTWARE SETS

A - SPECIAL OBS OPPS EXECUTIVES
B - USER REQUIREMENTS DATA BASE INTERFACE
C - EDITOR EXECUTIVES
D - RESCHEDULER
E - SYSTEM EXECUTIVES PHASE I
F - SYSTEM EXECUTIVES PHASE II

G - COMMAND PLANNER
H - NEW TIMELINE SOFTWARE
I - MODIFIED TIMELINE SOFTWARE
J - MODIFIED ORBITAL MECHANICS SOFTWARE
K - MODIFIED DATA FLOW SOFTWARE
L - OUTPUT PROCESSOR EXECUTIVE

never complete and a goal state for project completion is impossible to define. Object oriented programming styles can alleviate this problem somewhat by providing a workable system by declaring objects or modules to deal with input that is outside the current domain. These objects would contain generic methods and generic rules that cover all possible cases. This will allow the system to "soft fail" when confronted with an inquiry outside the task's domain. However, this type of program is likely to be in a state of constant revision.

The knowledge base must also be stable; otherwise, when the system is released, it is already out of date. Frequent mandatory updates to the knowledge base detract from the manpower savings realized from initially automating the task.

Domain Knowledge Base is Specialized and Detailed

Assuming that the task domain is bounded, the ideal domain should consist of specialized knowledge instead of a broad expanse of general knowledge. Specialized knowledge usually lends itself to representation using one or two programming techniques, thus reducing the modeling task complexity.

Detailed knowledge implies that the task contains some expertise (is not a trivial problem), and is therefore worth the effort to code the task.

7.5.2 Task Expertise

Expertise to be Lost

If the expert now performing the task will soon be retiring, advancing, etc., and it will be difficult and expensive to train another expert, then automation may be justified.

Expertise is Scarce

If the expert could be useful in many different locations at the same time, then automation and duplication may be justified.

Single Point Expert

A few people, or preferably one person, must be designated as the domain expert. Multiple experts cause problems such as conflict of information, and organization of segments of knowledge from different experts.

Expert is Dedicated

The expert must be able to suspend his normal duties when needed to assist on the project. This may be difficult since true experts usually have a high demand for their time. Of course, the expert must possess the communications skills to have his knowledge encoded correctly and possess the patience to verify that the system performs correctly. The expert must be interested in the success of the project.

7.5.3

Task Interfaces and Methods

System Can Monitor State of the Real World

All significant communications from the user must be capable of capture by the system. For example, current systems are not capable of capturing facial expressions and voice inflections of a human. The system will contain a model of the real world (within its domain limitations) that it can use to formulate responses. This model must be easily updated by the user (keyboard, voice recognition, etc.). Manual data entry is not a task that humans perform efficiently; preferable interfaces are with automatic stimuli (data stream from other computers, sensors, etc.).

Input, Output and Methods Can be Defined

The expert or pool of experts must be able to define "acceptable" input and output. An expert(s) must be able to define the scope of the task and the methods used to perform the task. The AI capability of rapid prototyping can be cost effective in the early phases of requirements definition to define the methods.

Debugging the Software

During the design phase, unexpected responses by the software are still difficult to detect and isolate. In conventional code, paths of procedural flow may occur that the designer never intended nor had perceived. This is becoming less of a problem for conventional software with improved editors and debuggers. In LISP and especially PROLOG, similar bugs may exist as loops in the knowledge base which cause incorrect assumptions. LISP and PROLOG editors and debuggers are also very powerful and improving. This problem seems to be based on the complexity of the task rather than the choice of software language for implementation.

7.5.4

Organizational Issues

Required Documentation

Automation reduces the amount of documentation required by the user to complete the task, but it necessitates creation of a new set of documentation for maintenance of the new hardware and software. This documentation must describe in detail the implementation of the task on the machine.

Documentation also includes comment lines within the source code. Contrary to rumors about the readability of LISP and PROLOG, these AI languages must contain complete comments to code just as in conventional languages.

Note in Figure 7.5-1 that is an applicable desired attribute for all MPS tasks; therefore, it does not, in effect, serve to identify automated over manual or AI over non-AI tasks.

Configuration Control

Machine hardware and software and the documentation must all be kept in a known state to all users and development and maintenance personnel. Revisions to the hardware and software must be controlled and tracked. A configuration management system is established after early prototyping but prior to Preliminary Design Review. That system continues throughout the life of the project.

This desired attribute is also applicable for all MPS tasks and therefore does not serve to identify automated over manual or AI over non-AI tasks.

System Acceptance Testing

Initial release of the system must be accompanied by testing adequate to provide confidence that the system performs as expected. The test cases used are typically "worst case" or "average" scenarios. If the range of real world problems that the system will encounter is difficult to approximate, then the amount of acceptance testing will be very large in order to obtain a satisfactory level of confidence in the system's performance.

7.5.5 Management Issues

Realistic Schedules and Milestones

A realistic schedule for project completion should contain adequate time for all phases of software development and requirements definition and design. (For example, adequate time may not exist to clearly define the methods to be automated to accomplish MPS tasks previously performed manually.) Significant milestones should be established at the beginning of the project. The level of system performance at these milestones should be well defined to avoid ambiguity about the progress of the system.

The final acceptance milestone should include the explicit definition of "project success".

All milestones serve to verify that the system is developing toward the desired target and to rekindle controlling management's interest and awareness in the project.

Resource Commitment

The necessary resources must be committed, by management, to the project. Budget must be allocated for hardware and software purchases, adequate facilities must be designated, and necessary manpower skills must be committed. (It is assumed that is an applicable desired attribute for all MPS tasks and therefore does not serve to identify automated over manual or AI over non-AI tasks.)

Low Initial Cost

Automation frequently requires a large "up front" investment of capital equipment and man hours. It may take several years of savings from

automation to recover the initial cost. Obviously a low initial cost is preferred to a high one.

Long Term Manhour Savings

The goal of automation is to alleviate humans of the mechanics of performing a task, that they may spend their time in a more cost efficient task. The time required by the user to operate and maintain the system must not exceed the time required to do the task manually for automation to be considered successful.

7.5.6 Proposed Users Of Task

User Acceptance

Unless the system is accepted by the end users it will be ignored and abandoned.

The ideal delivered system should fit into the user's daily routine, impose few new requirements, and demand little or no training in its use or interpretation.

There must be an efficient feedback method from the users to the system designers and maintainers. Ideally the users should maintain the system.

The users must trust the system output. This can be facilitated by heavily involving the users in the design process. The Explanation Capability of AI systems is a good technique to enhance credibility in the eyes of the users.

7.6 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TECHNIQUES

An attempt was made to comb through the many books describing AI techniques and pull out the techniques that demonstrate advantages over conventional programming techniques.

The definition of an AI technique versus a conventional technique is subjective and a source of disagreement within the programming community. The boundary between the two is constantly shifting. Many AI techniques were first implemented in LISP or PROLOG and then found their way to conventional implementations in FORTRAN, PASCAL or C. For our definition, AI techniques are most easily implemented in ADA, LISP or PROLOG, while implementations in FORTRAN, etc., are considered to be strictly conventional. Note that ADA holds the middle ground, being a derivative of PASCAL and FORTRAN, but designed to easily implement complex AI techniques.

The following paragraphs describe the AI techniques identified as advantageous over conventional programming techniques. These techniques are listed on Figure 7.6-1. The functions of each software set were evaluated against the list and given a "+" if any of the task functions could be implemented using an AI technique.

FIGURE 7.6-1

AI TECHNIQUES FOR MPS TASKS

	TASK GROUP											
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
REPRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE												
Production Rules	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
State space representations					+		+					
Frames, Object oriented programming	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					+
Scripts		+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
Semantic nets							+					
MANIPULATION OF KNOWLEDGE												
Abstraction	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
Inheritance	+	+			+	+	+					+
Pattern matching	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
Augmented transition networks							+					
Chaining				+	+	+	+					+
CONTROL STRATEGIES												
Demons/Methods	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Blackboards	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
UNCERTAINTY MANAGEMENT												
Fuzzy logic	+	+	+			+	+	+				
Dempster shaeffer theory			+	+				+				
Baysian inference								+				
AUTOMATIC PROGRAMMING												
Module selection and sequencing	+		+		+							
Learning capability								+				
EXPLANATION CAPABILITY												
META KNOWLEDGE	+	+	+		+	+	+					
NATURAL LANGUAGE INTERFACES								+				
DESIGN CAPTURE				+			+					+

SOFTWARE SETS

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 K - MODIFIED DATA FLOW SOFTWARE
 L - OUTPUT PROCESSOR EXECUTIVE

7.6.1

Representation of Knowledge

Production Rules

Rules are useful for representation of decision trees, i.e., "if/then" statements to be accessed only when the precedent matches the real world model. This technique exists in all the large mainframe AI tools and it is the principal technique used in many PC-based tools.

Applications in the SS MPS include rules for experiment model building, software module selection and sequencing, scheduling, output formatting, logic manipulations and generic rules for processing data outside the current domain.

State Space Representations

Space state representations are useful to represent domains with a large number of input criteria and a large number of acceptable outputs. This technique is implemented in several expert systems used for route finding, chess playing, etc.

Applications in the SS MPS include rescheduling strategies, and mapping of logic solution paths in experiment integration.

Frames/Object Oriented Programming

Object oriented programming is an organization technique that divides a large "master" program into subprograms, similar to FORTRAN subroutines, called modules or objects. The data used by the module is also stored in the module. When dialog is needed between objects they send standardized messages to each other. (See Demons below under Control Strategies.) Objects can be organized in a traditional hierarchical structure but the emphasis is for module autonomy, i.e., controlling functions and decisions are made at the lowest possible level in the hierarchy. This programming technique has proven especially powerful for modeling real world objects and their interaction with other objects. Implementations have been in graphics, animation, and factory floor simulations.

Object oriented programming also facilitates frequent updates to the domain knowledge base since code is localized. This makes modeling feasible for a task that is constantly changing in definition.

Object oriented programming emphasizes the use of calls to common library routines. This results in a substantial reduction of the number of lines of source code required.

This technique has been implemented in languages like SMALLTALK-80, MODULA2, SIMULA-67, CLU, and LISP tools like ART and KEE. Object oriented programming is one of the primary goals of ADA. It can be implemented by data hiding, function hiding, common module libraries, operator overloading and other techniques.

Scripts

Scripts is a set of data patterned after real world scenarios which can be used to provide default values and predict typical responses in a real world situation. Scripts are typically stored in frames (objects) and selected using the pattern matching technique.

Applications in the SS MPS include supplying default values to incomplete user input data, supporting intelligent dialog in a natural language interface, and providing canned planning strategies for default planning by the user.

Semantic Nets

Semantic nets represent objects, actions, or events as nodes and their relationships as interconnecting links. The technique is useful for mapping multidimensional inheritance trees and viewing it from any perspective. The technique is used extensively in Natural Language Interfaces to map text into paraphrases and primitives to be processed by separate routines.

7.6.2 Manipulation of Knowledge

Abstraction

AI languages facilitate the implementation of abstraction by their ability to encode heuristics and logic functions. Abstraction techniques are used to efficiently search through a large set of detailed, possibly incomplete, data to produce sets of possible solutions. Abstraction is a technique which allows the software to create previously undefined configurations from a domain of apparently unrelated facts. In conventional programs all processing paths are predetermined by the programmer which is likely to result in an inefficient search through the possible solution space.

Applications in the SS MPS include: generalization of specific details to a higher level of requirements definition; inference of non-specific English language to specific meaning; and restricting rescheduling in the effort to locate a "best" solution.

Inheritance

Links between objects in object oriented programming allow them to obtain information from their "parent" objects (objects established as "above" them in a hierarchy structure). This significantly reduces the amount of code required at the lower element levels, and assures continuity throughout a branch of related objects.

Applications to the SS MPS include: tailoring dialog in a NLI to a particular person; passing constraints of an experiment down to the step level; filling in meaningful data where scripts don't apply or fall short; and allowing vocabulary modules to inherit meanings from a particular discipline.

Pattern Matching

AI languages have the capability to search through the knowledge base and pick a particular object based upon its content without having to know the object identifier or data type. This eliminates the need for arbitrary naming and data typing necessary in conventional languages.

Applications to SS MPS include activation of rule sets, selection of scripts, and analysis of decisions at state space nodes.

Augmented Transition Networks

When coupled with Semantic Nets this is the most popular technique used in Natural Language interfaces.

Chaining

Forward chaining (data driven search) and backward chaining (goal directed search) are the two established methods for searching through a state space. Forward chaining is typically used for design and configuration problems. Backward chaining is typically used for diagnostic problems.

Applications to the SS MPS include concept formulation, and generation of queries from the knowledge base to the user.

7.6.3 Control Strategies

Demons/Methods

Demons, or methods, are used with object oriented programming to pass messages between objects (causing the receiver to perform an action upon itself). They are programs that wait for a particular condition to occur.

Applications to the SS MPS include consistency checking input data from the real world against previous input data or known conditions, and activation of rule sets to handle queries outside of the current domain.

Blackboards

Blackboards is a technique used widely in "Sensor Fusion", allowing separate routines to post their proposed solutions in a global or restricted data area to be accessed by other routines for constraint monitoring. This technique serves as a "checks and balances" technique to verify that no routine exceeds its authority in making decisions or assumptions. This strategy of executing routines based upon the contents of the blackboard differs from the hierarchical control strategy of conventional programs in which each program has a predefined and limited set of possible activators.

Applications to the SS MPS include constraint checking between large modules of varying conditions, i.e., intermodule, interdepartment, interdiscipline, and interexperiment.

7.6.4 Uncertainty Management

Fuzzy Logic

Values needed by the system can be inferred from values provided by the user or otherwise presently known by the system. This could be useful in supplementing an incomplete data entry by the user. The technique of Fuzzy Logic can be used to perform reliable assumptions. Fuzzy Logic grades or qualifies statements rather than evaluating them to be strictly true or false. The results of Fuzzy reasoning are not as definite as those derived by strict logic, but they cover a wider range of possibilities.

Applications to the SS MPS include tracking of assumptions, and - encoding qualitative rather than quantitative information about an object.

Dempster Shafer

Humans sometimes have the uncanny ability to know the "goodness" of a particular solution. The Dempster Shafer technique allows the system to arrive at an overall numeric value, representing total confidence in the final solution, by summing the confidence factors at each decision node of a State Space, Decision Tree, etc. This can not be easily implemented in conventional languages because of the difficulty in tracing the decision path. AI programs supplement this further by their explanation capability that allows the human to view the logic path that produced the decision. Applications to the SS MPS include the generation of confidence factors for a particular solution.

Bayesian Inference

This is a sophisticated technique that deals in probability computations. In Bayesian Inference, the overall probability that a particular assumption is true is based on a computation of the individual probabilities and the conditional probabilities of each assumption prerequisite. This technique provides more accurate confidence factors than the Dempster Shafer technique, but requires an exponentially greater number of computations.

7.6.5 Automatic Programming

Module Selection and Sequencing

The most widely demonstrated technique of Automatic Programming is module selection and sequencing. This technique selects predefined software modules for problem solution and sequences their execution. Module selection and sequencing is typically aided by heuristic rules of operation.

Learning Capability

The capability of expert systems to learn how to solve problems outside of the current domain is based on the ability of programs to create and execute their own code. This process is similar to conventional programs generating strings of text.

The process is somewhat more straightforward in LISP since, in that language, text and data are treated identically, i.e., newly created code appears identical to all other LISP code. With the use of the EVAL statement in LISP the new code can be forced to execute. Since LISP machines have runtime linking and dynamic memory management, the code can execute immediately after its creation. Conventional systems would have to go through the compile/link cycles.

In theory these processes could be used for systems that "learn" and for "automatic programming". In practice, only a few successful and limited applications have been implemented (VLSI design, image processing, animation). More definition is required in the area of programming conventions. Most early attempts have been met with some rather bizarre computational results when attempting to generate code in real time.

Applications to the SS MPS include the ability to successfully encode changing human logic patterns used in the building of a MPS schedule.

7.6.6 Explanation Capability

The ability of AI languages to form links between elements(nodes) facilitates the display of the solution path. This is difficult to implement in conventional languages without a dedicated trace routine. Explanation of which branches were taken and why help reinforce the user's confidence in the system.

In a LISP machine the explanation path is easily traced back through the memory links performed at runtime during the solution of the problem. ADA systems implement explanation via stack pointers.

Applications to the SS MPS include the ability to explain any computation/assumption to the user to build his confidence in the system output.

7.6.7 Meta Knowledge

Problem solving systems contain the complete set of knowledge for their domain. However, they cannot handle problems outside of their domain and are unaware of this inability. When the program is queried by the user, it searches its data base for a solution. Since the domain fails to produce an affirmative answer, the answer returned is "no" instead of the correct answer of "I don't know". Programming in knowledge of "what a system does not know" significantly increases the size of the software. Definition of meta-knowledge is still a research area of AI. Techniques used include "Metadata" and Data Dictionaries.

Applications to the SS MPS include the capability of any module to recognize its own limitations and request assistance from the next higher module in the hierarchy or from the human expert.

7.6.8 Natural Language Interfaces

Natural language interfaces are one of the most successful and active areas of AI technology. Several commercially available software packages have shown adequate vocabularies in bounded domains.

Applications in the SS MPS include interfacing to the individual users to allow them access to the MPS software system.

7.6.9 Design Capture

Much emphasis is given in AI technology to programming problem solutions on a higher level. Conventional programs classically encode the numeric solution to a problem, logically supported by comments to the code. If the design of the coded module must change to meet new requirements it must be done manually, based on the comments and other supporting documentation. The capability of AI languages to directly encode the logic of the problem solution allows programs to encode the requirements more directly and to be more adaptive to requirements changes.

Applications to the SS MPS include appending logic reasoning to objects representing users, experts and experiment/Space Station hardware.

7.7 METHODOLOGY FOR CANDIDATE IMPLEMENTATION

The methodology for hardware and software host selection is illustrated in Figure 7.7-1. The software sets were evaluated against the attributes described below and given a "+" if they exhibited a need for that attribute. They were given a "-" if they had no need for that attribute.

7.7.1 VAX Vs. Symbolics Architecture

Commerical Support of Hardware

Compared to conventional computer manufacturers, very few companies are involved in the sales and service of LISP machines. For overall reliability, maintainability, proven performance, and acceptance by industry, the VAX is the best alternative. In the the SS MPS, if a task is time critical, i.e., if machine downtime must be kept to a minimum, then the VAX is the preferred processor.

However, Symbolics machines are constantly improving and the market share does not appear to be diminishing. The LISP computers will not soon become a dinosaur. But, DEC will likely market a co-processor board for its VAX computers in an effort to gain their share of the LISP computer market.

Real Time Environment

VAX processors are fast enough to support real time environments. Some LISP machines are burdened with the problem of garbage collection which is very detrimental in a real time environment.

FIGURE 7.7-1

AI METHODOLOGY FOR MPS TASKS

	TASK GROUP											
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
VAX vs. SYMBOLICS												
Commercial support	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Real time environment	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Many users	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ADA LANGUAGE												
Standardization	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Size of source code	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Capability to implement AI techniques	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
LISP LANGUAGE												
Rapid prototype environment	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
LISP language advantages	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tools available	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROLOG LANGUAGE												
Predicate calculus	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parallel processing	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
RECOMMENDED METHODOLOGY												
Deliver on VAX in ADA (no AI)										+	+	+
Deliver on VAX in ADA (use AI)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
Prototype on SYMBOLICS in LISP	+		+	+	+							
Deliver on SYMBOLICS linked to VAX							+					
Implement in Spacelab MIPS	+	+	+									

SOFTWARE SETS

A - SPECIAL OBS OPS EXECUTIVES
 B - USER REQUIREMENTS DATA BASE INTERFACE
 C - EDITOR EXECUTIVES
 D - RESCHEDULER
 E - SYSTEM EXECUTIVES PHASE I
 F - SYSTEM EXECUTIVES PHASE II

G - COMMAND PLANNER
 H - NEW TIMELINE SOFTWARE
 I - MODIFIED TIMELINE SOFTWARE
 J - MODIFIED ORBITAL MECHANICS SOFTWARE
 K - MODIFIED DATA FLOW SOFTWARE
 L - OUTPUT PROCESSOR EXECUTIVE

Also, LISP and PROLOG do not execute efficiently on VAX hardware. Neither does ADA execute efficiently on a LISP machine. Therefore the only two reasonable alternatives for software in a delivery environment is LISP on a LISP machine or ADA on a VAX.

Workstations or Timeshared Terminals

LISP machines are usually dedicated workstations with a higher unit cost than the multi-user environments of VAX hardware. VAX computers are the best alternative for support of more than a few users.

7.7.2 ADA Language

Standardization of Software

ADA (ANSI approved MIL-STD 1815A) has been adopted as the language to be used in all Space Station on-board system applications. Some LISP programmers feel that this requirement will be waived for LISP subroutine calls from an ADA supervisor. The official position is not yet known.

ADA also interfaces more easily with conventional code modules like FORTRAN. Whenever interfacing is required between LISP code and conventional code it is usually performed by a hardware interface between two dedicated processors.

LISP is a powerful language well suited to solving some problems; however, there are some arguments against LISP. Since LISP is a relatively young language several dialects exist. There is as yet no industry wide standard, but DARPA has selected Common LISP. Common LISP contains a small subset of the functions available in Zetalisp (used on the Symbolics mainframes). This reduced set of functions limits the power of the language and increases the amount of code the programmer must generate. Since the language is extensible, programmers could build their own library functions. But then the variations within subroutines written by different programmers is a problem during integration of the larger program. This problem seems to be solved by adoption of a standard, such as Common LISP, but the extensibility feature is then lost.

PROLOG is also a powerful language well suited to solving problems in logic. Japan has selected it as the basis for their Fifth Generation Project, a new breed of computers they hope will replace current processors. However, PROLOG is not widely used or accepted in this country.

Size Of Source Code

LISP code is roughly equivalent to the level of detail found in assembly language for ADA. This translates to more lines for a LISP programmer to generate for an equivalent function in ADA. LISP code also requires a larger dictionary of functions. Commercial tools exist for LISP which raise the level significantly, but processing speed is decreased slightly due to the increased software overhead. Language flexibility is also decreased slightly by the rigid structure of the tool.

7.7.3 LISP Language

7.7.3.1 Rapid Prototyping Environment

Less Time In Edit/Compile/Link/Debug Cycle

In conventional hardware file manipulation must be performed between each cycle. On a LISP machine these utilities are all available under the same monitor, so transfer from one cycle to the next is instantaneous.

User Friendly Editor

Many features are easy to implement on LISP machine editors. These include windows, graphics and syntax check and correction.

Dynamic Linking

LISP elements may be manipulated independent of the values of those elements. Declaration of their value is only required just prior to output of the final solution. In conventional programs all variables must have a declared value. No such limitation exists for a LISP machine which performs dynamic linking at runtime.

Interpreters and Compilers

Incremental compilers (interpreters) are efficient, by industry opinion, on LISP machines. Interpreters are also available for conventional hardware, but are very slow and inefficient. LISP interpreters facilitate debugging during compile.

LISP machines also support traditional compilation of source code files. Benchmark tests indicate that compiling increases execution speed by 4 to 30 times and reduces source code size up to 1/3 to 1/10 of original.

Incremental Execution

This utility allows programmers to debug with the editor as errors are encountered during execution and then continue execution.

Incomplete Input Data

LISP listener environments allow programmers to execute programs and have partial solutions returned which contain the undefined data. Conventional programs will not execute without complete input data.

Dynamic Memory Management

Since memory allocations are performed at run time in LISP machines the programmer does not have to declare these as in conventional languages.

Supports Bottom-Up or Top-Down Design

LISP subroutines can be executed and will return a value. Conventional subroutines require overhead software to call the subroutine. This means software modules can be developed and tested at any time, even if the modules above it in the hierarchy are not yet implemented.

LISP will also support top down design in the same manner as conventional languages.

7.7.3.2 LISP Language Advantages

Function Library

12,000 functions currently exist in Zetalisp, enough for nearly every application by today's standards. In addition, LISP is extensible by the programmer. Extensibility allows the user to add new functions to the existing library without having to change the compiler.

Encode Heuristics

LISP lists and elements easily encompass numbers and variables used by conventional programs such as FORTRAN. Therefore, LISP can represent a wider variety of data types. The ability to encode heuristics is possible in ADA but is slightly more straightforward in LISP.

Ability To Implement Recursive Solutions

LISP functions can call themselves without limit. This is difficult to implement in ADA or any conventional languages. This technique has been implemented to represent infinite series mathematical equations, language syntax, and multidimensional organizational trees.

7.7.3.3 Tools Available

LISP tools such as ART, KEE and Knowledge Craft allow the user to code a large task with a limited knowledge of LISP. User interfaces are extremely friendly and interactive. Tools do tend to be a large overhead which uses up memory and slows processing time. But, all three vendors offer production model shells with a reduced amount of code overhead. Some projects like PLAN-IT were forced to code their own inference engine to get the needed execution speed.

7.7.4 PROLOG Language

Predicate Calculus

Predicate calculus is the most widely accepted mathematical language for modeling of logic based problems and theorems. Many of the problems in the field of AI are heavily logic based, so predicate calculus is the natural choice. LISP and ADA can implement predicate calculus equations but implementation is more straightforward in PROLOG.

Parallel Processing

Parallel Processing has been proposed as one possible solution to speed up large complex software programs. However, the serial method of solution in conventional software does not lend itself easily to division into parallel tasks. PROLOG is exceptionally well suited to this division by allocation of each decision node to a processor. The processor could be dedicated, for a massive computer by today's standards, or allocated from a common pool of available processors. The precedent matching technique of rule firings in a production system could also be divided into parallel tasks.

To date, no practical large scale systems have yet been implemented due to hardware limitations. Current efforts of Japan's Fifth Generation Computer project are focused in the field of building such processors. Techniques for programming in PROLOG also need to be refined to reduce the combinatorial explosion problem in the solution search space.

7.8 RESULTS OF EVALUATION

The evaluation of each SS MPS task against the Desired Attributes criteria produced a list of benefits and concerns for the implementation of each software set. These benefits and concerns are summarized in subsection 7.8.1.

The summation and weighing of all evaluations performed previously, resulted in the task methodology recommended for implementation. This recommendation is shown on the bottom half of Figure 7.7-1 and summarized in subsection 7.8.2.

7.8.1 Benefits/Concerns

Each software set is listed below accompanied by its:

Benefits - Those characteristics which will result in the biggest payoff after the task is automated.

Concerns - Those possible pitfalls that must be avoided during project development and implementation.

Set A - Special Obs Opps Executives

Benefits- Since expertise is scarce and it is expensive to train an expert, automation and replication of this task will result in a big payoff. Most functions are easily implemented which will result in a low initial cost and high user acceptance of output data.

Concerns- There may be a minor difficulty in defining a method for modeling a new user defined target currently outside of the knowledge base.

Set B - User Requirements Data Base Interface

Benefits- Since expertise is scarce and it is expensive to train an expert, automation and replication of this task will result in a big payoff.

Concerns- Problems may be encountered in correctly modeling the experiment as described by the user. Definition of the information extraction technique may be difficult. The user may become easily frustrated if the system fails to dialog intelligently with him. The cost of software requirements definition will be high due to the prototyping phase and the cost of a LISP tool. There is no "generic" or "worst case" acceptance test available so acceptance tests will have to be numerous.

Set C - Editor Executives

Benefits - Automation would significantly speed up this process in all cycles of planning and save significant manpower.

Concerns- None.

Set D - Rescheduler

Benefits - Since expertise is scarce and it is expensive to train an expert, automation of this task will result in a big payoff. Replication of this task will also result in a big payoff since it is needed at seven points in the MPS phases of planning. Interfaces are readily defined since they are all in electronic format. If the software is used only on the ground (planning centers and the Payload Operations Integration Center), and since the task boundary is well defined, it could be executed on a specialized LISP processor and interfaced to the VAX.

Concerns - Several methods currently exist for rescheduling. Deciding on one strategy or set of strategies could be difficult. Experience has shown on several systems that the LISP inference engine must be coded from scratch to obtain acceptable operating speed. This increases the level of effort in prototyping. However, several organizations have already developed working prototypes to address this problem.

Set E - System Executives Phase I

Benefits - Since expertise is scarce and it is expensive to train an expert, automation and replication of this task will result in a big payoff. A Natural Language Interface (NLI) would be a powerful interface tool. Several off-the-shelf commercial tools already exist.

Concerns - Defining and debugging the specialized vocabulary for the NLI will require a large manhour effort. The experts allocated to the task may not be motivated to debug the user interface down to the level of refinement necessary for the user to accept and use the NLI. Since there is no "generic" or "worst case" test for the NLI, acceptance will have to consist of an extensive battery of tests. Several successful NLI's have been developed, but they should still be considered a moderate schedule risk.

Set F - System Executives Phase II

Benefits - Implementation of the Apprentice/Advisor would result in a tremendous manpower savings over the life of the Space Station. It would be the primary step needed for future transfer of the bulk of mission planning to on-board the station.

Concerns - The highly unstable and broad domain may be difficult to model completely and accurately. The expert may be difficult to isolate and motivate to invest the time needed to train the Apprentice. System acceptance tests will have to be extensive and confidence factors tested for Planning Center and Payload Integration Center management to accept the Advisor output.

Set G - Command Planner

Benefits - Information in the SS MPS such as canned typical command timelines may be very useful to the novice user. They impose no restriction on the experienced PI.

Concerns - Since expertise is a plentiful resource for each dedicated PI and the time required to create a command timeline is relatively short, the cost of encoding intelligent software to assist the user may not be cost effective.

Set H - New Timeline Software

Benefits - Tasks to be implemented are straightforward and do not require a large use of AI techniques.

Concerns - none.

Set I - Modified Timeline Software

Benefits - Tasks to be implemented are straightforward and do not require a large use of AI techniques.

Concerns - none.

Set J - Modified Orbital Mechanics Software

Benefits - Tasks to be implemented are straightforward and do not require a large use of AI techniques.

Concerns - none.

Set K - Modified Data Flow Software

Benefits - This task could be more flexible to a changing Space Station configuration environment by using Object Oriented Programming to model the individual hardware elements and the constraints and interactions between the elements and the station.

Concerns - The major portion of the task is already coded (SSDFAST in FORTRAN), therefore recoding into ADA would not be cost effective.

Set L - Output Processor Executive

Benefits - This task could be more flexible to a changing Space Station configuration environment by using Object Oriented Programming and Design Capture to model the requirements for printing/display formats and the constraints on each module of information.

Concerns - The major portion of the task is already coded (PCAP and PTS in FORTRAN), therefore recoding into ADA would not be cost effective.

7.8.2 Methodology Summary

Fourteen tasks were selected as candidates for using AI techniques. Thirteen tasks are recommended to be delivered in ADA on the VAX.

One task is recommended to be delivered on the Symbolics in LISP with a hardware interface to the VAX. At a future date it should be ported to the VAX prior to installation on-board the Space Station.

Machine. Four tasks are recommended for prototyping on the Symbolics

MIPS. Three tasks are recommended for implementation in the Spacelab

7.9 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.9.1 AI Technology

AI technology is still very young. The experience base of expert systems performance is small compared to conventional programs. However, the systems in existence do strongly support the many advantages of incorporating this technology into the workplace. AI has proven effective in solving many of the problems where conventional programs fail.

7.9.2 Hardware/Software Architecture

The conclusion to largely use ADA on a VAX is also supported by a study conducted by MDAC-HB for the JSC Space Station Phase B contract.

The largest value of LISP and PROLOG is in the rapid prototyping environment.

7.9.3 Software Tools

Use is recommended during prototyping of an expert system development tool and a natural language development tool.

An in-depth technology survey, with the targeted MPS candidates in mind, should be performed immediately prior to purchase of any off-the-shelf AI tools.

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Section 8

TASK 5 - SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

The objective of this task was to generate a Software (SW) Development Plan for the definition, design and implementation of the SS MPS.

The approach taken to this task consisted of four subtasks. First, assumptions inherent in the generation of the SW Development Plan were identified; these pertained to SW development facilities, computer operating systems, coding languages and standards, required formal reviews, required documentation, etc. The second subtask involved developing a technical description of the project - SW requirements, SW hierarchy, etc., and a detailed description of the activities required to successfully complete the development project. Based on the assumptions of subtask 1 and the descriptions of subtask 2, subtask 3 was performed to generate cost estimates for individual or sets of required SS MPS computer programs in terms of manpower and schedule using the Constructive Cost Model (COCOMO), and integrating these into project level manpower requirements and schedule recommendations. The fourth and final subtask was to document and publish the SW Development Plan.

Inputs to this study task were derived from:

- Task 3 products (SS MPS Functional Flows and SW Requirements Summary)
- Task 4 products (AI recommendations and implementation requirements)
- COCOMO Model
- Existing SW development plans (boilerplates)

The product of this task is the SS MPS SW Development Plan, which constitutes Volume III of the Study final report. In summary, the SW Development Plan documents requirements for a 4841 manmonth effort over a 64 month period to successfully complete the SS MPS software development project.

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Section 9

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of the SS MPS Development Study presented in the previous section, the following conclusions have been drawn:

- 1) A detailed definition of the Spacelab payload mission planning process and SL MIPS software has been derived; this definition (functional flow diagrams and data base) will be of great value for training Spacelab mission planning personnel and for assessing and improving the process.
- 2) A baseline concept for performing SS manned base payload mission planning has been developed; this concept is consistent with current Space Station design/operations concepts and philosophies; however, those concepts and philosophies are the results of Phase B studies and will therefore gain further definition and changes as the Space Station Program progresses.
- 3) SS MPS software requirements have been defined. These software requirements make maximum use of SL MIPS software with modifications, but do include requirements for new software to accommodate the complexity of the SS mission planning concept and to maximize automation of the concept. Also, requirements for new software include candidate programs for the application of AI techniques to capture and make more effective use of mission planning expertise and to involve SS users directly in the mission planning process.
- 4) A SS MPS Software Development Plan has been developed which phases efforts for the development of software to implement the SS mission planning concept. The efforts are phased for the immediate start of development of long-lead-time software programs, but for delayed development of programs with a high dependence on SS design/operations concepts. The development schedule, relative to the current overall Space Station Program schedule, indicates the development effort should begin as soon as possible.
- 5) The estimated manpower requirements to develop the SS MPS are significant; however, the scope of the SS mission planning problem is significant and the process of development is recommended to be highly structured and rigidly controlled. Nonetheless, the software system concept is intended to provide uniform methods of planning payload operations across all equivalent planning levels in order to facilitate the integration of planning, and is intended to maximize the automation of mission planning to minimize long-term mission planning costs.

Based on the conclusions above, the following recommendations are offered:

- 1) Use the definition (functional flows and data base) of the Spacelab payload mission planning process and software to train mission planning personnel and to evaluate and improve the process. As improvements are made, update the flow diagrams and data base.

2) Proceed with implementation of the SS MPS Software Development Plan, including the structured and controlled process for software development.

3) Maintain the SS mission planning concept, software system concept, and Software Development Plan consistent with SS design/operations concepts and program schedules.

4) Use Spacelab mission planning as a test bed for testing prototypes of AI applications.

APPENDIX A

SPACELAB MIPS DATA BASE

The SL MIPS data base was developed in order to provide activity summary data, software description and requirements data, and activity time and skill requirements data. The level of detail of the data base is consistent with the level of detail in the Spacelab mission planning process detailed flow diagrams; that is, entries exist in the data base corresponding to each lowest hierarchical level activity (function, subfunction, task or subtask) identified for every function in the flow diagrams. When assessed in conjunction with the detailed flows, the data base provides a comprehensive definition of the Spacelab payload mission planning process.

The data base consists of eight (8) interrelated tables of data:

- o Activity Summary Data
- o Activity Time and Skill Requirements
- o Software Used by Activity
- o Software Description
- o Software Peripherals Required
- o Activity Input/Outputs
- o Computer Input/Output Summary
- o Manual Input/Output Summary

Table 1 provides the activity summary data which identifies an activity and its position in the hierarchy of activities (function, subfunction, task, subtask), the activity objective, method of accomplishment (manual or automatic), and the need for the activity.

Table 2 provides the activity time and skill requirements data which includes, for each activity, skill type and skill level, manpower requirements and throughput calendar time for each cycle the activity is performed. Time here refers to the total amount of time required to accomplish the activity (data collection and assessment, analysis, computer setup time required, and evaluation of results). The mission planning cycles are, in sequence, preliminary (P), basic (B), update (U), and replanning (R).

Table 3 provides the software identification for activities that are automated, and the required computer setup time for each cycle the activity is performed. Time here is inclusive of time required for file updates/edits, runstream development, and software interaction.

Table 4 provides a description and the resource requirements for each software module. This table is linked to other tables in the data base by software name. Data included are: software function definition, mode of operation, skill requirements, language, lines of code, memory requirements, and estimated CPU time. In this table, where a software name is followed by a number (NAME-1), the number links the software to a particular activity in other tables. A software module may be used to accomplish several different activities; the difference in this table is the required CPU time.

Table 5 identifies the interface peripheral required by a user to exercise a particular software module.

Table 6 provides an input/output summary for all the activities performed during the mission planning process. For each activity the following data is provided: input/output name, I/O form (computer or manual), software module association, the I/O type (input or output), source or destination of I/O, and an indication of which planning cycles utilize the I/O.

Table 7 provides summary data for all computer input/outputs. Data included are: input/output name, file size (maximum, minimum) and a brief description of the data contained in the input/output file. For some input/outputs only one entry is made for file size (minimum). These values are provided as an average (typical) file size.

Table 8 provides summary data for all manual input/outputs. Data included are: input/output name, type (form) of input/output (verbal, written, formal or informal document), name of document (if applicable) in which the input/output is published, and a brief description of the data contained in the input/output.

TABLE 1
ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

DATE 04/08/87

FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED	PAGE
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	PAYOUT DATA	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	ONCE THE PAYLOAD COMPLEMENT HAS BEEN SELECTED AND DEFINED, PAYLOAD DATA IS COLLECTED AND PROCESSED AS NECESSARY TO PERFORM REQUIRED MISSION PLANNING ANALYSIS. SOURCES OF DATA INCLUDE PAYLOAD COMPLEMENT DEFINITION, ERD'S AND PI INTERFACE. AFTER PAYLOAD DATA HAS BEEN COLLECTED AND EVALUATED INPUTS/UPDATES ARE MADE TO THE IPRD AND Q&A.	MANUAL	ROUTINE	1
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	ORBIT EVALUATION AND SELECTION	ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	SELECT A MISSION ORBIT WHICH BEST MEETS SCIENCE OBJECTIVES AND SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS. THE TASK INVOLVES SELECTION OF AN ORBIT ALTITUDE AND INCLINATION WHICH MEETS REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS WHILE SATISFYING PHASING REQUIREMENTS, IF ANY. THIS IS NORMALLY A MANUAL TASK, HOWEVER IF A TRADES ANALYSIS IS REQUIRED SOME SOFTWARE MAY BE USED. THE SUBTASKS AND SOFTWARE MODULES USED FOR TRADES ANALYSIS ARE PERFORMED ELSEWHERE IN THE MISSION PLANNING PROCESS.	MANUAL/AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE	
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	LAUNCH LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	LAUNCH LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	DETERMINE THE AVAILABLE LAUNCH WINDOW BASED ON PAYLOAD/EXPERIMENT AND STS CONSTRAINTS, AND PICK LAUNCH TIME THAT MAXIMIZES LAUNCH WINDOW	AUTOMATIC/MANUAL	ROUTINE	

ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

DATE 04/08/87

FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	STATE VECTOR GENERATION/E	GENERATE STATE VECTOR	PROJECT A STATE VECTOR AT THE TIME OF INSERTION.		AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
PHEMERIS DATA DEVELOPMENT						
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	STATE VECTOR GENERATION/E	CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR		TAKE AS INPUT A LAUNCH DATE AND TIME, AND A STATE VECTOR AS ACQUIRED FROM JSC (IN ENGLISH UNIT), CONVERT TO APPROPRIATE FORM AND UNITS, AND STORE IN CASE STORAGE FILES FOR USE BY ASEP, NSEP, AND/OR TANRAY.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	STATE VECTOR GENERATION/E	GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION		GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris DATA BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION OF THE EQUATIONS OF MOTION. THIS TASK CONSIDERS ATMOSPHERIC DRAG FOR MISSIONS (LOW ORBITS) WHERE DRAG IS A FACTOR IN CALCULATING THE EPHemeris DATA.	AUTOMATIC	IF DRAG IS A FACTOR
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	STATE VECTOR GENERATION/E	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT		GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR SUBSEQUENT ANALYSIS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES	GENERATE MISSION ACQ/LOSS		GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ENTERS AND LEAVES THE EARTH'S SHADOW.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
	\$ GENERATION	INDEPENDENT TARGETS				

PAGE 2

ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

DATE 04/08/87

FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION TARGETS	GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	DETERMINE THE TIMES WHEN THE ORBITER ENTERS AND LEAVES SUNLIGHT. THIS IS DONE BY TAKING THE COMPLEMENT OF THE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS TIMES.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION TARGETS	GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	COMPUTE THE ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES OF THE MOON AS SEEN BY THE ORBITER IN ORBIT.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION TARGETS	GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	GENERATE PRELIMINARY TORS COVERAGE BASED ON BEST ESTIMATE (PRELIMINARY) ATTITUDE TIMELINE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION TARGETS	GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	DETERMINE THE TIMES THAT THE ORBITER IS IN COMMUNICATION WITH GROUND TRACKING STATIONS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION TARGETS	GENERATE ENVIRONMENT	DETERMINE THE FLUX OF CHARGED PARTICLES (PROTONS, ELECTRONS AT SOLAR MAXIMUM AND ELECTRONS AT SOLAR MINIMUM) GIVEN A SET OF POINTS (ALTITUDE, LATITUDE, LONGITUDE) IN SPACE AND AN ENERGY THRESHOLD.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION TARGETS	IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	DETERMINE OPERATING PERIODS BASED ON ACCEPTABLE RADIATION LEVELS/CONDITIONS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

PAGE 3

ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

DATE 04/08/87

FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS INTO ONE COMMON FILE. THESE TARGETS INCLUDE SUN RISE/SET TIMES, MOON RISE/SET TIMES, PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE, GROUND STATION COVERAGE, AND SOUTH ATLANTIC ANOMALY RADIATION CONSTRAINT TIMES (SAA).	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS INTO ONE COMMON FILE. THESE TARGETS INCLUDE SUN RISE/SET TIMES, MOON RISE/SET TIMES, PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE, GROUND STATION COVERAGE, AND SOUTH ATLANTIC ANOMALY RADIATION CONSTRAINT TIMES (SAA).	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGETS	DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSIONS)	DEVELOP THE CELESTIAL TARGET FILE. THE TARGET FILE IS MANUALLY DEVELOPED USING THE STAR PROGRAM.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGETS	DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSIONS)	DEVELOP THE CELESTIAL TARGET FILE. THIS IS DONE USING THE SUBCOO PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A SUBSET OF THE PI COOBERVATION FILE.	AUTOMATIC	IPS MISSION
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGETS	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	DETERMINE THE ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES FOR THE CANDIDATE TARGETS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGETS	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	DETERMINE VIEWING PERIODS BASED ON STELLAR OBSERVATION REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS AND MERGE RESULTANT FILES INTO ONE COMMON FILE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	DETERMINE OPPORTUNITIES TO VIEW THE SUN THROUGH CERTAIN LAYERS OF THE ATMOSPHERE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

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ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	DEVELOP ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS WITHIN ACCEPTABLE CONDITIONS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE	5
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	DETERMINE TARGETS AT, OR NEAR, THE TERMINATOR.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE	
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	DETERMINE OPERATING PERIODS BASED ON ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE	
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	DETERMINE THE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION AS SEEN FROM AN ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO THE SUN RISE/SET EVENTS.	AUTOMATIC	REALTIME FUNCTION	
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE SOLAR TARGETS	DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	DEVELOP SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS WITHIN ACCEPTABLE CONDITIONS.	AUTOMATIC	IPS MISSION	
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE SOLAR TARGETS	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	DETERMINE SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS BASED ON SOLAR REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS.	AUTOMATIC	IPS MISSION	
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	GENERATE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE	DEFINE POLYGONAL AREAS OF CANDIDATE GROUND TARGET SITES.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE	

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ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	GENERATE ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES OF THE DEFINED EARTH TARGET AREAS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	DEVELOP EARTH OBSERVATION PERIODS WITHIN ACCEPTABLE CONDITIONS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	DETERMINE OPERATING PERIODS BASED ON EARTH OBSERVATION REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	COMPUTE THE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF THE MAGNETIC FIELD RELATIVE TO THE ORBITER POSITION.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	DEVELOP PLASMA PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS WITHIN ACCEPTABLE CONDITIONS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	DEVELOP HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES BASED ON LATITUDE CONSTRAINTS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITY S GENERATION	GENERATE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	DETERMINE OPERATING PERIODS BASED ON PLASMA PHYSICS REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

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ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES (OPPORTUNITIES) INTO ONE COMMON FILE. THESE TARGET FILES (OUTPUTS) ARE THE RESULT OF ORBITAL ANALYSIS FOR DIFFERENT SCIENCE DISCIPLINES.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES	GENERATE MATERIAL AND/OR LIFE SCIENCE TARGETS	GENERATE MATERIAL AND/OR LIFE SCIENCE TARGETS	NOTE: MATERIAL/LIFE SCIENCE TARGET PERIODS ARE DEVELOPED/ASSIGNED BASED ON EXPERIMENT OPERATIONS AND SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS IN THE "MISSION PROFILE GENERATION" SUBFUNCTION. THE PURPOSE OF THIS TASK IS TO SHOW THAT MATERIAL AND LIFE SCIENCE EXPERIMENTS ARE COMMON TO THE SPACELAB MISSION PLANNING SYSTEM. THESE SCIENCE DISCIPLINES ARE NOT DEPENDENT ON ORBIT GEOMETRY, BUT RATHER MORE SO ON LOW-GRAVITY ATTITUDES, AND TDRS COVERAGE.	N/A	N/A
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES	GENERATE CO-ORBITING TARGETS	PERFORM PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS TO DESIGN/DEVELOP CO-ORBITING TRAJECTORIES THAT SATISFY OBJECTIVES AND CONSTRAINTS	PERFORM A PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS CONSIDERING THE BASIC CO-ORBITING REQUIREMENTS (SUCH AS DEPLOYMENT, PROXIMITY OPS, GRAPPLE/CAPTURE) AS WELL AS THE PI REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS AND STS REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS.	AUTOMATIC/MA	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	MISSION PROFILE GENERATION	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	DEVELOP A GROSS MISSION TIMELINE BY EVALUATING EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES AND TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION MISSION PRIORITIES, DIFFICULTY OF EXPERIMENT SCHEDULING, CREW ACTIVITIES, SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS, AND MANAGEMENT DIRECTION.	MANUAL	ROUTINE

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ORBITAL ANALYSIS	MISSION PROFILE GENERATION	DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE BASED ON THE ATTITUDE REQUIREMENTS FROM THE "AGREED TO" GROSS MISSION TIMELINE.	DEVELOP A PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE BASED ON THE ATTITUDE REQUIREMENTS FROM THE "AGREED TO" GROSS MISSION TIMELINE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	DEDICATED STELLAR OBSERVATION GENERATION	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	READ TARGET AND TARGET DEFINITION FILES AND REFORMAT/EDIT THIS DATA INTO A NEW FORMAT WHICH THE ASTAR PROGRAM WILL ACCEPT.	AUTOMATIC	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	DEDICATED STELLAR OBSERVATION GENERATION	CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	CREATE A FILE CONTAINING RESERVED PERIODS FOR TARGETS THAT ARE DIFFICULT TO VIEW, CREW ACTIVITY, SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS, MOVING TARGETS, ETC.	MANUAL	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	DEDICATED STELLAR OBSERVATION GENERATION	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	GENERATE VIEWING SCHEDULE FOR DEDICATED ASTRONOMY MISSIONS. GENERATE THIS SCHEDULE MAKING EFFICIENT USE OF AVAILABLE OBSERVATION TIME WHILE MINIMIZING VEHICLE ATTITUDE CHANGES.	AUTOMATIC	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	ATTITUDE/MANEUVER TIMELINE GENERATION (MULTIDISCIPLINE)	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	GENERATE AN ATTITUDE TIMELINE WHERE THE MANEUVER TIMELINE IS PROVIDED BY THE "MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION" SUBFUNCTION AND THE KEYWORD FILE IS DEVELOPED AS PART OF THIS TASK.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	ATTITUDE/MANEUVER	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE TIMELINE	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE DATA TO INCLUDE ADDITIONS OR CHANGES BASED ON STS OR OTHER REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS (THIS MAY ONLY INVOLVE MINOR UPDATES TO THE PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE).	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	ATTITUDE/MANEUVER	GENERATION TIMELINE	GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	GENERATE A MANEUVER TIMELINE BY DEFINING THE MANEUVERS REQUIRED TO GO BETWEEN TARGET ATTITUDES WITH EIGEN AXIS MANEUVERS.	AUTOMATIC	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	ATTITUDE/MANEUVER	GENERATION TIMELINE	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	GENERATE AN ATTITUDE TIMELINE USING A KEYWORD FILE (TABLES) AND A MANEUVER TIMELINE AS INPUT FROM PROGRAM PAAC.	AUTOMATIC	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	ATTITUDE/MANEUVER	GENERATION TIMELINE	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE DATA TO INCLUDE ADDITIONS OR CHANGES BASED ON STS OR OTHER REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS (DEVELOPED FOR DEDICATED STELLAR MISSIONS).	AUTOMATIC	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	ORBITER POINTING DATA GENERATION	GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA		GENERATE A TIME HISTORY OF THE ORBITER ATTITUDE AND COMPUTE BODY-REFERENCED POINTING DIRECTIONS FOR VARIOUS ORBIT-RELATED ITEMS (VELOCITY VECTOR, ANGULAR MOMENTUM VECTOR, ETC.), CELESTIAL OBJECTS (SUN, MOON), AND TDRS AS A FUNCTION OF TIME.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	TDRS ACQ/LOSS GENERATION	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE BASED ON THE LATEST ATTITUDE DATA.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	TDRS ACQ/LOSS GENERATION	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	PROCESS TDRS AND GROUND STATION ACQUISITION/LOSS TIME DATA THROUGH UNIONS AND INTERSECTIONS TO ENHANCE USABILITY OF THIS DATA.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	POCC MMU DATA SET GENERATION	GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	REFORMAT DATA AND GENERATE A FILE (USER DATA SET) FOR USE BY THE ONBOARD EXPERIMENT COMPUTER OPERATING SYSTEM (ECOS) TIMELINE MAINTENANCE SYSTEM.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS GENERATION	GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	DETERMINE ACCEPTABLE GUIDE STARS AVAILABLE FOR IPS SOLAR POINTING.	AUTOMATIC	IPS SOLAR MISSION

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS	DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS BY PLOTTING THE FIELDS OF VIEW ABOUT GUIDE STARS AND CERTAIN OTHER VECTORS IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM.	AUTOMATIC	IPS SOLAR MISSION	
	GENERATION	CONSTRAINTS	THIS IS DONE TO DETECT SOURCES OF STRAY LIGHT (REFLECTION OF THE SUN OFF THE ORBITER) THAT WOULD INTERFERE WITH IPS TARGET ACQUISITION AND TRACKING.			
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS	CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	MANUAL	IPS SOLAR MISSION	
	GENERATION		FROM CANDIDATE GUIDE STARS, CHOOSE THE SOLAR GUIDE STARS TO BE USED IN GENERATING OBJECTIVE LOADS.			
			SELECTION OF GUIDE STARS ARE BASED PRIMARILY ON STRAY LIGHT CONSIDERATIONS.			
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS	GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	AUTOMATIC	IPS SOLAR MISSION	
	GENERATION		AN OBJECTIVE LOAD SUMMARY. THE OBJECTIVE LOADS WILL RESIDE IN THE MMU AND BE USED BY THE INSTRUMENT POINTING SYSTEM (IPS) TO ACQUIRE AND TRACK SOLAR TARGETS OF INTEREST AS A FUNCTION OF ORBITAL POSITION.			
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS	GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS	GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	AUTOMATIC	IPS MISSION (DEDICATED STELLAR)	
	GENERATION	STELLAR GUIDE STARS	AVAILABLE FOR IPS STELLAR POINTING.			
		GUIDE STARS (DS)				

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS	FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)		PROVIDE A GUIDE STAR CATALOG WHICH CONTAINS INFORMATION ON STARS RELATIVE TO THEIR LOCATION IN THE CELESTIAL SPHERE AND RELATIVE TO THEIR LOCATION IN THE IPS STAR TRACKERS.	AUTOMATIC	IPS MISSION (DEDICATED STELLAR)
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS GENERATION	SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	DETERMINE THE IPS ROLL ANGLES FOR USE IN STELLAR OBSERVATIONS WHILE MINIMIZING THESE ROLLS BETWEEN OBSERVATIONS.	AUTOMATIC	IPS MISSION (DEDICATED STELLAR)
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	OBJECTIVE LOADS GENERATION	GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	GENERATE AN OBJECTIVE LOAD FILE AND AN OBJECTIVE LOAD SUMMARY. THE OBJECTIVE LOADS WILL RESIDE IN THE MMU AND BE USED BY THE INSTRUMENT POINTING SYSTEM (IPS) TO ACQUIRE AND TRACK STELLAR TARGETS OF INTEREST AS A FUNCTION OF ORBITAL POSITION.	AUTOMATIC	IPS MISSION (DEDICATED STELLAR)
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE GENERATION (DEDICATED STELLAR)	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	REORGANIZE SCIENCE TARGET DATA AND POINTING DATA FOR INPUT INTO THE JOTF PROGRAM AND TO ALLOW THE PI'S TO EDIT DATA TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBERS TO THE SCIENCE TARGETS.	AUTOMATIC	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE GENERATION (DEDICATED STELLAR)	PI EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	PI EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	THE PI EDITS THE ID FILE TO ADD A SEQUENCE NUMBER FOR USE BY HIS ONBOARD DEDICATED EXPERIMENT PROCESSER (DEP) WHICH PERFORMS SPECIFIC OPERATIONS RELATIVE TO A PARTICULAR SEQUENCE NUMBER.	MANUAL	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
ORBITAL ANALYSIS	JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE	GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	GENERATE THE JOTF FILE (JOTF DATA SET) TO BE LOADED ON THE MMU. THE FILE CONTAINS DATA FOR EACH OBSERVATION TO BE CALLED UP AND VIEWED BY THE CREW ONBOARD.	AUTOMATIC	DEDICATED STELLAR MISSION	
MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	ROUTINE	ROUTINE	
MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	ROUTINE	ROUTINE	
MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ROUTINE	ROUTINE	

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CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS AND WRITE THE ESS MODEL FILE. THIS SUBFUNCTION INCLUDES BUILDING EXPERIMENT MODELS, CREW CYCLE MODELS AND SL SYSTEM MODELS AS WELL AS MISSION LEVEL DATA.

USING THE BASIC CREW CYCLE FROM JSC AND THE CREW CYCLE MODELS GENERATED IN THE CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS SUBFUNCTION AS INPUT, GENERATE THE CREW H/O CYCLE.

REFORMAT TARGET, ATTITUDE AND TDRS O/O FILES INTO THE ESS FORMAT. BUILD NEW SUBJECTS/SPECIAL TARGETS IF REQUIRED. EDIT DATA IF REQUIRED. PERFORM STATISTICAL TARGET ANALYSIS TO PREDICT POTENTIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES BETWEEN THE ESS MODELS AND THE ESS TARGETS. THIS SUBTASK IS PERFORMED A MINIMUM OF THREE TIMES PER CYCLE. ONCE FOR INITIAL INPUT TO THE MISSION TL GENERATION SUBTASK AND TWICE MORE DURING ATTITUDE/TDRS ITERATION/UPDATES.

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MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION	GENERATE MISSION MISSION TIMELINE	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	BUILD SELECTION GROUPS, PRIORITIES, GRADING CRITERIA, ETC. AS A BASIS FOR SCHEDULING; SCHEDULE THE CREW CYCLE AND SYSTEM MODELS; SCHEDULE EXPERIMENTS; SCHEDULE PAO TV & PHOTO ACTIVITY; AND GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE OUTPUT FILES & DOCUMENTATION	PRIMARILY AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION	FINALIZE MISSION MISSION TIMELINE	FINALIZE MISSION MISSION TIMELINE	PERFORM NECESSARY SUBTASKS OF THE GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE TASK, USING THE UPDATES/MODIFICATIONS FROM THE REVIEW CYCLE TO GENERATE A FINAL MISSION TIMELINE.	PRIMARILY MANUAL	ROUTINE
MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	PAYOUT CREW ACTIVITY PLAN DEVELOPMENT	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	DESIGN THE LAYOUT OF THE CHARTS, DEVELOP PCAP PROCEDURES, DEVELOP NOTES AND GENERATE THE PCAP CHARTS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	PAYOUT CREW ACTIVITY PLAN DEVELOPMENT	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	DESIGN THE LAYOUT OF AND PRODUCE THE PAYLOAD TIMELINE SUMMARY (PTS) CHARTS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS	PAYOUT CREW ACTIVITY PLAN DEVELOPMENT	BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	COLLECT THE INFORMATION, ORGANIZE, BIND AND TAB THE PAYLOAD CREW ACTIVITY PLAN (PCAP) DOCUMENTS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE

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FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT		PREPARE THE FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT TO PROVIDE A MISSION DESCRIPTION TO BE USED BY SUPPORTING ELEMENTS FOR DESIGN AND OPERATIONS PLANNING FOR THE PAYLOAD. THE FDD IS ALSO USED TO DESCRIBE SCHEDULED OPERATIONS OF THE INDIVIDUAL EXPERIMENTS AND THE SUPPORTING RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE	
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT		FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	PREPARE THE FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUTS CONTAINING AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PYLD AND THE STS ON MATTERS WHICH RELATE TO THE ANALYSIS AND IMPLEMENTATION OF PAYLOAD FLIGHT DESIGN REQUIREMENTS ON THE STS (PART I - ELECTRICAL POWER, ENERGY AND COOLING REQUIREMENTS) (PART II - FLIGHT ACTIVITY PLANNING) (PART III - TRAJECTORY DESIGN). THE ANNEX IS INTENDED TO SUPPLEMENT THE PIP IN PROVIDING ADDITIONAL DETAILS TO FACILITATE MISSION AND FLIGHT OPERATIONS PLANNING.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOP STORAGE BOOK	DEVELOP STORAGE BOOK		DEVELOP STORAGE BOOK	DEVELOP A BOOK CONTAINING A LIST OF ALL EQUIPMENT STORED ONBOARD AND IT'S LOCATION.	MANUAL	ROUTINE

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CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	GENERATE DETAILED PROCEDURES, BASED ON P1 REQUIREMENTS, FOR ALL PAYLOAD TV AND PHOTO OPERATIONS. GENERATE DESIRED SCENES, WHICH CAMERAS TO USE, BEST SET-UP & PERIPHERALS NEEDED (TRIPODS ETC). INCLUDE ACTUAL PHOTOS OF WHAT EACH SCENE IS TO LOOK LIKE.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW	DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	DEVELOP DETAILED CREW PROCEDURES FOR EACH EXPERIMENT. PROCEDURES MUST CONTAIN EXPERIMENT ACTIVATION/DEACTIVATION PROCEDURES, NOMINAL OPERATIONS PROCEDURES, AND MALFUNCTION PROCEDURES.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS	DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	DEVELOP DETAILED CREW PROCEDURES FOR PL COMPLEMENT ACTIVATION/ DEACTIVATION, REQUIRED MISSION PECULIAR EQUIPMENT OPERATIONS, AND MALFUNCTION PROCEDURES FOR PAYLOAD COMPLEMENT EQUIPMENT/INTERFACES ANOMALOUS CONDITIONS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	DEVELOP A DOCUMENT DESCRIBING ALL PAYLOAD DISPLAYS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
CREW PROCEDURES DEVELOPMENT	BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	PERFORM THE WORD PROCESSING, COPYING, TABLING, ETC., REQUIRED TO BUILD THE PFDF DOCUMENTS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	DEVELOP THE REQUIRED DATA FLOW MODELS FROM DATA EXTRACTED FROM THE IPRD AND O&IA DOCUMENTS, AND FROM DIRECT P1 INTERFACE WHEN REQUIRED.	MANUAL	ROUTINE

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DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	CREATE A FILE OF DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR: A) DIGITAL DATA OVER DEDICATED CHANNELS, B) ALL A/V SIGNALS, C) ALL DIRECT ACCESS CHANNEL SIGNALS, D) ALL EXPERIMENT EC10 AND EC10 SUBSETS	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	SCHEDULE ONBOARD DATA MANAGEMENT AND DOWNLINK	GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	DEFINE TDRS COVERAGE AND IDENTIFY OVERLAPS FOR MULTIPLE SATELLITES, WINDOWS OF OPPORTUNITY FOR REALTIME DATA DOWNLINK, WINDOWS OF OPPORTUNITY FOR RECORDER DUMPS, AND REQUIRED HIGH DATA RATE RECORDER (HRR) RECORD WINDOWS BASED ON TDRS COVERAGE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	SCHEDULE ONBOARD DATA MANAGEMENT AND DOWNLINK	SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	SCHEDULE REALTIME DOWNLINK OF ANALOG/VIDEO AND DIGITAL DATA, A FILL/DUMP PLAN FOR THE DIGITAL HRR, A FILL/DUMP PLAN FOR THE ANALOG/VIDEO TAPE RECORDERS, RECORDING ON THE VIDEO CASSETTE RECORDERS (THE USER MUST COMMAND THE RECORDER DUMPS AND CHANGEOUTS).	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	SCHEDULE ONBOARD DATA MANAGEMENT AND DOWNLINK	GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	IDENTIFY ALL FORANTS POSSIBLE AT ANY GIVEN TIME DURING A MISSION CONSIDERING ACTIVE EXPERIMENTS WITH DIGITAL DATA STREAMS, DIGITAL DUMPS (HRR AND PAYLOAD RECORDER (PLR)), ANALOG/VIDEO DOWNLINK (REAL TIME AND DUMP), AND THE DOWNLINK OF DACH.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

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ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	SCHEDULE ONBOARD DATA FORMATS AND MANAGEMENT DOWLINK AND DOWNLINK	SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK		FROM THE HRM FORMATS AVAILABLE DURING A SPACELAB MISSION, SELECT OPTIMUM FORMAT TIMELINE, SCHEDULE KUSP CHANNEL USAGE, SELECT TDRS HANDOVERS, AOS EVALUATION PERIOD - EFFECTIVE AOS TO EFFECTIVE LOS, LOS EVALUATION PERIOD - EFFECTIVE LOS TO EFFECTIVE AOS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	SCHEDULE POCC DATA CAPTURE/MANA POSSIBLE GEMENT/DISTR IBUTION NS	GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS		IDENTIFY THE LIST OF POSSIBLE REAL TIME POCC CONFIGURATIONS BASED ON THE DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE AND THE HDRR DUMP SCHEDULE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	SCHEDULE POCC DATA CAPTURE/MANA POSSIBLE GEMENT/DISTR IBUTION NS	SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS		GENERATE A SCHEDULE OF CONFIGURATIONS FOR ROUTING REAL-TIME DATA WITHIN THE POCC.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	SCHEDULE POCC DATA CAPTURE/MANA POSSIBLE GEMENT/DISTR IBUTION NS	SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS		GENERATE A SCHEDULE OF PLAYBACKS FOR THE HDRR. SCHEDULE TIME PERIODS IN WHICH THE DATA WILL BE PLAYED BACK AND IDENTIFY THE PLAYBACK CONFIGURATIONS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	VERIFICATION OF DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES		INSURE THAT LIMITATIONS (MISSION WINDOWS, HRM FORMATS, POCC CONFIGURATIONS AND TDRS AVAILABILITY) HAVE NOT BEEN VIOLATED BY THE USER WHEN UPDATING/ENHANCING THE DATA FLOW SCHEDULES.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

DATE 04/08/87

FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	DATA FLOW AND SYSTEMS CONFIGURATION	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS		CREATE TABULAR AND PLOT REPORT INFORMATION. THESE REPORTS RANGE FROM SPECIFIC TYPE REPORTS FOR ONE SPECIAL PHASE OF DATA FLOW TO GENERAL REPORTS THAT REFLECT ALL ONBOARD ACTIVITY. THE USER MAY RUN THESE REPORTS FOR A GIVEN TIME SLICE OR FOR THE ENTIRE MISSION.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULE	UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULE		ENHANCE AN EXISTING SCHEDULE, ADAPT AN OLD SCHEDULE TO A NEW TDRS PROFILE, OR INCORPORATE NEW DIGITAL OR ANALOG/VIDEO REQUIREMENTS INTO AN EXISTING SCHEDULE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES		RECEIVE TIMELINE COMMAND INPUTS FROM THE PI'S AND GUIDELINES FROM THE Q&A ATIC DOCUMENT AND CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES AS NECESSARY TO ACCOMPLISH EACH PI'S OBJECTIVES (IF COMMANDS ARE VERY FEW THEY ARE INCORPORATED DIRECTLY INTO THE MASTER TIMELINE).	MANUAL/AUTOM	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	CHECK STL SYNTAX	CHECK STL SYNTAX	VERIFY ALL SUBORDINATE TIMELINES ARE LEGAL AND WITHOUT TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	DESKTOP STL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	DESKTOP STL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	VERIFY THAT EACH SUBORDINATE TIMELINE COMPLETES THE OBJECTIVES OF THE P.I. AND DOES NOT CAUSE PERTURBATIONS TO OTHER EXPERIMENTS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS MASTER TIMELINE	CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES		ASSEMBLE MISSION TIMELINE INFORMATION AND ARRANGE IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER INTO ONE OR SEVERAL MASTER TIMELINES, AS NEEDED. MULTIPLE TIMELINES ARE ACTIVATED SERIALLY DURING A MISSION.	ROUTINE	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS MASTER TIMELINE	VERIFY AND COMBINE MASTER INPUT FILES	VERIFY AND COMBINE MASTER INPUT FILES	ASSURE THAT ALL MASTER TIMELINE INPUT FILES ARE LEGAL AND FREE OF TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS. MERGE ALL FILES INTO ONE.	ROUTINE	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS MASTER TIMELINE	GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	COMBINE ALL MASTER INPUT FILES INTO ONE COMPLETE MASTER TIMELINE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS MASTER TIMELINE	VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	VERIFY ALL COMMANDS AND SUBORDINATE TIMELINE CALLS ARE VALID FOR ENTIRE MISSION.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS MASTER TIMELINE	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	SIMULATE THE ACTIVATION AND DE-ACTIVATION OF SUBORDINATE TIMELINES FOR AN ENTIRE MISSION TO VERIFY THAT NO MORE THAN 6 ARE ACTIVE AT ANY ONE TIME.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	CREATE ECOS MASTER TIMELINE	DESKTOP MTL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	DESKTOP MTL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	VERIFY THAT THE MASTER TIMELINE IS FREE OF ERRORS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	BUILD ECOS TIMELINE TAPE	CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	CONVERT ECOS TIMELINE FILE FROM ASCII TO EBCDIC.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
MMU LOAD	BUILD ECOS	GENERATE ECOS	GENERATE ECOS	INCORPORATE THE ECOS TIMELINE	MANUAL	ROUTINE
INPUT	TIMELINE	ECOS	TIMELINE DOCUMENT	PRINTOUT INTO A DOCUMENT.		
DEVELOPMENT	TAPE	TIMELINE DOCUMENT				
MMU LOAD	MMU OPTIMIZATION	CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	CREATE A FILE WHICH SIMULATES THE LOCATION OF ALL FILES ON THE MMU TAPE.	MANUAL/AUTOM	ROUTINE ATIC
INPUT DEVELOPMENT	OPTIMIZATION	EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	FIND THE BEST LOCATION FOR FILES ON THE MMU TAPE TO REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF TAPE MOVEMENT. APPROX. 5 OUTPUTS FROM THIS AND TASK "CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE" ARE GENERATED. THESE OUTPUTS ARE COMPARED TO EACH OTHER TO SELECT THE BEST CONFIGURATION.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
MMU LOAD	INPUT DEVELOPMENT	EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT				
EXPERIMENT	CREATE COMMAND LIST	CREATE COMMAND LIST	CREATE COMMAND LIST	GATHER AND COMPILE ALL COMMANDS TO EXPERIMENTS THAT WILL BE PERFORMED DURING THE SUBJECT MISSION. ASSEMBLE ALL COMMANDS IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER IN A VAX FILE.	MANUAL/AUTOM	ROUTINE ATIC
COMMAND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT	COMMAND SYNTAX	COMMAND SYNTAX	CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	VERIFY ALL COMMANDS LISTED ARE LEGAL AND WITHOUT TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
EXPERIMENT COMMAND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT	COMMAND SYNTAX	CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX				
EXPERIMENT COMMAND PLANNING DEVELOPMENT	PRODUCE TIME TAGS	PRODUCE COMMAND TIME TAGS	PRODUCE COMMAND TIME TAGS	APPEND A MISSION ELAPSED TIME TO ALL THE COMMANDS LISTED IN THE INPUT FILE.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE

ACTIVITY SUMMARY DATA

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FUNCTION	SUBFUNCTION	TASK	SUBTASK	ACTIVITY OBJECTIVE	METHOD	NEED
EXPERIMENT	GENERATE COMMAND	GENERATE COMMAND	GENERATE COMMAND	PRODUCE THE COMMAND TIMELINE	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
COMMAND	COMMAND	COMMAND	COMMAND	PRINTOUT.		
PLANNING	TIMELINE	TIMELINE	TIMELINE			
DEVELOPMENT						
EXPERIMENT	CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	ACCUMULATE ALL THE POCC ACTIVITIES ON A LIST IN A VAX FILE.	MANUAL/AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
COMMAND	CHECKLIST	CHECKLIST			ATIC	
PLANNING						
DEVELOPMENT						
EXPERIMENT	CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	VERIFY ALL ACTIVITIES LISTED ARE CORRECT AND WITHOUT TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
COMMAND	ACTIVITY SYNTAX	ACTIVITY SYNTAX	ACTIVITY SYNTAX			
PLANNING						
DEVELOPMENT						
EXPERIMENT	PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	TO APPEND A MET TIME TO ALL ACTIVITIES LISTED IN THE INPUT FILE AND TO COMBINE ALL FILES INTO ONE.	MANUAL	ROUTINE
COMMAND	ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	ACTIVITY TIMETAGS			
PLANNING						
DEVELOPMENT						
EXPERIMENT	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST	MERGE THE INPUT FILES TO PRODUCE A SCHEDULE OF ON-ORBIT ACTIVITIES AND CORRESPONDING POCC ACTIVITIES.	AUTOMATIC	ROUTINE
COMMAND	POCC CHECKLIST	POCC CHECKLIST	POCC CHECKLIST			
PLANNING	AND COMMAND	AND COMMAND	AND COMMAND			
DEVELOPMENT	TIMELINE	TIMELINE	TIMELINE			

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TABLE 2
ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CALENDAR CYCLE TIME(DAYS)	SKILL TYPE	SKILL LEVEL		MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE	1
			(1-NOV/2-PRO,3-EXP)	3			
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	B	10	P/L DATA COL.	3	80		
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	P	30	P/L DATA COL.	3	160		
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	U	5	P/L DATA COL.	3	40		
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	B	2	ORBIT	2	16		
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	P	5	ORBIT	3	40		
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	U	1	ORBIT	2	8		
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	B	2	ORBIT	3	16		
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	P	5	ORBIT	3	40		
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	U	2	ORBIT	3	16		
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	P	1	ORBIT	2	4		
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	B	0	ORBIT	1	1		
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	P	0	ORBIT	1	1		
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	R	0	ORBIT	1	1		
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	U	0	ORBIT	1	1		
GENERATE ORBITAL EPHEMERIS BY NUMERICAL	B	1	ORBIT	2	4		
INTEGRATION	P	1	ORBIT	2	4		
GENERATE ORBITAL EPHEMERIS BY NUMERICAL	R	0	ORBIT	2	1		
INTEGRATION	U	1	ORBIT	2	4		
INTEGRATION							
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	B	1	ORBIT	2	4		
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	P	1	ORBIT	2	4		
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	R	0	ORBIT	2	1		
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	U	1	ORBIT	2	4		
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACO/LOSS	B	0	ORBIT	2	1		
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACO/LOSS	P	0	ORBIT	2	1		
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACO/LOSS	R	0	ORBIT	2	1		
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACO/LOSS	U	0	ORBIT	1	1		
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	B	0	ORBIT	1	1		
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	P	0	ORBIT	1	1		
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	R	0	ORBIT	1	1		
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	U	0	ORBIT	1	1		

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ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CALENDAR CYCLE	TIME(DAYS)	SKILL TYPE	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)		PAGE	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)
				1	2		
GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	B	0	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	P	0	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	R	0	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	U	0	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	B	1	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	P	1	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	U	1	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	B	0	ORBIT		2		2
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	P	0	ORBIT		2		2
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	R	0	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	U	0	ORBIT		2		2
GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	B	1	ORBIT		4		4
GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	P	1	ORBIT		2		4
GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	R	0	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	U	1	ORBIT		2		4
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	B	0	ORBIT		1		1
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	P	0	ORBIT		1		1
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	R	0	ORBIT		1		1
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	U	0	ORBIT		1		1
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	B	0	ORBIT		1		1
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	P	0	ORBIT		1		1
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	R	0	ORBIT		1		1
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	U	0	ORBIT		1		1
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSIONS)	B	0	ORBIT		2		1
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSIONS)	P	1	ORBIT		4		1
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSIONS)	R	0	ORBIT		2		1
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSIONS)	B	1	ORBIT		2		4
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSION)	P	1	ORBIT		2		4
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSION)	R	1	ORBIT		2		4
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSION)	U	1	ORBIT		2		4
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	B	1	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	P	1	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	R	0	ORBIT		2		1
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	U	1	ORBIT		2		2
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	B	1	ORBIT		4		

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CALENDAR	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE
				PAGE
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	P	1 ORBIT	2	4
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	R	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	U	1 ORBIT	2	4
COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	B	1 ORBIT	2	4
COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	P	1 ORBIT	2	4
COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	R	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	U	1 ORBIT	2	4
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	B	0 ORBIT	2	1
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	P	0 ORBIT	2	1
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	R	0 ORBIT	2	1
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	U	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	B	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	P	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	R	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	U	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	B	0 ORBIT	2	1
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	P	0 ORBIT	2	1

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CALENDAR		SKILL TYPE	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE
	CYCLE	TIME(DAYS)				
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
PHYSICS TARGETS						
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
PHYSICS TARGETS						
COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM	R	1	ORBIT	2	1	
ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET						
EVENTS						
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
TARGETS						
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
TARGETS						
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
TARGETS						
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
TARGETS						
CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE	B	0	ORBIT	2	2	
CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE	P	1	ORBIT	2	4	
CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE						
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	U	0	ORBIT	2	2	
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
OBSERVATION TARGETS						
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
OBSERVATION TARGETS						
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
OBSERVATION TARGETS						
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
OBSERVATION TARGETS						

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CYCLE	CALENDAR TIME(DAYS)	SKILL TYPE	Skill Level (1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	B	1	ORBIT	2	4	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	P	1	ORBIT	2	4	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	U	1	ORBIT	2	4	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	B	0	ORBIT	1	1	
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	P	0	ORBIT	1	1	
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	R	0	ORBIT	1	1	
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	U	0	ORBIT	1	1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	B	0	ORBIT	2	2	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	P	1	ORBIT	2	4	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	B	0	ORBIT	1	1	
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	P	0	ORBIT	1	1	
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	R	0	ORBIT	1	1	

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CYCLE	CALENDAR TIME(DAYS)	SKILL TYPE	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV, 2-PRO, 3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	U	0	ORBIT	1	1	6
PERFORM PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS TO DESIGN/DEVELOP CO-ORBITING TRAJECTORIES THAT SATISFY OBJECTIVES AND CONSTRAINTS	B	5	ORBIT	3	40	
PERFORM PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS TO DESIGN/DEVELOP CO-ORBITING TRAJECTORIES THAT SATISFY OBJECTIVES AND CONSTRAINTS	P	5	ORBIT	3	40	
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	B	2	ORBIT	3	40	
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	P	2	ORBIT	2	40	
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	U	1	ORBIT	3	8	
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	B	1	ORBIT	3	8	
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	P	1	ORBIT	3	8	
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	U	1	ORBIT	3	4	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	B	1	ORBIT	3	4	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	P	1	ORBIT	3	4	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	U	1	ORBIT	3	4	
CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	B	10	ORBIT	3	40	
CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	P	10	ORBIT	3	40	
CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	U	10	ORBIT	3	20	
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	B	5	ORBIT	3	40	
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	P	5	ORBIT	3	40	
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	R	1	ORBIT	3	8	
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	U	5	ORBIT	3	40	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	B	1	ORBIT	3	8	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	P	1	ORBIT	3	8	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	R	0	ORBIT	3	4	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	U	0	ORBIT	3	8	
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS	B	1	ORBIT	3	1	
OR OTHER REQMTS						
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS	P	1	ORBIT	3	1	
OR OTHER REQMTS						

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

DATE 04/08/87

ACTIVITY	CYCLE	CALENDAR TIME(DAYS)	SKILL TYPE	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV/2-PRO,3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	R	0	ORBIT	3	1	7
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	U	0	ORBIT	3	1	
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	B	1	ORBIT	3	8	
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	P	1	ORBIT	3	8	
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	R	0	ORBIT	3	1	
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	U	1	ORBIT	3	4	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	B	1	ORBIT	3	4	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	P	1	ORBIT	3	4	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	R	0	ORBIT	3	2	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	U	1	ORBIT	3	4	
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	B	0	ORBIT	2	2	
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	P	0	ORBIT	2	2	
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	U	0	ORBIT	2	2	
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	B	1	ORBIT	3	1	
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	P	1	ORBIT	3	1	
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	R	0	ORBIT	3	1	
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	U	1	ORBIT	3	1	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	B	0	ORBIT	3	3	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	P	0	ORBIT	3	1	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	R	0	ORBIT	3	1	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	U	0	ORBIT	3	1	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	B	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	P	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	R	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	U	0	ORBIT	2	1	
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	B	5	ORBIT	3	40	
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	P	5	ORBIT	3	40	
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	U	2	ORBIT	3	16	

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CYCLE	CALENDAR	Skill Type	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)	PAGE	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)
DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	B	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	P	1	ORBIT	3	3	4
DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	U	2	ORBIT	3	3	16
CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	B	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	P	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	U	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	B	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	P	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	U	3	ORBIT	3	3	20
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	B	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	P	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	U	3	ORBIT	3	3	20
FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	B	0	ORBIT	3	3	2
FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	P	0	ORBIT	3	3	2
FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	U	0	ORBIT	3	3	2
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	B	1	ORBIT	3	3	4
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	P	1	ORBIT	3	3	4
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	U	1	ORBIT	3	3	4
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	B	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	P	5	ORBIT	3	3	40
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	U	3	ORBIT	3	3	20
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	B	0	ORBIT	3	3	2
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	P	0	ORBIT	3	3	2
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	R	0	ORBIT	3	3	1
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	U	0	ORBIT	3	3	2
P1 EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	B	5	ORBIT	2	2	8
P1 EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	P	5	ORBIT	2	2	8
P1 EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	U	5	ORBIT	2	2	8
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	B	1	ORBIT	3	3	4
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	P	1	ORBIT	3	3	4
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	R	0	ORBIT	3	3	1
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	U	1	ORBIT	3	3	4
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	B	21	TIMELINE	3	3	240
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	P	21	TIMELINE	3	3	240
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	U	14	TIMELINE	3	3	160

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CYCLE	CALENDAR TIME(DAYS)	SKILL TYPE	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV, 2-PRO, 3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)
GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	B	3	TIMELINE	2	24
GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	P	3	TIMELINE	2	24
GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	R	0	TIMELINE	2	2
GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	U	3	TIMELINE	2	24
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	B	2	TIMELINE	2	12
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	P	3	TIMELINE	2	20
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	R	0	TIMELINE	2	1
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	U	2	TIMELINE	2	12
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	B	25	TIMELINE	2	600
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	P	20	TIMELINE	2	480
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	R	1	TIMELINE	3	6
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	U	20	TIMELINE	2	640
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	B	5	TIMELINE	2	120
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	P	5	TIMELINE	2	120
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	R	0	TIMELINE	3	2
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	U	5	TIMELINE	2	160
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	B	25	TIMELINE	3	400
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	R	0	TIMELINE	3	2
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	U	30	TIMELINE	3	720
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	B	5	TIMELINE	2	40
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	P	5	TIMELINE	2	40
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	R	0	TIMELINE	2	1
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	U	5	TIMELINE	2	40
BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	B	5	TIMELINE	2	80
BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	R	0	TIMELINE	2	1
BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	U	5	TIMELINE	3	120
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	B	14	FDD DEVELOP	2	168
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	P	14	FDD DEVELOP	2	168
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	U	14	FDD DEVELOP	2	168
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	B	14	FPA DEVELOP	2	168
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	P	14	FPA DEVELOP	2	168
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	U	14	FPA DEVELOP	2	168
DEVELOP STOWAGE BOOK	B	210	CREW PRO DEV	2	360
DEVELOP STOWAGE BOOK	P	90	CREW PRO DEV	2	155
DEVELOP STOWAGE BOOK	U	120	CREW PRO DEV	2	206

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ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CALENDAR CYCLE TIME(DAYS)	SKILL TYPE	(1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)	MANPOWER	PAGE
					10
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	B	210	CREW PRO DEV	2	1200
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	P	90	CREW PRO DEV	2	514
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	U	120	CREW PRO DEV	2	686
DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	B	210	CREW PRO DEV	2	3600
DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	P	90	CREW PRO DEV	2	1543
DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	U	120	CREW PRO DEV	2	686
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	B	210	CREW PRO DEV	2	720
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	P	90	CREW PRO DEV	2	309
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	U	120	CREW PRO DEV	2	411
DEVELOP CONS DICTIONARY	B	210	CREW PRO DEV	2	240
DEVELOP CONS DICTIONARY	P	90	CREW PRO DEV	2	103
DEVELOP CONS DICTIONARY	U	120	CREW PRO DEV	2	137
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	B	21	CREW PRO DEV	2	240
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	P	21	CREW PRO DEV	2	240
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	U	21	CREW PRO DEV	2	240
CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	B	10	DATA	3	40
CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	P	90	DATA	3	100
CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	U	2	DATA	3	10
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	B	10	DATA	3	40
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	P	90	DATA	3	100
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	R	1	DATA	3	1
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	U	3	DATA	3	20
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	B	3	DATA	3	10
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	P	10	DATA	3	50
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	R	1	DATA	3	1
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	U	1	DATA	3	5
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	B	1	DATA	2	5
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	P	3	DATA	2	20
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	R	1	DATA	2	1
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	U	1	DATA	2	2
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	B	2	DATA	2	10
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	P	1	DATA	2	5
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	U	1	DATA	2	2
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	B	1	DATA	2	5
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	P	3	DATA	2	20

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CYCLE TIME(DAYS)	CALENDAR	SKILL TYPE	(1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DONLINK	R	1	DATA	2	1	
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DONLINK	U	1	DATA	2	2	
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	B	1	DATA	2	5	
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	P	1	DATA	2	5	
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	U	1	DATA	2	1	
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	B	1	DATA	2	2	
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	P	2	DATA	2	10	
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	R	1	DATA	2	1	
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	U	1	DATA	2	1	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	B	1	DATA	3	5	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	P	3	DATA	3	20	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	R	1	DATA	3	1	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	U	1	DATA	3	2	
VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	B	3	DATA	3	20	
VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	R	1	DATA	3	1	
VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	U	3	DATA	3	20	
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	B	5	DATA	3	20	
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	P	3	DATA	3	10	
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	R	1	DATA	3	1	
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	U	1	DATA	3	5	
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	B	5	DATA	3	40	
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	R	1	DATA	3	1	
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	U	2	DATA	3	10	
CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	B	60	MMU	2	320	
CHECK STL SYNTAX	B	5	MMU	2	40	
DESKTOP STL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	B	5	MMU	2	60	
CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	B	30	MMU	2	100	
VERIFY AND COMBINE MASTER INPUT FILES	B	1	MMU	2	40	
GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	B	1	MMU	2	4	
VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	B	1	MMU	2	8	
GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	B	7	MMU	2	40	
DESKTOP MTL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	B	7	MMU	2	120	
CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	B	2	MMU	2	6	
GENERATE ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT	B	4	MMU	2	8	
CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	B	3	MMU	2	24	

ACTIVITY TIME AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS

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ACTIVITY	CALENDAR	SKILL LEVEL (1-NOV,2-PRO,3-EXP)	MANPOWER (MAN-HOURS)	PAGE	
				PAGE	PAGE
EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	B	3 MMU	3	24	
CREATE COMMAND LIST	B	15 EXP CMD PLNG	3	160	
CREATE COMMAND LIST	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	3	8	
CREATE COMMAND LIST	U	5 EXP CMD PLNG	3	32	
CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	B	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	U	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	B	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	U	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	B	3 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	U	3 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	B	10 EXP CMD PLNG	3	160	
CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	3	8	
CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	U	5 EXP CMD PLNG	3	32	
CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	B	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	B	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	U	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	4	
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	B	3 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	R	1 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	U	3 EXP CMD PLNG	2	8	

TABLE 3
SOFTWARE USED BY ACTIVITY

SOFTWARE USED BY ACTIVITY

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ACTIVITY NAME	SOFTWARE NAME	TIME REQUIRED FOR USE BY PLANNING CYCLE (HRS)			PAGE
		PRELIMINARY	BASIC	UPDATE	
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	LWAP	1	1	1	0
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	LANTIM	1	0	0	0
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	VECTOR	1	1	1	1
GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION	NSEP	2	2	2	1
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASEP-1	1	1	1	1
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	ASEP-2	1	1	1	1
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	TARGEN	1	1	1	1
GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	STAR	1	1	1	1
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	CAVA/CAVINV	1	1	1	0
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	SALES	1	1	1	1
GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	RAD12	1	1	1	1
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	LTO-1	1	1	1	1
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	TARGEN	1	1	1	1
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSIONS)	STAR-1	1	1	0	0
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSIONS)	SUBCOO	1	1	1	0

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ACTIVITY NAME	SOFTWARE NAME	TIME REQUIRED FOR USE BY PLANNING CYCLE (HRS)	PAGE
		PRELIMINARY BASIC UPDATE	REPLANNING
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	STAR-2	1 1 1 1	2
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	TARGEN	1 1 1 1	
COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	TANRAY	1 1 1 1	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	LTO-4	1 1 1 1	
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	TARGEN	1 1 1 1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	TARGEN	1 1 1 1	
COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	ATMOS	0 0 0 1	
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	LTO-1	1 1 1 1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	TARGEN	1 1 1 1	
CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE	ESDAT	2 2 2 0	
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	ESAL	1 1 1 1	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	LTO-3	1 1 1 1	

SOFTWARE USED BY ACTIVITY				DATE 03/19/87		
ACTIVITY NAME	SOFTWARE NAME	TIME REQUIRED FOR USE BY PLANNING CYCLE (HRS)	PAGE			
		PRELIMINARY BASIC UPDATE		REPLANNING		
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	TARGEN	1	1	1	1	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	BORB	1	1	1	1	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	LTO-2	1	1	1	1	
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	LTO-1	1	1	1	1	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	TARGEN	4	4	4	4	
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	TARGEN	1	1	1	1	
PERFORM PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS TO DESIGN/DEVELOP CO-ORBITING TRAJECTORIES THAT SATISFY OBJECTIVES AND CONSTRAINTS	RELMO	10	10	10	0	
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	CAVA/CAVINV	1	1	1	0	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	READPI	2	2	2	0	
CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	EDT	8	8	4	0	
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	ASTAR	80	80	80	5	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	CAVA/KEYGEN	8	8	8	1	
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQNTS	CAVA/CAVINV	1	1	1	0	

SOFTWARE USED BY ACTIVITY

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ACTIVITY NAME	SOFTWARE NAME	TIME REQUIRED FOR USE BY PLANNING CYCLE (HRS)	PAGE
		PRELIMINARY BASIC UPDATE	REPLANNING
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	PAAC	4	4 4 1
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	CAVA/KEYGEN	4	4 4 1
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	CAVA/CAVINP	1	1 1 0
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	PROCAM	1	1 1 1
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	CAVA/CAVINP	1	1 1 1
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	TARGEN	1	1 1 1
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	PHDSG	1	1 1 1
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	SCATGEN	40	40 40 0
DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	ASTRO	0	8 8 0
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	SCATGEN	40	40 40 0
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	GSOLP-1	40	40 40 0
FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	GSOLP-2	2	2 2 0
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	GIMBAL	4	4 4 0
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	GSOLP-2	40	40 40 0
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	IPOL	2	2 2 2
PI EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	EDT	2	2 2 0

ACTIVITY NAME		SOFTWARE USED BY ACTIVITY		TIME REQUIRED FOR USE BY PLANNING CYCLE (HRS)		DATE 03/19/87	
		SOFTWARE NAME	PRELIMINARY BASIC	UPDATE	REPLANNING	PAGE	PAGE
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	JOTF		4	4	4	4	4
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	VME	108	108	108	108	1	1
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	TAE	10	10	10	10	1	1
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	ESP	128	160	160	128	4	4
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	ESP	0	32	32	32	2	2
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	PCAP	0	160	160	192	2	2
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	PTS	24	24	24	24	1	1
CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	EDT	15	5	1	0		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	DF/MDRPG	50	20	20	10	1	1
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	DF/HMG	40	8	4	4	1	1
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	DF/QRS	16	4	1	1	1	1
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	DF/HPFQ	4	8	2	0		
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	DF/HFS	16	4	1	1	1	1
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	DF/PPcG	4	4	1	0		
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	DF/PCS	8	1	1	1	1	1
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	DF/PBS	16	4	1	1	1	1

SOFTWARE USED BY ACTIVITY

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ACTIVITY NAME	SOFTWARE NAME	TIME REQUIRED FOR USE BY PLANNING CYCLE (HRS)	PAGE
		PRELIMINARY BASIC UPDATE	REPLANNING
VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	DF/DW	0 16 16	1
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DF/DFRG	5 10 3	1
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	IDUS	0 40 10	1
CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	EDT	0 320 0	0
CHECK STL SYNTAX	VERSTL	0 40 0	0
CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	EDT	0 160 0	0
VERIFY AND COMBINE MASTER INPUT FILES	VERMI	0 40 0	0
GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	GENMTL	0 8 0	0
VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	VERMTL	0 8 0	0
GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	STLBUF	0 40 0	0
CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	DEL.COM	0 16 0	0
CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	EDT	0 24 0	0
EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	MMUALL	0 8 0	0
CREATE COMMAND LIST	EDT	0 120 40	4
CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	CHECK	0 8 8	4
PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	MET	0 8 8	4
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	CMDATG	0 24 24	8

SOFTWARE USED BY ACTIVITY

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ACTIVITY NAME	SOFTWARE NAME	TIME REQUIRED FOR USE BY PLANNING CYCLE (HRS)			
		PRELIMINARY	BASIC	UPDATE	REPLANNING
CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	EDT	0	80	40	4
CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	CHECK	0	8	8	4
PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	NET	0	8	8	4
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	CG	0	24	24	8

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	SKILL REQMTS			MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		MODE OF USE	TYPE	LEVEL		
ASEP-1	(ANALYTIC SATELLITE EPHEMERIS PROGRAM) THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES (ANALYTICALLY) AN EARTH SATELLITE EPHEMERIS. THE PROGRAM CONSISTS OF SEVERAL COMPUTATIONAL OPTIONS: 1) A DETAILED TRAJECTORY CONSISTING OF A TIME HISTORY (ANY DELTA TIME) OF 110 VARIABLES, 2) A GROUND TRACK TRAJECTORY CONSISTING OF A TIME HISTORY OF THE LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF THE SATELLITE SUB-POINT AND 10 OTHER VARIABLES, 3) EARTH SHADOW ACQUISITION AND LOSS COMPUTATION, 4) A LAUNCH TIME PARAMETERIZATION WHERE MULTIPLE DETAILED TRAJECTORIES ARE GENERATED FOR A USER SPECIFIED RANGE OF LAUNCH TIMES AND, 5) THE CAPABILITY TO DRIVE THOSE ABOVE OPTIONS WITH AN EPHEMERIS FILE GENERATED BY NSEP.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	14191 1474000 110

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
			TYPE LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES
ASEP-2	(ANALYTIC SATELLITE EPHEMERIS PROGRAM) THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES (ANALYTICALLY) AN EARTH SATELLITE EPHEMERIS. THE PROGRAM CONSISTS OF SEVERAL COMPUTATIONAL OPTIONS: 1) A DETAILED TRAJECTORY CONSISTING OF A TIME HISTORY (ANY DELTA TIME) OF 110 VARIABLES, 2) A GROUND TRACK TRAJECTORY CONSISTING OF A TIME HISTORY OF THE LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF THE SATELLITE SUB-POINT AND 10 OTHER VARIABLES, 3) EARTH SHADOW ACQUISITION AND LOSS COMPUTATION, 4) A LAUNCH TIME PARAMETERIZATION WHERE MULTIPLE DETAILED TRAJECTORIES ARE GENERATED FOR A USER SPECIFIED RANGE OF LAUNCH TIMES AND, 5) THE CAPABILITY TO DRIVE THOSE ABOVE OPTIONS WITH AN EPHEMERIS FILE GENERATED BY NSEP.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	14191 147400 20

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	TYPE	LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
ASTAR	(ASTRONOMY SCHEDULER) THIS PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO PRODUCE A VIEWING SCHEDULE FOR SPACE SHUTTLE BASED ASTRONOMY MISSIONS. IT EMPLOYS AN AUTOMATED SCHEDULING ALGORITHM TO GENERATE OBSERVATION SEQUENCES THAT MAKE EFFICIENT USE OF AVAILABLE OBSERVATORY TIME. FACTORS INCLUDE PRIORITY, WINDOWS, SLEW TIMES, VIEWING CONSTRAINTS, AND RESERVED PERIODS. OUTPUT INCLUDES VIEWING SCHEDULE, STATISTICS, GRAPHS AND FILES FOR INPUT TO THE CREW TIMELINE AND ORBITER ATTITUDE PROGRAMS.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	11000	5431000	15
ASTRO	THIS PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO PROVIDE THE CAPABILITIES FOR ENTERING ASTRONOMY DATA WITH SPECIFIED FIELDS OF VIEWS (FOV), VIEWING AVAILABILITY ON THE CELESTIAL SPHERE, AND PLOTTING THE DATA. THE CELESTIAL SPHERE IS REPRESENTED BY A RECTANGULAR GRID OF RIGHT ASCENSION(S) AND DECLINATION(S). THE SUN, MOON, PLANETS AND STELLAR TARGETS MAY BE VIEWED GRAPHICALLY IN VARIOUS PLANES AND FOV'S. THE INPUT IS VIA DATA FILES OR A CROSS-HAIR EDITOR. OUTPUT IS VIA A DATA FILE AND THE TERMINAL.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	5410	1232	60

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	TYPE	SKILL REQTS	LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)	PAGE
ATMOS	(ATMOS EXPERIMENT PROGRAM) THIS PROGRAM DOES CALCULATIONS OF THE AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION OF THE SUN AS SEEN FROM THE VEHICLE AT USER SPECIFIED TIMES WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE AND SET EVENTS. THE PROGRAM REQUIRES A NODE FILE AND A SPECIFICATION OF THE ATTITUDE AS INPUT. OUTPUT IS A TABLE OF SUN AZIMUTHS AND ELEVATIONS OR A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING THAT INFORMATION.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN		1650	1525000	10	4
BORB	(B-VECTOR IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM) THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES THE STRENGTH OF THE GEOMAGNETIC FIELD AND THE DIRECTIONS OF THIS FIELD AT THE CURRENT POSITION OF THE ORBITER IN SEVERAL COORDINATE SYSTEMS INCLUDING THE ORBITER BODY SYSTEM. THE PROGRAM CONTAINS THE OPTION TO USE EITHER THE 1975 OR 1980 INTERNATIONAL GEOMAGNETIC REFERENCE FIELD (IGRF) MODEL. BORB OUTPUTS 54 PARAMETERS ON A LIST DIRECTED FILE INCLUDING THE SPHERICAL POLAR COMPONENTS OF THE FIELD, THE TOTAL MAGNITUDE OF THE FIELD AND THE MCILWAIN PARAMETERS. BORB IS A PART OF CAVA AND DOES NOT RUN STANDALONG. THE VEHICLE'S EPHEMERIS AND ATTITUDE TIMELINE MUST BE LOADED IN VIA THE OTHER OPTIONS IN CAVA BEFORE RUNNING BORB.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN		2100	1263000	45	

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQNTS	MEMORY	RUNTIME
		TYPE	LEVEL	LINES (BYTES)	(MIN)
		INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN
CAVA/CAVNP /KEYGN	(COMBINED ATTITUDE AND VISIBILITY ANALYSIS) THIS PROGRAM COMBINES SEVERAL INTERRELATED FUNCTIONS FOR ATTITUDE AND VISIBILITY ANALYSIS. IT COMPUTES AN ATTITUDE TIMELINE USING KEYWORD TABLE DATA AND A MANEUVER TIMELINE (KEYGEN); GENERATES A SPACECRAFT OCCULTATION IMAGE ON A CELESTIAL SPHERE AS SEEN FROM A SPECIFIED ANTENNA OR SENSOR COORDINATE SYSTEM ABOARD A SPACECRAFT (ASOC); GENERATES ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES OF CELESTIAL OR EARTH-FIXED TARGETS BY SENSORS ABOARD A SPACECRAFT IN EARTH ORBIT (CAVINP); COMPUTES GEOMAGNETIC FIELD PARAMETERS IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM (BORB); AND DISPLAYS CALCULATED ATTITUDE DATA VIA A TEKTRONIX 4014 TERMINAL OR ALTERNATE FILE (ATTDOC).	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN
CG	COMBINES ALL INPUT FILES TO PRODUCE A PRINTOUT OF ALL "ON ORBIT" ACTIVITIES AND ALL CORRESPONDING POCC ACTIVITIES.	INTERACTIVE	EXP CMD PLNG	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN
CHECK	VERIFIES THAT THE COMMANDS LISTED IN THE INPUT FILE ARE LEGAL COMMANDS TO THAT EXPERIMENT AND WITHOUT TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.	INTERACTIVE	EXP CMD PLNG	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN
CHDATG	PRODUCES THE COMMAND TIMELINE PRINTOUT FROM THE INPUT FILE.	INTERACTIVE	EXP CMD PLNG	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	TYPE	SKILL REQMTS	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)	PAGE
DEL.COM	CONVERT FILE FORMAT FROM ASCII TO EBCDIC	INTERACTIVE	MNU	PROFICIENT	DCL	338	14848	150	6
DFAST/DFRG	THIS DFAST MODULE CONSISTS OF A SET OF EXECUTABLES THAT CREATE TABULAR OR PLOT REPORT INFORMATION. THESE EXECUTABLES INCLUDE DATA MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST, MISSION ACTIVITY PLOTS, PLAYBACK REPORTS, ANTENNA DISPLAYS, ETC..	INTERACTIVE	DATA	EXPERT	FORTRAN	42383	921600	50	
DFAST/DVM	THIS DFAST MODULE IS USED TO VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	EXPERT	FORTRAN	10838	665600	3	
DFAST/HFS	THIS DFAST MODULE SELECTS THE FORMATS THAT WILL BE IN OPERATION DURING A SPACELAB MISSION.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	7908	358400	1	
DFAST/HPFG	THIS DFAST MODULE IDENTIFIES ALL FORMATS POSSIBLE AT ANY GIVEN TIME DURING A MISSION.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	2630	204800	1	
DFAST/MDRP 6	THIS DFAST MODULE DEVELOPS A FILE TO BE USED IN THE DATA FLOW ANALYSIS TO DEFINE EXPERIMENT AND SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS AND CAPABILITIES.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	EXPERT	FORTRAN	5031	563200	1	
DFAST/MMG	THIS DFAST MODULE DEFINES TDRS COVERAGE, REALTIME DOWNLINK, HDRR DUMP WINDOWS.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	EXPERT	FORTRAN	16608	819200	1	
DFAST/OPS	THIS DFAST MODULE SCHEDULES ONBOARD RECORDER AND REALTIME DOWNLINKS.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	EXPERT	FORTRAN	15587	819200	1	

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	TYPE	SKILL REQMTS LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
DFAST/PBS	THIS DFAST MODULE SCHEDULES PLAYBACKS FOR THE HDRR DUMPS.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	16498	307200	1
DFAST/PCS	THIS DFAST MODULE DEFINES ROUTING OF REALTIME DATA IN THE POCC.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	5555	307200	1
DFAST/PPCG	THIS DFAST MODULE ESTABLISHES A LIST OF POSSIBLE REALTIME POCC CONFIGURATION.	INTERACTIVE	DATA	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	9396	358400	1
EDT	THE VAX EDITOR ALLOWS RANDOM ACCESS TO A LIST OF COMMANDS/ACTIVITIES IN COMPUTER MEMORY. EACH ITEM IS ADDED, DELETED OR REVISED, ONE AT A TIME BY THE OPERATOR.	INTERACTIVE	ALL	NOVICE	VAX OPS SYSTEM	0	0	0
ESAL	(EARTH SITE ACQUISITION AND LOSS PROGRAM) THIS PROGRAM ANALYTICALLY COMPUTES THE TIMES AN ORBITTING VEHICLE'S GROUND TRACK WILL ENTER AND EXIT POLYGONAL GROUND SITES.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	1850	1286000	30
ESDAT	(EARTH SITE DATA) THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS THE USER TO DEFINE POLYGONAL GROUND SITES FOR USE IN THE ESAL PROGRAM.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	700	1220000	45

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		INTERACTIVE	TYPE LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES
ESP	THE EXPERIMENT SCHEDULING PROGRAM (ESP) GENERATES, MODIFIES, VERIFIES, & DOCUMENTS EXPERIMENT T/L'S. THE USER MAY SELECT EITHER AUTOMATIC SCHEDULING OR MANUAL KEY IN OF ACTIVITIES. IN EITHER CASE THE PROGRAM VERIFIES THAT CONSTRAINTS ARE NOT VIOLATED. WHEN EDITING ACTIVITIES MANUALLY, THE USER MAY ELECT TO ACCEPT WARNINGS THAT CERTAIN CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN VIOLATED & PRODUCE A T/L WITH VIOLATIONS. THE PROGRAM ALSO HAS AN OPTION TO VERIFY THAT CHANGES TO THE MODELS, MISSION CONSTRAINTS, AND/OR TARGET/ATTITUDE FILES HAVE NOT INVALIDATED A PREVIOUS EXPERIMENT TIMELINE.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	90000 3800 60
GENMTL	ASSEMBLES ALL MASTER TIMELINE EVENTS INTO CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER.	INTERACTIVE	MMU	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN 2528 57856 120

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		TYPE	LEVEL	LINES	
		INTERACTIVE	EXPERT	FORTRAN	
GIMBAL	(GIMBAL ANGLE PROGRAM) THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS THE USER TO DETERMINE THE CELESTIAL ROLLS TO USE IN IPS STELLAR OBSERVATIONS WHILE MINIMIZING THOSE ROLLS BETWEEN OBSERVATIONS. THIS IS DONE VIA AN ITERATIVE PROCESS IN WHICH THE USER CAN SPECIFY THE IPS GIMBAL ROLL IN AN INPUT FILE. GIMBAL OUTPUTS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE LISTING MET, SCIENCE AND GUIDE STAR POSITIONS, AND GIMBAL AND CELESTIAL ANGLES FOR EACH OBSERVATION.	INTERACTIVE	EXPERT	1100	1216000 60
GSOLP-1	THE GUIDE STAR OBJECTIVE LOAD PROGRAM (GSOLP) HAS BEEN DEVELOPED EXCLUSIVELY TO SELECT GUIDE STARS FOR USE BY THE INERTIAL POINTING SYSTEM (IPS) ON ASTRO MISSIONS. THE PROGRAM HAS 5 MODULES TO PROVIDE: 1) SELECTION OF GUIDE STARS, 2) TABULATION AND PLOTTING OF SELECTED DATA, 3) OPTIMIZATION OF IPS GIMBAL ANGLES FOR OBJECTIVE LOADS, 4) GENERATION OF OBJECTIVE LOADS IN ASCII FORMAT, AND 5) GENERATION OF OBJECTIVE LOADS TO MMU FORMAT FOR REAL TIME UPLINK.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT FORTRAN	17460 3000 960

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	TYPE	LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
GSOLP-2	THE GUIDE STAR OBJECTIVE LOAD PROGRAM (GSOLP) HAS BEEN DEVELOPED EXCLUSIVELY TO SELECT GUIDE STARS FOR USE BY THE INERTIAL POINTING SYSTEM (IPS) ON ASTRO MISSIONS. THE PROGRAM HAS 5 MODULES TO PROVIDE: 1) SELECTION OF GUIDE STARS, 2) TABULATION AND PLOTTING OF SELECTED DATA, 3) OPTIMIZATION OF IPS GIMBAL ANGLES FOR OBJECTIVE LOADS, 4) GENERATION OF OBJECTIVE LOADS IN ASCII FORMAT, AND 5) GENERATION OF OBJECTIVE LOADS TO MMU FORMAT FOR REAL TIME UPLINK.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	17460	3000	60
IDUS	INTERACTIVE DATA UPDATE SYSTEM FOR MODIFYING DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	INTERACTIVE	DATA	EXPERT	FORTRAN	31790	117760	1
IPOL	(IPS POINTING LISTS PROGRAM) THIS PROGRAM OUTPUTS TWO FILES WHICH ARE LISTS DESCRIBING THE POINTINGS DONE BY THE IPS ON ASTRO MISSIONS. ONE IS AN ASCII FILE WHICH LISTS ALL THE ID'S OF SCHEDULED TARGETS IN ID ORDER. THIS FILE IS FOR THE PI TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBERS TO AND THEN IT FEEDS INTO JOTF. THE SECOND OUTPUT FILE IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE GIVING DATA ON EACH POINTING IN TIME ORDER. THIS FILE IS READ BY PCAP AND JOTF.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	2200	226500	30

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
LEVEL	TYPE	LANGUAGE	LINES	(MIN)	
PROFICIENT	ORBIT				
JOTF	(JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE PROGRAM) JOTF GENERATES THE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE WHICH IS AN NMU FORMAT FILE THAT IS UPLINKED TO THE ON-BOARD COMPUTER. THE JOTF FILE CONTAINS DATA FOR EACH OBSERVATION AND THAT DATA IS DISPLAYED ON BOARD BY CREW MEMBERS WHEN CALLED UP BY TARGET ID. THE DATA INCLUDES TARGET ID, NAME, RA, DEC, OBJECTIVE LOAD ROLL, START AND STOP TIMES, SEQUENCE NUMBERS, ETC. INPUTS REQUIRED BY JOTF ARE AN IPOL FILE, A SEQUENCE FILE, AN ASTRON SCHEDULE, AND A COO FILE.	INTERACTIVE			1300 1184.000 45
LANTIM	GENERATE AN INSERTION VECTOR FROM ANY OF 4 SETS OF INPUT DATA.	INTERACTIVE			2548 1228000 10
LTO-1	(LIST DIRECTED TO ON/OFF FILE). THE LTO PROGRAM TAKES AS INPUT A USER SPECIFIED LIST-DIRECTED FILE AND ACCEPTANCE CONDITIONS TO APPLY TO THAT FILE. LTO READS THE INPUT FILE SCANNING FOR PERIODS OF TIME DURING WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THE OUTPUT IS AN ON/OFF SUBJECT FILE CONTAINING THE TIMES AT WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THIS OUTPUT SUBJECT MAY BE WRITTEN ON A NEW ON/OFF FILE OR ADDED TO A EXISTING ONE.	INTERACTIVE			351 1139000 15

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	TYPE	SKILL REQMTS LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
LTO-2	(LIST-DIRECTED TO ON/OFF FILE). THE LTO PROGRAM TAKES AS INPUT A USER SPECIFIED LIST-DIRECTED FILE AND ACCEPTANCE CONDITIONS TO APPLY TO THAT FILE. LTO READS THE INPUT FILE SCANNING FOR PERIODS OF TIME DURING WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THE OUTPUT IS AN ON/OFF SUBJECT CONTAINING THE TIMES AT WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THIS OUTPUT SUBJECT MAY BE WRITTEN ON A NEW ON/OFF FILE OR ADDED TO AN EXISTING ONE.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	351	1139000	150
LTO-3	(LIST-DIRECTED TO ON/OFF FILE). THE LTO PROGRAM TAKES AS INPUT A USER SPECIFIED LIST-DIRECTED FILE AND ACCEPTANCE CONDITIONS TO APPLY TO THAT FILE. LTO READS THE INPUT FILE SCANNING FOR PERIODS OF TIME DURING WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THE OUTPUT IS AN ON/OFF SUBJECT FILE CONTAINING THE TIMES AT WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THIS OUTPUT SUBJECT MAY BE WRITTEN ON A NEW ON/OFF FILE OR ADDED TO A EXISTING ONE.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	351	1139000	30

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		TYPE	LEVEL	LANGUAGE	
LTO-4	(LIST DIRECTED TO ON/OFF FILE). THE LTO PROGRAM TAKES AS INPUT A USER SPECIFIED LIST-DIRECTED FILE AND ACCEPTANCE CONDITIONS TO APPLY TO THAT FILE. LTO READS THE INPUT FILE SCANNING FOR PERIODS OF TIME DURING WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THE OUTPUT IS AN ON/OFF SUBJECT FILE CONTAINING THE TIMES AT WHICH THE SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ARE SATISFIED. THIS OUTPUT SUBJECT MAY BE WRITTEN ON A NEW ON/OFF FILE OR ADDED TO A EXISTING ONE.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	351 1139000 60
LMAP	TO COMPUTE AND/OR DISPLAY LAUNCH WINDOW OPEN/CLOSE DATA BASED UPON LAUNCH, LANDING, AOA, TAL, RTLS, SHADOW ENTRY/EXIT, AND BELTA ANGLE CONSTRAINT DATA.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT FORTRAN PLNG	3900 2995000 12
MET	APPENDS MET TIMETAGS TO ALL ITEMS IN THE INPUT FILE(S). GENERATES MULTIPLE ON/OFF TIMES FOR ACTIVITIES. CREATES SEPARATE SECTION FOR EACH .INP FILE THEN MERGES THEM TOGETHER.	INTERACTIVE	EXP CMD	PROFICIENT FORTRAN	2046 19712 30

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQNTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		INTERACTIVE	TYPE LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES
MNUALL	(MNU ALLOCATION) CREATES A MODEL OF THE LOCATIONS OF THE MNU FILES ON THE MNU MAGNETIC TAPE, USING THE ADDRESSES AND FILENAMES SPECIFIED BY THE INPUT. THE MODEL IS THEN USED TO SUM THE MOVEMENT BETWEEN TAPE LOCATIONS FOR THE ENTIRE MISSION. THE OUTPUT IS A SINGLE NUMBER REPRESENTING THE TOTAL DISTANCE TRAVELED (AND TOTAL FILE ACCESS WAIT TIME).	INTERACTIVE	EXPERT	FORTRAN	689 1000 30
NSEP	(NUMERICAL SATELLITE EPHemeris PROGRAM). THIS PROGRAM GENERATES AN ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION OF THE COWELL EQUATIONS OF MOTION. IT CONSIDERS THE SPACECRAFT'S ATTITUDE IN DETERMINING A COEFFICIENT OF DRAG AND THEN INTEGRATES THE EFFECTS OF ATMOSPHERIC DRAG USING JACCHIA'S MODEL OF THE ATMOSPHERE. INPUT INTO NSEP CONSISTS OF LAUNCH DATE AND TIME, AN INSERTION VECTOR, A CAV INPUT FILE FROM WHICH ATTITUDE DATA IS READ, SOLAR ACTIVITY TABLES, VEHICLE MASS AND VEHICLE REFERENCE AREA. A COEFFICIENT OF DRAG TABLE MAY BE USED INSTEAD OF THE ATTITUDE DATA. OUTPUT IS IN THE FORM OF NSEP EPHemeris FILE.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN 77	3991 1211000 30

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		TYPE	LEVEL	LINES	
PAAC	(PROGRAM FOR ASTRONOMY ATTITUDE CALCULATIONS) THIS PROGRAM READS IN AN ON/OFF FILE AS WRITTEN BY ASTAR AND OUTPUTS A MANEUVER TIMELINE BY GOING BETWEEN TARGETS WITH EIGEN AXIS MANEUVERS. PAAC OUTPUTS AN ON/OFF MANEUVER TIMELINE AND A KEYWORD FILE SUITABLE FOR READING BY CAVA.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	EXPERT	FORTRAN 740 1392000 30
PCAP	BUILD, DISPLAY & PRINT PAYLOAD CREW ACTIVITY PLAN (PCAP) CHARTS WHICH DESCRIBE THE HOUR-BY-HOUR ACTIVITIES OF THE PAYLOAD CREW FOR SPACE SHUTTLE MISSIONS. THE MAIN PRODUCT OF THE PROGRAM IS DETAILED 1 HOUR CHARTS, PRODUCED ON A HIGH RESOLUTION LASER PRINTER, WHICH BECOME PART OF THE PAYLOAD FLIGHT DATA FILE (PFDF). THE PROGRAM ALLOWS THE USER TO DEFINE THE LAYOUT OF THE PLAN, TO SELECT THE DATA SOURCES, AND TO EDIT THE CREW PROCEDURES & NOTES.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN 27000 2300	120

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQNTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		TYPE	LEVEL	LINES	PAGE
PHDSG	(POCC MMU DATA SET) GENERATOR. THIS PROGRAM GENERATES THE POCC MMU (MASS MEMORY UNIT) DATA SETS. THIS IS USED BY THE COMMAND SHELL FILLER PROGRAM TO GENERATE USER DATA SETS FOR EVENTUAL UPLINKING. DATA FROM AN ASEP NODE FILE, AND ON/OFF FILES CONTAINING SUN RISE/SET, MOON RISE/SET AND TDRS COVERAGE ARE READ IN. THE USER MUST SPECIFY THE START TIME OF THE DATA SET. A VERIFICATION REPORT WILL ALSO BE GENERATED IF DESIRED.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT FORTRAN	1200 1228000 20
PROCAM	(PROPELLANT CONSUMED BY ATTITUDE MANEUVERS) PROCAM CALCULATES THE AMOUNT OF RCS PROPELLANT CONSUMED BY ATTITUDE MANEUVERS DURING A MISSION. IT ALSO, AND MORE IMPORTANTLY, CALCULATES ATTITUDE RELATED INFORMATION. PROCAM READS IN AN ASEP NODE FILE AND A CAVA ATTITUDE TIMELINE FILE AND OUTPUTS A LIST DIRECTED FILE AND A CAVA ATTITUDE TIMELINE FILE AND OUTPUTS A LIST DIRECTED FILE. THE OUTPUT FILE CONTAINS RCS USAGE DATA ALONG WITH ATTITUDE RELATED DATA SUCH AS THE ATTITUDE AND ATTITUDE RATES IN 3 REFERENCE FRAMES; AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION OF THE RADIUS, VELOCITY, ANGULAR MOMENTUM, LUNAR AND SOLAR VECTORS; AND THE INERTIAL TO BODY TRANSFORMATION MATRIX.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT FORTRAN	4200 1328000 30

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REGHTS	MEMORY	RUNTIME
		TYPE	LEVEL	LINES (BYTES)	(MIN)
		INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	6200 1400 120
PTS	PRODUCE PAYLOAD TIMELINE SUMMARY (PTS) CHARTS WHICH SUMMARIZE THE PAYLOAD OPERATIONS OF A SHUTTLE MISSION IN 6-HOUR INCREMENTS.				
RAD12	(RADIATION II PROGRAM) THE RAD12 PROGRAM READS IN AN ASEP LIST-DIRECTED FILE (GROUND TRACK OR DETAILED) AND CALCULATES THE FLUX OF CHARGED PARTICLES AT EACH POINT ON THE FILE (LATITUDE, LONGITUDE AND ALTITUDE) ABOVE A SPECIFIED ENERGY THRESHOLD. THE FLUX CALCULATED IS FOR PROTONS, ELECTRONS AT SOLAR MAXIMUM AND ELECTRONS AT SOLAR MINIMUM. IT IS DETERMINED BY USING SOLAR MIN AND MAX ELECTRON MODELS AND SMOOTH KLUGU-LENGHART PROTONS CONTAINED IN THE PROGRAM.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	8060 1252000 30

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	TYPE	LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
READPI	(READ PI FILE) READPI IS DESIGNED TO CREATE AN INPUT FILE FOR ASTAR BY READING A PI PARAMETER (COO) FILE PLUS THE APPROPRIATE TARGET ACQ/LOSS, SHADOW, SAA AND TIMEGOAL FILES, AND STRUCTURES THIS DATA IN A FORM THAT ASTAR CAN INTERPRET. IT ALSO PROVIDES THE CAPABILITY TO EDIT INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS IN THE COO FILES AND PERFORMS A NUMBER OF QUALITY CHECKS ON THE INPUT DATA FILES. AN ANGULAR DISTANCE MATRIX FOR ALL COMBINATIONS OF TARGETS IS THEN COMPUTED, AND, IF THE OPTION IS SELECTED, A SUN AVOIDANCE ROUTINE DETERMINES A "FORBIDDEN PAIR" LIST TO CURRENT ASTAR FROM SCHEDULING A MANEUVER PATH TOO CLOSE TO THE SUN.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	ORBIT	FORTAN	2900	3468000	30	

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	SKILL REQMTS			MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		MODE OF USE	TYPE LEVEL	LANGUAGE		
RELMO	RELMO IS DESIGNED TO GENERATE A TIMELINE HISTORY OF POSITIONS AND VELOCITIES FOR A SUBSATELLITE RELATIVE TO A SPACECRAFT BY SETTING UP A COORDINATE SYSTEM CENTERED IN ONE OF THE BODIES, AND USING THE DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF MOTIONS FOR THE OTHER BODY TO OBTAIN AN APPROXIMATE SOLUTION. THE PROGRAM OFFERS THE USER FOUR TARGETING OPTIONS AND PERFORMS THE CALCULATIONS FOR THE SELECTED OPTION. THE CAPABILITY EXISTS FOR DISPLAYING THIS TRAJECTORY DATA ON THE SCREEN, PRINTING THE DATA AND/OR STORING THE DATA ON A FILE.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	2700	1241000 60

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	NODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	TYPE	LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
SALES	(SATELLITE ACQUISITION AND LOSS OVER EARTH SITE) THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES THE TIMES THAT AN EARTH SATELLITE ACQUIRES AND LOSES AN EARTH SITE. ACQUISITION/LOSS IS DEFINED BY AN ELEVATION ANGLE CONSTRAINT. FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THE TIMES THAT A SATELLITE IS IN COMMUNICATION WITH A TRACKING STATION, TERRAIN EFFECTS CAN BE SIMULATED. TABULAR DATA AND PLOTS PROVIDE SUMMARY INFORMATION SUCH AS THE EARTH-FIXED AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION OF THE VEHICLE, THE TIME AND DURATION OF THE PASS, MAXIMUM ELEVATION ANGLE REACHED. SALES READS AN ASEP EPHEMERIS FILE TO GET THE ORBITAL DATA NEEDED.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	2886	1512000	45		

SCATGEN	THE STAR CATALOG GENERATOR (SCATGEN) PROGRAM IS USED TO SELECT IPS GUIDE STARS AND GENERATE IPS OBJECTIVE LOADS FOR SOLAR OBSERVATIONS. A CATALOG OF CANDIDATE GUIDE STARS ARE SELECTED BY APPLYING CONSTRAINTS TO VARIOUS VARIABLES, AND MAKING COMPUTATIONS FROM VARIOUS VARIABLES ON THE MSFC SKYMAP CATALOG. ANY COMPUTATION CAN BE FILTERED BY APPLYING A CONSTRAINT TO ITS OUTPUT.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN 77	4000	3733000	30
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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		TYPE	LEVEL	LINES	
		INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT FORTRAN 77	2054 1308000 15
STAR-1	(STELLAR TARGET ACQUISITION AND LOSS ROUTINE) THIS PROGRAM ANALYTICALLY COMPUTES THE ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES OF CELESTIAL OBJECTS FROM ORBIT. ALSO CALCULATED ARE THE LOCATION IN THE ORBIT PLANE OF THE ACQUISITION AND LOSS, OBSERVATION TIME PER ORBIT, OBSERVATION TIME IN DARKNESS AND THE ANGLE BETWEEN THE TARGET AND THE SUN OR MOON. INPUT NEEDED ARE AN ASEP NODE FILE, A NAME-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A LIST OF TARGETS, AND A USER SPECIFIED ORBITAL ELEVATION ANGLE. OUTPUT IS IN THE FORM OF TABULATION AND/OR AN ON/OFF FILE.				
STAR-2	(STELLAR TARGET ACQUISITION AND LOSS ROUTINE) THIS PROGRAM ANALYTICALLY COMPUTES THE ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES OF CELESTIAL OBJECTS FROM ORBIT. ALSO CALCULATED ARE THE LOCATION IN THE ORBIT PLANE OF THE ACQUISITION AND LOSS, OBSERVATION TIME PER ORBIT, OBSERVATION TIME IN DARKNESS AND THE ANGLE BETWEEN THE TARGET AND THE SUN OR MOON. INPUT NEEDED ARE AN ASEP NODE FILE, A NAME-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A LIST OF TARGETS, AND A USER SPECIFIED ORBITAL ELEVATION ANGLE. OUTPUT IS IN THE FORM OF TABULATION AND/OR AN ON/OFF FILE.				

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	TYPE	SKILL REQNTS LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)	PAGE
STLBUF	GENERATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINE BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	AUTOMATIC	MMU	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	3648	4,8640	600	22
SUBCOO	SUBCOO IS A PROGRAM USED TO CREATE NEW FILES THAT ARE A SUBSET OF THE PI COOBSEVRATION FILE. IT GENERATES SUBSETS ACCORDING TO USER CONTROLLED CONSTRAINTS BY INTERSECTIONS, UNIONS AND INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS. IT CAN WRITE AN ASCII FILE LIKE THE COOBSEVRATION FILE OR A NAME-DIRECTED FILE FOR OTHER SOFTWARE.	INTERACTIVE	ORBIT	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	1500	1261000	30	
TAE	THE TARGET/ATTITUDE EDITOR (TAE) PROGRAM PERFORMS DATA BASE OPERATIONS ON ESS TARGET/ATTITUDE FILES. THE OPERATIONS AVAILABLE INCLUDE EDITING, DELETING AND ADDING ACQUISITION PERIODS; DELETING SUBJECTS; CREATING UNIONS, / INTERSECTIONS & COMPLEMENTS OF SUBJECTS; COPYING SUBJECTS FROM OTHER FILES AND DISPLAYING & PRINTING DATA. THE PROGRAM CAN READ O/O FILES & CONVERT THEM TO THE ESS TARGET/ATTITUDE FORMAT. WHEN RE-FORMATTING, ACQUISITION PERIODS CAN BE MAINTAINED EXACTLY OR EXPANDED TO THE NEXT WHOLE MINUTE ON EACH END.	INTERACTIVE	TIMELINE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	10000	3100	30	

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		TYPE	LEVEL	LINES	
		INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	
TANRAY	(TANGENT RAY PROGRAM) TANRAY COMPUTES A DETAILED TIME HISTORY OF SUN RISES AND SUN SETS AS SEEN ALONG A LINE OF SIGHT (RAY) FROM THE ORBITER TO THE SUN. THAT LINE WILL HAVE A POINT ON IT WHICH IS CLOSEST TO THE SURFACE OF THE EARTH, REFERRED TO AS THE TANGENT POINT. THE USER INPUTS A VECTOR FOR THE ORBIT WHICH TANRAY PROPAGATES INTERNALLY, A PAIR OF START AND STOP TIMES, A DELTA TIME FOR THE CALCULATIONS, AND A MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM TANGENT RAY HEIGHT. OUTPUTS FROM TANRAY ARE A LIST-DIRECTED FILE OF 63 VARIABLES, A TABULATION OF A SUB-SET OF THOSE VARIABLES TO THE SCREEN, AND/OR ON/OFF FILE OF SUN RISE/SET TIME HISTORY.			1625	1387000

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQNTS	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
		TYPE	LEVEL	LANGUAGE	LINES
TARGEN	(TARGET GENERATOR PROGRAM). THIS PROGRAM IS USED TO GENERATE EXPERIMENT OPERATION OPPORTUNITIES FROM VARIOUS FILES AND FILE TYPES WHICH ARE USED IN ORBITAL ANALYSIS AND MISSION PLANNING. THESE TARGETS OF OPPORTUNITY ARE GENERATED IN TARGEN FROM TARGET DEFINITIONS THE USER CREATES AND MAY STORE. THESE TARGET DEFINITIONS SPECIFY CONSTRAINTS TO BE APPLIED TO FILES AND HOW THESE FILES ARE THEN COMBINED USING ELEMENTRY SET THEORY. THE INPUT FILES MAY BE LIST-DIRECTED OR ON/OFF, AND THE OUTPUT FILES ARE ON/OFF TYPE. TARGEN ALSO HAS OPTIONS TO TABULATE OR DRAW BAR CHARTS OF DATA ON AN ON/OFF FILE.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	10556 1613000 15
VECTOR	THIS PROGRAM TAKES AS INPUT A LAUNCH DATE AND TIME AND A STATE VECTOR EXACTLY AS ACQUIRED FROM JSC (IN ENGLISH UNITS). IT THEN CONVERTS THAT VECTOR TO METRIC UNITS AND DISPLAYS THE EQUIVALENT IN MEAN CLASSICAL ELEMENTS FOR THE USER TO CHECK ITS VALIDITY. THE PROGRAM THEN HAS THE ABILITY TO STORE THE VECTOR IN ITS APPROPRIATE FORM AND UNITS IN THE CASE STORAGE FILES OF ASEP, NSEP AND/OR TANRAY. THIS ALLOWS THE USER TO KEY IN THE VECTOR ONLY ONCE FOR ALL THREE PROGRAMS.	INTERACTIVE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN 77	1469 1378000 10

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SW NAME	SW FUNCTION	MODE OF USE	SKILL REQMTS	TYPE LEVEL	LANGUAGE	MEMORY (BYTES)	RUNTIME (MIN)
VERNI	TO VERIFY THAT THE INPUT .MI FILE IS LEGAL AND FREE OF ALL TYPOGRAPHIC ERRORS.	INTERACTIVE	MMU	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	826	49664 5
VERML	VERIFY SYNTAX OF ALL MASTER TIMELINES	INTERACTIVE	MMU	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	1500	91136 60
VERSTL	TO VERIFY THE SYNTAX OF SUBORDINATE TIMELINES.	INTERACTIVE	MMU	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	1631	60416 1
VME	THE VT100 MODEL EDITOR PROGRAM(VME) IS A DATA BASE MANAGEMENT TOOL USED TO CREATE, MODIFY AND COPY ESS EXPERIMENT MODEL FILES. VME MAKES EXTENSIVE USE OF FORM EDITING TECHNIQUES TO EDIT THE DATA. IT USES THE SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE VT100 SUCH AS DIRECT CURSOR POSITIONING, SCROLLING AND VIDEO RENDITIONS TO PRESENT DATA AND SOLICIT INPUTS.	INTERACTIVE	TIMELINE	PROFICIENT	FORTRAN	40000	1900 60

TABLE 5
SOFTWARE PERIPHERALS REQUIRED

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SOFTWARE NAME	PERIPHERAL REQUIRED
ASEP	TEKTRONIX 4014
ASTAR	ANY TERMINAL
ASTRO	ANY TERMINAL
ATMOS	ANY TERMINAL
BORB	TEKTRONIX 4014
CAVA/CAVIMP	TEKTRONIX 4014
CAVA/KEYGEN	TEKTRONIX 4014
CG	VAX TERMINAL
CHECK	VAX TERMINAL
CMDATG	VAX TERMINAL
DEL.CON	VAX TERMINAL
DF/DFRG	TEKTRONIX 4014
DF/DVM	VAX TERMINAL
DF/HFS	VAX TERMINAL
DF/IPFG	VAX TERMINAL
DF/MDRPG	VAX TERMINAL
DF/MIG	VAX TERMINAL
DF/ORS	VAX TERMINAL
DF/PBS	VAX TERMINAL
DF/PCS	VAX TERMINAL
DF/PPCG	VAX TERMINAL
EDT	VAX TERMINAL
ESAL	TEKTRONIX 4014
ESDAT	TEKTRONIX 4014
ESP	VT241, 100, TEKTR.
GENITL	VAX TERMINAL
GIMBAL	ANY TERMINAL
GSOLP	ANY TERMINAL
IDUS	VAX TERMINAL
IPOL	ANY TERMINAL
JOTF	ANY TERMINAL
LANTIM	ANY TERMINAL
LTO	ANY TERMINAL
LWAP	VAX TERMINAL
MET	VAX TERMINAL
MMUALL	VAX TERMINAL

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SOFTWARE NAME	PERIPHERAL REQUIRED
NSEP	ANY TERMINAL
PAAC	ANY TERMINAL
PCAP	VT241
PMDSG	ANY TERMINAL
PROCAM	ANY TERMINAL
PTS	VT100, TEKTR.
RAD12	ANY TERMINAL
READPI	ANY TERMINAL
RELMO	TEKTRONIX 4014
SALES	TEKTRONIX 4014
SCATGEN	ANY TERMINAL
STAR	ANY TERMINAL
STLBUF	VAX TERMINAL
SUBCOO	ANY TERMINAL
TAE	VT241, 100, TEKTR.
TANRAY	TEKTRONIX 4014
TARGEN	ANY TERMINAL
VECTOR	ANY TERMINAL
VERMI	VAX TERMINAL
VERMIL	VAX TERMINAL
VERSTL	VAX TERMINAL
VME	VT241, 100, TEKTR.

TABLE 6
ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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PAGE 1

ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	PI INTERFACE	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI DISCUSSIONS	Y	Y Y N
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	ERD'S	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI DEVELOPED (EXPERIMENT REQUIREMENTS)	Y	Y N N
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	PAYOUT COMPLEMENT DEFINITION	MANUAL	NONE	I	HQRS	Y	Y N N
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	INPUTS/UPDATES TO O&IA	MANUAL	NONE	O	CREATE DATA FLOW MODEL(S)	Y	Y Y N
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	INPUTS/UPDATES TO IPD	MANUAL	NONE	O	PI'S (FOR ASSESSMENT OF ALLOCATIONS)	Y	Y N N
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	INPUTS/UPDATES TO O&IA	MANUAL	NONE	O	ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	Y	Y Y N
PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	INPUTS/UPDATES TO O&IA	MANUAL	NONE	O	CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODEL(S)	Y	Y Y N
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	PI INTERFACE	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI DISCUSSIONS	Y	Y Y N
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	ERD'S	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI DEVELOPED (EXPERIMENT REQUIREMENTS)	Y	N N N
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	STS CAPABILITIES DOCUMENTATION	MANUAL	NONE	I	STS CTR DEVELOPED	N	Y Y N

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG
					
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	Q&A	MANUAL	NONE	I	PL CTR DEVELOPED	N	Y	N
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	ORBIT DEFINITION PARAMETERS	MANUAL	NONE	O	LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	Y	Y	N
ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	ORBIT DEFINITION PARAMETERS	MANUAL	NONE	O	GENERATE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y	N
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	PL/EXP CONSTRAINTS	MANUAL	LWAP	I	DOCUMENTATION (ERD'S, Q&A'S), PI INTERFACE	Y	Y	N
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	STS CONSTRAINTS	MANUAL	LWAP	I	STS CAPABILITIES DOCUMENTATION	Y	Y	N
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	ORBIT DEFINITION PARAMETERS	MANUAL	LWAP	I	ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	Y	Y	N
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH COMPUTER	LWAP	O	GENERATE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y	N	
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	TIME DATA							
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	ORBIT DEFINITION PARAMETERS	MANUAL	LANTIM	I	ORBIT REQUIREMENTS EVALUATION AND SELECTION	Y	N	N

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ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME DATA	MANUAL	LANTIM	I	LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	Y	N N N N	3
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	COMPUTER	LANTIM	O	COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	Y	N N N N	
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	COMPUTER	LANTIM	O	GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMerical INTEGRATION	Y	N N N N	
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	COMPUTER	LANTIM	O	COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO EARTH SURFACE	Y	N N N N	
GENERATE STATE VECTOR	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	COMPUTER	LANTIM	O	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	N N N N	
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	STATE VECTOR ELECTRONIC	COMPUTER	VECTOR	I	JSC	N N N Y		
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	STATE VECTOR FROM JSC	MANUAL	VECTOR	I	JSC	Y Y Y Y Y		
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	CASE STO	COMPUTER	VECTOR	O	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y Y Y Y Y		

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	CASE STO	COMPUTER	VECTOR	0	GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION	Y	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	4
CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	CASE STO	COMPUTER	VECTOR	0	GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION	CASE STO	COMPUTER	NSEP	I	CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	MANUAL	NSEP	I	GENERATE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION	NSEP EPHEM	COMPUTER	NSEP	0	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	CASE STO	COMPUTER	ASEP	I	GENERATE ORBITAL EPHemeris BY NUMERICAL INTEGRATION	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	MANUAL	ASEP	I	CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	MANUAL	ASEP	I	GENERATE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	GND TRK	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y Y	5
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	GND TRK	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y Y Y N	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y Y Y Y	

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	6
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	GND TRK	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	GND TRK	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	N	N	N	Y
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ASEP	0	GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	Y	Y	Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
			WITH			PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	CASE STO	COMPUTER	ASEP	I	CONVERT/STORE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y Y Y Y	7
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	ASEP	O	GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	ASEP	O	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	ASEP	O	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	ASEP	O	COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	N	N N Y	
GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	ASEP	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	SUN RISE/SET	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	SUN RISE/SET	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y Y	

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	8
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG	
GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	SUN RISE/SET	COMPUTER	TARREN	O	COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	STAR	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	MOON RISE/SET	COMPUTER	STAR	O	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	PREL ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	ORBITER OCCULT	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	JSC	Y	N	N	N
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	PREL TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	PREL TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	SALES	I	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	Y	Y	Y	
					GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y	

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING			
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	GND STA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	SALES	0	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	GND STA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	SALES	0	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	RAD12	1	GENERATE REQUIRED EPIHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT	RAD ENVIR	COMPUTER	RAD12	0	IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y	Y
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	RAD ENVIR	COMPUTER	LTO	1	GENERATE RADITION ENVIRONMENT	Y	Y	Y
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	MANUAL	LTO	1	P1 DEVELOPED (RADIATION CONSTRAINTS)	Y	Y	Y
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	LTO	0	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	Y	Y	N
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	LTO	0	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y	Y
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	LTO	0	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	Y	Y	Y
IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	LTO	0	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	Y	Y	Y

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	10
		WITH	TYPE		PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	GND STA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	Y	Y	Y
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	MOON RISE/SET	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE MOON RISE/SET	Y	Y	Y
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	SUN RISE/SET	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	Y	Y	Y
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	PREL TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y	N
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y	Y
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	PRINTOUTS OF MSN IND DATA	COMPUTER	TARGEN	0	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	MSN IND TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	0	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	Y	Y
MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	MSN IND TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	0	GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	Y	Y	Y
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSIONS)	CELESTIAL TARGETS	MANUAL	STAR	I	PI GENERATED (CELESTIAL TARGET REQMTS)	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSIONS)	CEL TAR	COMPUTER	STAR	0	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y	N

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						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSIONS)	COO	COMPUTER	SUBCOO	I	PI DEVELOPED (CELESTIAL TARGETS OBSERVATION REQMTS)	Y	Y Y N
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSIONS)	CEL TAR	COMPUTER	SUBCOO	O	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y Y N
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSIONS)	SUBCOO	COMPUTER	SUBCOO	O	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	Y	Y Y N
DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSIONS)	SUBCOO	COMPUTER	SUBCOO	O	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y Y N
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	STAR	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	CEL TAR	COMPUTER	STAR	I	DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (NON-IPS MISSION)	Y	Y Y N
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	CEL TAR	COMPUTER	STAR	I	DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSION)	Y	Y Y N
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	CEL TARGET(S) ELEV ANGLE CONSTS	MANUAL	STAR	I	PI GENERATED (CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ELEVATION ANGLE CONSTRAINTS)	Y	Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	CEL TAR AC/LOS	COMPUTER	STAR	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	CEL TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	CEL TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	PRINTOUTS OF CELESTIAL DATA	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES					DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	CEL TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGET	O	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y Y Y	13
COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	MANUAL	TANRAY	I	GENERATE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y Y N	
COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO THE EARTH SURFACE	TANRAY EPHEM	COMPUTER	TANRAY	O	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	Y	Y Y Y	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	TANRAY EPHEM	COMPUTER	LTO	I	COMPUTE DISTANCE FROM TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT TO EARTH SURFACE	Y	Y Y Y	
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	AT PHY CONSTS	COMPUTER	LTO	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y	
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	SUN RISE/SET	COMPUTER	TARGET	I	GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	Y	Y Y Y	
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	PI ORBIT TERM REQMTS	MANUAL	TARGET	I	PI GENERATED (ORBIT TERMINATOR REQMTS)	Y	Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING				PAGE
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG	
COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	TERM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	0	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	TERM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	COMPUTE ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	AT PHY CONSTS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	PRINTOUTS OF ATMOS PHYSICS DATA	COMPUTER	TARGEN	0	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	AT PHY TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	0	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ATMOS	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	N	N	N	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	ATMOS	I	GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	N	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG	15
COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	ATMOS DESIRED VEHICLE ATTITUDE	MANUAL	ATMOS	I	PI (ATMOS EXP.) GENERATED (DESIRED VEHICLE ATTITUDE)	N	N N N Y	
COMPUTE SUN AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION FROM ORBITING VEHICLE WITH RESPECT TO SUN RISE/SET EVENTS	SUN AZ/ELV	COMPUTER	ATMOS	O	TO MMUM FOR REALTIME UPDATE TO THE EXP. DEP	N	N N N Y	
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	GND TRK	COMPUTER	LTO	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y Y	
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	SUN ELEV CONSTRAINTS (SOLAR)	MANUAL	LTO	I	PI GENERATED (SOLAR VIEWING SUN ELEVATION ANGLE CONSTRAINTS)	Y	Y Y Y Y	
DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	SOLAR CONSTS	COMPUTER	LTO	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	SUN RISE/SET	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE SUN RISE/SET	Y	Y Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	PREL TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y Y N	.....
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	SOLAR CONSTS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	DEVELOP CONSTRAINTS FOR SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS	Y	Y Y Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	SOLAR TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	Y Y Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	PRINTOUTS OF SOLAR DATA	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y	Y
CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE	GROUND SITE POLYGONS	MANUAL	ESDAT	I	P1 DEVELOPED (DESIRED GROUND OBSERVATION AREAS)	Y	Y Y N	.....
CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE	SITE DEF.	COMPUTER	ESDAT	O	GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	Y	Y Y N	.....
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	SITE DEF.	COMPUTER	ESAI	I	CREATE EARTH SITE DEFINITION FILE	Y	Y Y Y	Y
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	ESAI	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPIHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING		
			WITH			PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	SITE AC/LOS	COMPUTER	ESAL	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	Y
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	LTO	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y	Y
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	GND TRK	COMPUTER	LTO	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y	Y
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	EARTH OBSERV SUN ELEV CONSTS	MANUAL	LTO	I	PI GENERATED (EARTH OBSERVATION SUN ELEVATION CONSTRAINTS)	Y	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	OBS CONSTS	COMPUTER	LTO	O	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	SITE AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE ACQ/LOSS OF GROUND SITE TARGET AREAS	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	OBS CONSTS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	Y	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	PRINTOUTS OF EARTH OBSERV DATA	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	EARTH TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	0	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG	18
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	BORB	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPEHMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y Y	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	ATT TL	COMPUTER	BORB	I	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQNTS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	PREL ATT TL	COMPUTER	BORB	I	DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y N	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	MANUAL	BORB	I	GENERATE STATE VECTOR	Y	Y Y Y Y	
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	PL PHYSICS DESIRED VEH. ATTITUDE	MANUAL	BORB	I	PI SUPPLIED DESIRED VEH. ATTITUDE/EL25 DEVELOPED	Y	Y Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPNG
COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	BORB PAR.	COMPUTER	BORB	0	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	Y	Y Y Y
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	BORB CONSTS	MANUAL	LTO	I	COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	Y	Y Y Y
DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	BORB CONSTS	COMPUTER	LTO	0	PI GENERATED (BORB CONSTRAINTS)	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	GND TRK	COMPUTER	LTO	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	LATITUDE CONSTRAINTS	MANUAL	LTO	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	HEMSPR CONSTS	COMPUTER	LTO	0	PI DEVELOPED (HEMISPHERE LATITUDE CONSTRAINTS)	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	HEMSPR CONSTS	COMPUTER	LTO	0	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	HEMSPR CONSTS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	BORB CONSTS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	DEVELOP/APPLY CONSTRAINTS TO BORB PARAMETERS	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	PRINTOUTS OF PLASMA PHYSICS DATA	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y
COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	PL PHY TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	Y	Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	AT PHY TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS	Y	Y	Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	EARTH TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS	Y	Y	Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	SOLAR TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE SOLAR TARGETS	Y	Y	Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	PL PHY TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT	MSN IND TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT	CEL TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	Y	Y Y Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT	MSN TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	Y	Y Y Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT	MSN TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y
MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT	MSN TARGETS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	O	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y
PERFORM PARAMETRIC	BASIC CO-ORBITING REQMTS	MANUAL	RELNO	I	ORBIT ANALYSIS DEVELOPED (EL25)	Y	Y Y N
PERFORM PARAMETRIC	ANALYSIS TO DESIGN/DEVELOP CO-ORBITING						
PERFORM PARAMETRIC	STS REQMTS/CONSTRAINTS	MANUAL	RELNO	I	STS CTR DEVELOPED (STS REQMTS/CONSTRAINTS)	Y	Y Y N

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
PERFORM PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS TO DESIGN/DEVELOP CO-ORBITING TRAJECTORIES THAT SATISFY OBJECTIVES AND CONSTRAINTS	P1 REQMTS/CONSTRAINTS	MANUAL	RELMO	I	P1 DEVELOPED (CO-ORBITING REQMTS)	Y	Y	Y	N	.....	.....
PERFORM PARAMETRIC ANALYSIS TO DESIGN/DEVELOP CO-ORBITING TRAJECTORIES THAT SATISFY OBJECTIVES AND CONSTRAINTS	INPUTS TO MISSION PLANNING	MANUAL	RELMO	O	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N	.....	.....
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	MISSION PROFILE CONSIDERATIONS	MANUAL	NONE	I	MSN MANAGEMENT, Iwg, PI'S, ANALYSTS	Y	Y	Y	N	.....	.....
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	MSN EXP OPPORTUNITIES DATA	MANUAL	NONE	I	EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION	Y	Y	Y	N	.....	.....
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	MGMT AGREEMENT ON GROSS MSN T/L	MANUAL	NONE	O	DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N	.....	.....
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	MGMT AGREEMENT ON GROSS MSN T/L	MANUAL	NONE	O	CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	Y	Y	Y	N	.....	.....
DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	MGMT AGREEMENT ON GROSS MSN T/L	MANUAL	NONE	O	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N	.....	.....
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	MGMT AGREEMENT ON GROSS MSN T/L	MANUAL	CAVIMP	I	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	PREL ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	GENERATE PRELIMINARY TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y Y N	23
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	PREL ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	Y	Y Y N	
DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	PREL ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	CEL TARGETS	COMPUTER	READPI	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	TIME GOAL	COMPUTER	READPI	I	PI DEVELOPED (DESIRED TARGET OBSERVATION TIMES)	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	SUBCOO	COMPUTER	READPI	I	DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSION)	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	READPI	I	GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	READPI	I	IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y Y N	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	
						PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	COO	COMPUTER	READPI	I	PI DEVELOPED (CELESTIAL TARGETS OBSERVATION REQMTS)				
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	ANG'LR DIST'CE	COMPUTER	READPI	O	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y	Y	N
CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	READPI	COMPUTER	READPI	O	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y	Y	N
CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	RESERVE PERIODS CONSIDERATIONS	MANUAL	EDT	I	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N
CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	RESERVE PERIODS	COMPUTER	EDT	O	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y	Y	N
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SUBCOO	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	DEVELOP CELESTIAL TARGETS (IPS MISSION)	Y	Y	Y	N
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	CEL TARGETS	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	COMBINE CONSTRAINTS TO DETERMINE CELESTIAL TARGETS AND MERGE FILES	Y	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	RESERVE PERIODS	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	Y	Y	Y	N
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	READPI	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	Y	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	ANG'LR DIST'CE	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	CREATE COMMON FILE FOR ASTAR PROGRAM (DS)	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	EARTH SHADOW	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	GENERATE EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SAA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	IMPOSE RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	COO	COMPUTER	ASTAR	I	PI DEVELOPED (CELESTIAL TARGETS OBSERVATION REQNTS)	Y	Y	N
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	ASTAR	O	GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	Y	Y	N
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	ASTAR	O	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	ASTAR	O	GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	ASTAR	O	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	ASTAR	O	GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	ASTAR	O	SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	SW ASSOC.				CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING				PAGE
	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	PREL	BASIC	UPDT	
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	KEYWRD	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	I	DEVELOPED AS PART OF THIS SUBTASK BY ORBIT ANALYSIS ENGINEERS	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	MVR TL	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	ATT TL (NDF)	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	O	GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	ATT TL	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	O	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	Y	Y	Y	Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	PREL ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	DEVELOP PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	CAVINP	I	FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	CAVINP	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	0	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	N	, Y Y Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	0	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	0	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y Y Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	0	COMPUTE ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM	Y	Y Y Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	0	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y
EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	0	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	PAAC	I	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING				PAGE	28
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG		
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	MVR TL	COMPUTER	PAAC	O	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	KEYWRD	COMPUTER	PAAC	O	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	MVR TL	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	I	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	KEYWRD	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	I	GENERATE MANEUVER TIMELINE (DS)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	ATT TL	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	O	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	ATT TL (NDF)	COMPUTER	KEYGEN	O	GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	CAVINP	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	CAVINP	I	FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
							PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	.....	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	.....	.....
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	.....	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	N	Y Y Y Y
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	.....	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	Y	Y Y Y Y
EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	.....	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	ATT TL (NDF)	COMPUTER	PROCAM	I	.....	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE (DS)	Y	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	ATT TL (NDF)	COMPUTER	PROCAM	I	.....	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	DETAIL EPHEM	COMPUTER	PROCAM	I	.....	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	PROCAM	COMPUTER	PROCAM	O	.....	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	PROCAM	COMPUTER	PROCAM	O	.....	DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	PROCAM	COMPUTER	PROCAM	O	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	Y	Y Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING			
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	PROCAM	COMPUTER	PROCAM	O	.....	.....	.....	.....
					SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	ORBITER OCCULT	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	JSC	Y	Y	N
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CAVINP	I	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	N	Y	Y
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	CAVINP	O	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	Y	Y	Y
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGEN	I	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	GND STA AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGET	I	GENERATE GROUND STATION COVERAGE	Y	Y Y Y Y	31
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGET	O	GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGET	O	UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULE	Y	Y Y Y Y	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGET	O	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGET	O	VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	Y	Y Y Y Y	
PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TARGET	O	GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	PMSG	I	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	ASCN NODE	COMPUTER	PMSG	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHEMERIS DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	MSN IND TARGETS	COMPUTER	PMSG	I	MERGE MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	PRINTOUTS OF MMU DATA SET	COMPUTER	PMSG	O	MANUAL VERIFICATION OF MMU DATA SET	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE POCC MMU DATA SET	MMU DAT SET	COMPUTER	PMSG	O	MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	Y	Y Y Y Y	

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING				PAGE	32
					SOURCE/DESTINATION	PREL	BASIC	UPDT		
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	SKYMAP DATBSE	COMPUTER	SCATGEN	I	MSFC DEVELOPED	....	....	....	....	....
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME DATA	MANUAL	SCATGEN	I	LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME SELECTION	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	CAND GSTAR	COMPUTER	SCATGEN	O	GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	PRINTOUTS OF CAND GUIDE STARS	COMPUTER	SCATGEN	O	DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	PROCAM	COMPUTER	ASTRO	I	GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	PRINTOUTS OF CAND GUIDE STARS	MANUAL	ASTRO	I	GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	PRINTOUTS OF STRAY LIGHT DATA	COMPUTER	ASTRO	O	CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	PRINTOUTS OF STRAY LIGHT DATA	MANUAL	NONE	I	DEVELOP STRAY LIGHT CONSTRAINTS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	GUIDE STAR CHOICES	MANUAL	NONE	O	GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	CAND GSTAR	COMPUTER	SCATGEN	I	GENERATE CANDIDATE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	GUIDE STAR CHOICES	MANUAL	SCATGEN	I	CHOOSE SOLAR GUIDE STARS	Y	Y	Y	Y	N

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
		WITH	TYPE		PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	SOLAR OBJ LOAD SUMMARY	COMPUTER	SCATGEN	0	USED FOR SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOAD VERIFICATION AND GENERAL INFORMATION	Y Y Y N	33
GENERATE SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS	OBJ LOAD	COMPUTER	SCATGEN	0	MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	Y Y Y N	
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	C00	COMPUTER	GSO LP	I	PI DEVELOPED (CELESTIAL TARGETS OBSERVATION REQS)	Y Y Y N	
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	SCIENCE SCHEDULE	COMPUTER	GSO LP	I	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y Y Y N	
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	SKYMAP DBSE	COMPUTER	GSO LP	I	MSFC DEVELOPED	Y Y Y N	
GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	CAND GSTAR	COMPUTER	GSO LP	0	FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	Y Y Y N	
FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	SKYMAP DBSE	COMPUTER	GSO LP	I	MSFC DEVELOPED	Y Y Y N	
FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	CAND GSTAR	COMPUTER	GSO LP	I	GENERATE CANDIDATE STELLAR GUIDE STARS (DS)	Y Y Y N	
FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	GSTAR CAT	COMPUTER	GSO LP	0	GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	Y Y Y N	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	
			WITH		PREL	BASIC UPDT
					UPDT	RPLNG
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	SCIENCE SCHEDULE	COMPUTER	GIMBAL	I	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y Y Y N
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	COO	COMPUTER	GIMBAL	I	P1 DEVELOPED (CELESTIAL TARGETS OBSERVATION REQMTS)	Y Y Y N
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	PROCAM	COMPUTER	GIMBAL	I	GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	Y Y Y Y
SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	IPS ROLL ANGLES	COMPUTER	GIMBAL	0	GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	Y Y Y N
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	IPS ROLL ANGLES	COMPUTER	GSOLP	I	SELECT IPS ROLL ANGLES (DS)	Y Y Y N
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	GSTAR CAT	COMPUTER	GSOLP	I	FORMAT STELLAR GUIDE STAR CATALOG (DS)	Y Y Y N
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	OBJ LOAD	COMPUTER	GSOLP	0	MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	Y Y Y N
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	STELLAR OBJ LOAD SUMMARY	COMPUTER	GSOLP	0	USED FOR STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOAD VERIFICATION AND GENERAL INFORMATION	Y Y Y N
GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	OBJ LOAD	COMPUTER	GSOLP	0	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	Y Y Y N
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	PROCAM	COMPUTER	IPOL	I	GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	Y Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	COO	COMPUTER	IPOL	I	PI DEVELOPED (CELESTIAL TARGETS OBSERVATION REQMTS)	Y	Y	N
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	OBJ LOAD	COMPUTER	IPOL	I	GENERATE STELLAR OBJECTIVE LOADS (DS)	Y	Y	N
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	IPOL	I	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	ID LIST	COMPUTER	IPOL	O	PI EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	Y	Y	N
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	IPOL	COMPUTER	IPOL	O	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	IPOL	COMPUTER	IPOL	O	GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	Y	Y	Y
PI EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	ID LIST	COMPUTER	EDT	I	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	Y	Y	N
PI EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	ID/SEQ LIST	COMPUTER	EDT	O	GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	Y	Y	N
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	COO	COMPUTER	JOTF	I	PI DEVELOPED (CELESTIAL TARGETS OBSERVATION REQMTS)	Y	Y	N
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	IPOL	COMPUTER	JOTF	I	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	SCIENCE SCHED'LE	COMPUTER	JOTF	I	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	ID/SEQ LIST	COMPUTER	JOTF	I	PI EDITS TO ADD SEQUENCE NUMBER (DS)	Y	Y Y N	
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	JOTF	COMPUTER	JOTF	0	MMU LOAD INPUT DEVELOPMENT	Y	Y Y Y	
GENERATE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (DS)	JOTF VERIFICATION REPORT	COMPUTER	JOTF	0	MANUAL VERIFICATION OF JOTF FILE	Y	Y Y Y	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	STS CAPABILITIES DOCUMENTATION	MANUAL	VME	I	STS CAPABILITIES DEFINITION (JSC)	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	MISSION CONFIGURATION	MANUAL	VME	I	PAYOUT COMPLEMENT DEFINITION (JSC)	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	ERD'S	MANUAL	VME	I	PI'S EXPERIMENT REQUETS INPUTS	Y	N N N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	O&IA	MANUAL	VME	I	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	N	Y Y N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	SPAH & SL SYSTEM DOCUMENTATION	MANUAL	VME	I	SPACELAB CONFIGURATION DEFINITION	Y	Y Y N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	BASIC CREW CYCLE (JSC)	MANUAL	VME	I	CREW SYSTEMS CONSTRAINTS (JSC)	Y	Y Y N	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	ESS MODEL	COMPUTER	VME	0	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	Y	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG	37
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	ESS MODEL	COMPUTER	VME	0	CREATE ESS TARGET	Y	Y Y Y N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	ESS MODEL	COMPUTER	VME	0	DATA FLOW	Y	Y Y Y N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	ESS MODEL	COMPUTER	VME	0	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y N	
CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	ESS MODELS PRINTOUT	COMPUTER	VME	0	GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	Y	Y Y Y N	
CREATE CREW H/O CYCLE	BASIC CREW CYCLE (JSC)	MANUAL	NONE	I	CREW SYSTEMS CONSTRAINTS (JSC)	Y	Y Y Y	
CREATE CREW H/O CYCLE	ESS MODELS PRINTOUT	MANUAL	NONE	I	CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	Y	Y Y Y	
CREATE CREW H/O CYCLE	CREW H/O CYCLE	MANUAL	NONE	0	CREATE RESERVE PERIOD FILE (DS)	Y	Y Y Y	
CREATE CREW H/O CYCLE	CREW H/O CYCLE	MANUAL	NONE	0	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y	
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ESS MODEL	COMPUTER	TAE	I	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y	
					CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	Y	Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	38
		WITH	TYPE		PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG	
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	TAE	I	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ATT TL	COMPUTER	TAE	I	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ATT TL	COMPUTER	TAE	I	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	SCIENCE SCHEDULE	COMPUTER	TAE	I	SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS (DS)	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	MSN TARGETS	COMPUTER	TAE	I	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	SPECIAL TARGETS	MANUAL	TAE	I	PI'S, MSN T/L ENGR'S, MGMT DIRECTION	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ESS TARGET PRINTOUTS	COMPUTER	TAE	O	CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	N	Y	N
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	TAE	O	CREATE MASTER TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	TARGET ANALYSIS PRINTOUT	COMPUTER	TAE	O	MISSION T/L ENGS TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	TAE	O	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	TAE	O	.....	.....	.....	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG	39
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	ESS MODEL	COMPUTER	ESP	I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	ESP	I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	PAO REGMTS	MANUAL	ESP	I	PAO REQUIREMENTS INPUT	N	Y Y Y Y	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	MGMT AGREEMENT ON GROSS MSN T/L	MANUAL	ESP	I	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y Y	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	CREW H/O CYCLE	MANUAL	ESP	I	GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	Y	Y Y Y Y	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	CREW ACT	COMPUTER	ESP	O	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y Y	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	O	CREATE MASTER TIMELINE	N	Y Y Y Y	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	MVR T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	O	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y Y	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	O	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	N	Y Y Y Y	.....	.....
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP	COMPUTER	ESP	O	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	INHBT	COMPUTER	ESP	0	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG	4.0
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	JSC CAP	COMPUTER	ESP	0	TO JSC FOR REVIEW	N	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	COMPUTER	ESP	0	PTS, ENGR'S, MGMT FOR REVIEW	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	0	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	N	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	0	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	N	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	0	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	Y	Y Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	0	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	Y	Y Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	ESP	I	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	N	Y Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	ESS MODEL	COMPUTER	ESP	I	CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	N	Y Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	REVIEW CYCLE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	I	DIVISION MANAGEMENT REVIEW	Y	Y Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	MGMT AGREEMENT ON GROSS MSN T/L	MANUAL	ESP	I	DEVELOP GROSS MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	REVIEW CYCLE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	I	JSC REVIEW	N	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	REVIEW CYCLE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	I	ATTITUDE/TDRS ITERATION	Y	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	CREW H/O CYCLE	MANUAL	ESP	I	GENERATE CREW H/O CYCLE	Y	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	PAO REQMTS	MANUAL	ESP	I	PAO REQUIREMENTS INPUT	N	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	REVIEW CYCLE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	I	STL/MTL REVIEW UPDATES	N	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L PRINTOUTS	COMPUTER	ESP	O	CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	N	Y N N	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	MVR T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	O	GENERATE ATTITUDE TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	O	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	N	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	O	VERIFICATION OF STL'S/MTL'S	N	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	ESP	O	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS FOR VERIFICATION	N	Y Y Y	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	COMPUTER	ESP	O	PI'S, ENGR'S, MGMT FOR APPROVAL	Y	Y Y Y	

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	42
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG	
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	JSC CAP	COMPUTER	ESP	0	TO JSC FOR INCORPORATION INTO THE CAP	...	...	...
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	CREW ACT	COMPUTER	ESP	0	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	N	Y	Y	Y
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	EXP	COMPUTER	ESP	0	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	N	Y	Y	Y
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	INHBT	COMPUTER	ESP	0	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	N	Y	Y	Y
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	0	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	Y	Y	Y	Y
FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	ATTITUDE UPDATES	MANUAL	ESP	0	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS PROC.		COMPUTER	PCAP	I	DATABASE	N	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS ESS MODEL		COMPUTER	PCAP	I	CREATE MISSION TIMELINE MODELS	N	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS TD RS AC/LOS		COMPUTER	PCAP	I	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	N	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS DATA FLOW SCHED		COMPUTER	PCAP	I	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	N	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS IPOL		COMPUTER	PCAP	I	GENERATE IPS POINTING DATA (DS)	N	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
							PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	MSN TARGETS	COMPUTER	PCAP	I		MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	PCAP	I		GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	NOTES	COMPUTER	PCAP	I		DATABASE	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	PCAP	I		EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	PCAP	I		EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	SPECIAL TIMELINE NOTES	MANUAL	PCAP	I		MISSION T/L ENGINEERS INPUTS	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	CREW PROCEDURES DOCUMENT	MANUAL	PCAP	I		DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	SPECIAL CREW NOTES	MANUAL	PCAP	I		CREW REQMTS FOR PCAP	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	SHIFT TIMES	MANUAL	PCAP	I		MISSION T/L ENGINEERS INPUTS	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	PCAP CHARTS	COMPUTER	PCAP	O		BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	N	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	DATA FLOW SCHED	COMPUTER	PTS	I		GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	Y	Y Y Y	
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	PROCAM	COMPUTER	PTS	I		GENERATE ORBITER POINTING DATA	Y	Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING		
						PREL	BASIC	UPDT
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	PTS	I	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	CREW ACT	COMPUTER	PTS	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	GND TRK	COMPUTER	PTS	I	GENERATE REQUIRED EPHemeris DATA FOR OUTPUT	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	MSN TARGETS	COMPUTER	PTS	I	MERGE ALL EXPERIMENT TARGET FILES	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	EXP	COMPUTER	PTS	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	ATT TL	COMPUTER	PTS	I	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	INHBT	COMPUTER	PTS	I	MISSION TIMELINE GENERATION	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	TDRS AC/LOS	COMPUTER	PTS	I	GENERATE TDRS COVERAGE	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	SOPG TIMES	MANUAL	PTS	I	MISSION T/L ENGINEER INPUT	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	PTS CHARTS	COMPUTER	PTS	O	FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE PTS CHARTS	PTS CHARTS	COMPUTER	PTS	O	BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	PTS CHARTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	N	Y Y Y Y	45
BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	PCAP CHARTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	N	Y Y Y Y	
BUILD PCAP DOCUMENT	PCAP DOCUMENT	MANUAL	NONE	O	PAYOUT FLIGHT DATA FILE	N	Y Y Y	
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS FDD INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS TASKS	Y	Y Y N	
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	ORBIT ANALYSIS FDD INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	ORBIT ANALYSIS TASKS	Y	Y Y N	
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	MISSION T/L ANALYSIS FDD INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	MISSION T/L ANALYSIS TASKS	Y	Y Y N	
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT	FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT	MANUAL	NONE	O	PUBLICATION	Y	Y Y N	
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	COOLING LOAD RQMTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	Thermal Analysis (MSFC)	N	Y N N	
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	HDRR DUMP TIMES	MANUAL	NONE	I	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS TASKS	N	Y N N	
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	MISSION T/L ANALYSIS FPA INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	MISSION T/L ANALYSIS TASKS	N	Y N N	
FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	ORBIT ANALYSIS FPA INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	ORBIT ANALYSIS TASKS	N	Y N N	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG
FLIGHT PLANNING ANX INPUT DEVELOPMENT	FPA INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	O	FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX INPUTS TO JSC	N	Y	N
DEVELOP STOWAGE BOOK	OTHER PI INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI REQMTS INPUT	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP STOWAGE BOOK	ERD'S, FO'S AND/OR O&IA DOC	MANUAL	NONE	I	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP STOWAGE BOOK	MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP STOWAGE BOOK	STOWAGE BOOK	MANUAL	NONE	O	BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	TV, PHOTO SYSTEM CAPABILITIES	MANUAL	NONE	I	SPAH, ICO'S, ETC.	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	ERD'S, FO'S AND/OR O&IA DOC	MANUAL	NONE	I	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	OTHER PI INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI REQMTS INPUT	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	TV, PHOTO OPS HANDBOOK	MANUAL	NONE	O	BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	OTHER PI INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI REQMTS INPUT	Y	Y	N

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ACTIVITY	ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS					CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING			
	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	WITH	TYPE		SOURCE/DESTINATION	PREL	BASIC	UPDT
DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	ERD'S, FO'S AND/OR O&IA DOC	MANUAL	NONE	I	PAYOUT DATA	Y	Y	N	N	N
DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	EXP CREW PROCEDURES DOC	MANUAL	NONE	O	BUILD PDF DOCUMENTS	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	ERD'S, FO'S AND/OR O&IA DOC	MANUAL	NONE	I	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	OTHER PI INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI REQMTS INPUT	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	MPE OPS REQMTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	SPANH, ICD'S, ECT.	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	SL/PL INTERFACE DEFINITION	MANUAL	NONE	I	SPANH, ICD'S, ETC.	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	PAYOUT SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	MANUAL	NONE	O	BUILD PDF DOCUMENT	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	OTHER PI INPUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	PI REQMTS INPUT	Y	Y	Y	N	N
DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	ERD'S, FO'S AND/OR O&IA DOC	MANUAL	NONE	I	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	Y	Y	Y	N	N

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING			PAGE
							PREL	BASIC	UPDT	
DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	CDMS SYSTEM DEFINITION	MANUAL	NONE	I	.....	DESIGN DOCUMENTATION	Y	Y	Y	N
DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	CDMS DICTIONARY	MANUAL	NONE	0	.....	BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	N	N	Y	N
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	CDMS DICTIONARY	MANUAL	NONE	I	.....	DEVELOP CDMS DICTIONARY	Y	Y	Y	N
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	TV, PHOTO OPS HANDBOOK	MANUAL	NONE	I	.....	DEVELOP TV, PHOTO PROCEDURES	Y	Y	Y	N
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	STORAGE BOOK	MANUAL	NONE	I	.....	DEVELOP STORAGE BOOK	Y	Y	Y	N
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	EXP CREW PROCEDURES DOC	MANUAL	NONE	I	.....	DEVELOP EXPERIMENT CREW PROCEDURES	Y	Y	Y	N
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	PAYOUT SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	MANUAL	NONE	I	.....	DEVELOP PAYLOAD SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	Y	Y	Y	N
BUILD PFDF DOCUMENTS	PFDF DOCUMENTS	MANUAL	NONE	0	.....	CREW, MSN SUPPORT PERSONNEL	Y	Y	Y	N
CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	PI INTERFACE	MANUAL	EDT	I	.....	PI INTERVIEWS, DISCUSSIONS	Y	Y	N	N
CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	ERD'S, FO'S AND/OR O&IA DOC	MANUAL	EDT	I	.....	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	Y	Y	Y	N
CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	DATA FLOW MODELS	COMPUTER	EDT	0	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	Y	Y	N

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	49
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	I	GENERATE MISSION TIMELINE	Y	Y Y Y		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	HRM FORMATS DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	I	HRM FORMATS DEFINITIONS	Y	Y Y Y N		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	POCC CONFIG DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	I	POCC CONFIGURATION DEFINITION	Y	Y Y Y N		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y Y Y N		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	DATA FLOW MODELS	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	I	CREATE DATA FLOW MODELS	Y	Y Y Y N		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	DATA FLOW REQMTS	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	I	DATA FLOW REQUIREMENTS INPUTS	Y	Y Y Y N		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	O	UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	Y	Y Y Y Y		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/NDRPG	O	GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	Y	Y Y Y Y		

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING			PAGE	50
						PREL	BASIC	UPDT		
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/MDRPG	O	SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/MDRPG	O	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/MDRPG	O	SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	MDRPG ERROR	COMPUTER	DF/MDRPG	O	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS ENGINEERS FOR EVALUATION	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/MDRPG	O	GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/MDRPG	O	GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/MWG	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	HRM FORMATS DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/MWG	I	HRM FORMATS DEFINITION	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	DF/MWG	I	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
GENERATE MISSION PROFILE	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/MMG	I	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	51
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	DFA SCHEDULE COMMANDS	COMPUTER	DF/MMG	I	MANUAL FEEDBACK TO UPDATE SCHEDULES BASED ON EVALUATION OF ERROR FILES	Y	Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	MISSION WINDOWS	COMPUTER	DF/MMG	O	SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	Y	Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	MISSION WINDOWS	COMPUTER	DF/MMG	O	VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	Y	Y Y Y	
GENERATE MISSION MMG ERROR	MMG ERROR	COMPUTER	DF/MMG	O	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS ENGINEERS FOR EVALUATION	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	MISSION WINDOWS	COMPUTER	DF/ORS	I	GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	DFA SCHEDULE COMMANDS	COMPUTER	DF/ORS	I	MANUAL FEEDBACK TO UPDATE SCHEDULES BASED ON EVALUATION OF ERROR FILES	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/ORS	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/ORS	O	SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	Y	Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING				PAGE
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG	
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	ORS ERROR	COMPUTER	DF/ORS	O	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	Y	Y	Y	52
SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/ORS	O	GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	DFA SCHEDULAR CMNDS	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	I	MANUAL FEEDBACK TO UPDATE SCHEDULES BASED ON EVALUATION OF ERROR FILES	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	I	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	HRM FORMATS DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	I	HRM FORMATS DEFINITION	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	I	SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	O	SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	O	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	Y	Y	Y	
GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	COMPUTER	DF/HPFG	O	VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	Y	Y	Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE	53
		WITH	TYPE		PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG		
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	I	SCHEDULE ONBOARD RECORDER OPERATIONS	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	DFA SCHEDULAR CMNDS	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	I	MANUAL FEEDBACK TO UPDATE SCHEDULES BASED ON EVALUATION OF ERROR FILE	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	HRM FORMATS DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	I	HRM FORMATS DEFINITION	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	I	GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	I	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	HFS ERROR	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	O	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS ENGINEERS FOR EVALUATION	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/HFS	O	GENERATE POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/PPCG	I	SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	Y	Y	Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	
						PREL	BASIC UPDT	RPLNG
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/PPCG	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	-	-	-
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/PPCG	I	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	POCC CONFIG DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/PPCG	I	POCC CONFIGURATION DEFINITION	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	DFA SCHEDULAR CMNDS	COMPUTER	DF/PPCG	I	MANUAL FEEDBACK TO UPDATE SCHEDULES BASED ON EVALUATION OF ERROR FILES	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	POCC POSSIBLE CONFIG	COMPUTER	DF/PPCG	O	SCHEDULE POCC PLAYBACKS	Y	Y	Y
GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	POCC POSSIBLE CONFIG	COMPUTER	DF/PCS	I	GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/PCS	I	SCHEDULE HRM FORMATS AND DOWNLINK	Y	Y	Y
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	CON FIGURATIONS							

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
			WITH			PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG	
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	HRM FORMATS DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	I	HRM FORMATS DEFINITION	Y	Y Y Y	55
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	O	SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	I	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	I	SCHEDULE POCC CONFIGURATIONS	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	POCC POSSIBLE CONFIG	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	I	GENERATE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	DFA SCHEDULAR CMNDS	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	I	MANUAL FEEDBACK TO UPDATE SCHEDULES BASED ON EVALUATION OF ERROR FILES	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	PBS ERROR	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	O	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS FOR ENGINEERS FOR EVALUATION	Y	Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
SCHEDULE RECORDER	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	O	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	Y	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG	56
SCHEDULE RECORDER	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	O	VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	Y	Y Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER	POCC POSSIBLE CONFIG	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	O	VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	Y	Y Y Y	
SCHEDULE RECORDER	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/PBS	O	UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	Y	Y Y Y	
VERIFY DATA FLOW	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	DF/DVM	I	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	Y	Y Y Y	
VERIFY DATA FLOW	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/DVM	I	SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	Y	Y Y Y	
VERIFY DATA FLOW	MISSION WINDOWS	COMPUTER	DF/DVM	I	GENERATE MISSION WINDOWS	Y	Y Y Y	
VERIFY DATA FLOW	HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	COMPUTER	DF/DVM	I	GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	Y	Y Y Y	
VERIFY DATA FLOW	POCC POSSIBLE CONFIG	COMPUTER	DF/DVM	I	SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	Y	Y Y Y	
VERIFY DATA FLOW	HRM FORMATS DEFN	COMPUTER	DF/DVM	I	HRM FORMATS DEFINITION	Y	Y Y Y	
VERIFY DATA FLOW	SPECIFIC CHECKS	MANUAL	DF/DVM	I	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS ENGINEERS COMMAND CHECK OF SPECIFIC FILES	Y	Y Y Y	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
		WITH	DF/DVM	0	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS	PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG
VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	VERIFY ERROR	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	0	ENGINEERS FOR EVALUATION	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DATA MNGMT CHECKLIST (PREV)	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	1	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS (PREVIOUS CYCLE)	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	1	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	PROFILE	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	1	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	1	SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	EXPERIMENT HEADER	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	1	MANUAL INPUT OF DEDICATED CHANNELS AND EXPERIMENT ID'S	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	1	GENERATE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	1	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	TABULAR REPORTS	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	0	MISSION SUPPORT PERSONNEL	Y	Y Y Y
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DATA FLOW SCHED	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	0	GENERATE PTS CHARTS	Y	Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING			PAGE	58
						PREL	BASIC	UPDT		
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	COMPARED DATA MGMT CHECKLIST	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	O	DATA FLOW ANALYSTS	Y	Y	Y		
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DATA MNGMT CHECKLIST	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	O	POCC SUPPORT	N	N	Y		
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DATA FLOW SCHED	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	O	GENERATE PCAP CHARTS	N	Y	Y		
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DATA FLOW SCHED	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	O	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINES	N	Y	Y		
GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	DATA FLOW SCHED	COMPUTER	DF/DFRG	O	GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	N	Y	Y		
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	PROFILE	COMPUTER	IDUS	I	GENERATE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE	Y	Y	Y		
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	COMPUTER	IDUS	I	MISSION SUPPORT ACTIVITIES INPUT VARIABLES	Y	Y	Y		
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	HRM FORMATS DEFN	COMPUTER	IDUS	I	HRM FORMATS DEFINITION	Y	Y	Y		
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	COMM AC/LOS	COMPUTER	IDUS	I	PROCESS TDRS DATA FOR ENHANCEMENT	Y	Y	Y		
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	IDUS	I	SCHEDULE RECORDER PLAYBACKS	Y	Y	Y		

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
						PREL	BASIC UPDT RPLNG
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	MODIFICATIONS	MANUAL	IDUS	I	MODIFICATIONS TO SCHEDULES BASED ON USER EXPERIENCE	Y	Y Y Y
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	IDUS	O	VERIFY DATA FLOW SCHEDULES	Y	Y Y Y
UPDATE OR ENHANCE EXISTING SCHEDULES	MASTER FILE	COMPUTER	IDUS	O	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	Y	Y Y Y
CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	Q&A	MANUAL	EDT	I	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	N	Y N N
CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	INPUTS FROM PI'S	MANUAL	EDT	I	PI REQS INPUT	N	Y N N
CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	ITL	COMPUTER	EDT	O	CHECK STL SYNTAX	N	Y N N
CHECK STL SYNTAX	ITL	COMPUTER	VERSTL	I	CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	N	Y N N
CHECK STL SYNTAX	SUB TL	COMPUTER	VERSTL	O	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	N	Y N N
CHECK STL SYNTAX	STL PRINTOUTS	COMPUTER	VERSTL	O	DESKTOP STL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	N	Y N N
DESKTOP STL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	STL PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	None	I	CHECK STL SYNTAX	N	Y N N

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
	UPDATES TO STL'S	MANUAL	NONE	0	CREATE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES	N	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG	60
CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	ESS TARGET PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	EDT	I	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	N	Y N N	
CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	Q&A	MANUAL	EDT	I	PAYOUT DATA COLLECTION	N	Y N N	
CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	EXP T/L PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	EDT	I	FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	N	Y N N	
CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	INPUTS FROM PI'S	MANUAL	EDT	I	PI REQMTS INPUT	N	Y N N	
CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	M1	COMPUTER	EDT	O	VERIFY MASTER INPUT FILES	N	Y N N	
VERIFY AND COMBINE MASTER INPUT FILES	M1	COMPUTER	VERM1	I	CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	N	Y N N	
VERIFY AND COMBINE MASTER INPUT FILES	M1	COMPUTER	VERM1	O	GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	N	Y N N	
GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	GENM1L	I	FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	N	Y N N	
GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	M1	COMPUTER	GENM1L	I	VERIFY AND COMBINE MASTER INPUT FILES	N	Y N N	
GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	GENM1L	I	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	N	Y N N	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES INPUT/OUTPUT DURING			PAGE	61
						PREL	BASIC	UPDT		
GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	MTL	COMPUTER	GEMMTL	O	VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	N	Y	N	N	
VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	MTL	COMPUTER	VERMTL	I	GENERATE MASTER TIMELINE	N	Y	N	N	
VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	MTL	COMPUTER	VERMTL	O	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	N	Y	N	N	
GENERATE STL BUFFER SUB TL UTILIZATION REPORT	SUB TL	COMPUTER	STLBUF	I	DESKTOP STL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	N	Y	N	N	
GENERATE STL BUFFER MTL UTILIZATION REPORT	MTL	COMPUTER	STLBUF	I	VERIFY MASTER TIMELINE	N	Y	N	N	
GENERATE STL BUFFER ECOS TL PRINTOUTS UTILIZATION REPORT	ECOS TL	COMPUTER	STLBUF	O	DESKTOP MTL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	N	Y	N	N	
GENERATE STL BUFFER ECOS TL UTILIZATION REPORT	ECOS TL	COMPUTER	STLBUF	O	CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	N	Y	N	N	
GENERATE STL BUFFER ECOS TL UTILIZATION REPORT	ECOS TL	COMPUTER	STLBUF	O	CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	N	Y	N	N	
DESKTOP MTL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	ECOS TL PRINTOUTS	MANUAL	NONE	I	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	N	Y	N	N	
DESKTOP MTL OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION	UPDATES TO MASTER INPUT FILES	MANUAL	NONE	O	CREATE MASTER INPUT FILES	N	Y	N	N	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	PAGE
CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	ECOS TL	COMPUTER	DEL.COM.	I	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	N	Y N N	62
CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	PRINTOUT OF ECOS TIMELINE	COMPUTER	DEL.COM.	O	GENERATE ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT	N	Y N N	
CONVERT TO IBM TAPE FORMAT AND VERIFY	ECOS TL (EBCDIC)	COMPUTER	DEL.COM.	O	ECOS TAPE BUILD (STS ACTIVITIES)	N	Y N N	
GENERATE ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT	PRINTOUT OF ECOS TIMELINE	MANUAL	NONE	I	CONVERT TO IBM FORMAT AND VERIFY	N	Y N N	
GENERATE ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT	ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT	MANUAL	NONE	O	MISSION SUPPORT PERSONNEL	N	Y N N	
CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	DDU DISPLAYS	COMPUTER	EDT	I	STS ACTIVITIES INPUTS (MSFC)	N	Y N N	
CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	ECOS TL	COMPUTER	EDT	I	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	N	Y N N	
CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	PRELIM MMU MAP	MANUAL	EDT	I	STS ACTIVITIES INPUTS (MSFC)	N	Y N N	
CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	MMU ALLOCATION	COMPUTER	EDT	O	EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	N	Y N N	
EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	MMU ALLOCATION	COMPUTER	MMUALL	I	CREATE MMU ALLOCATION FILE	N	Y N N	
EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	ECOS TL	COMPUTER	MMUALL	I	GENERATE STL BUFFER UTILIZATION REPORT	N	Y N N	

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC.	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING	
		WITH	TYPE	PREL	BASIC	UPDT	RPLNG
EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	MMU ALLOCATION PRINTOUT	COMPUTER	MMUALL	O	MISSION SUPPORT PERSONNEL	N	Y N N
EVALUATE MMU TAPE MOVEMENT	MMU OPTIMIZATION REPORT	COMPUTER	MMUALL	O	MMU ENGINEERS FOR EVALUATION	N	Y N N
CREATE COMMAND LIST	COMMANDS FROM PI	MANUAL	EDT	I	P.I. (PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR)	N	Y Y Y
CREATE COMMAND LIST	COMMAND.INP	COMPUTER	EDT	O	CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	N	Y Y Y
CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	COMMAND.INP	COMPUTER	CHECK	I	CREATE COMMAND LIST	N	Y Y Y
CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	COMMAND.VFY	COMPUTER	CHECK	O	PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	N	Y Y Y
PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	COMMAND.VFY	COMPUTER	MET	I	CHECK COMMAND SYNTAX	N	Y Y Y
PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	COMMAND.FIN	COMPUTER	MET	O	GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	N	Y Y Y
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	DATA FLOW SCHED	COMPUTER	CMDATG	I	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	N	Y Y Y
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	COMMAND.FIN	COMPUTER	CMDATG	I	PRODUCE COMMAND TIMETAGS	N	Y Y Y
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	CMDATG	I	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	N	Y Y Y
GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	COMMAND T/L	COMPUTER	CMDATG	O	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	N	Y Y Y

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ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	SW ASSOC. WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
					PREL	BASIC	UPDT
					MISSION SUPPORT	N	RPLNG
					PERSONNEL AND POH	Y	Y
CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	MSN SUPPORT PERSONNEL/POH INPUTS	MANUAL	EDT	I		Y	Y
CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	ACTIVITY.1NP	COMPUTER	EDT	O	CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	N	Y
CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	ACTIVITY.1NP	COMPUTER	CHECK	I	CREATE POCC CHECKLIST	N	Y
CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	ACTIVITY.VFY	COMPUTER	CHECK	O	PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIMETAGS	N	Y
PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIME TAGS	ACTIVITY.VFY	COMPUTER	MET	I	CHECK ACTIVITY SYNTAX	N	Y
PRODUCE ACTIVITY TIME TAGS	POCC.FIN	COMPUTER	MET	O	GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	N	Y
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	DATA FLOW SCHED	COMPUTER	CG	I	GENERATE DATA FLOW REPORTS	N	Y
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	ESS TARGET	COMPUTER	CG	I	CREATE ESS TARGET FILE	N	Y
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CG	I	EDIT TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQMTS (DS)	N	Y
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	EXP T/L	COMPUTER	CG	I	FINALIZE MISSION TIMELINE	N	Y

ACTIVITY INPUT/OUTPUTS

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ACTIVITY	INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	I/O FORM	WITH	TYPE	SOURCE/DESTINATION	CYCLES	INPUT/OUTPUT DURING
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	COMMAND T/L	COMPUTER	CG	I	GENERATE COMMAND TIMELINE	N	PREL BASIC UPDT RPLNG
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	POCC.FIN	COMPUTER	CG	I	PRODUCE ACTIVITY TINETAGS	N	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	ATT TL	COMPUTER	CG	I	EDIT CURRENT ATTITUDE T/L TO INCORPORATE STS OR OTHER REQTS	N	Y Y Y Y
GENERATE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE	POCC CHECKLIST & COMMAND T/L	COMPUTER	CG	O	POCC CADRE	N	Y Y Y Y

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COMPUTER INPUT/OUTPUT SUMMARY

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
ACTIVITY.IMP	61440	12288		ACTIVITY CARDS, INITIATOR CARDS, TERMINATION CARDS.
ACTIVITY.VFY	61440	12288		ACTIVITY CARDS, INITIATOR CARDS, TERMINATION CARDS.
ANG'LR DISTICE	1024000	747520		THIS IS AN ASCII FILE CONTAINING A MATRIX OF THE ANGULAR DISTANCE BETWEEN EACH TARGET AND ALL OTHERS. THERE ARE NO OTHER PARAMETERS ON THE FILE AND THE POSITION IN THE MATRIX CORRESPONDS TO A GIVEN TARGET.
ASCN MODE	409600	245760		THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING DETAILED ORBITAL EPHEMERIS DATA (SAME AS DETAILED EPHEMERIS FILE) FOR EACH ORBIT AT THE TIME OF ASCENDING NODE.
AT PHY CONSTS	204800	102400		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ON/OFF TIMES WHICH REPRESENT TIME PERIODS WHERE CERTAIN ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 0 ON/OFF FILE.
AT PHY TARGETS	204800	102400		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGETS AFTER REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN COMBINED (BY UNION, INTERSECTION, OR COMPLEMENT). THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 0 ON/OFF FILE.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	PAGE	
	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
ATT TL	409600	102400	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING DATA DEFINING THE ORBITER ATTITUDE TIMELINE. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 16 ON/OFF FILE.
ATT TL (NDF)	10240000	1024000	THIS IS A NAME-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING DATA DEFINING THE ORBITER ATTITUDE TIMELINE AND ASSOCIATED DATA. INCLUDED ARE ATTITUDE DATA, STATE VECTOR DATA, TARGET DATA, SENSOR DATA, TIME, ATTITUDE RATES DATA, KEYWORDS, AND MANEUVER TIMES.
BORB CONSTS	1024000	512000	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ON/OFF TIMES WHICH REPRESENT TIME PERIODS WHERE CERTAIN PLASMA PHYSICS REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 0 ON/OFF FILE.
BORB PAR.	14336000	4096000	THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING TIME HISTORIES OF GEOMAGNETIC PARAMETERS. THE DATA DEFINES THE STRENGTH OF THE GEOMAGNETIC FIELD AND THE DIRECTIONS OF THE FIELD AT THE CURRENT ORBITER POSITION.
CAND GSTAR	1024000	409600	THE CANDIDATE GUIDE STAR FILE CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR EACH GUIDE STAR: STAR: SCIENCE STAR SEQUENCE NUMBERS AND ID NUMBERS, SCIENCE STAR RIGHT ASCENSION, AND DECLINATION, IPS OPERATION MODE, NUMBER OF GUIDE STARS IN ANNULUS/BONESIGHT REGIONS, GUIDE STAR LOCATION IN SKYMAP CATALOG, AND GUIDE STAR POSITION (ANNULUS OR BORESIGHT).

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE (BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	PAGE	3
CASE STO	204800	204800	...	ORBIT PARAMETERS STORED IN CASE STORAGE FILES FOR MESP, ASEP, AND/OR TANRAY: RADIUS (KM-NSEP) (M-ASEP), VELOCITY (KM/S-NSEP) (M/S-ASEP), FLIGHT PATH ANGLE (DEG), GEOCENTRIC LATITUDE (DEG), LONGITUDE (DEG), INERTIAL AZIMUTH (DEG), AND TIME (MET-HRS).		
CEL TAR	614400	368640		THIS IS A NAME-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING AN ARRAY DEFINING CANDIDATE CELESTIAL TARGETS. THE ARRAY CONTAINS TARGET NAME, RIGHT ASCENSION, AND DECLINATION.		
CEL TAR AC/LOS	10240000	10240000		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING CELESTIAL TARGET(S) ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.		
CEL TARGETS	10240000	10240000		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING CELESTIAL TARGETS AFTER REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN COMBINED (BY UNION, INTERSECTION, OR COMPLEMENT). THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.		
COMM AC/LOS	1024000	737280		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING TDRS AND GROUND STATION COMMUNICATION INFORMATION. INCLUDED ARE A TWO SATELLITE TDRS SYSTEM (S-BAND OR K-BAND, UP OR DOWN) AND 11 GROUND STATIONS. THIS FILE IS A COMBINATION OF SUBJECT TYPES 6,0, AND 1.		

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE (BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	PAGE	4
COMMAND.T/L	102400	51200		LIST OF ALL COMMANDS BEING EXECUTED BY FLIGHT SOFTWARE.		
COMMAND.FIN	102400	51200		ACTIVITY CARDS, INITIATOR CARDS, TERMINATION CARDS.		
COMMAND.INP	61440	40960		ACTIVITY CARDS, INITIATOR CARDS, TERMINATION CARDS.		
COMMAND.VFY	81440	40960		ACTIVITY CARDS, INITIATOR CARDS, TERMINATION CARDS.		
COMPARED DATA MNGT CHECKLIST	-0-	204800		THE COMPARED DATA MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST CONTAINS DATA INDICATING THE DIFFERENCES OF A CURRENT DATA MNGT CHECKLIST FILE AS COMPARED TO A PREVIOUS FILE. FLAGS INDICATE WHETHER DATA ENTRIES HAVE BEEN REPLACED (R), DELETED (D), OR ARE NEW ENTRIES (N).		
COO	409600	133120		THE COOBSERVATION FILE (PI DEVELOPED) IS AN ASCII FILE CONTAINING DATA DEFINING POTENTIAL CELESTIAL OBJECTS TO BE OBSERVED DURING A MISSION. DATA INCLUDES NAME, ID, CLASS, PRIORITY, TIME, CONTINUOUS/NON CONTINUOUS, CONSTRAINTS, RIGHT ASCENSION, DECLINATION, AND HUT SLIT ANGLE.		
CREW ACT	1000000	100000		LISTING OF ON/OFF TIMES FOR EACH ACTIVITY EACH CREWMAN PERFORMS.		

COMPUTER INPUT/OUTPUT SUMMARY

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES	-0-	2048	-	THE DATA FLOW INPUT VARIABLES FILE CONTAINS A LIST OF THE VARIABLES COMMON TO MANY OF THE DATA FLOW MODULES. THE BASIC MISSION DESCRIPTION PLUS THE CONFIGURATION OF THE MISSION DATA FLOW ARE DEFINED BY MANIPULATING THE VALUES OF THESE VARIABLES.
DATA FLOW MODELS	-0-	256000	-	THE DATA FLOW MODELS FILE CONTAINS DATA WHICH CORRELATES THE EXPERIMENT FO'S AND STEPS IN THE EXPERIMENT TIMELINE FILE TO THE DATA REQUIREMENTS SETS FOR THOSE EXPERIMENTS IN THE DATA FLOW REQMTS FILE.
DATA FLOW REQMTS	-0-	2048	-	THE DATA FLOW REQUIREMENTS FILE CONTAINS THE DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH EXPERIMENT. AN EXPERIMENT MAY HAVE MORE THAN ONE SET OF REQMTS SINCE SOME HAVE MULTIPLE FO'S.
DATA FLOW SCHED	-0-	409600	-	THE DATA FLOW SCHEDULE FILE CONTAINS DATA DEFINING HMRR RECORD/DUMP TIMES, VIDEO AND ANALOG DOWNLINK TIMES (REALTIME AND DUMPS), ANALOG/VIDEO RECORDERS (1&2) RECORD TIMES, HRM DOWNLINK FORMAT SCHEDULE, TDRS HANDOVER AND/OR ONBOARD RECONFIGURATION POINTS, AND ORBITER TV CASSETTE RECORDERS (1&2) ACTIVITIES. THIS FILE BECOMES PART OF THE MISSION FILE DIRECTORY AND IS THE INTERFACE TO OTHER MISSION PLANNING ORGANIZATIONS.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	PAGE	6
INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
DATA MNGMT CHECKLIST	-0-	6144000	THE DATA MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST FILE CONTAINS DATA WHICH PROVIDES AN OVERVIEW OF ONBOARD RECORDERs, HRM FORMATS, DOWNLINKS, EXP. DEDICATED CHANNELS, AND PCCC CONFIGURATION ACTIVITIES.
DATA MNGMT CHECKLIST (PREV)	-0-	6144000	THE DATA MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST FROM A PREVIOUS CYCLE OR TIME. DATA CONTENT IS THE SAME.
DDU DISPLAYS	20480	12288	EXECUTABLE IMAGE OF ALL MITRA HEX COMMANDS TO DDU.
DETAIL EPHEM	24576000	8192000	THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A DETAILED TIME HISTORY OF ORBITAL EPHemeris DATA. AT EACH TIME POINT 110 PARAMETERS ARE COMPUTED INCLUDING THE VEHICLE STATE VECTOR IN 3 DIFFERENT COORDINATE SYSTEMS (SPHERICAL, POLAR AND CARTESIAN), AND ORBITAL ELEMENTS. ALSO PROVIDED ARE VARIOUS PARAMETERS DESCRIBING THE GEOMETRY OF ORBITAL FLIGHT.
DFA SCHEDULAR CMNDS	-0-	2048	THE DFA SCHEDULAR FILE CONTAINS DATA TO ALLOW THE USER AN OPTIONAL INPUT WHICH HE MAY EMPLOY TO MODIFY THE NORMAL SCHEDULING PROCESS. COMMANDS ALLOW THE USER TO OVERRIDE THE BASIC SCHEDULAR LOGIC IF AN UNUSUAL SITUATION IS ENCOUNTERED.

COMPUTER INPUT/OUTPUT SUMMARY

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
EARTH SHADOW	40960	30720		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING EARTH SHADOW ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
EARTH TARGETS	1024000	512000		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING EARTH OBSERVATION TARGETS AFTER REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN COMBINED (BY UNION, INTERSECTION, OR COMPLEMENT). THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
ECOS T/L PRINTOUTS	-0-	-0-		PRINTOUT CONTAINS ALL ECOS MASTER AND SUBORDINATE TIMELINES.
ECOS TL	775296	455296		MASTER TIMELINE EVENTS, MET FOR ALL MASTER TIMELINE EVENTS, SUBORDINATE TIMELINE EVENTS, DELTA TIMES FOR ALL SUBORDINATE TIMELINE EVENTS.
ECOS TL (EBCDIC)	775296	455296		MASTER TIMELINE EVENT, MET FOR ALL MASTER TIMELINE EVENTS, SUBORDINATE TIMELINE EVENTS, DELTA TIMES FOR ALL SUBORDINATE TIMELINE EVENTS
ESS MODEL	34000	4000		PRIMARY INPUT FOR ESP. CONTAINS DATA NECESSARY TO SCHEDULE EXPERIMENTS FOR SL MISSIONS. ESS MODEL FILES ARE CREATED AND UPDATED BY VME. SCHEDULING CONTROL DATA MAY ALSO BE CREATED OR UPDATED BY ESP.
ESS MODELS PRINTOUT	-0-	-0-		PRINTOUT OF THE ESS MODEL FILE.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
ESS TARGET	1652	2400		PROVIDES TARGET AC/LOS TIMES AND PRESET ATTITUDE TIMES WHICH ARE USED BY ESP. CREATED AND EDITED USING TAE.
ESS TARGET PRINTOUT	-0-	-0-		PRINTOUT OF THE ESS TARGET FILE.
EXP	1000000	100000		GIVES ALL ON/OFF TIMES OF EACH EXPERIMENT FOR A PARTICULAR MISSION SCHEDULE.
EXP T/L	0	1000		PRIMARY OUTPUT OF ESP. PROVIDES A PERMANENT RECORD OF A SCHEDULE TO USE IN DISPLAY PROGRAMS AND FOR INITIALIZATION.
EXP T/L PRINTOUTS	-0-	-0-		PRINTOUT OF THE EXP T/L FILE.
EXPERIMENT HEADER	-0-	102400		THE EXPERIMENT HEADER FILE CONTAINS DATA REQUIRED TO RUN MANY OF THE REPORT MODULES. THE FILE INCLUDES DEDICATED CHANNELS AND RELATED EXPERIMENT ID'S, ECIO SUBSETS AND RELATED EXPERIMENT ID'S, AND USER ADDRESS SPACES AND RELATED EXPERIMENT ID'S. THE FILE AIDS THE USER IN DEFINING WHAT INFORMATION IS CONTAINED IN THE REPORTS.
GND STA AC/LOS	26620	102400		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING GROUND STATION(S) ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 1 ON/OFF FILE.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
GND TRK	2048000	1433600	THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A TIME HISTORY OF DATA DEFINING THE GROUND TRACK OF AN ORBITING VEHICLE. THE FILE CONTAINS MISSION ELAPSE TIME, GEODETIC LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, REV NUMBER, INERTIAL AZIMUTH, ALTITUDE, MANEUVER COUNTER, PERIGEE AND APOGEE ALTITUDE, AND BETA ANGLE.
GSTAR CAT	6144000	3072000	THE GSTAR CATALOG FILE CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF INFORMATION: SCIENCE TARGET NAME, NUMBER, RIGHT ASCENSION, DECLINATION, ASTRONOMICAL NAME, CLASS AND SUBCLASS, PRIORITY, OBSERVATION LENGTH, CONTINUOUS/NON-CONTINUOUS, VIEWING TARGET TYPE (DAY, NIGHT, BOTH), ROLL, AND VISUAL MAGNITUDE. FOR GUIDE STARS; TOTAL NUMBER, NUMBER IN BORESIGHT REGION, IPS OPERATION MODE, DATE/TIME TARGET WAS WRITTEN, RIGHT ASCENSION, DECIMATION, POSITION ANGLE, ANGULAR DISTANCE BETWEEN GUIDE STAR AND TARGET STAR, VISUAL, ULTRA-VIOLET, AND BLUE MAGNITUDES, GALACTIC LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE, SKYMAP NO., SPECTRAL CLASS, POSITION (BORESIGHT OR ANNULUS).
HEMSPR CONSTS	204800	102400	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ON/OFF TIMES WHICH REPRESENT TIME PERIODS WHERE CERTAIN HEMISPHERE REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 0 ON/OFF FILE.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
HFS ERROR	-0-	20480		THE HFS ERROR FILE CONTAINS ALL THE SCHEDULING ERRORS AND WARNINGS ENCOUNTERED BY THE HRM FORMAT SCHEDULER MODULE.
HRM FORMATS DEFN	-0-	4096		THE HRM FORMATS DEFINITION FILE CONTAINS DATA DESCRIBING ALL THE HRM FORMATS DEFINED FOR A MISSION. EACH FORMAT DEFINES A CONFIGURATION OF THE HRM, FORMAT RATES, AND ANY RECORDER CAPABILITIES FOR EACH FORMAT.
HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS	-0-	204800		THE HRM POSSIBLE FORMATS FILE CONTAINS DATA WHICH DEFINES TDRS COVERAGE AND POSSIBLE HRM FORMATS FOR GIVEN MET'S.
ID LIST	102400	40960		THIS IS AN ASCII FILE CONTAINING ALL THE ID'S OF SCHEDULED TARGETS IN ORDER BY THEIR NUMERICAL VALUE.
ID/SEQ LIST	102400	40960		THIS IS AN ASCII FILE CONTAINING SCHEDULED TARGET ID'S, SEQUENCE NUMBERS AND OTHERS SUPPORTING DATA.
INHIBIT	-0-	5000		CONTAINS DEFINITION OF ALL INHIBITS AND THEIR ON/OFF TIMES.
IPOL	204800	102400		THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING DATA ON EACH POINTING IN TIME ORDER. DATA INCLUDES: TIME, ELEVATION (IPS), CROSS ELEVATION (IPS), ROLL (IPS), OBJECTIVE LOAD NUMBER, RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, OBJECTIVE LOAD ROLL, CELESTIAL ROLL, TARGET ID AND NAME.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
IPS ROLL ANGLES	153600	102400		THE IPS ROLL ANGLE FILE CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF DATA: MISSION ELAPSE TIME, STAR NAMES 1 AND 2, BORESIGHT STAR RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, RIGHT TRACKER RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, IPS ELEVATION, CO-ELEVATION AND ROLL ANGLES, CELESTIAL ROLL ANGLE (ALSO THIS ANGLE PLUS/MINUS 30 DEG), ORBITER ATTITUDE ANGLES, AND ATTITUDE REFERENCE COORDINATE SYSTEM.
ITL	400	388		SUBORDINATE TIMELINE EVENTS, DELTA TIME FROM ACTIVATION OF SUBORDINATE TIMELINES.
JOTF	409600	307200		THIS IS A MITRA HEX FILE CONTAINING DATA FOR THE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (ONBOARD DATA SET JOTF). THESE DATA ARE USED BY ONBOARD ECAS TASKS AND INCLUDE: TARGET ID AND NAME, RIGHT ASCENSION, DECLINATION, ROLL, EXPERIMENT SEQUENCE NUMBERS, AND SIMILAR MOVING TARGET DATA.
JOTF VERIFICATION REPORT	-0-	-0-		PRINTOUT OF THE JOINT OPERATIONS TARGET FILE (JOTF) DATA SET USED TO VERIFY THE CONTENTS OF THE DATA SET.
JSC CAP	1000000	100000		CONTAINS ALL THE CREW ACTIVITY SCHEDULED AS WELL AS OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION TO BE USED AS INPUT TO THE JSC CAPS2 SYSTEM. CREATED BY ESP.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
KEYWORD	2048000	1024000	-	THIS IS A NAME-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING AN ARRAY DEFINING KEYWORDS AND ASSOCIATED ATTITUDE DATA. THE ARRAY CONTAINS NUMBER OF KEYWORDS, KEYWORD DESCRIPTION LIST, ATTITUDE DATA LIST, AND KEYWORD LIST.
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME DATA	-	-0-	-0-	A PLOT (AND SUPPORTING DATA) WHICH DEFINES THE AVAILABLE LAUNCH WINDOW VS DAY OF YEAR. THE PLOT OVERLAYS ALL CONSTRAINTS TO PRODUCE THE WINDOW IMAGES.
MASTER FILE	-0-	512000	-	THE MASTER FILE CONTAINS THE OVERALL DATA FLOW PLAN. THIS INCLUDES RECORDER FILL/DUMP PLANS, KU-BAND CHANNELS 2 AND 3 USAGE PROFILE, HRM FORMATS, SATELLITE COVERAGE, DATA RATES, POCC CONFIGURATIONS, AND A SUMMARY OF ANY LOST DATA.
MORPG ERROR	-0-	20480	-	THE MORPG ERROR FILE LISTS ALL THE ERRORS ENCOUNTERED BY THE MISSION DATA REQUIREMENTS GENERATOR MODULE.
MI	61440	20480	-	MASTER TIMELINE EVENTS, MET TIMES FOR ALL EVENTS.
MISSION WINDOWS	-0-	512000	-	THE MISSION WINDOWS FILE CONTAINS WINDOWS OF OPPORTUNITY FOR DATA DOWNLINKS AND RECORDER DUMPS.
MMU ALLOCATION	4096	2048	-	NAMES OF ALL FILES ON THE MMU AND A LITTLE INFORMATION ABOUT ALL OF THEM.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
MMU ALLOCATION PRINTOUT	-0-	-0-	-	A PRINTOUT OF THE MMU ALLOCATION FILE WHICH CONTAINS AN ORDERED LIST OF MMU FILES AND SUPPORTING DATA.
MMU DAT SET	40960	20480	-0-	THIS IS A MITRA HEX FILE CONTAINING DATA FOR USE BY THE ONBOARD ECOS TIMELINE MAINTENANCE SYSTEM. DATA INCLUDES SUN RISE/SET EVENTS, MOON RISE/SET EVENTS, TDRS ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES, SUN RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, TIME OF NODAL CROSSING, AND MODAL PERIOD.
MMU OPTIMIZATION REPORT	-0-	-0-	-0-	SUM OF TAPE MOVEMENT FOR THE MISSION AND AN ORDERED LIST OF MMU FILE NAMES.
MOON RISE/SET	40960	30720	-0-	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING MOON RISE AND SET TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE
MSN IND TARGETS	409600	204800	-0-	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ALL MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGETS. THESE INCLUDE: SUN RISE/SET, MOON RISE/SET, PRELIMINARY TDRS AC/LOS, GROUND STATION AC/LOS, SOUTH ATLANTIC ANOMALY AC/LOS. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
MSN T/L TABLES, PRINTOUTS	-0-	-0-	-0-	DETAILED TABULATIONS, PLOTS, AND PRINTOUTS OF THE MISSION TIMELINE.
MSN TARGETS	409600	204800	-0-	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ALL THE EXPERIMENT TARGET OPPORTUNITIES (ALL DISCIPLINES REPRESENTED IN THE PAYLOAD COMPLEMENT) FOR THE MISSION.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
MTL	2048	2040		MASTER TIMELINE EVENTS. MET TIMES.
MVR TL	204800	122880		THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING DATA DEFINING THE ORBITER MANEUVER TIMELINE. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 16 ON/OFF FILE.
MWG ERROR	-0-	20480		THE MWG ERROR FILE LISTS ALL THE SCHEDULING COMMANDS THAT COULD NOT BE HONORED BY THE CREATE MISSION WINDOWS MODULE BECAUSE OF CONFLICTS.
NOTES	1600	700		DATABASE OF PCAP NOTES FOR USE IN GENERATING PCAP CHARTS.
NSEP EPHEM	81920	40960		THIS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A TIME HISTORY OF VEHICLE POSITION AND VELOCITY, AND ORBITAL ELEMENTS.
OBJ LOAD	-0-	573440		THIS IS AN ASCII FILE CONTAINING GUIDE STAR OBJECTIVE LOAD DATA WHICH INCLUDES: IPS OPERATING MODE, OBJECTIVE LOAD NO'S, EXPERIMENT NO'S, TARGET ATTITUDE DATA, TRACKER SCAN DATA, SUN POSITION DATA, DIRECTION COSINE MATRIX FOR REFERENCE SYSTEM TRANSFORMATIONS, TRACKER FOV GUIDE STAR AVAILABILITY DATA, GUIDE STAR RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, AND TRACKER COUNT RATE DATA.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	
OBJ LOAD SUMMARY - SOLAR & STELLAR	-0-	-0- THE OBJECTIVE LOAD SUMMARY IS A PRINTOUT CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: OBJECTIVE LOAD NUMBER, IPS PITCH AND YAW OFFSET ANGLES, IPS CELESTIAL ROLL ANGLE, IPS POINTING MODE, RIGHT STAR TRACKER GUIDE STAR NAME, VISUAL MAGNITUDE, RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, LEFT STAR TRACKER GUIDE STAR NAME, VISUAL MAGNITUDE, RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, BEGIN AND END, DATE/TIME THAT OBJECTIVE LOAD IS VALID.
OBS CONSTS	102400	61440 THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ON/OFF TIMES WHICH REPRESENT TIME PERIODS WHERE CERTAIN EARTH OBSERVATION REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE Q ON/OFF FILE.
ORBITER OCCULT	409600	358400 THIS FILE CONTAINS THE ORBITER OCCULTATION DATA RELATIVE TO THE TDRS ANTENNAS. THIS FILE IS OBTAINED FROM JSC.
ORS ERROR	-0-	20480 THE ORS ERROR FILE LISTS ALL THE SCHEDULING COMMANDS THAT COULD NOT BE HONORED BY THE ONBOARD RECORDER SCHEDULER MODULE BECAUSE OF CONFLICTS.
PBS ERROR	-0-	20480 THE PBS ERROR FILE CONTAINS ALL THE SCHEDULING ERRORS AND WARNINGS ENCOUNTERED BY THE PLAYBACK SCHEDULER MODULE.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	PAGE	16
MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	
PCAP CHARTS	-0-	-0-	DETAILED 1-HR CHARTS PRODUCED ON A HIGH RESOLUTION LASER PRINTER WHICH BECOME PART OF THE PDF. THE PLAN SHOWS THE PROCEDURES THE CREW EXECUTES AND ASSOCIATED NOTES. IT ALSO SHOWS AUXILIARY INFORMATION SUCH AS ORBIT ALTITUDE AND MANEUVERS, SUN/SHADE, K- AND S-BAND COMMUNICATIONS, HRM FORMATS, RECORDER USAGE, ORBIT REV NUMBER, AND OTHER DATA.
PL PHY TARGETS	1024000	512000	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING PLASMA PHYSICS TARGETS AFTER REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN COMBINED (BY UNION, INTERSECTION, OR COMPLEMENT). THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
POCC CHECKLIST & COMMAND T/L	-0-	-0-	PRINTOUT OF THE POCC CHECKLIST AND COMMAND TIMELINE.
POCC CONFIG DEFN	-0-	20480	THE POCC CONFIGURATION DEFINITION FILE CONTAINS DATA DEFINING EACH PARTICULAR ROUTING CONFIGURATION OF THE DATA STREAMS ON THE GROUND, BOTH REALTIME AND PLAYBACK.
POCC POSSIBLE CONFIG	-0-	102400	THE POCC POSSIBLE CONFIGURATION FILE PROVIDES ALL POSSIBLE POCC CONFIGURATIONS (BOTH REALTIME AND PLAYBACK) AND ALL THE POSSIBLE USER GROUP CONFIGURATIONS FOR ANY GIVEN TIME.
POCC.FIN	61440	12288	LIST OF ALL POCC UNIQUE ACTIVITIES IN SEQUENTIAL ORDER.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
PREL ATT TL	102400	81920	.....	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING THE PRELIMINARY ATTITUDE TIMELINE. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 16 ON/OFF FILE.
PREL TDRS AC/LOS	307200	2867200	.....	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING PRELIMINARY TDRS ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 6 ON/OFF FILE.
PRINTOUT OF ECOS TIMELINE	-0-	-0-	.....	PRINTOUT OF THE ECOS TIMELINE TO BE USED IN THE ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT.
PRINTOUTS OF ATMOS PHYSICS DATA	-0-	-0-	.....	PRINTOUT OF ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS TARGET OPPORTUNITIES DATA.
PRINTOUTS OF CAND GUIDE STARS	-0-	-0-	.....	THE CANDIDATE GUIDE STAR PRINTOUTS CONTAIN DATA FOR GUIDE STAR SELECTION WHICH INCLUDE: STAR NAME AND NUMBER, STAR NO. OF NEXT HIGHER/LOWER RIGHT ASCENSION, STAR NO OF NEXT HIGHER/LOWER DECLINATION, STAR MAGNITUDE AND MAGNITUDE CORRELATION DATA, TIME RANGES WHERE STAR CAN BE USED FOR IPS ALIGNMENT, 1PS ROLL ANGLES AT BEGIN-END OF TIME RANGES.
PRINTOUTS OF CELESTIAL DATA	-0-	-0-	.....	PRINTOUT OF CELESTIAL TARGET OPPORTUNITIES DATA.
PRINTOUTS OF EARTH OBSERV DATA	-0-	-0-	.....	PRINTOUT OF EARTH OBSERVATION TARGET OPPORTUNITIES DATA.
PRINTOUTS OF MMU DATA SET	-0-	-0-	PRINTOUTS OF THE MMU DATA SET ARE OUTPUT FOR MANUAL VERIFICATION OF THE DATA SET.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
PRINTOUTS OF MSN IND DATA	-0-	-0-	-0-	PRINTOUT OF MISSION INDEPENDENT TARGET OPPORTUNITIES DATA.
PRINTOUTS OF PLASMA PHYSICS DATA	-0-	-0-	-0-	PRINTOUT OF PLASMA PHYSICS TARGET OPPORTUNITIES DATA.
PRINTOUTS OF SOLAR DATA	-0-	-0-	-0-	PRINTOUT OF SOLAR TARGET OPPORTUNITIES DATA.
PRINTOUTS OF STRAY LIGHT DATA	-0-	-0-	-0-	PRINTOUTS OF STRAY LIGHT DATA TO BE USED WHEN SELECTING SOLAR GUIDE STARS.
PROC.	1000	500	500	DATABASE OF PCAP PROCEDURES FOR USE IN GENERATING PCAP CHARTS.
PROCAM	10240000	40960000	40960000	THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING TIME HISTORIES OF ORBITER ATTITUDES, BODY-REFERENCE POINTING DIRECTIONS FOR VARIOUS ORBIT-RELATED ITEMS (VELOCITY VECTOR, ANGULAR MOMENTUM VECTOR, ETC.), CELESTIAL OBJECTS (SUN, MOON) AND TDRS.
PROFILE	-0-	307200	307200	THE DATA REQUIREMENTS PROFILE FILE (PROFILE) CONTAINS A PROFILE OF DATA REQUIREMENTS AND POGC RESOURCE USAGE BASED ON THE EXPERIMENT TIMELINE AND THE DATA FLOW REQUIREMENTS SETS.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
PTS CHARTS	-0-	-0-	-	6-HR PLOTS WITH MET & AMET TICK MARKS EVERY 6 MINUTES. THE CHARTS ARE USED FOR ANALYSIS BY MISSION PLANNING ENGINEERS AND FOR MISSION TIMELINE PUBLICATION. ITEMS ON EACH PLOT PAGE INCLUDE: CREW ACTIVITIES; K-BAND, S-BAND, AND GSTDN COMMUNICATIONS COVERAGE; DATA AND VIDEO DOWNLINKS; DATA AND VIDEO RECORDER DUMPS; WATER DUMP AND THRUSTER INHIBITS; ATTITUDE AND MANEUVER PROFILE; RA & DEC OF ORBITER - Z AXIS FOR INERTIAL ATTITUDES; A MOON PHASE DIAG; ORBITER REV NO. AND GROUND TRACK PLOT; SUN/SHADOW PERIODS; AND UNATTENDED (NO CREW) PAYLOAD OPERATIONS. PTS CHARTS ARE PART OF THE PFDF, THE STANDARD POCC DOCUMENTATION FOR SPACELAB MISSIONS, AND ARE INCLUDED IN THE FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT.
RAD ENVIR	6144000	3072000		THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A TIME HISTORY OF THE RADIATION ENVIRONMENT OF A VEHICLE IN ORBIT. PARAMETERS INCLUDE FLUX DATA, B-FIELD DATA, AND MCILHAIN PARAMETERS.
READP1	1024000	512000		THIS IS AN ASCII FILE CONTAINING TARGET DATA AND SUPPORTING DATA USED TO SCHEDULE SCIENCE OBSERVATIONS. TYPES OF DATA INCLUDE TARGET NAME/CLASS/SUBCLASS, REQUESTED VIEWING TIME, CONSTRAINTS DATA, RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION, TIME GOAL DATA, EARTH SHADOW ACQ/LOSS, AND SAA ACQ/LOSS.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	PAGE	DATE
	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
RESERVE PERIODS	204800	61440	THIS IS AN ASCII FILE DEFINING PERIODS OF TIME RESERVED FOR SCIENCE OBSERVATION OR OTHER ACTIVITIES. THE DATA INCLUDES NAME, SCIENCE/NON-SCIENCE, MANEUVER/HO MANEUVER, ON TIME, OFF TIME, CLASS, REQUESTED TIME, RIGHT ASCENSION, AND DECLINATION.
SAA AC/LOS	61440	30720	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING SOUTH ATLANTIC ANOMALY (SAA) ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
SCIENCE SCHED'LE	819200	409600	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ON/OFF TIMES OF THE OBSERVATION PERIODS FOR EACH TARGET (SUBJECT). THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 3 ON/OFF FILE.
SITE AC/LOS	1024000	512000	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING EARTH GROUND SITE ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
SITE DEF.	409600	204800	THIS IS A NAME-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING AN ARRAY DEFINING GROUND SITE POLYGONS. THE ARRAY CONTAINS THE SITE NAME, NUMBER OF SIDES (VERTICES) FOR EACH SITE, AND GEODETIC LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF EACH VERTEX.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
SKYMAP DATBSE	819200	409600	THE SOURCE OF THE STARS FOR DEVELOPING THE SKYMAP DATABASE IS THE "SKYMAP STAR CATALOG" PREPARED FOR GSFC BY CSC IN DECEMBER, 1977. VERSION 111 OF THIS CATALOG CONTAINS 248727 STARS EQUAL OR GREATER IN BRIGHTNESS THAN 9TH MAGNITUDE. THE STAR POSITIONS ARE GIVEN IN TERMS OF RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION WITH RESPECT TO EPOCH 2000. THERE ARE 135 DESCRIPTIVE OR QUALIFYING WORDS OF DATA FOR EACH STAR IN THE CATALOG. THESE ARE REDUCED TO 34 WORDS IN THE SKYMAP DATABASE.
SOLAR CONSTS	102400	40960	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING ON/OFF TIMES WHICH REPRESENT TIME PERIODS WHERE CERTAIN SOLAR REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
SOLAR TARGETS	204800	102400	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING SOLAR TARGETS AFTER REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN COMBINED (BY UNION, INTERSECTION, OR COMPLEMENT). THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.
STATE VECTOR ELECTRONIC	1618	1618	ELECTRONIC TRANSFER OF STATE VECTOR CONTAINING A COORDINATE SYSTEM DEFINITION, TIME (GMT), VECTOR POSITION (M), AND VECTOR VELOCITY (M/S).

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	0	0	0	PRINTOUT CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ORBIT PARAMETERS: RADIUS (M), VELOCITY (M/S), FLIGHT PATH ANGLE (DEG), GEOCENTRIC LATITUDE (DEG), LONGITUDE (OEG), INERTIAL AZIMUTH (DEG), AND ORBIT INSERTION TIME (NET-HRS).
STL PRINTOUTS	-0-	-0-	-0-	PRINTOUTS OF THE ECOS SUBORDINATE TIMELINES.
SUB TL	400	388	388	SUBORDINATE TIMELINE EVENTS. DELTA TIMES FOR EACH EVENT.
SUBCOO	409600	122880	122880	THE SUBCOO FILE IS AN ASCII FILE CONTAINING A SUBSET OF THE CELESTIAL OBJECTS CONTAINED IN THE COO FILE. THE DATA TYPES ARE THE SAME AS THOSE CONTAINED IN THE COO FILE.
SUN AZ/ELV	409600	102400	102400	THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A TIME HISTORY OF THE FOLLOWING DATA: TIME (GMT AND MET), AZIMUTH AND ELEVATIONS OF THE SUN IN THE ATMOS EXPERIMENT COORDINATE SYSTEM, TANGENT RAY HEIGHT, SUN AZIMUTH AND CO-ELEVATION IN THE ORBITER COORDINATE SYSTEM, ALTITUDE, SUN RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION.
SUN RISE/SET	40960	30720	30720	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING SUN RISE AND SET TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE O ON/OFF FILE.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
TABULAR REPORTS	.....	.....	.....	.....
	-0-	-0-	-0-	TABULAR REPORTS AND PLOTS TO BE INCLUDED IN DATA FLOW AND DATA SYSTEMS DOCUMENTATION.
TANRAY EPHEM	409600	102400	.....	THIS IS A LIST-DIRECTED FILE CONTAINING A TIME HISTORY OF ORBITAL ELEMENT PARAMETERS, SUN RISE AND SET EVENTS, AND DATA RELATIVE TO THE TANGENT POINT ON THE ORBITER TO SUN LINE-OF-SIGHT.
TARGET ANALYSIS PRINTOUT	.....	-0-	-0-	TARGET ANALYSIS STATISTICAL AND GROUPING DATA THAT AIDS IN BLOCKING OUT EXPERIMENT OPERATION TIMES AND OVERALL SCHEDULING.
TDRS AC/LCS	614400	409600	.....	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING TDRS ACQUISITION AND LOSS TIMES. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 6 ON/OFF FILE.
TERM AC/LCS	204800	102400	.....	THIS IS AN ON/OFF FILE CONTAINING THE TIMES OF THE ORBIT TERMINATORS. THE "ON" TIME BEING THE TIME OF DAYLIGHT TO DARKNESS TRANSITION AND THE "OFF" TIME BEING THE TIME OF DARKNESS TO DAYLIGHT TRANSITION. THIS IS A SUBJECT TYPE 0 ON/OFF FILE.
TIME GOAL	12288	6144	THIS IS AN ASCII FILE DEVELOPED BY THE PI DEFINING THE CLASS OF THE OBJECT(S) TO BE VIEWED, THE TIME TO BE SCHEDULED DURING THE DAY, AND THE TIME TO BE SCHEDULED AT NIGHT.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	FILE SIZE(BYTES)		INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	
VERIFY ERROR	-0-	20480	THE VERIFY ERROR FILE LIST ALL ERRORS ENCOUNTERED BY THE DATA VERIFICATION MODULE WHEN COMPARING THE SCHEDULES ON THE MASTER FILE TO OTHER DEFINITION AND/OR SCHEDULE FILES.
	-0-	-0-	-0-

TABLE 8
MANUAL INPUT/OUTPUT SUMMARY

MANUAL INPUT OUTPUT SUMMARY DATA

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
ATMOS DESIRED VEHICLE ATTITUDE	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	THE DESIRED VEHICLE ATTITUDE FOR THE ATMOS EXPERIMENT IS DEFINE BY TIME, REFERENCE COORDINATE SYSTEM, PITCH, YAW, AND ROLL.
ATTITUDE UPDATES	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	ATTITUDE UPDATES BASED ON ATTITUDE/TDRS ITERATION AND REVIEW CYCLE COMMENTS/INPUTS.
BASIC CO-ORBITING REQUIREMENTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	EFORD	A DETERMINATION OF THE TYPES OF ORBIT OPERATIONS THAT ARE REQUIRED: PROXIMITY OPERATIONS, DEPLOYMENT, Rendezvous, Grapple/Capture.
BASIC CREW CYCLE	VERBAL/INFORMAL DOCUMENT	N/A	BASIC SLEEP/ WORK CYCLES OBTAINED FROM JSC.
BORB CONSTRAINTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	CONSTRAINTS TO CONSIDER WHEN DEVELOPING PLASMA PHYSICS TARGET OPPORTUNITIES INCLUDE: B AZ, B ELEV, B DOT X, L SHELL (TYPICAL).
CDMS DICTIONARY	DOCUMENT	N/A	COMMAND AND DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEM DICTIONARY (PDF DOCUMENT). CONTAINS DISPLAY DEFINITIONS.
CDMS SYSTEM DEFINITION	DOCUMENTS	N/A	COLLECTION OF DOCUMENTS THAT DESCRIBE THE CDMS FOR THE FLIGHT IN QUESTION (SPAH, ICD'S, ETC.).
CEL TARGET(S) ELEV ANGLE CONSTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	ELEVATION ANGLE CONSTRAINTS RELATIVE TO CELESTIAL OBJECT(S) VIEWING PERIODS.
CELESTIAL TARGETS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	CELESTIAL TARGET DATA (NUMBER, NAME, RIGHT ASCENSION, AND DECLINATION) ARE INPUT MANUALLY USING THE STAR PROGRAM TO CREATE A CANDIDATE CELESTIAL TARGET FILE.
COMMANDS FROM PI	INFORMAL DOCUMENTS	N/A	CHRONOLOGICAL LISTING OF ALL COMMANDS TO THE PI'S EXPERIMENT.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
COOLING LOAD REQNTS	INFORMAL DOCUMENT	N/A	HEAT REJECTION PROFILES FOR THE INTEGRATED PAYLOAD.
CREW H/O CYCLE	VERBAL, WITTEN	N/A	CREW H/O TIMES, DURATIONS
CREW PROCEDURES DOCUMENT	DOCUMENT	PFDF	PFDF DOCUMENT GIVING A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF ALL PAYLOAD CREW PROCEDURES.
CREW SHIFT TIMES	VERBAL/INFORMAL DOCUMENT	N/A	CREW SHIFT TIMES. COMES OUT OF BASIC CREW CYCLE INPUT FROM JSC.
DATA FLOW ANALYSIS FDD INPUTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	FDD	DATA FLOW ANALYSIS INPUTS TO THE FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT.
EARTH OBSERV SUN ELEV CONSTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	SUN ELEVATION ANGLE CONSTRAINTS RELATIVE TO EARTH OBSERVATION PERIODS.
ECOS T/L PRINTOUTS	PRINTOUT	N/A	CONTENTS OF ALL ECOS MASTER AND SUBORDINATE TIMELINES
ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT	DOCUMENT	ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT	CONTENTS OF ALL ECOS MASTER AND SUBORDINATE TIMELINES PLUS SOME BOILERPLATE PAGES
ERD'S	DOCUMENT	EXPERIMENT REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT	FUNCTIONAL OBJECTIVES (FO'S), EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION, OPERATIONAL FUNCTIONAL FLOW, STRUCTURAL/MECHANICAL, POINTING & STABILITY PARAMETERS, ALIGNMENT/CO-ALIGNMENT, ORBITAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONSTRAINTS, ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS, THERMAL CONTROL/ FULD REQUIREMENTS, DATA SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT, FLIGHT SW - SUMMARY OF EXP. COMPUTER SW REQNTS, PHYSICAL CONFIGURATION, MISSION OPERATIONS SUPPORT, POCC REQNTS, SL DATA PROCESSING FACILITY (SLDPF), OTHER DATA PRODUCTS.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
ESS MODELS PRINTOUT	PRINTOUT	N/A	PRINTOUT OF THE ESS MODEL FILE.
ESS TARGET PRINTOUTS	PRINTOUT	N/A	PRINTOUT OF THE ESS TARGET FILE.
EXP T/L PRINTOUTS	PRINTOUT	N/A	PRINTOUT OF THE EXPERIMENT TIMELINE FILE.
FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT	DOCUMENT	FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT	SUMMARY - MISSION OVERVIEW, LAUNCH WINDOW, ORBIT DEFN, ATTITUDE DATA, PAYLOAD ON-ORBIT ACTIVITIES, PAYLOAD TIMELINE SUMMARY (PTS CHARTS), ORBITER CREW PAYLOAD SUPPORT REQMTS, CONTAMINATION AVOIDANCE REQMTS, RESOURCE UTILIZATION, CREW TIME USAGE, ELECTRICAL POWER & ENERGY USAGE, ECOS USAGE, ECAS USAGE; ORBITAL MECHANICS AREA - NOMINAL FLIGHT PROFILE, LAUNCH DATE/TIME, ORBIT DATA REV BY REV, GROUND TRACKS & ORBITAL LIGHTING DATA, COMMUNICATIONS OPPORTUNITIES, CONSTRAINTS, K-BAND, S-BAND & GROUND COVERAGE. DETAILED T/L DATA: APP B - COMPOSITE T/L TABLES, INDIVIDUAL EXP T/L TABLES, CREW & SYSTEM T/L TABLE.
FO'S	WRITTEN	ERD'S, FO INPUT SHEETS	FUNCTIONAL OBJECTIVES DEFINITION, RESOURCE AND TIME REQMTS, STEP REQMTS, ETC...
FPA INPUTS	DOCUMENT	FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX	LAUNCH WINDOW DATA, ORBITAL PARAMETERS DATA, PAYLOAD ELECTRICAL POWER REQMTS - TOTAL SUBSYSTEM PAYLOAD OWNER CHARTS/TABLES, RESISTIVE VS CONSTANT POWER USAGE, ESSENTIAL PHR REQMTS, COOLING LOAD REQUIREMENTS, ORITER EQUIPMENT USAGE, FLIGHT ACTIVITY REQUIREMENTS, CREW ACTIVITY REQUIREMENTS, MODEL SUMMARY, PCAP TAPE, ORBITER CREW PAYLOAD SUPPORT, ATTITUDE DATA, EXP.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	PAGE
GROUND SITE POLYGONS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	GROUND SITE POLYGONS ARE DEFINED BY NAME OF SITE, NUMBER OF SIDES (VERTICES) FOR EACH SITE, AND GEODETIC LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE FOR EACH VERTEX.	4
GUIDE STAR CHOICES	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	A LIST OF GUIDE STARS TO BE USED FOR SOLAR OBJECTIVE LOAD GENERATION. THE LIST IS BY NAME AND NUMBER.	
HDRR DUMP TIMES	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	HDRR DUMP TIMES FROM THE ONBOARD RECORDER PLAYBACK SCHEDULE.	
INPUTS FROM PI'S	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	INPUTS FROM EXPERIMENT PI'S RELATIVE TO ECOS TIMELINES (STL'S, MTL'S).	
INPUTS TO MISSION PLANNING	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	DATA PROVIDED FOR MISSION PLANNING PERSONNEL RELATIVE TO CO-ORBITING TARGETS REQMTS/CONSTRAINTS TO BE USED IN DEVELOPING MISSION PROFILE AND EXPERIMENT OPERATION: BLOCK OUT OPERATIONAL TIME PERIODS, PROVIDE TARGET PERIODS FOR FO'S, IDENTIFY MAJOR EVENTS, PROVIDE A MANEUVER OR ATTITUDE TIMELINE.	
INPUTS/UPDATES TO IPRD	VERBAL, WRITTEN	IPRD	INITIAL INPUTS OR UPDATES MADE TO THE IPRD AS A RESULT OF THE PAYLOAD DATA COLLECTION EFFORT AND ASSOCIATED ANALYSES.	
INPUTS/UPDATES TO Q&IA	VERBAL, WRITTEN	Q&IA	INITIAL INPUTS OR UPDATES MADE TO THE Q&IA AS A RESULT OF THE PAYLOAD DATA COLLECTION EFFORT AND ASSOCIATED ANALYSES.	

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	PAGE	PAGE
IPRD DOCUMENT	DOCUMENT	N/A	INTEGRATED PYLDs RQMTS DOCUMENT DEFINING: CONFIGURATION; MASS PROPERTIES; STRUCTURAL; MECHANICAL REQU'S; ELECTRICAL POWER AND ENERGY; THERMAL/ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL; ON-ORBIT VEHICLE DYNAMICS; POINTING & ALIGNMENT; CDMs; SOFTWARE; CREW SYSTEMS; STOWAGE; GROUND OPS; FLIGHT OPS; MISSION UNIQUE ENVIRONMENTS.		5
LATITUDE CONSTRAINTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	LATITUDE CONSTRAINTS APPLIED TO HEMISPHERE OPPORTUNITIES SELECTION RELATIVE TO PLASMA PHYSICS TARGET OBSERVATION PERIODS.		
LAUNCH WINDOW/LAUNCH TIME DATA	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	LAUNCH WINDOW OPENING AND CLOSING (GMT), AND TIME OF LAUNCH (GMT)		
MGMT AGREEMENT ON GROSS MSN T/L	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	DATA PROVIDING AN AGREEMENT ON THE GROSS MISSION TIMELINE TO BE USED FOR THE MISSION. MISSION PLANNING ITERATIONS TO EXPAND AND/OR REFINE THIS TIMELINE ARE EXPECTED IN ORDER TO RESOLVE PROBLEMS OR CONFLICTS DISCOVERED DURING MORE DETAILED PLANNING ACTIVITIES.		
MISSION CONFIGURATION	VERBAL/WRITTEN/DO CURRENT	SPAH	LAUNCH TIME, MISSION DURATION, CREW DATA, AND THE TYPES OF RESOURCES AND EQUIPMENT TO BE USED DURING THE MISSION ALONG WITH THEIR AVAILABILITIES.		
MISSION PROFILE CONSIDERATIONS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	CONSIDERATIONS IN DEVELOPING A GROSS MISSION TIMELINE INCLUDE: EXP. PRIORITIES, DIFFICULTY IN SCHEDULING EXP. OPERATIONS, SYSTEMS REANTS, CREW H/O CYCLE, DATA MANAGEMENT, AND MANAGEMENT DIRECTIONS.		
MISSION T/L ANALYSIS FDD INPUTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	FDD	MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS INPUTS TO THE FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT..		

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
MISSION T/L ANALYSIS FPA INPUTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	FPA	MISSION TIMELINE ANALYSIS INPUTS TO THE FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX.
MISSION TL TABLES, PRINTOUTS	TABLES, PRINTOUT	N/A	DETAILED TABULATIONS, PLOTS AND PRINTOUT OF THE MISSION TIMELINE.
MODIFICATIONS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	MODIFICATIONS MADE TO DATA FLOW SCHEDULES BASED ON REVIEW AND USER EXPERIENCE.
MPE OPS REQUETS	DOCUMENT	ICD	MISSION PECCULAR EQUIPMENT OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
MSN EXP OPPORTUNITIES DATA	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	THIS DATA INCLUDES PRINTOUTS AND/OR PLOTS GENERATED BY THE EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION SUBFUNCTION. THESE DATA REPRESENT EXPERIMENT OPERATION PERIODS WHERE REQUIREMENTS AND/OR CONSTRAINTS HAVE BEEN SATISFIED. THESE DATA INCLUDE: MISSION INDEPENDENT, CELESTIAL, ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS, SOLAR, EARTH OBSERVATION, PLASMA PHYSICS, AND CO-ORBITING TARGET OPPORTUNITIES DATA.
MSN SUPPORT PERSONNEL/POH INPUTS	VERBAL,WRITTEN	POCC CHECKLIST	INPUTS TO THE POCC CHECKLIST FROM MISSION SUPPORT PERSONNEL AND EXTRACTED FROM THE POCC OPERATIONS HANDBOOK.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
O&IA	DOCUMENT	O&IA DOCUMENT	FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION; PAYLOAD ELEMENT H/W DESCRIPTION, INSTRUMENT OPERATING MODES, DELIVERABLE ITEMS LIST, SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS. FLIGHT OPS SUPPORT; FUNCTIONAL OBJECTIVES, POCC SERVICES & DATA PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS, ORBITAL REGENTS & CONSTRAINTS, TRAINING REGENTS. PHYSICAL INTEGRATION; ACTIVITY FLOW, KSC SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS, ON-LINE ACTIVITY REGENTS, PERSONNEL SUPPORT REGENTS, LAUNCH DELAY CONTINGENCY PLANNING, ALTERNATE LANDING SITE CONTINGENCY PLANNING. PROCEDURES INPUTS; KSC PROCEDURES, ON-BOARD FLIGHT PROCEDURES, POCC PROCEDURES, APP A - SPACELAB CDMS REQUIREMENTS FORMS & DATA FORMATS; APP B - MISSION T/L FUNCTIONAL OBJECTIVE REGENTS SHEETS.
ORBIT ANALYSIS FDD INPUTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	FDD	ORBIT ANALYSIS INPUTS TO THE FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT.
ORBIT ANALYSIS FPA INPUTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	FPA	ORBIT ANALYSIS INPUTS TO THE FLIGHT PLANNING ANNEX.
ORBIT DEFINITION PARAMETERS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	ORBIT ATTITUDE (KM) AND ORBIT INCLINATION (DEG)
OTHER PI INPUTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	INPUTS MADE BY THE PI'S TO BE INCORPORATED INTO THE PAYLOAD FLIGHT DATA FILE.
PAO REGENTS	VERBAL/INFORMAL DOCUMENT	N/A	PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFFICE REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO TV PHOTOACTIVITY OF SELECTED EXPERIMENT ACTIVITY.
PAYOUT COMPLEMENT DEFINITION	VERBAL, WRITTEN	FDD	DATA DEFINING THE EXPERIMENTS TO BE FLOWN ON THE MISSION.
PAYOUT SYSTEMS HANDBOOK	DOCUMENT	PDF	PDF DOCUMENT CONTAINING CREW PROCEDURES SPECIFIC TO OVERALL PAYLOAD SYSTEMS.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	PAGE	8
PCAP CHARTS	CHARTS	PCAP	DETAILED 1-HR CHARTS PRODUCED ON A HIGH RESOLUTION LASER PRINTER WHICH BECOME PART OF THE PDF. THE PLAN SHOWS THE PROCEDURES THE CREW EXECUTES AND ASSOCIATED NOTES. IT ALSO SHOWS AUXILIARY INFORMATION SUCH AS ORBIT ATTITUDE AND MANEUVERS, SUN/SHADOW, K-AND S-BAND COMMUNICATIONS, HRM FORMAT, RECORDER USAGE, ORBIT REVOLUTION NUMBERS AND OTHER DATA.		
PCAP DOCUMENT	DOCUMENT	PAYOUT CREW ACTIVITY PLAN	BOUND TABBED DOCUMENT CONTAINING THE PAYLOAD CREW ACTIVITY PLAN (PCAP) CHARTS AND THE PAYLOAD TIMING SUMMARY (PTS) CHARTS, INCLUDED IN THE PAYLOAD FLIGHT DATA FILE TO ASSIST THE CREW IN ON-BOARD PAYLOAD OPERATIONS.		
PFDF DOCUMENTS	DOCUMENT	PFDF	PAYOUT FLIGHT DATA FILE DOCUMENTS.		
PI INTERFACE	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	DISCUSSIONS WITH PI'S TO OBTAIN EXPERIMENT REQUIREMENTS AND CONSTRAINTS, CLARIFICATION OF INPUTS, AND COORDINATION OF UPDATES.		
PI ORBIT TERM REQMTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	PI REQMTS/CONSTRAINTS TO CONSIDER WHEN SELECTING ORBIT TERMINATOR TARGETS AS RELATED TO ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS OBSERVATION PERIODS.		
PI REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	EVALUATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF PI CO-ORBITTING REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS FOR INPUT: INSTRUMENT REQUIREMENTS, LIGHTING REQUIREMENTS, LINE-OF-SIGHT POINTING, DATA/COMMUNICATION REQUIREMENTS.		
PL PHYSICS DESIRED VEH. ATTITUDE	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	THE DESIRED VEHICLE ATTITUDE WHEN COMPUTING ORIENTATION AND STRENGTH OF THE MAGNETIC FIELD FOR PLASMA TARGETS.		

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
PL/EXP CONSTRAINTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	ERD'S, Q&A	TYPICAL PAYLOAD/EXPERIMENT CONSTRAINTS TO CONSIDER WHEN DETERMINING LAUNCH WINDOW AND LAUNCH TIME INCLUDE: BETA ANGLE, COMM COCONSIDERATIONS, SUN OR MOON CONSTRAINTS, ORBIT OR EARTH DARKNESS, TARGET VIEWING, PAYLOAD DEPLOYMENT
PRELIM MMU MAP	INFORMAL DOCUMENT	N/A	NAME OF ALL FILES ON MMU
PRINTOUT OF ECOS TIMELINE	PRINTOUT	N/A	PRINTOUT OF THE ECOS TIMELINE TO BE USED IN THE ECOS TIMELINE DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT.
PRINTOUTS OF CAND GUIDE STARS	PRINTOUT	N/A	THE CANDIDATE GUIDE STAR PRINTOUTS CONTAIN DATA FOR GUIDE STAR SELECTION WHICH INCLUDE: STAR NAME AND NUMBER, STAR NO. OF NEXT HIGHER/LOWER RIGHT ASCENSION, STAR NO. OF THE NEXT HIGHER/LOWER DECLINATION, STAR MAGNITUDE AND MAGNITUDE CORRELATION DATA, TIME RANGES WHERE STAR CAN BE USED FOR IPS ALIGNMENT, IPS ROLL ANGLES AT BEGINNING/END OF TIME RANGES.
PRINTOUTS OF STRAY LIGHT DATA	PRINTOUT	N/A	PRINTOUT OF STRAY LIGHT DATA TO BE USED WHEN SELECTING SOLAR GUIDE STARS.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION	PAGE	PAGE
PTS CHARTS	CHARTS	PCAP	6-HOUR PLOTS WITH MET & AMET TICK MARKS EVERY 6 MINUTES. THE CHARTS ARE USED FOR ANALYSIS BY MISSION PLANNING ENGINEERS AND FOR MISSION TIMELINE PUBLICATION. ITEMS ON EACH PLOT PAGE INCLUDE CREW ACTIVITIES; S BAND, K-BAND, AND GSTON COMMUNICATION COVERAGE; DATA & VIDEO DOWNLINKS; DATA & VIDEO RECORDER DUMPS; WATER DUMP & THRUSTER FIRE INHIBITS; ATTITUDE & MANEUVER PROFILE; RADEC OF ORBITER - Z AXIS FOR INERTIAL ATTITUDES; A MOON PHASE DWG; ORBITER REVOLUTION #'S AND A GROUND TRACK PLOT; SUN/SHADOW PERIODS; AND UNATTENDED (NO CREW) PAYLOAD OPERATIONS. PTS CHARTS ARE PART OF THE PDF AND THE STANDARD POCC DOCUMENTATION FOR SPACELAB MISSION, AND ARE INCLUDED IN THE FLIGHT DEFINITION DOCUMENT.		10
RADIATION CONSTRAINTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	RADIATION ENVIRONMENT CONSTRAINTS RELATIVE TO EXPERIMENT OPERATIONS (MEV, FLUX, PARTICLE/C2) WHEN DEFINING THE SOUTH ATLANTIC ANOMALY PERIODS.		
RESERVE PERIOD CONSIDERATIONS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	THE FACTORS TO CONSIDER WHEN DEVELOPING A RESERVE PERIOD FILE ARE: 1) TIME FOR TARGET, 2) CREW H/O CYCLES, 3) SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS, 4) PAO ACTIVITIES, 5) MOVING TARGETS.		
REVIEW CYCLE UPDATES	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	UPDATES MADE TO THE MISSION TIMELINE AS A RESULT OF ATTITUDE/TDRS ITERATIONS, DIVISION MANAGEMENT REVIEWS, JSC REVIEWS, AND ECOS MISSION TIMELINE PERSONNEL REVIEWS.		
SHIFT TIMES	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	CREW SHIFT TIMES.		
SI/PL INTERFACE DEFINITION	DOCUMENT	ICD-8	DEFINITION OF THE OPERATIONAL INTERFACES BETWEEN SI SYSTEMS AND P/L SYSTEMS.		

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
SOPG TIMES	VERBAL/INFORMAL DOCUMENT	N/A	TIMES THAT THE SCIENCE OPERATIONS PLANNING GROUP IS TO MEET DURING THE MISSION.
SPAH AND SL SYSTEM DOCUMENTATION	DOCUMENT	SPAN	SL CONFIGURATION, OPERATION AND ALLOCATIONS
SPECIAL CHECKS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	SPECIAL CHECKS OF DATA FLOW SCHEDULES IN THE PROCESS OF VERIFICATION.
SPECIAL CREW NOTES	VERBAL	N/A	SPECIAL NOTES REQUIRED BY THE CREW FOR INPUT INTO THE PCAP NOTES COLUMN.
SPECIAL TARGET	INFORMAL	N/A	TARGETS (EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES), WHICH BECAUSE OF EITHER THE TIMING OF THEIR IDENTIFICATION OR THEIR NATURE ALLOWS THEM TO BE BUILT MORE EFFICIENTLY IN THE CREATE ESS TARGET FILE SUBFUNCTION RATHER THAN THE EXPERIMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATION SUBFUNCTION.
SPECIAL TIMELINE NOTES	INFORMAL PAPER	N/A	SPECIAL NOTES FROM TIMELINE ANALYSIS ENGINEERS REQUIRED TO BE INPUT IN THE PCAP NOTES COLUMN.
STATE VECTOR FROM JSC	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	STATE VECTOR DEFINITION AS FOLLOWS: RADIUS (NM), VELOCITY (FT/SEC), FLIGHT PATH ANGLE (DEG), GEOCENTRIC LATITUDE (DEG), LONGITUDE (DEG), INERTIAL AZIMUTH (DEG), AND TIME (MET-HRS.).
STATE VECTOR PRINTOUT	PRINTOUT	N/A	PRINTOUT PROVIDES THE STATE VECTOR DEFINITION AS FOLLOWS: RADIUS (KM), VELOCITY (KM/SEC), FLIGHT PATH ANGLE (DEG), GEOCENTRIC LATITUDE (DEG), LONGITUDE (DEG) INERTIAL AZIMUTH (DEG), AND ORBIT INSERTION TIME (MET-HRS.)
STL PRINTOUTS	PRINTOUT	N/A	PRINTOUT OF THE ECOS SUBORDINATE TIMELINES.

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INPUT/OUTPUT NAME	TYPE	DOCUMENT INCLUDED IN	INPUT/OUTPUT DESCRIPTION
STOWAGE BOOK	DOCUMENT	PDF	THE STOWAGE BOOK CONTAINS A LIST OF ALL EQUIPMENT STORED ONBOARD AND IT'S LOCATION.
STS CAPABILITIES DOCUMENTATION	DOCUMENTS	N/A	DOCUMENTATION DESCRIBING STS CAPABILITIES AND STS/PAYOUTLOAD/INTERFACES IN DETAIL (SPAN, ICD-A).
STS CONSTRAINTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	STS DOCUMENTATION	TYPICAL STS CONSTRAINTS TO CONSIDER WHEN DETERMINING LAUNCH WINDOW AND LAUNCH TIME INCLUDE: LANDING SITE (NOMINAL AND ABORT), LIGHTING AT LAUNCH, LIGHTING AT LANDING, LAUNCH CAPABILITIES, COMM CONSTRAINTS.
STS REQMTS/CONSTRAINTS	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	EVALUATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF STS CONSTRAINTS AS RELATED TO CO-ORBITING OPERATIONS FOR INPUTS: STS OPERATIONS CONSTRAINTS, CREW SAFETY, ORBITER FLYABILITY, SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS/CONSTRAINTS.
SUN ELEV CONSTRAINTS (SOLAR)	VERBAL,WRITTEN	N/A	SUN ELEVATION ANGLE CONSTRAINTS RELATIVE TO SOLAR VIEWING PERIODS.
TV, PHOTO OPS HANDBOOK	DOCUMENT	PDF	PDF DOCUMENT CONTAINING CREW PROCEDURES ASSOCIATED WITH ON-ORBIT PAYLOAD TV AND PHOTO OPERATIONS.
TV, PHOTO SYSTEM CAPABILITIES	INFORMAL	N/A	DESCRIPTION OF THE NUMBER OF CAMERAS, DOWNLINK, ETC. AVAILABLE FOR PAYLOAD USE. INFORMAL AT FIRST, BUT FINALIZED IN THE ICD-B.
UPDATES TO MASTER INPUT FILES	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	UPDATES MADE TO THE MASTER INPUT FILES BASED ON A DESKTOP OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION OF THE ECOS MASTER TIMELINES.
UPDATES TO STL'S	VERBAL, WRITTEN	N/A	UPDATES MADE TO THE SUBORDINATE TIMELINES BASED ON A DESKTOP OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION OF THE ECOS STL'S.